# Flavored-mass terms and symmetries on the lattice

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M. Creutz, T. Kimura, T. Misumi, *JHEP* 1012:041 (2010)
M. Creutz, T. Kimura, T. Misumi, *PRD* 83:094506 (2011)
T. Kimura, S. Komatsu, T. Misumi, T. Noumi, S. Torii, S. Aoki, *JHEP* 1201:048 (2012)
T. Misumi, *Ph.D Thesis*, Kyoto University (2012)

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![](_page_4_Figure_0.jpeg)

## ◆ <u>Flavored-mass terms</u> ~ generalized Wilson terms ~

$$M_{
m V} = \sum_{\mu} C_{\mu},$$
 Ve  
 $M_{
m T} = \sum_{perm. sym.} \sum_{sym.} C_{\mu}C_{\nu},$  Tel  
 $M_{
m A} = \sum_{perm. sym.} \sum_{\mu} \prod_{\nu} C_{\nu},$  Axis  
 $M_{
m P} = \sum_{sym. \mu=1}^{4} C_{\mu},$  Pset

Vector (1-link)

Tensor (2-link)

Axial-V (3-link)

Pseudo-S (4-link)

• O(a) irrelevant terms 
$$\sum_{n} \bar{\psi}_{n}(M_{P}-1)\psi_{n} \rightarrow -a \int d^{4}x \bar{\psi}(x) D_{\mu}^{2}\psi(x) + O(a^{2})$$
  
•  $M_{V} \rightarrow Wilson term$ 

![](_page_5_Figure_0.jpeg)

 $\rightarrow$  Multi-flavor Wilson & Overlap

earpan

Real part

neai pait

Adams-type staggered flavored mass

Adams, PRL104, 141602 [0912.2850]

• spin diagonalization

$$\begin{split} \bar{\psi}_{x}\psi_{x+\hat{1}+\hat{2}+\hat{3}+\hat{4}} &= \bar{\chi}_{x}\gamma_{4}^{x_{4}}\gamma_{3}^{x_{3}}\gamma_{2}^{x_{2}}\gamma_{1}^{x_{1}}\gamma_{1}^{x_{1}+1}\gamma_{2}^{x_{2}+1}\gamma_{3}^{x_{3}+1}\gamma_{4}^{x_{4}+1}\chi_{x+\hat{1}+\hat{2}+\hat{3}+\hat{4}} \\ &= (-1)^{x_{2}+x_{4}}\bar{\chi}_{x}\gamma_{5}\chi_{x+\hat{1}+\hat{2}+\hat{3}+\hat{4}} \qquad (\gamma_{5} \text{ diagonalized}) \\ &\to \pm \bar{\chi}_{x}\epsilon\eta_{1}\eta_{2}\eta_{3}\eta_{4}\chi_{x+\hat{1}+\hat{2}+\hat{3}+\hat{4}} \end{split}$$

![](_page_6_Picture_7.jpeg)

Adams fermions derived

![](_page_6_Figure_9.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_10.jpeg)

#### Hoelbling-type flavored mass

Hoelbling PLB696, 422(2011) [1009.5362], de Forcrand (2010)

• spin diagonalization

$$\bar{\psi}_{x}\psi_{x+\hat{1}+\hat{2}} + \bar{\psi}_{x}\psi_{x+\hat{3}+\hat{4}} = (-1)^{x_{2}}\bar{\chi}_{x}\gamma_{1}\gamma_{2}\chi_{x+\hat{1}+\hat{2}} + (-1)^{x_{4}}\bar{\chi}_{x}\gamma_{3}\gamma_{4}\chi_{x+\hat{3}+\hat{4}}$$
$$\rightarrow \pm \bar{\chi}_{x}i\epsilon_{12}\eta_{1}\eta_{2}\chi_{x+\hat{1}+\hat{2}} \pm \bar{\chi}_{x}i\epsilon_{34}\eta_{3}\eta_{4}\chi_{x+\hat{3}+\hat{4}}$$

\* two terms simultaneously diagonalizable :  $[\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{34}] = 0$ 

![](_page_7_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Picture_0.jpeg)

Creutz, Kimura, Misumi, *PRD* **83**:094506 (2011), Kimura, Komatsu, Misumi, Noumi, Torii, Aoki, *JHEP* **1201**:048 (2012)

• Wilson fermion without on-site terms  $M_W \equiv m + 4r = 0$ 

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x,\mu} \bar{\psi}_x [\gamma_\mu (\psi_{x+\mu} - \psi_{x-\mu}) - (\psi_{x+\mu} + \psi_{x-\mu})]$$

 $\sum Extra U(1) v symmetry emerge ! (works as chiral symmetry)$  $\psi_x \rightarrow e^{i\theta(-1)^{x_1+x_2+x_3+x_4}}, \quad \overline{\psi}_x \rightarrow \overline{\psi}_x e^{i\theta(-1)^{x_1+x_2+x_3+x_4}}$ 

- prohibits additive mass renormalization !
- will be spontaneously broken due to pion condensation !  $\langle \bar{\psi} \gamma_5 \psi \rangle$

§ Strong-coupling meson potential  $p = (\pi, \pi, \pi, \pi + im_{SPA})$ 

$$\cosh(m_{SPA}) = 1 + \frac{2M_W^2(16 + M_W^2)}{16 - 15M_W^2}$$
 Massless NG boson

It is expected to describe 6-flavor Twisted-mass QCD.  $\bar{\psi}\psi \leftrightarrow \bar{\psi}\gamma_5\psi$ <u>different bases</u>

![](_page_8_Figure_10.jpeg)

# • <u>Central cusps for other flavored masses</u>

- For other naive flavored mass terms
  - $M_{\rm A}$  : U(1) restored
  - $M_{\rm T}^{(i)}$ : U(2) restored
  - $M_{\rm P}$  : N/A
- For staggered flavored mass terms
  - $M_{\mathcal{A}}$  : N/A
  - MH : C-like symmetry restored
    - $\mathcal{C}: \chi_x \to \bar{\chi}_x^T, \quad \bar{\chi}_x \to \chi_x^T, \quad U_{\mu,x} \to U_{\mu,x}^*$ 
      - $\rightarrow$  2-flavor twisted-mass QCD!? cf.) de Forcrand, et.al. [1202.1867]

Alternative use of Wilson-type fermions....?

![](_page_9_Figure_12.jpeg)

# 4. <u>Summary</u>

1. Flavored-mass terms give us new types of Wilson and overlap fermions.

2. Staggered-Wilson can be derived from generalized Wilson fermions through spin-diagonalization.

3. Central cusps are expected to describe twisted-mass QCD without any parameter tuning.