

# シミュレーションを用いた バイスペクトルのコバリアンス測定

高橋龍一(弘前大)

with 樽家篤史(京大)

## 研究目的

多数(数千以上)のN体計算を実行し、matter & halo bispectrum の covariance を求める

摂動論(by 樽家さん)と比較して covariance のモデル化

3次元の銀河分光サーベイを想定

real & redshift spaces 両方

super-sample covariance も考慮

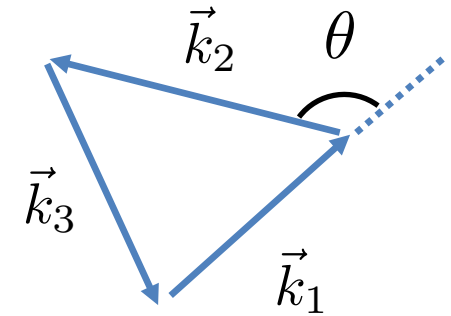
bispectrum estimator

$$\hat{B}(k_1, k_2, \theta) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{mode}}} \sum_{\vec{k}_1} \sum_{\vec{k}_2} \sum_{\vec{k}_3} \delta_{\vec{k}_1 + \vec{k}_2 + \vec{k}_3}^{\text{Krone}} \tilde{\delta}(\vec{k}_1) \tilde{\delta}(\vec{k}_2) \tilde{\delta}(\vec{k}_3)$$

Kronecker delta

mean

$$B(k_1, k_2, \theta) = \langle \hat{B}(k_1, k_2, \theta) \rangle$$



$\theta$  : angle between  $\vec{k}_1$  and  $\vec{k}_2$

covariance

$$\text{COV}_B(k_1, k_2, \theta, k'_1, k'_2, \theta')$$

$$= \langle \left( \hat{B}(k_1, k_2, \theta) - B(k_1, k_2, \theta) \right) \left( \hat{B}(k'_1, k'_2, \theta') - B(k'_1, k'_2, \theta') \right) \rangle$$

## Previous work 1: Chan & Blot (2017)

power spectrum & bispectrum covariance  
for matter & halo fields in real space only  
a lot of ( $\sim 4000$ ) N-body simulations  
comparison with perturbation theory (tree level)

their simulation setting

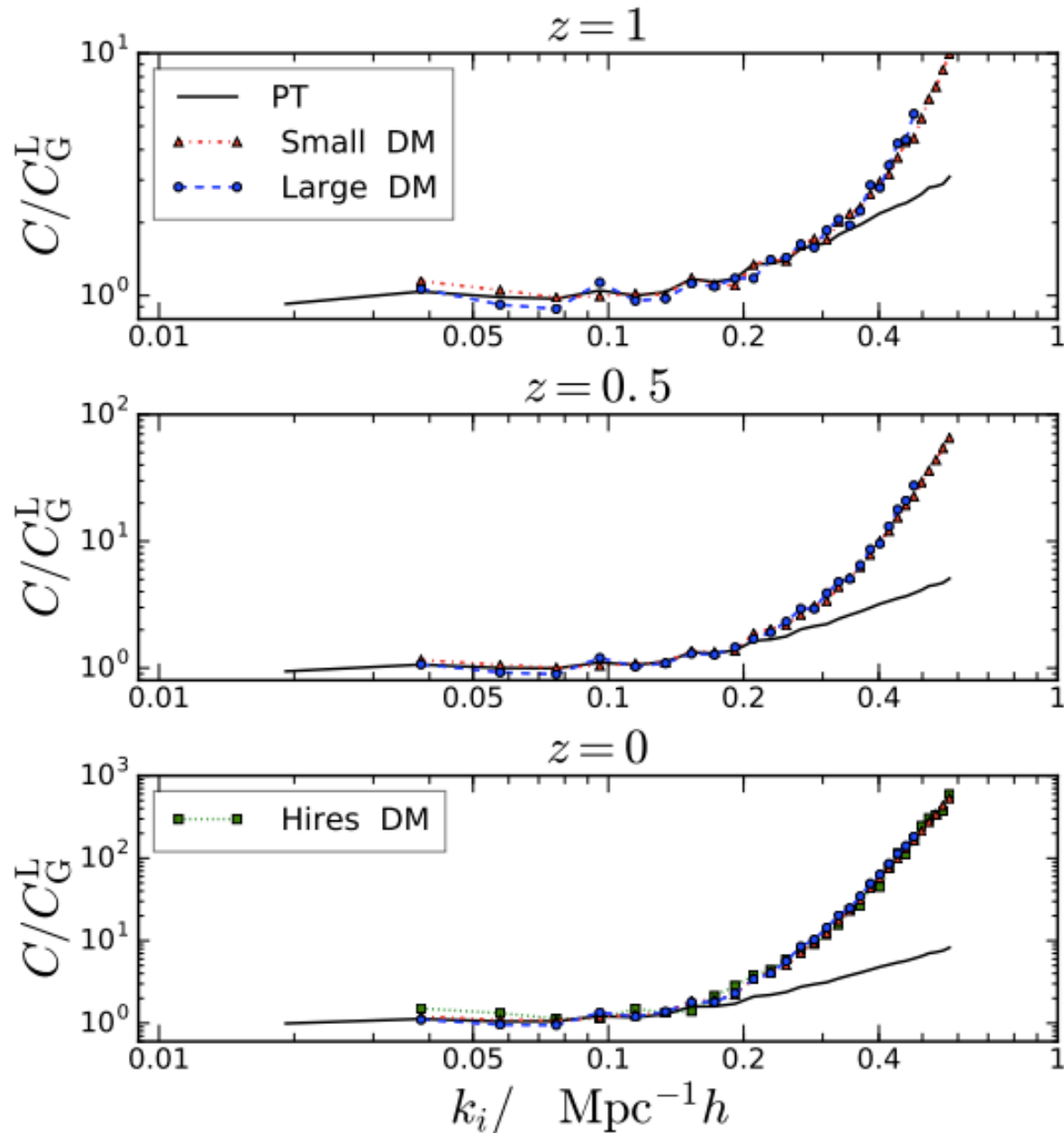
TABLE I: Details of the simulations.

Box label	Box size ( Mpc $h^{-1}$ )	Number of particles	Redshift snapshots	Number of realizations
Large	1312.5	$512^3$	1, 0.5, 0	512
Small	656.25	$256^3$	1, 0.5, 0	4096
Hires	656.25	$1024^3$	1, 0.5, 0	96

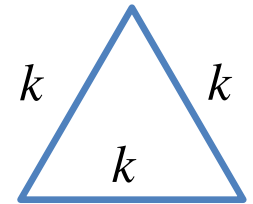
# Comparison of simulation results with perturbation theory

bispectrum variance

Gaussian variance



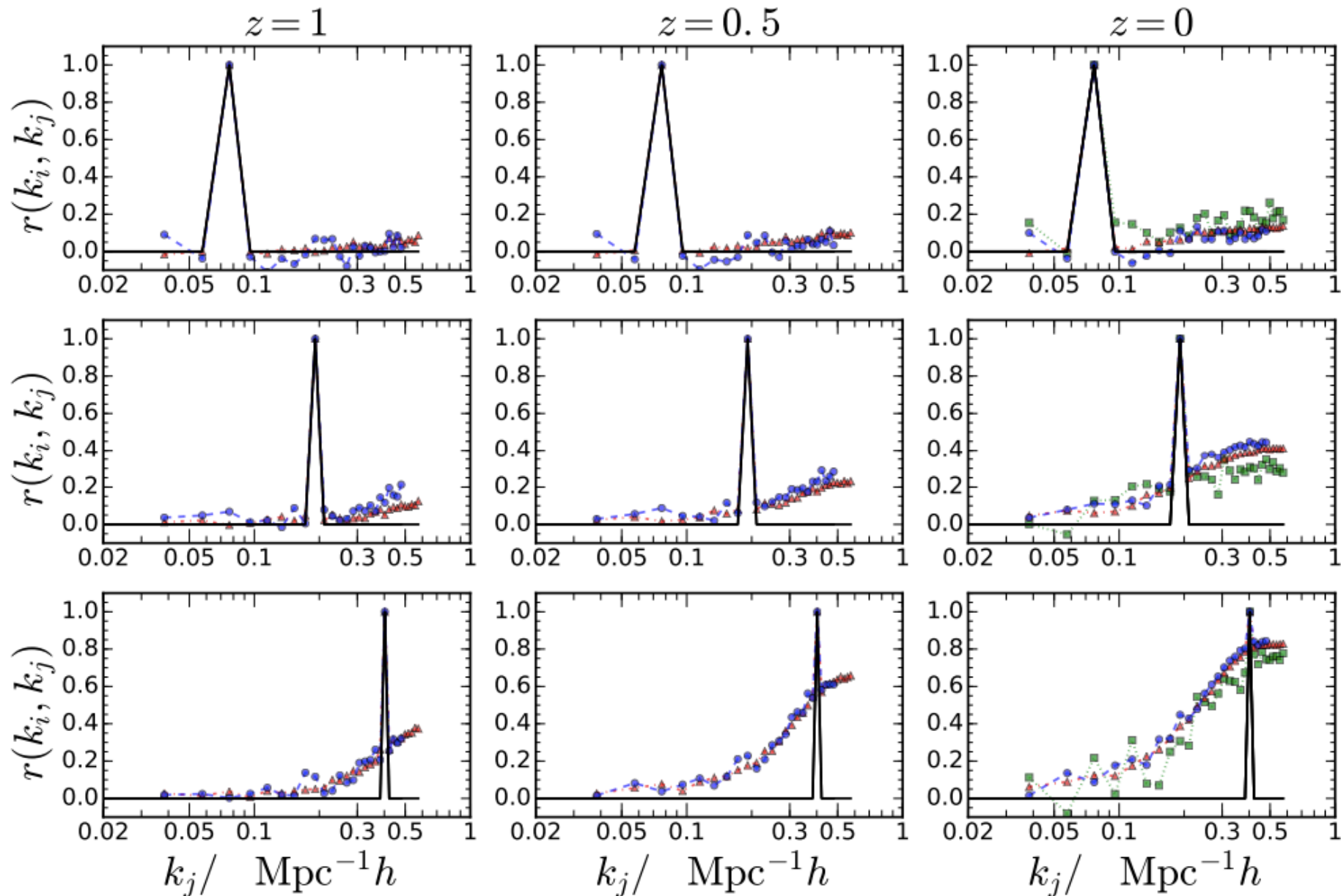
matter,  
in real space



equilateral triangle

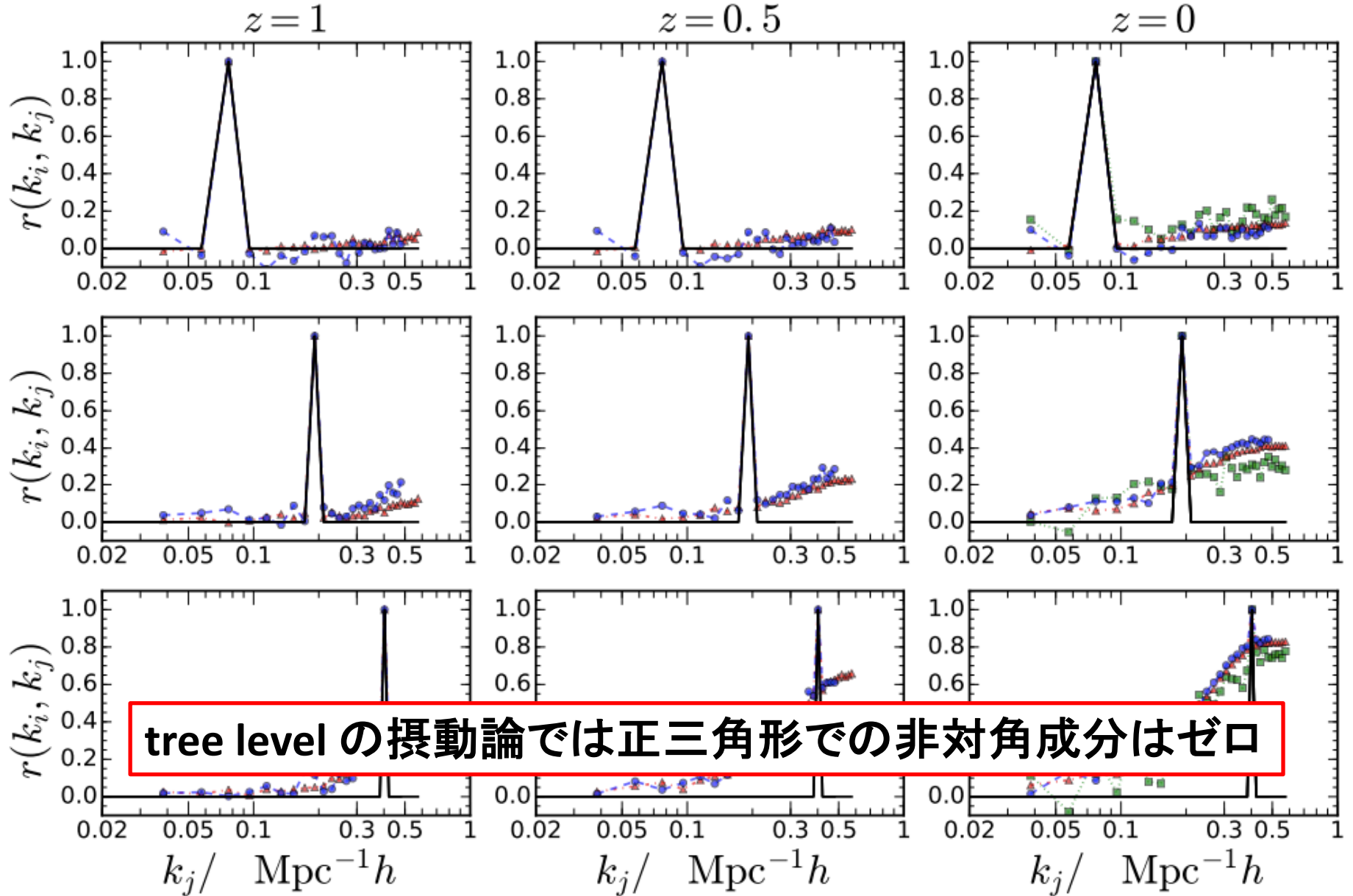
# 同じく covariance の非対角成分

correlation matrix



# 同じく covariance の非対角成分

correlation matrix



power spectrum, bispectrum 測定 の S/N

$k < k_{\max}$  までの cumulative S/N

S/N for power spectrum

$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right)^2 = \sum_{k_1, k_2 \leq k_{\max}} \text{Cov}_P^{-1}(k_1, k_2) P(k_1) P(k_2)$$

covariance の逆行列

S/N for bispectrum

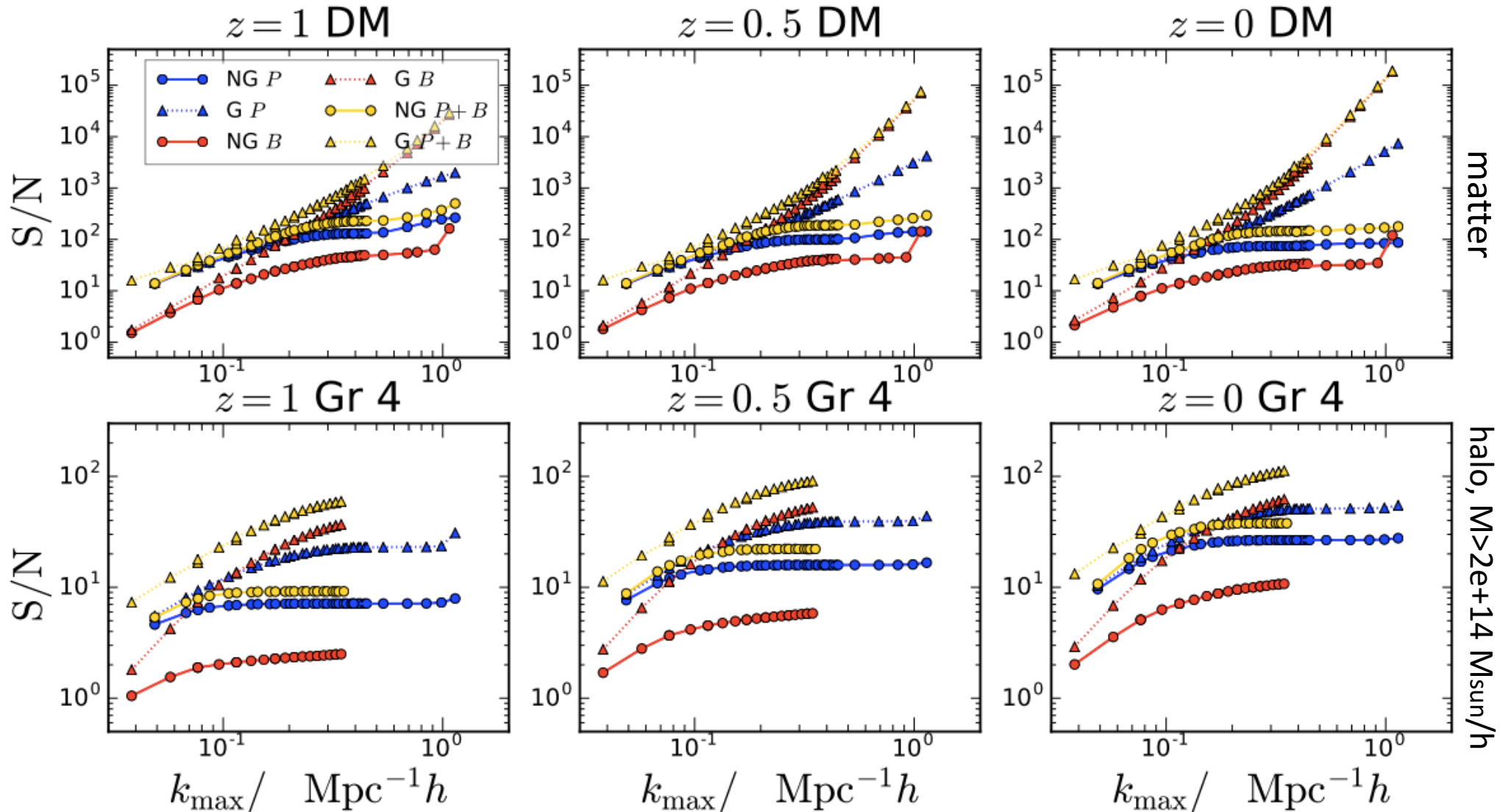
$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right)^2 = \sum_{k_1, k_2, k'_1, k'_2 \leq k_{\max}} \sum_{\theta, \theta'} \text{Cov}_B^{-1}(k_1, k_2, \theta, k'_1, k'_2, \theta') B(k_1, k_2, \theta) B(k'_1, k'_2, \theta')$$



# S/N for power spectrum & bispectrum

青 : power spectrum    赤 : bispectrum    黄 : power spectrum + bispectrum

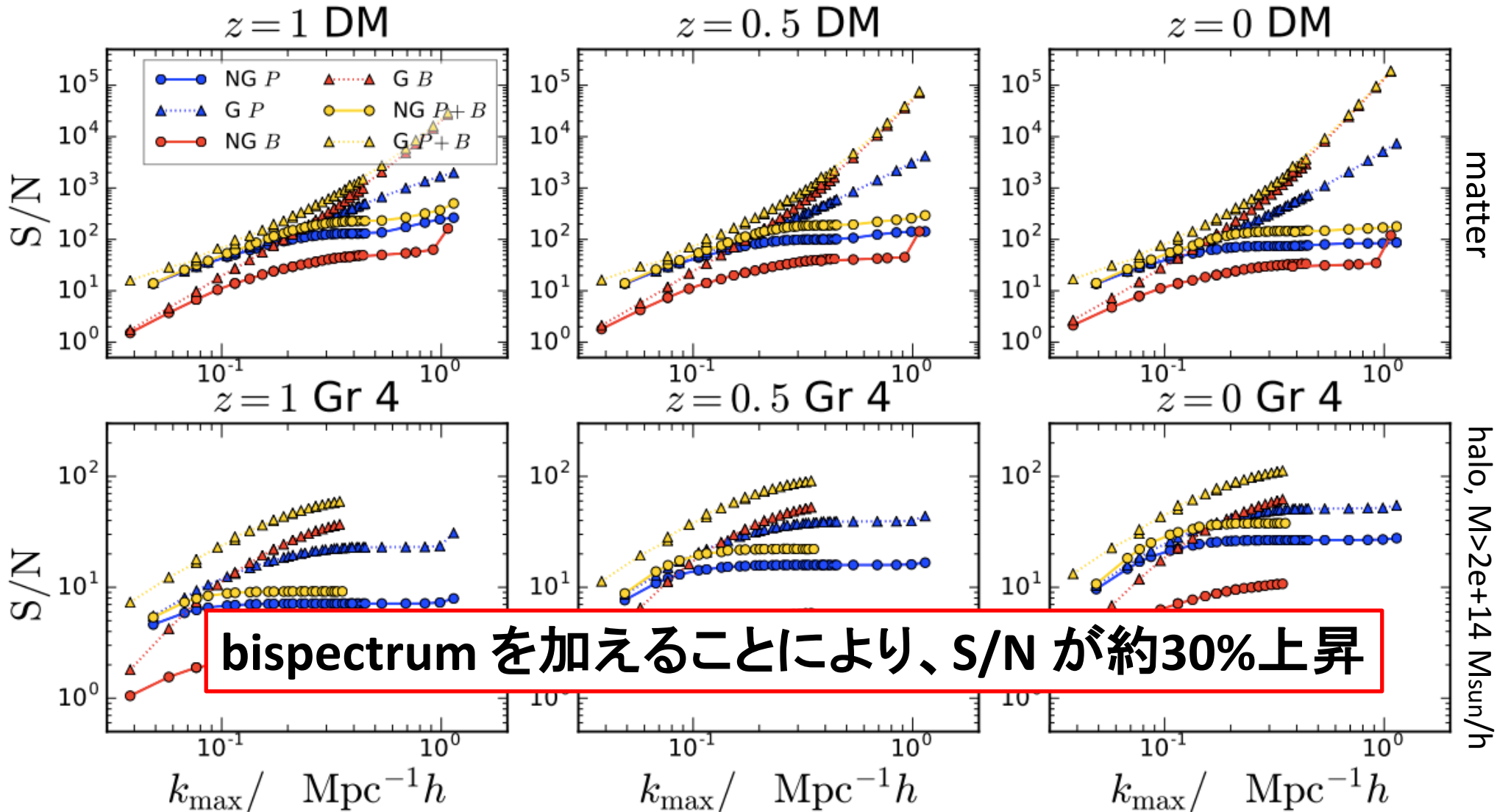
● : Gaussian + non-Gaussian terms    ▲ : Gaussian term only

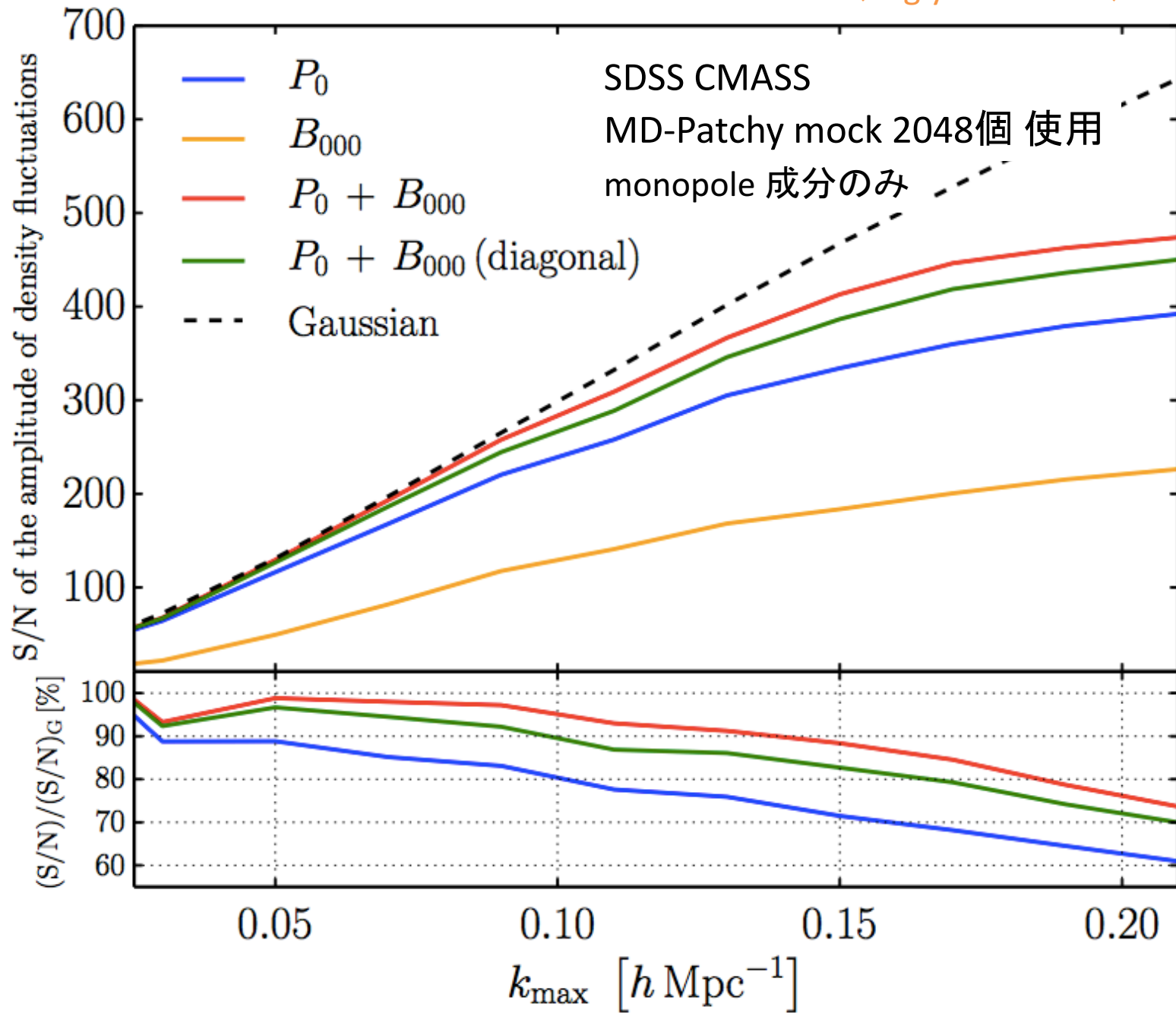


# S/N for power spectrum & bispectrum

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## Previous work 2 : Chan, Dizgah & Norena (2017)

先程の Chan & Blot (2017) の続き

super-sample covariance も含む

bispectrum response to background density も導出

matter & halo fields in real space


N体計算でコバリアンスを測定

perturbation theory & halo model と比較

### their simulation setting

small box :  $L=656.25\text{Mpc}/h$  with  $256^3$  particles  $\times$  4096 realizations  
(w/o super survey mode)

gigantic box :  $L=21\text{Gpc}/h$  with  $8192^3$  particles

 small box ( $L=656.25\text{Mpc}/h$ ) を  $32768 (=32^3)$  取り出す  
(w/ super survey mode)

Small : small box 使用

Subbox : large box から一部を切り出した subbox 使用

SSC : super-sample covariance の寄与 (halo model使用)

$$\delta(\vec{r}) = \frac{\rho(\vec{r})}{\bar{\rho}} - 1$$

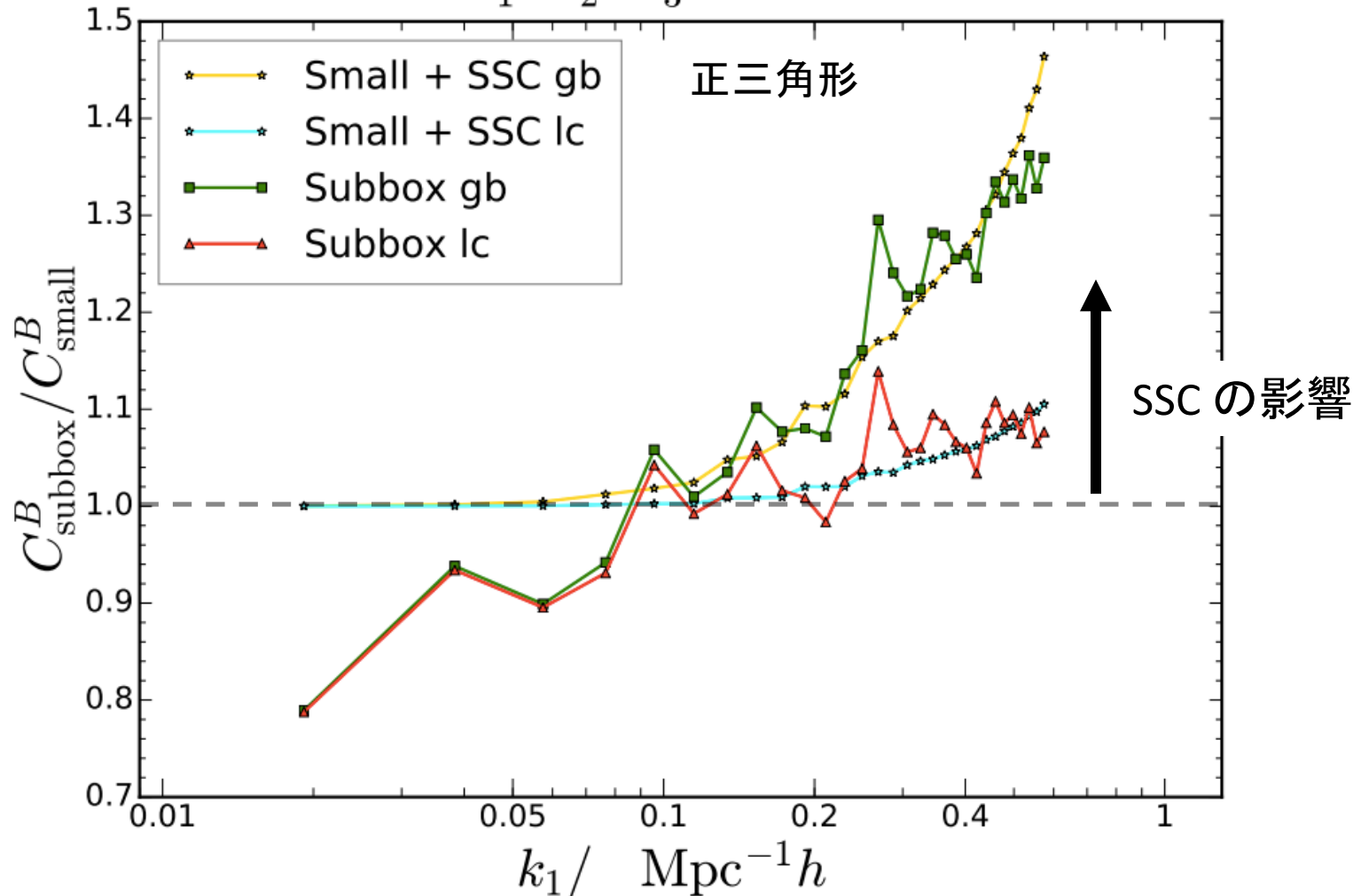
gb : global mean density 使用

lc : local mean density 使用

(3次元銀河サーベイは lc)

$$k_1 : k_2 : k_3 = 1 : 1 : 1$$

bispectrum variance in subbox  
bispectrum variance in small box



Small : small box 使用

Subbox : large box から一部を切り出した subbox 使用

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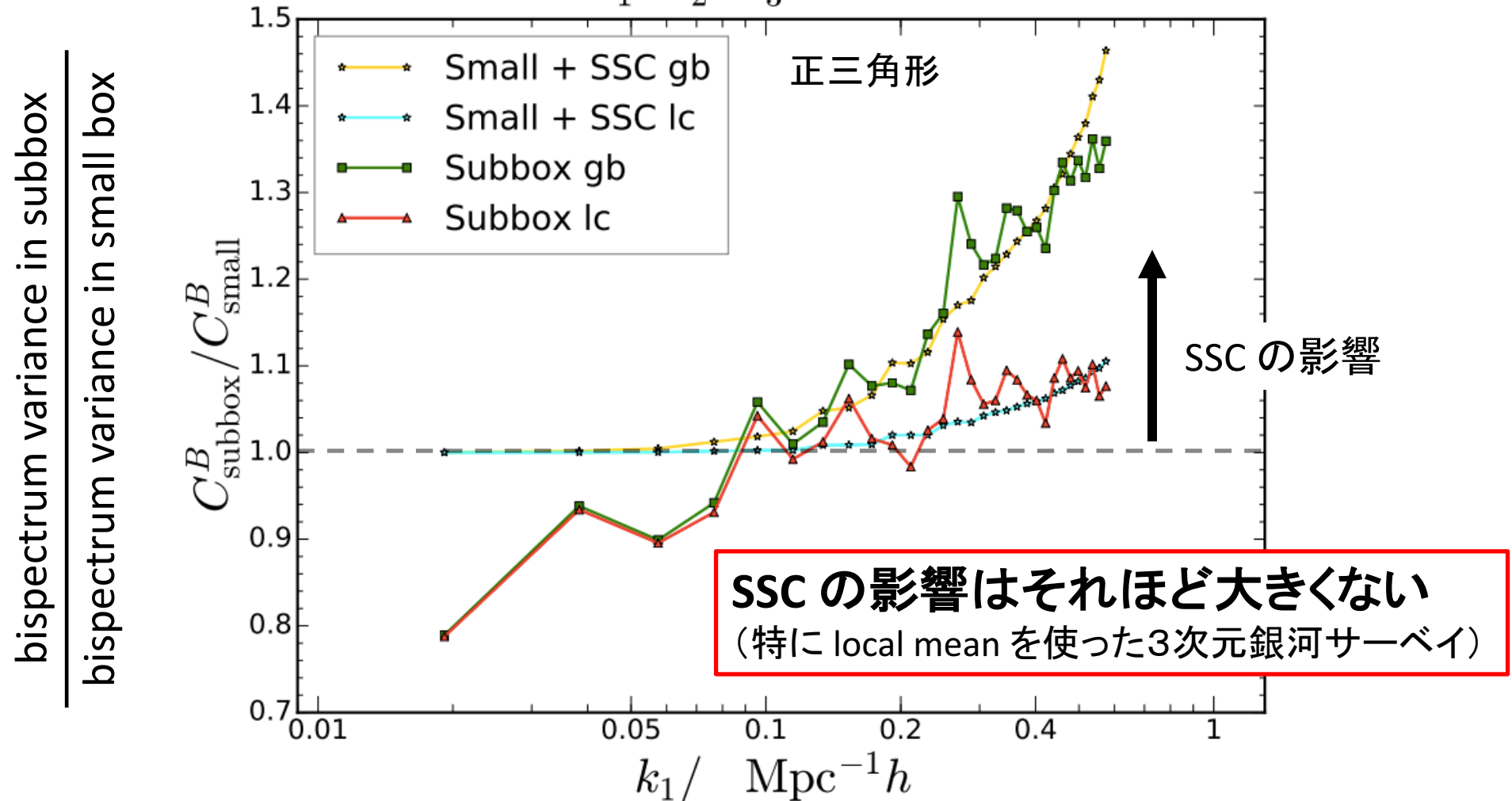
$$\delta(\vec{r}) = \frac{\rho(\vec{r})}{\bar{\rho}} - 1$$

gb : global mean density 使用

lc : local mean density 使用

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$$k_1 : k_2 : k_3 = 1 : 1 : 1$$



## 我々の研究目的

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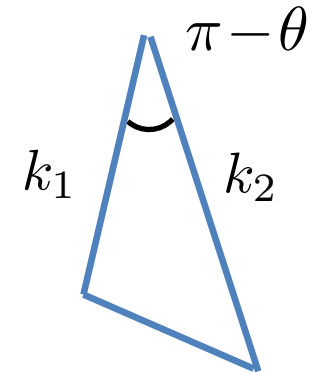
real & redshift spaces 両方

super-sample covariance も考慮

# Mock は何 realization 必要か？

bispectrum がガウス分布に従うなら (Hartlap+ 2007)

realization 数 > bispectrum の全ビン数



$\ell$  : multipole

$B_\ell(k_1, k_2, \theta)$  in redshift space の全ビン数

=  $k_1$  のビン数  $\times$   $k_2$  のビン数/2  $\times$   $\theta$  のビン数  $\times$  multipole の数

$$= 4050 \left( \frac{k_{\max}}{0.3 h/\text{Mpc}} \right)^2 \left( \frac{\Delta k}{0.02 h/\text{Mpc}} \right)^{-2} \left( \frac{\Delta \theta}{10 \text{ deg}} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{N_\ell}{2} \right)$$

波数の最大値                      波数のビン幅                      角度のビン幅                      multipole の数  
monopole &  
quadrupole



## ● N-body simulation set

Dark matter only, Gadget2 (N-body code) + Rockstar (halo finder)

two kinds of simulations prepared to see super-survey covariance

**Small box** (preparation done) w/o super-survey mode

L=500Mpc/h with  $512^3$  particles

4000 realizations

**Large box** (plan to start at June @ NAOJ CfCA) w/ super-survey mode

L=4Gpc/h with  $4096^3$  particles

>10 realizations

512(= $8^3$ ) small boxes taken from a single large box

Cosmological model : Planck2015

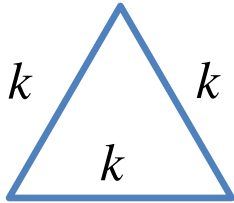
4 output redshifts :  $z=0, 0.48, 1.03, 1.48$



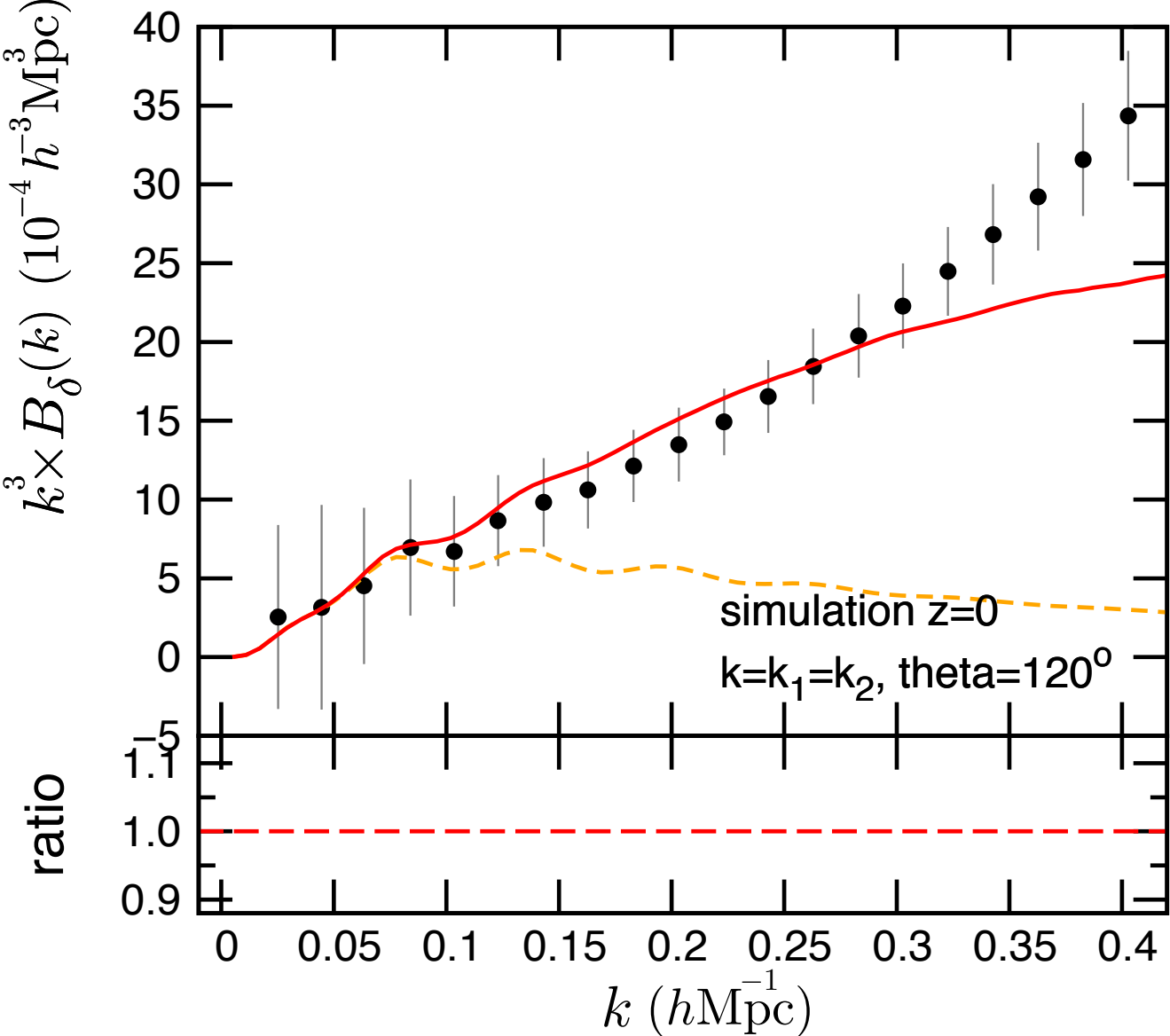
Same as default setting  
in Nishimichi+ emulator

# matter bispectrum in real space

mean of 240 realizations



equilateral triangle



**one loop**

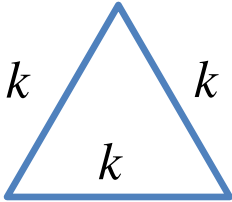
(Taruya-san)

(Hashimoto+ 2017)

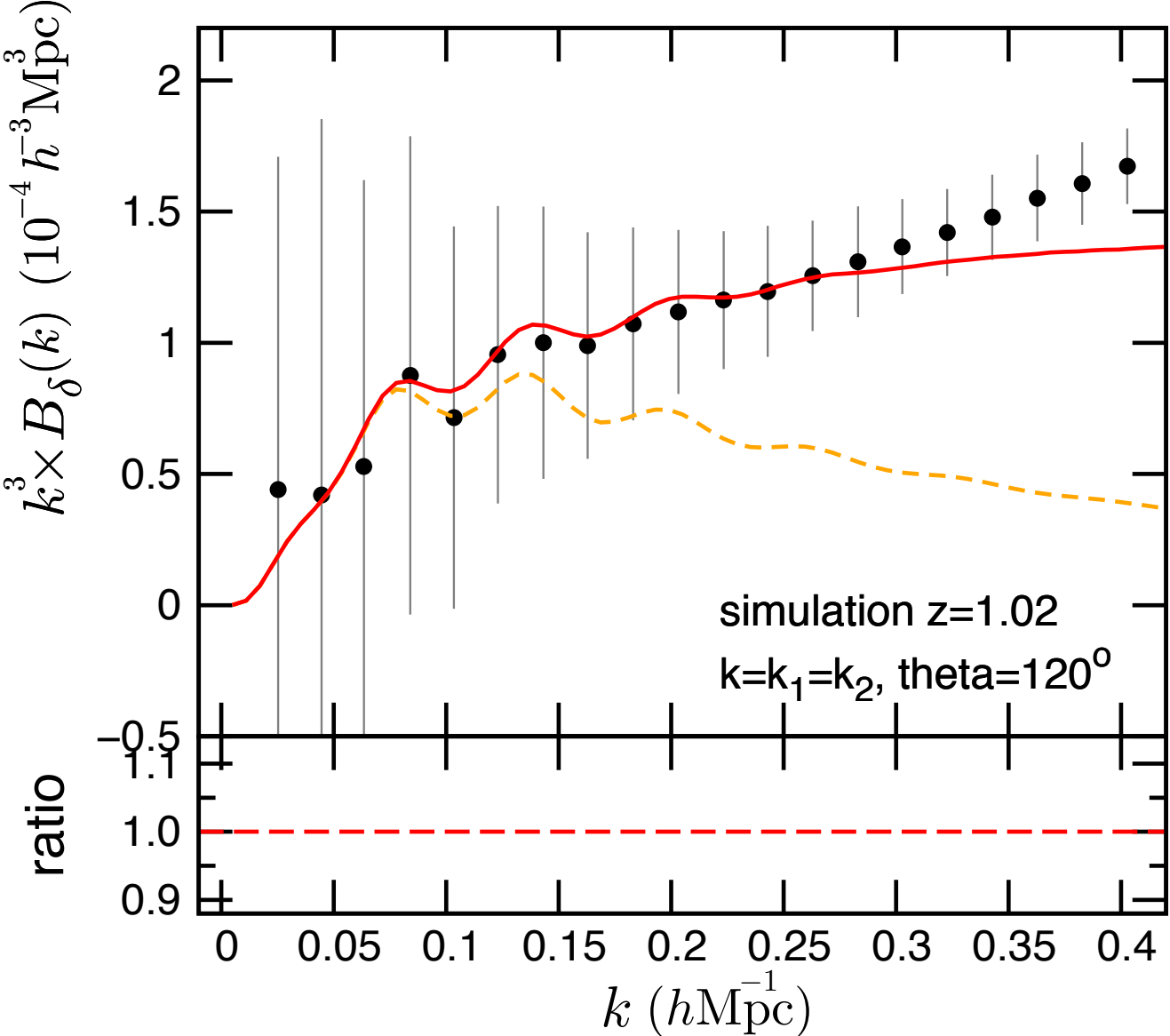
**tree level**

# matter bispectrum in real space

mean of 240 realizations



equilateral triangle



one loop

tree level

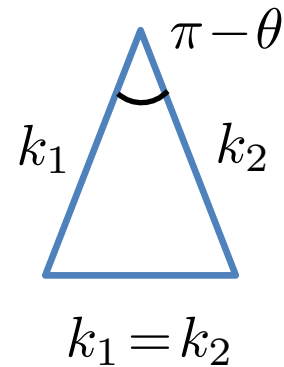
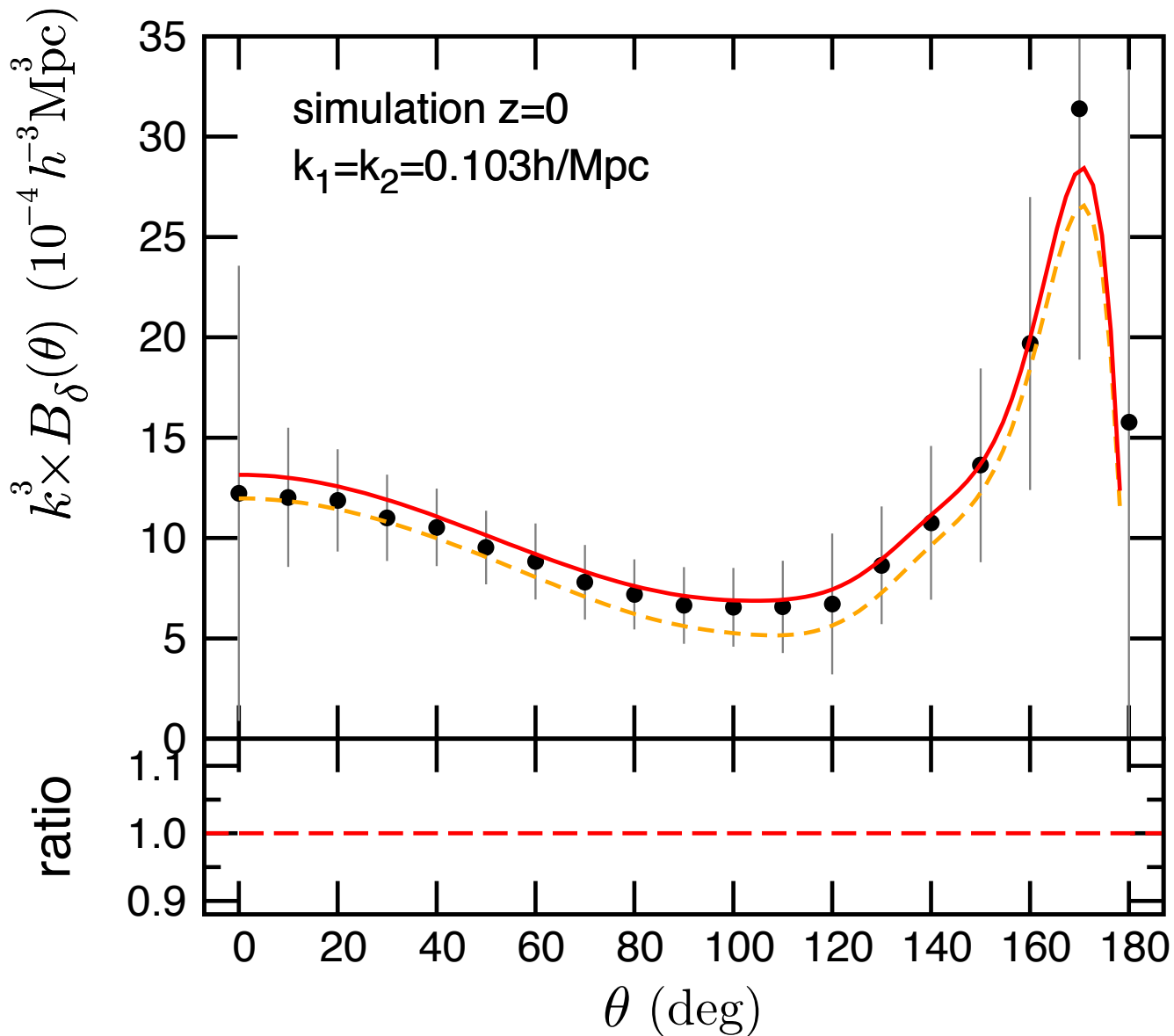
simulation z=1.02

$k=k_1=k_2, \theta=120^\circ$

ratio

# matter bispectrum in real space

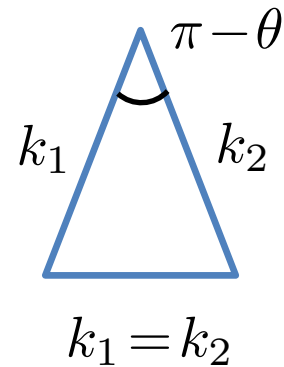
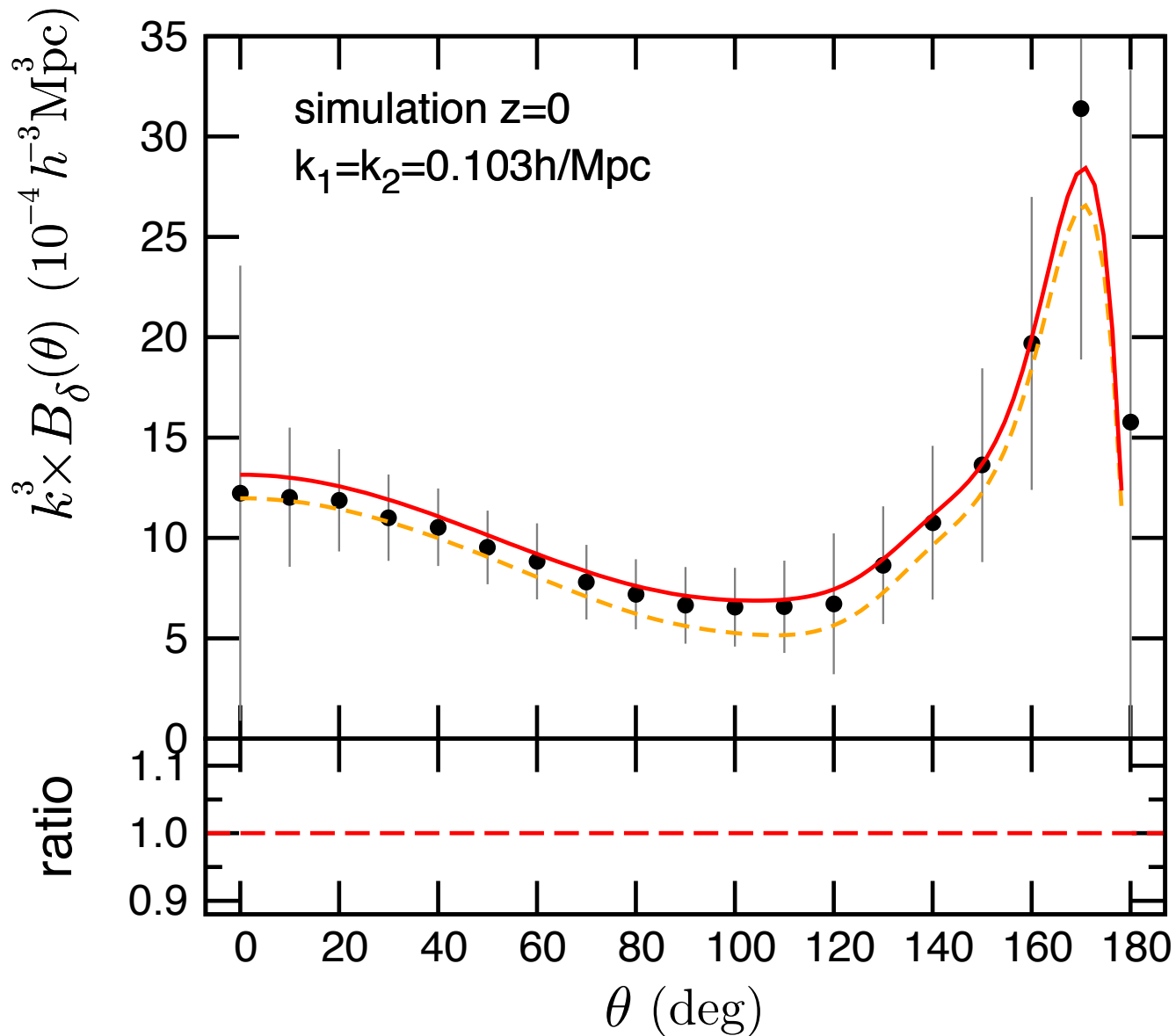
mean of 240realizations



one loop  
tree level

# matter bispectrum in real space

mean of 240realizations



one loop  
tree level

# power spectrum & bispectrum の covariance の主要な計算法

## 3次元銀河サーベイ

- (簡単な) mock を大量に作る
- (単純に) ガウス誤差を仮定
- 摂動論で covariance を求める (あまり見ない?)

摂動論で求めた covariance に必要なか知りたい

## 弱い重力レンズサーベイ

- mock を大量に作る
- halo model
- jackknife
- N-body sim. から求めた covariance の fitting formula (あまり見ない)

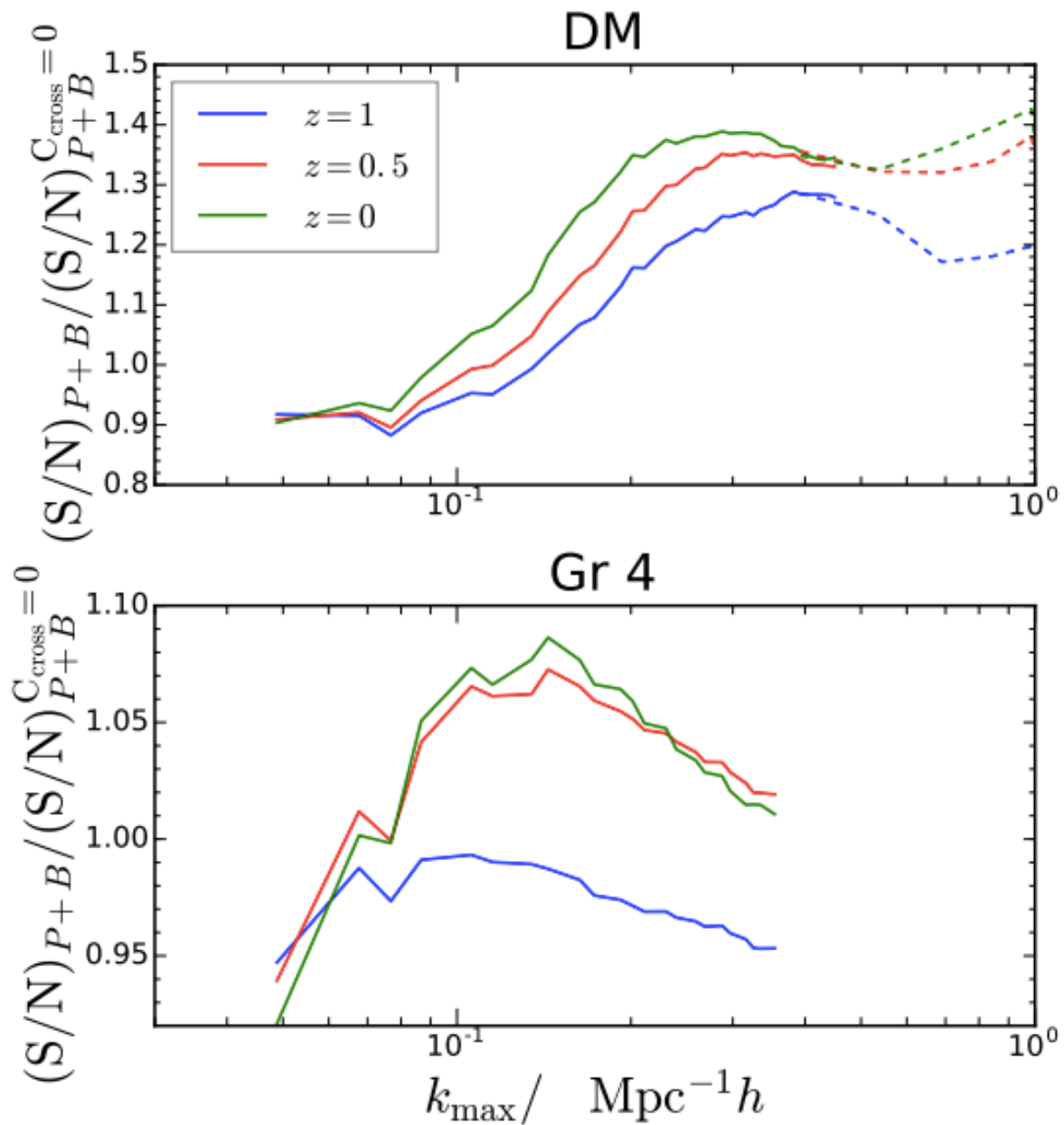


# power spectrum + bispectrum の cross covariance の影響

S/N with cross covariance  


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 S/N without cross covariance



matter

halo,  $M > 2e+14 M_{sun}/h$