

Effectiveness of Empirical Mode Decomposition in Search for Gravitational Wave Signals

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- In order to examine properties of time series data, traditionally **the Fourier transform, the wavelet transform**, etc. are used.
But they can be applied only to a stationary and/or linear data.
- On the other hand, by means of **the Hilbert spectral analysis**, we can investigate time evolution of characteristics of waves, including **instantaneous amplitudes and frequencies**.
- However, the Hilbert transform is not usually applicable for real, physical data including noise.

- Recently, Huang proposed the **Empirical Mode Decomposition (EMD) technique** followed by the Hilbert transform to detect and characterize physical oscillatory modes of noisy data. We call it **the Hilbert-Huang Transform (HHT)**.
- HHT can be applied to **non-linear and non-stationary** time series data.
- HHT has been applied to various fields; biomedical engineering, financial engineering, image processing, seismic studies, ocean engineering, etc.

- We are investigating applicability of HHT to search for gravitational wave signal.