

# particle acceleration and magnetic fields: looking at the nw rim of rcw 86 with chandra

sne-grb workshop  
kyoto  
oct 2013



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## collaborators

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special credit to joe depasquale at cxc for  
imaging help



# outline

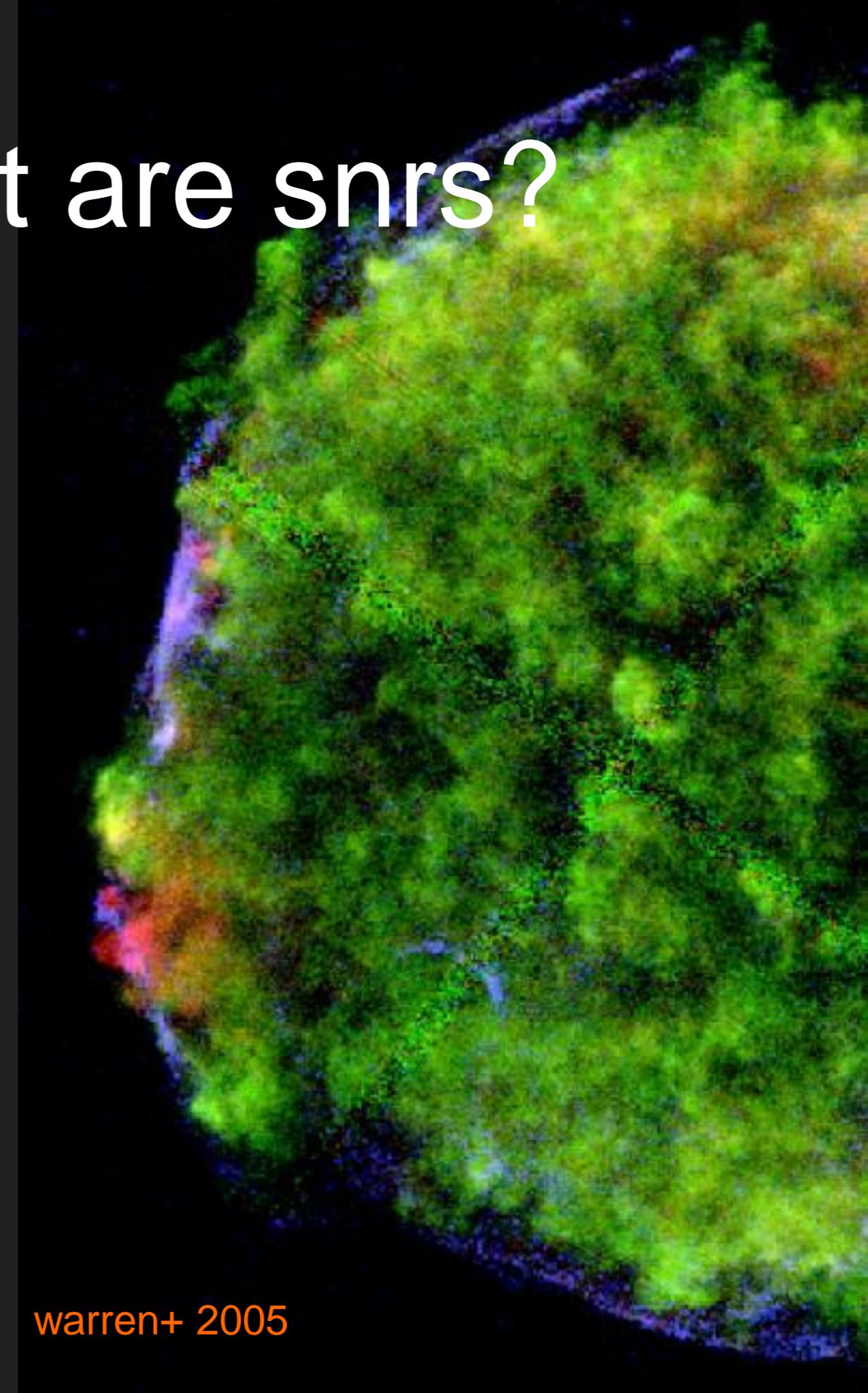
what evidence is there that SNRs accelerate cosmic rays?

how does the magnetic field get amplified? and how do we know it does?

what have we learnt studying rcw 86 with chandra?

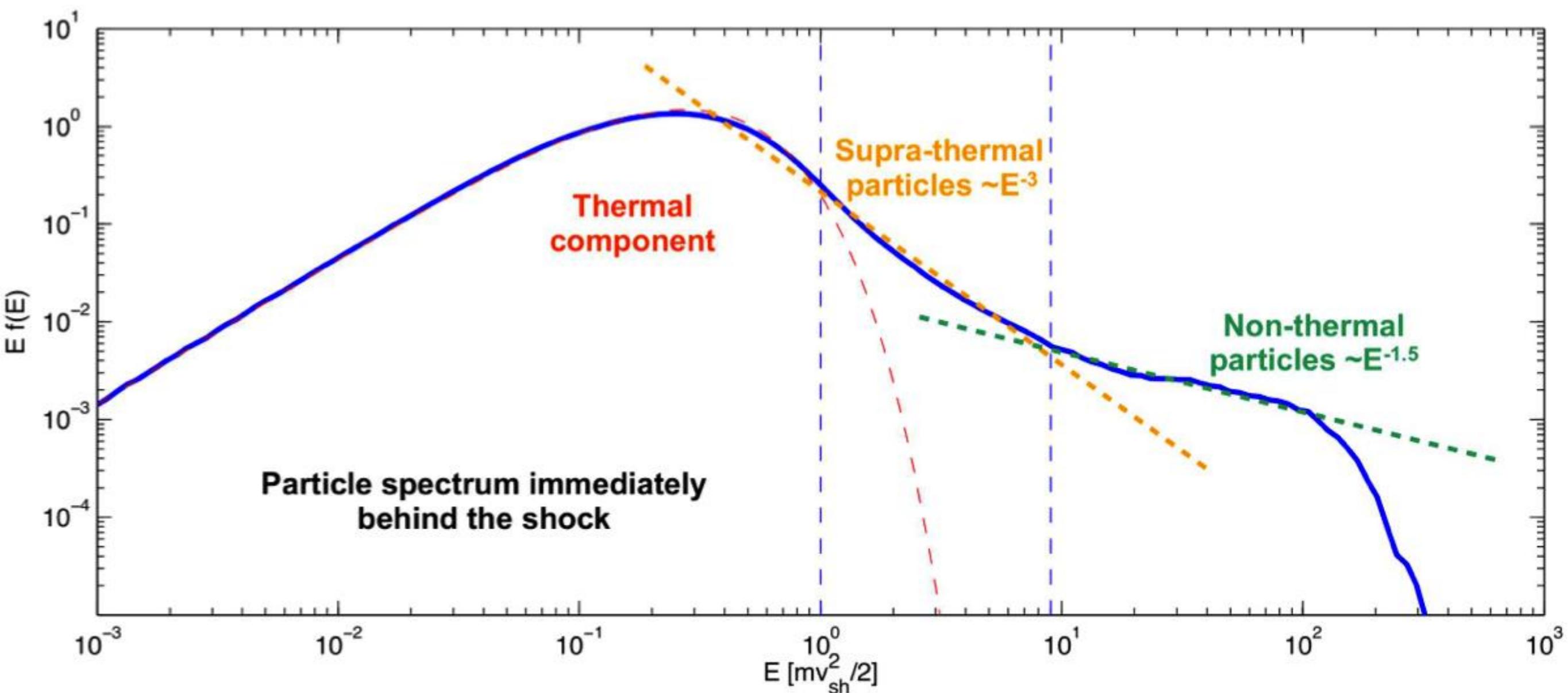
# 0. primer: what are snrs?

- explosive end of a star
- two types:
  - core-collapse
  - thermonuclear
- material ejected with  
 $\sim 10^{51}$  erg kinetic  
energy
- shock wave forms &  
sweeps up ISM/CSM



warren+ 2005

# 0. primer: what are snrs?



e.g. caprioli 2012

## i. evidence

what evidence is there that SNRs accelerate cosmic rays?

# i. evidence

- non-thermal X-rays
- $\gamma$ -ray emission
- dynamical properties
- structure

koyama+ 1995



# i. evidence

- non-thermal X-rays
- $\gamma$ -ray emission
- dynamical properties
- structure

hinton & hofmann 2009

uchiyama+ 2002

aschenbach 1998

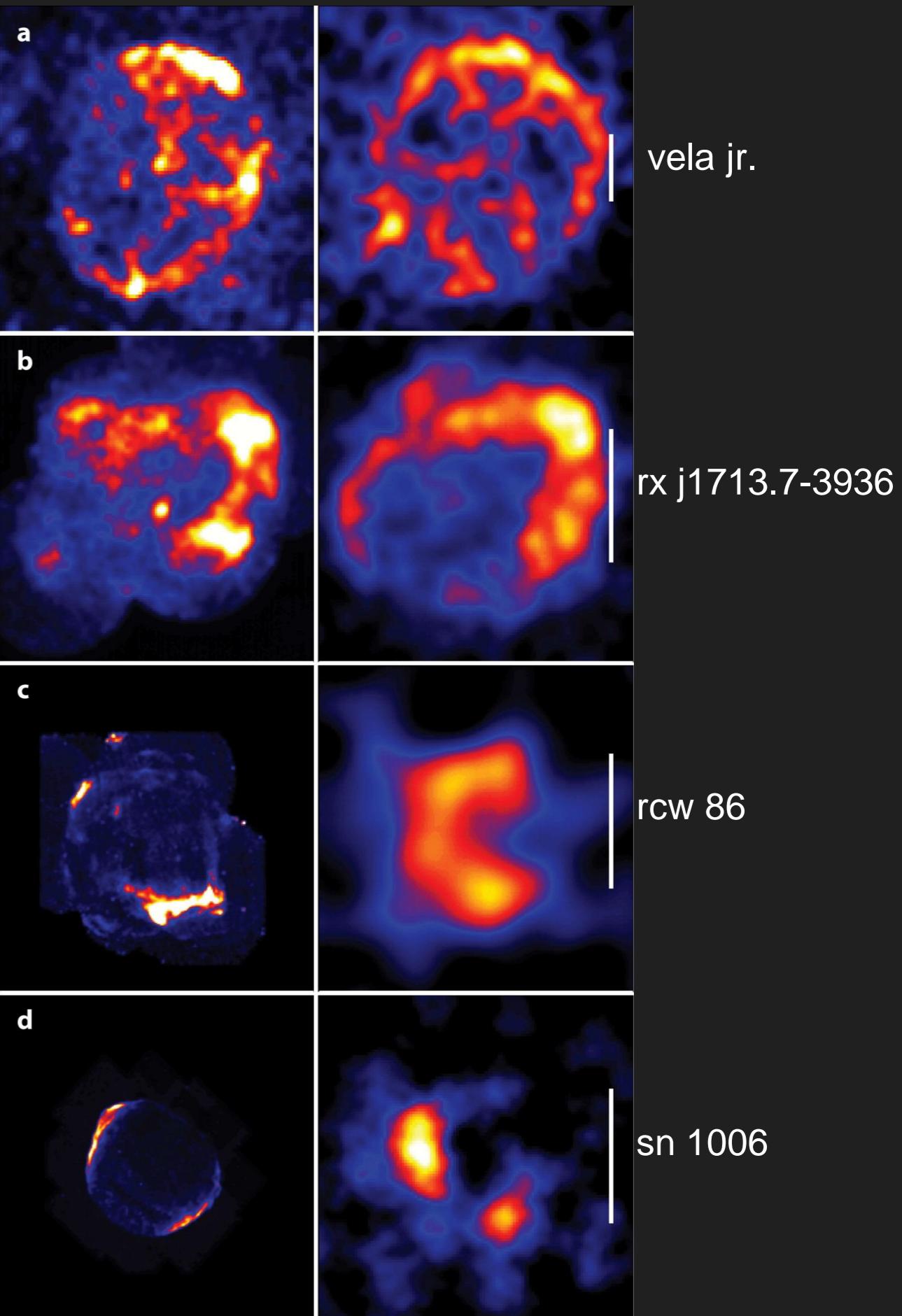
vink+ 2006

aharonian+ 2006, 2007, 2008

naumann-godo+ 2006

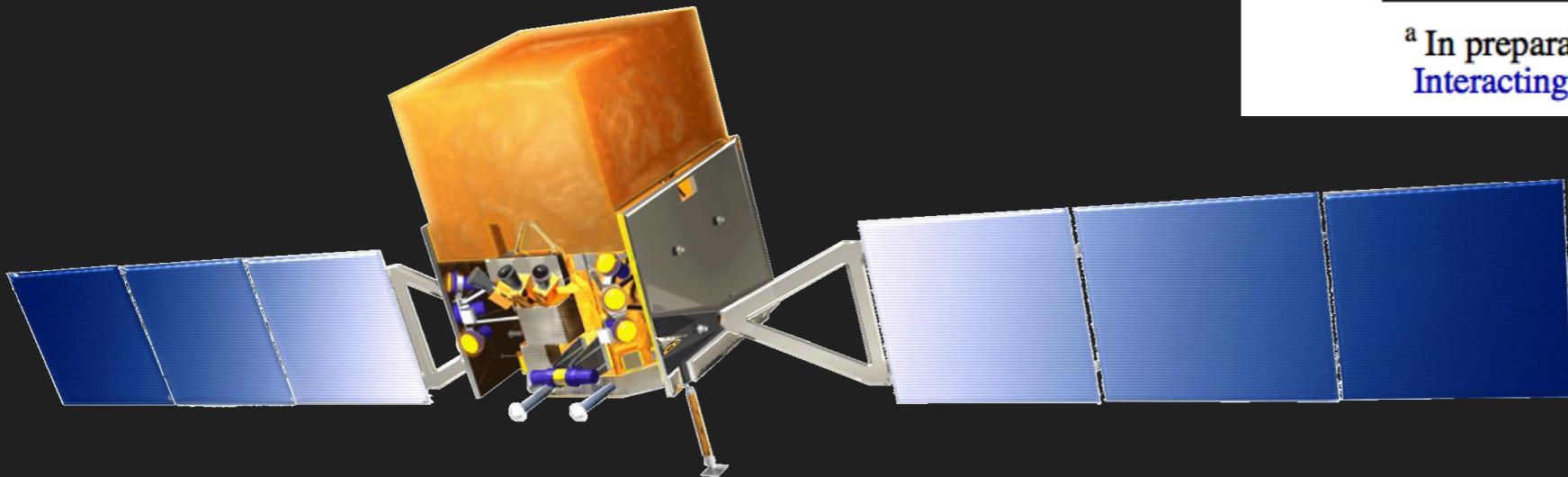
keV

TeV



# i. evidence

- non-thermal X-rays
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LAT SNR catalog (sometime in the next 12 months)

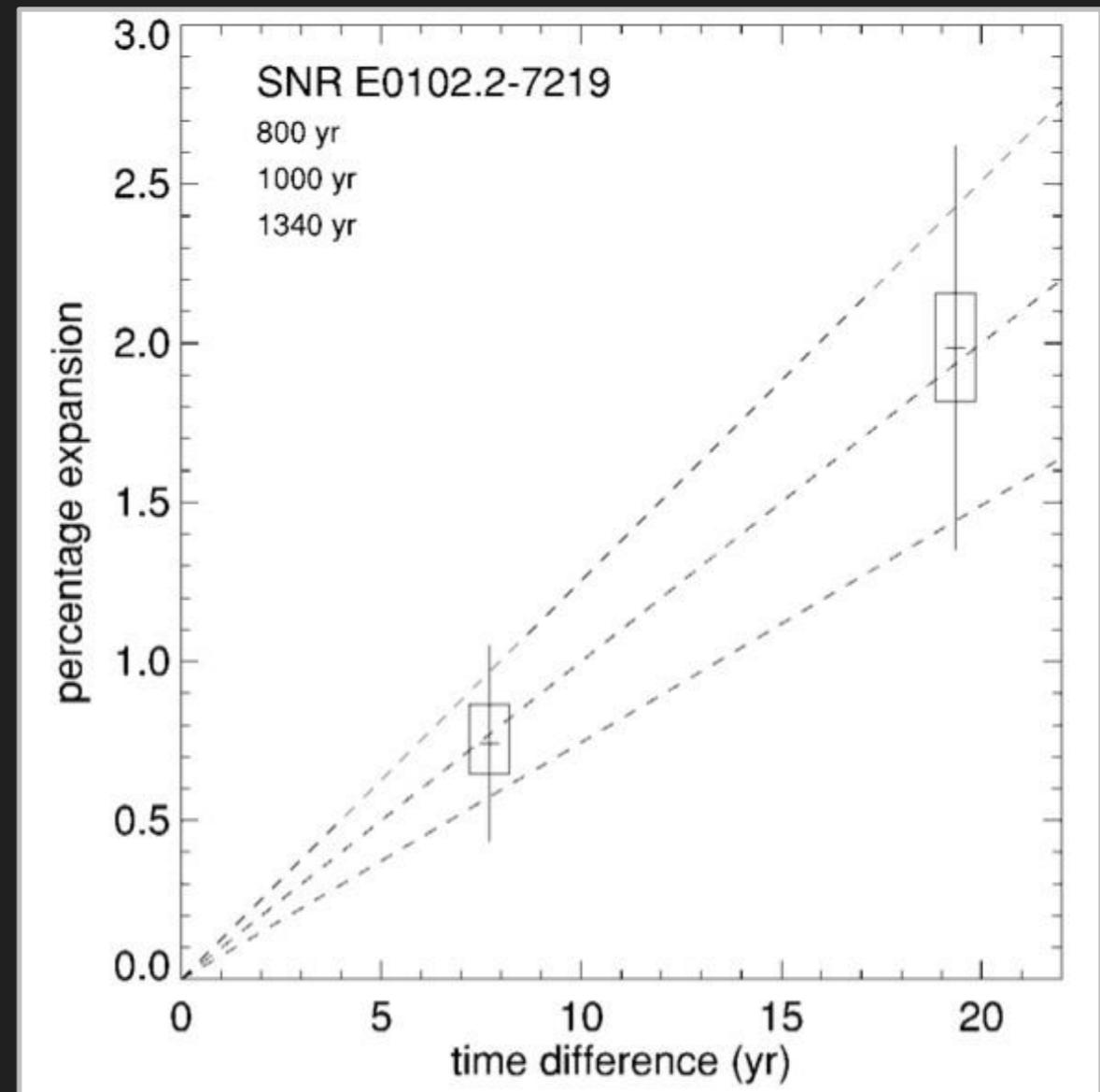
**Table 1**  
SNRs Observed with the *Fermi*-LAT

Galactic $l$ ( $^{\circ}$ )	$b$ ( $^{\circ}$ )	Name	Reference
6.4	-0.1	W28	Abdo et al. (2010a)
8.7	-0.1	W30	Castro & Slane (2010)
23.3	-0.3	W41	Castro et al. (2013a)
31.9	0.0	3C 391	Castro & Slane (2010)
33.6	0.1	Kes 79	Auchettl et al. (2013) <sup>a</sup>
34.7	-0.4	W44	Abdo et al. (2010c)
43.3	-0.2	W49b	Abdo et al. (2009)
49.2	-0.7	W51C	Abdo et al. (2009)
74.0	-8.5	Cygnus Loop	Katagiri et al. (2011)
78.2	2.1	$\gamma$ -Cygni SNR	Lande et al. (2012)
89.0	4.7	HB 21	Reichardt et al. (2012)
109.1	-1.0	CTB 109	Castro et al. (2012)
111.7	-2.1	Cas A	Abdo et al. (2010b)
120.1	1.4	Tycho	Giordano et al. (2012)
180.0	-1.7	S147	Katsuta et al. (2012)
189.1	3.0	IC443	Abdo et al. (2010d)
260.4	-3.4	Puppis A	Hewitt et al. (2012)
266.2	-1.2	Vela Jr.	Tanaka et al. (2011)
304.6	0.1	Kes 17	Wu et al. (2011)
337.0	-0.1	CTB 33	Castro et al. (2013a)
337.8	-0.1	Kes 41	Castro et al. (2013b) <sup>a</sup>
347.3	-0.5	RX J1713.7 3946	Abdo et al. (2011)
348.5	0.1	CTB 37A	Castro & Slane (2010)
349.7	-0.5	G349.7-0.5	Castro & Slane (2010)
357.7	-0.1	MSH 17-39	Castro et al. (2013a)

<sup>a</sup> In preparation  
Interacting with MCs

# i. evidence

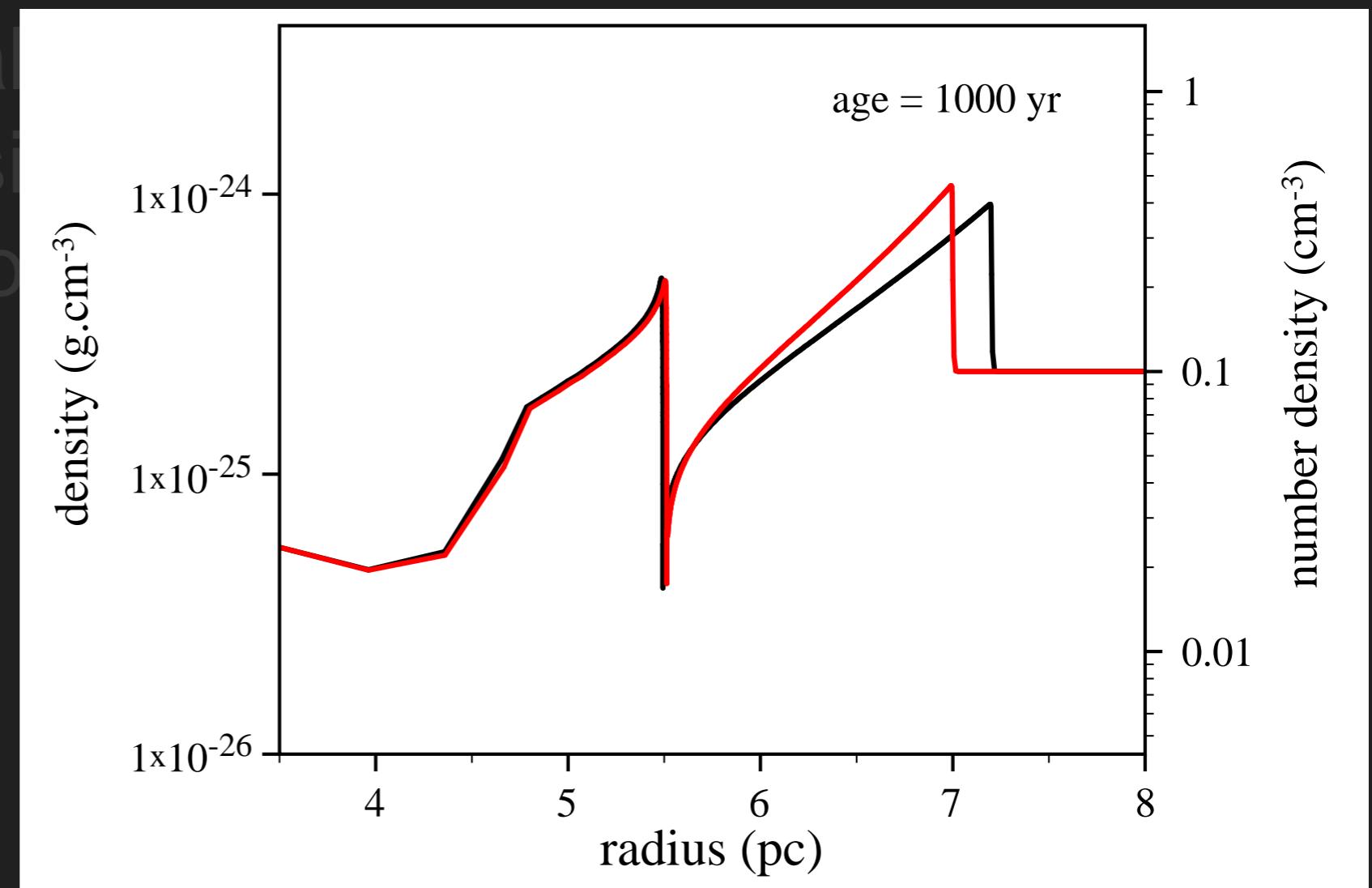
- non-thermal X-rays
- $\gamma$ -ray emission
- **dynamical properties**
- structure



hughes+ 2000

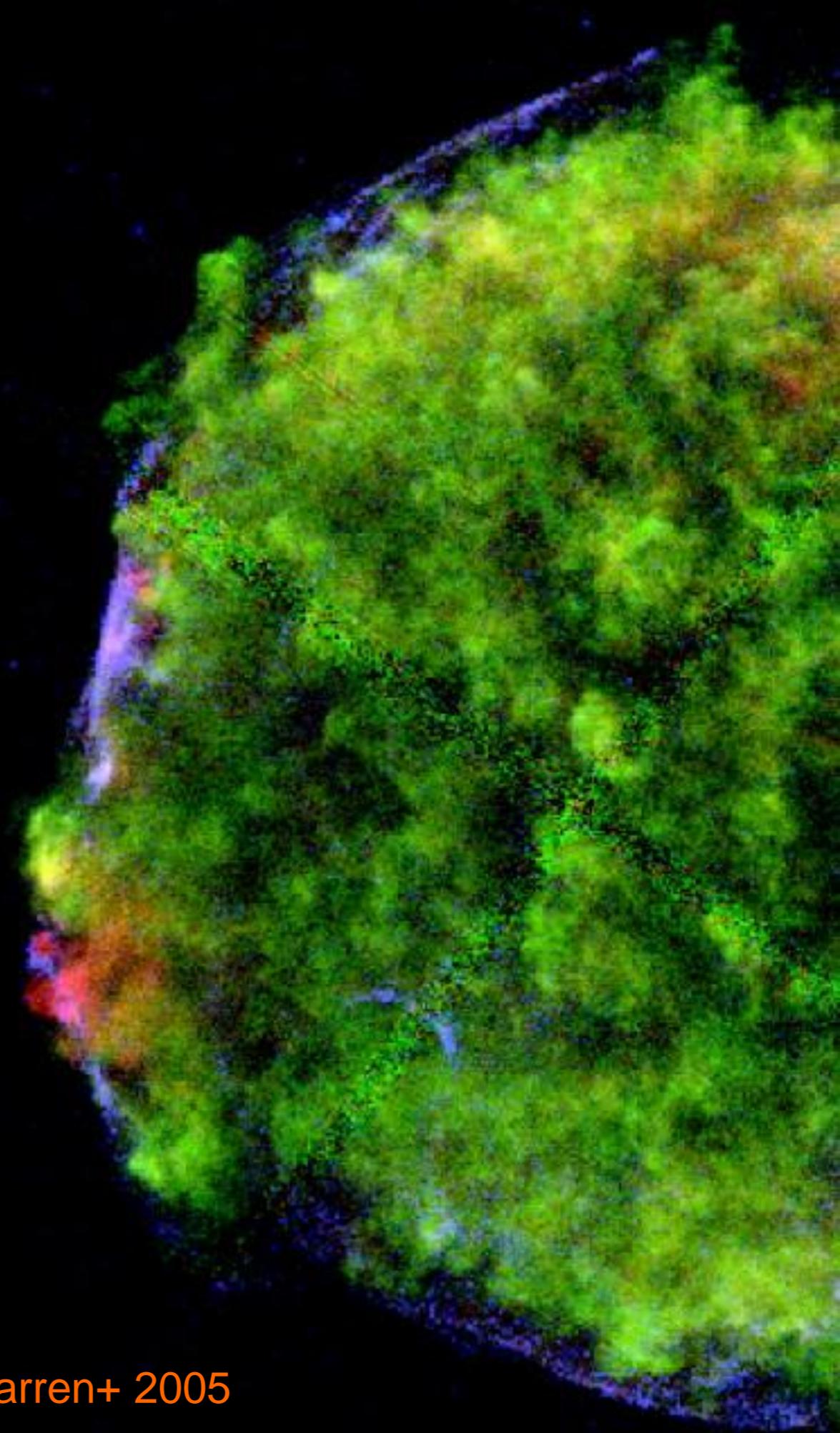
# i. evidence

- non-thermal
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- dynamical properties
- **structure**



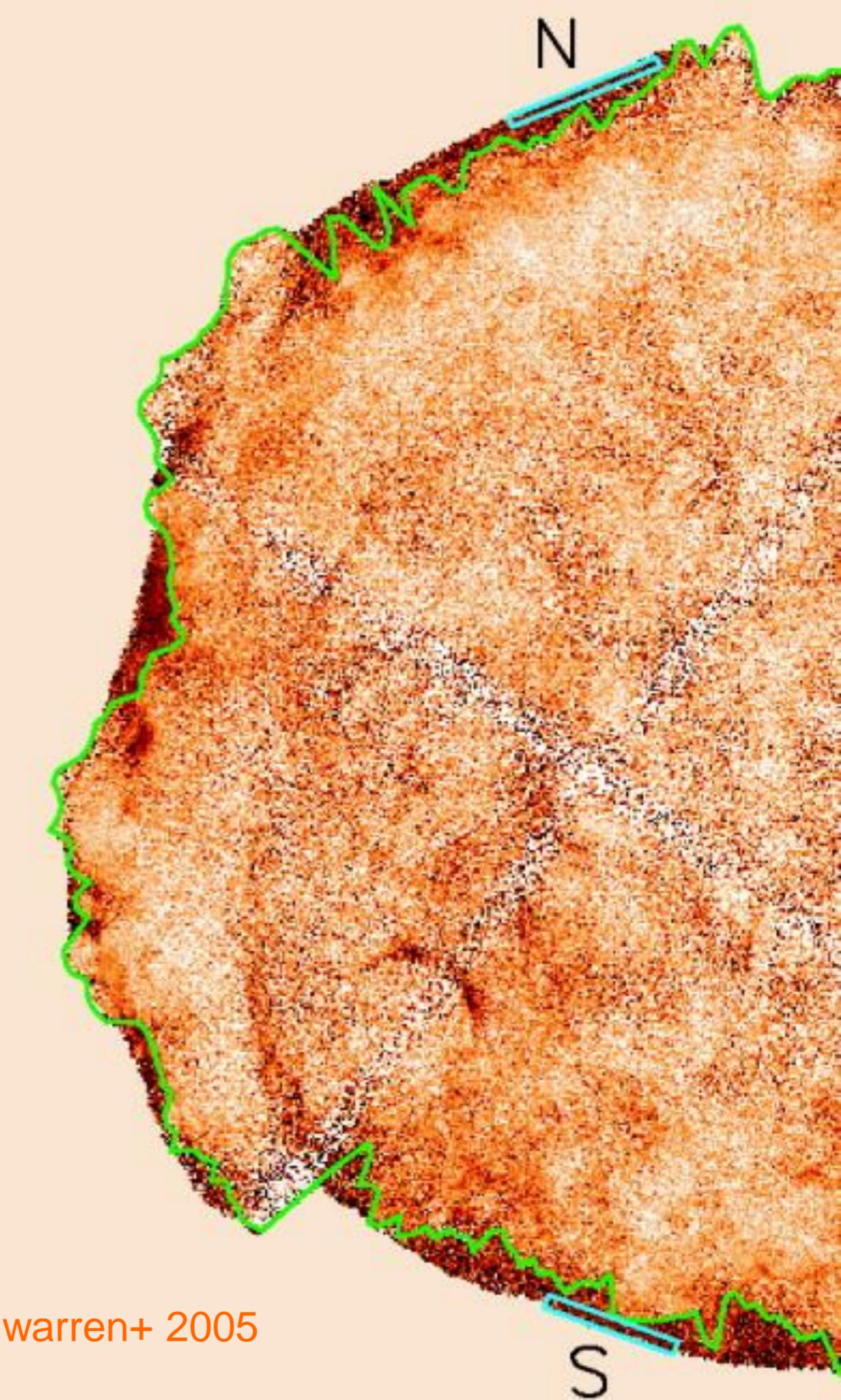
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- **structure**



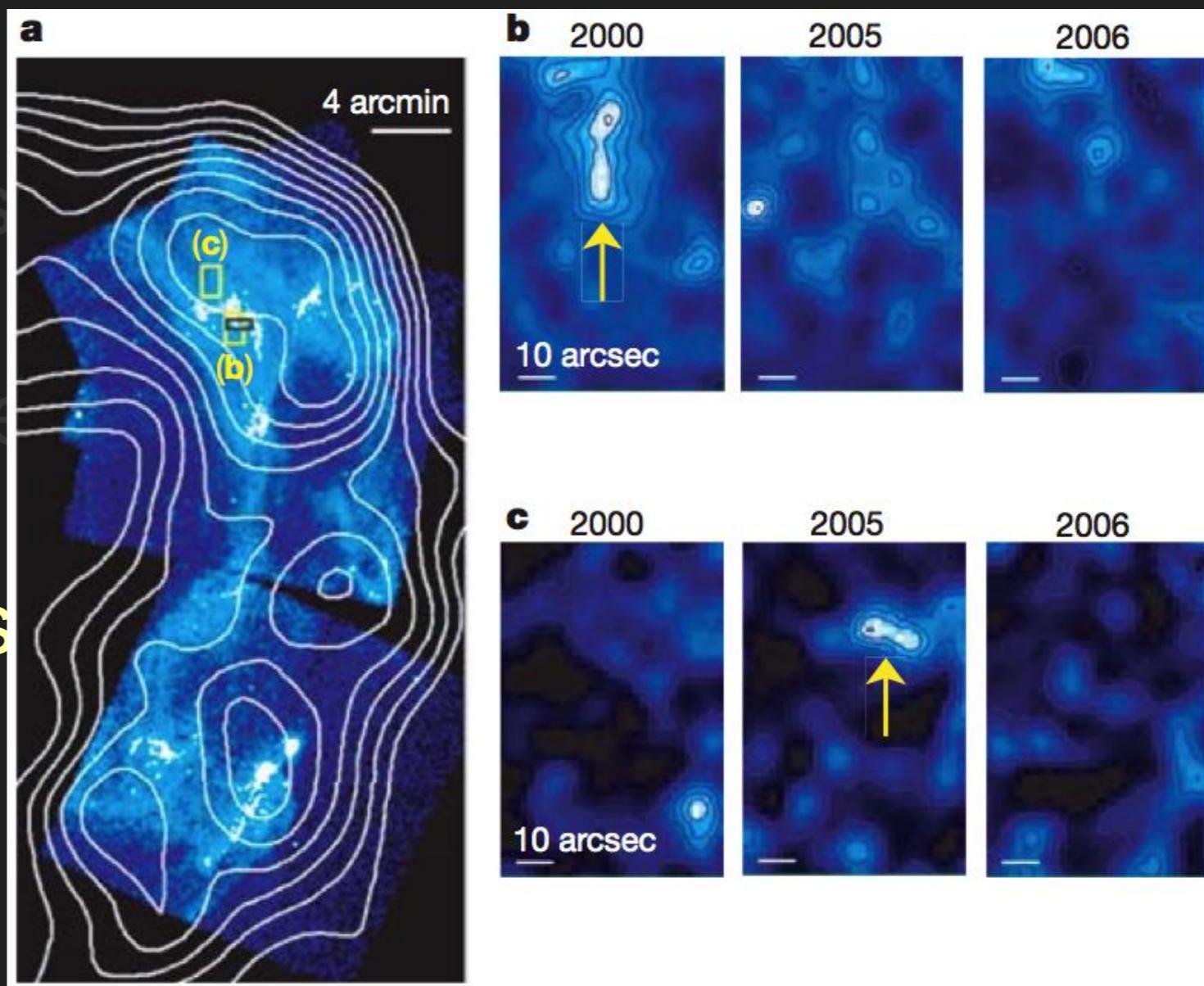
# i. evidence

- non-thermal X-rays
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# i. evidence

- non-thermal X-rays
- $\gamma$ -ray emission
- dynamical properties
- structure
- non-thermal X-rays



uchiyama+ 2007

## ii. magnetic field amplification

how does the magnetic field get amplified? and  
how do we know it does?

## ii. magnetic field amplification

how

.resonant cosmic ray streaming instability e.g.

zirakashvili 2000

.bell's non-resonant instability bell 2004

.non-resonant long-wavelength instability bykov & toptygin  
2005

.others...

## ii. magnetic field amplification

### evidence

- .spectral curvature in radio emission (**a little iffy**)
- .broad-band fits of synchrotron emission between radio and non-thermal X-rays
- .rapid variability of nonthermal X-ray emission from bright filaments in SNRs
- .sharp X-ray edges

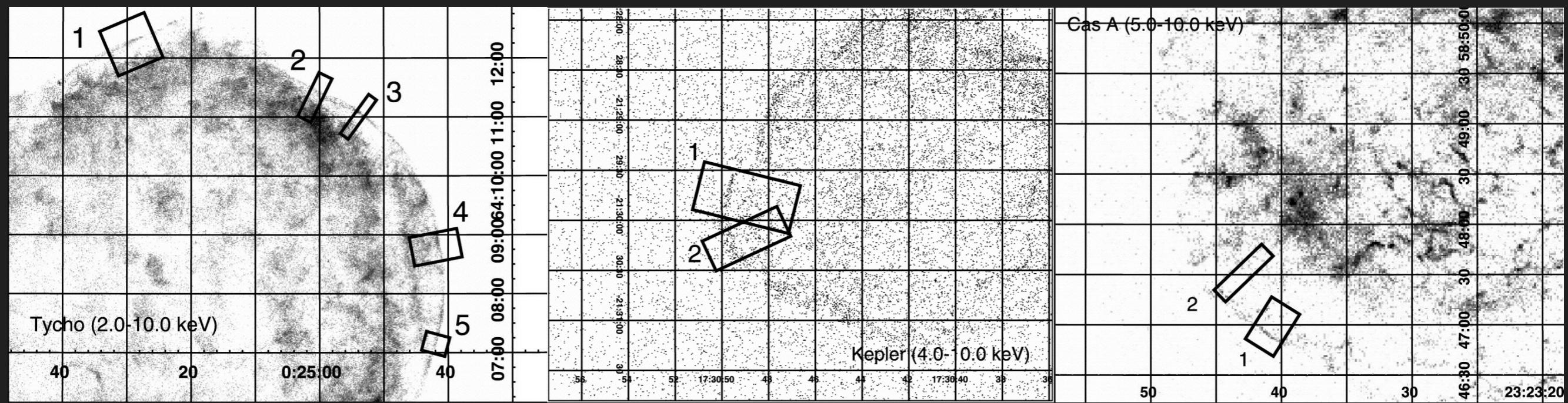
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## ii. magnetic field amplification

.sharp x-ray edges



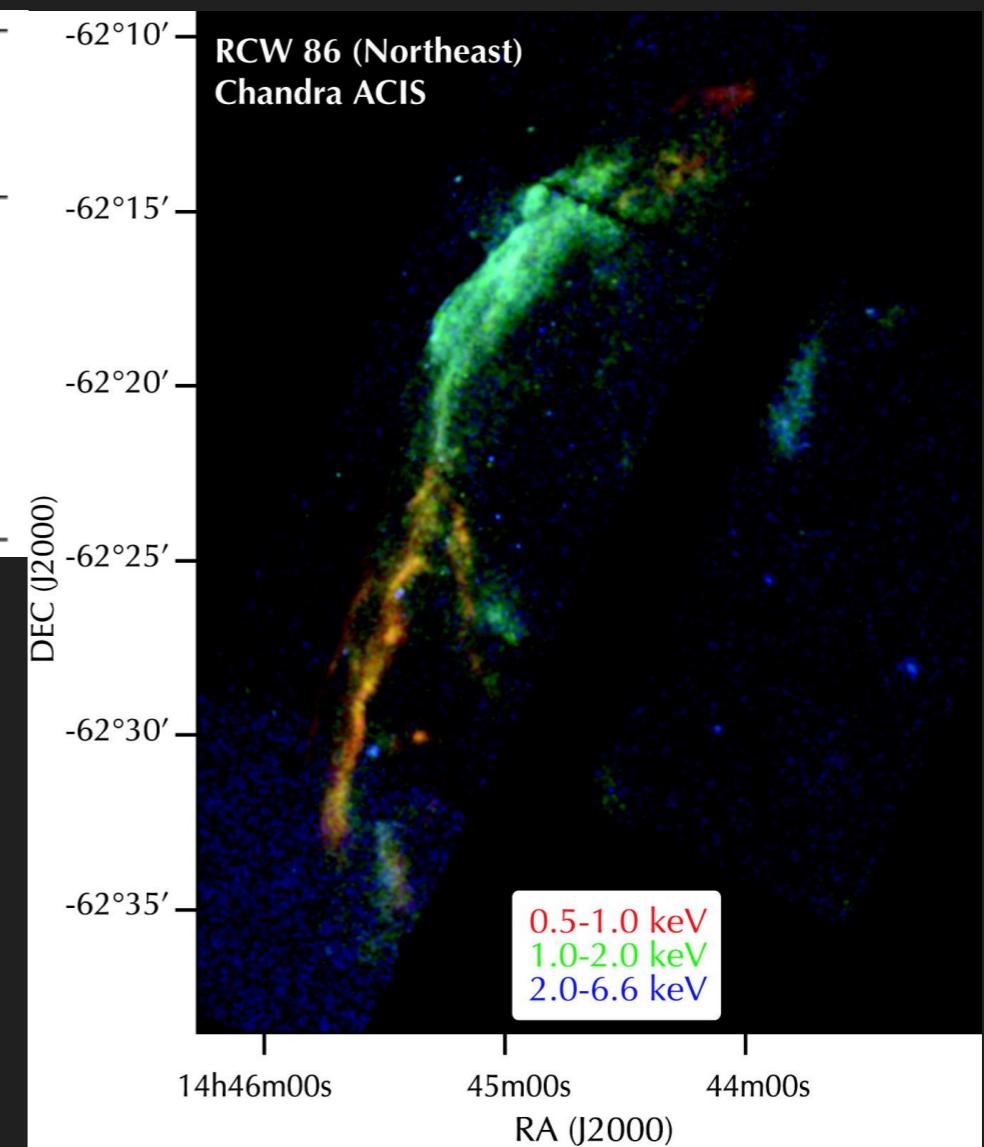
## ii. magnetic field amplification

.sharp x-ray edges

vink et al. 2006

SNR	Dist kpc	$V_s$ $\text{km s}^{-1}$	$n_0$ $\text{cm}^{-3}$	width ''	$B_{loss}$ $\mu\text{G}$	$B_{diff}$ $\mu\text{G}$
Cas A	3.4	5200	3	0.5	249	299
Kepler	4.8	5300	0.35	1.5	97	113
Tycho	2.4	4500	0.3	2	113	165
SN1006	2.2	4300	0.1	20	30	39
RCW86	2.5	3500	0.1	45	24	14

vink 2006



## ii. magnetic field amplification

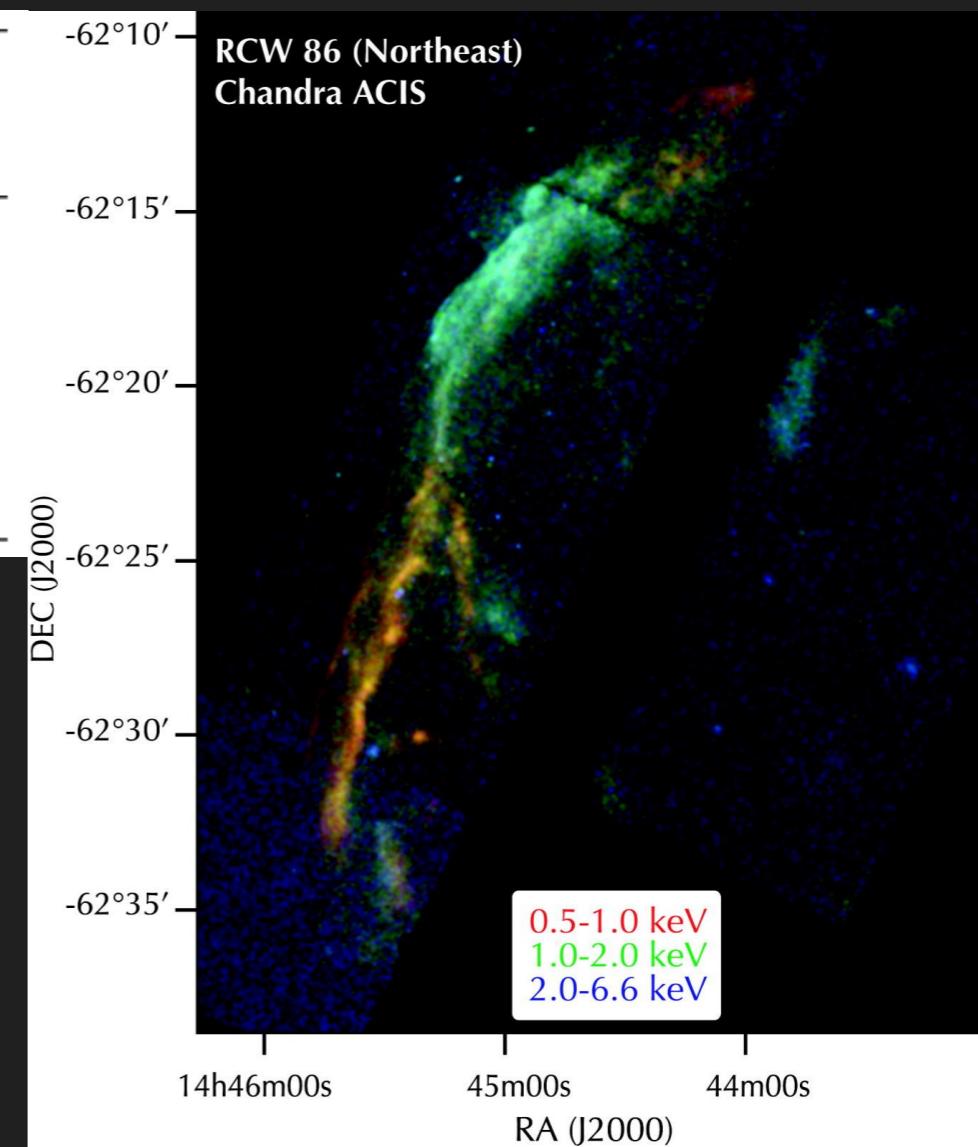
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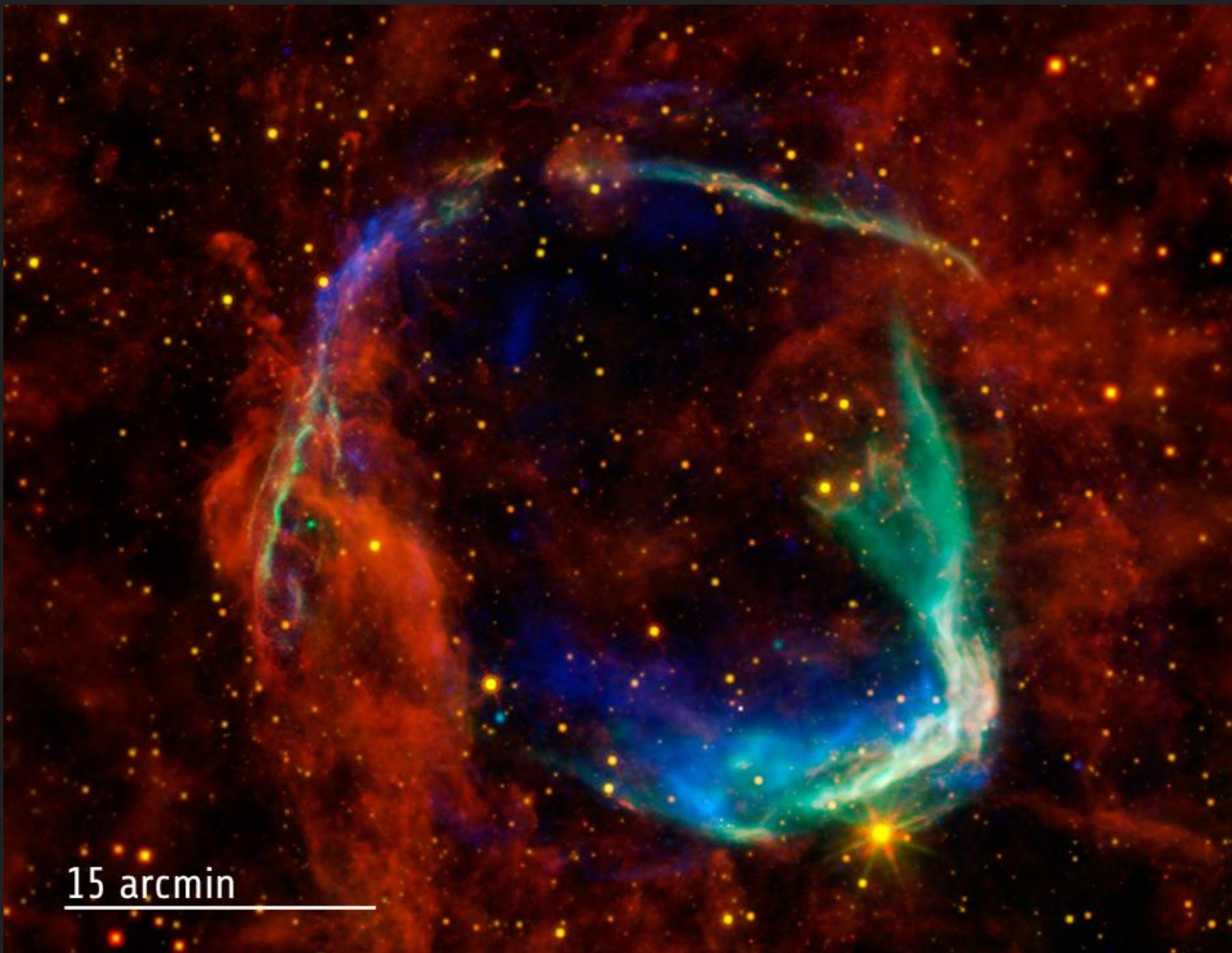
actually holder+ 2013 find vs~700-2000 km/s



### iii. rcw 86

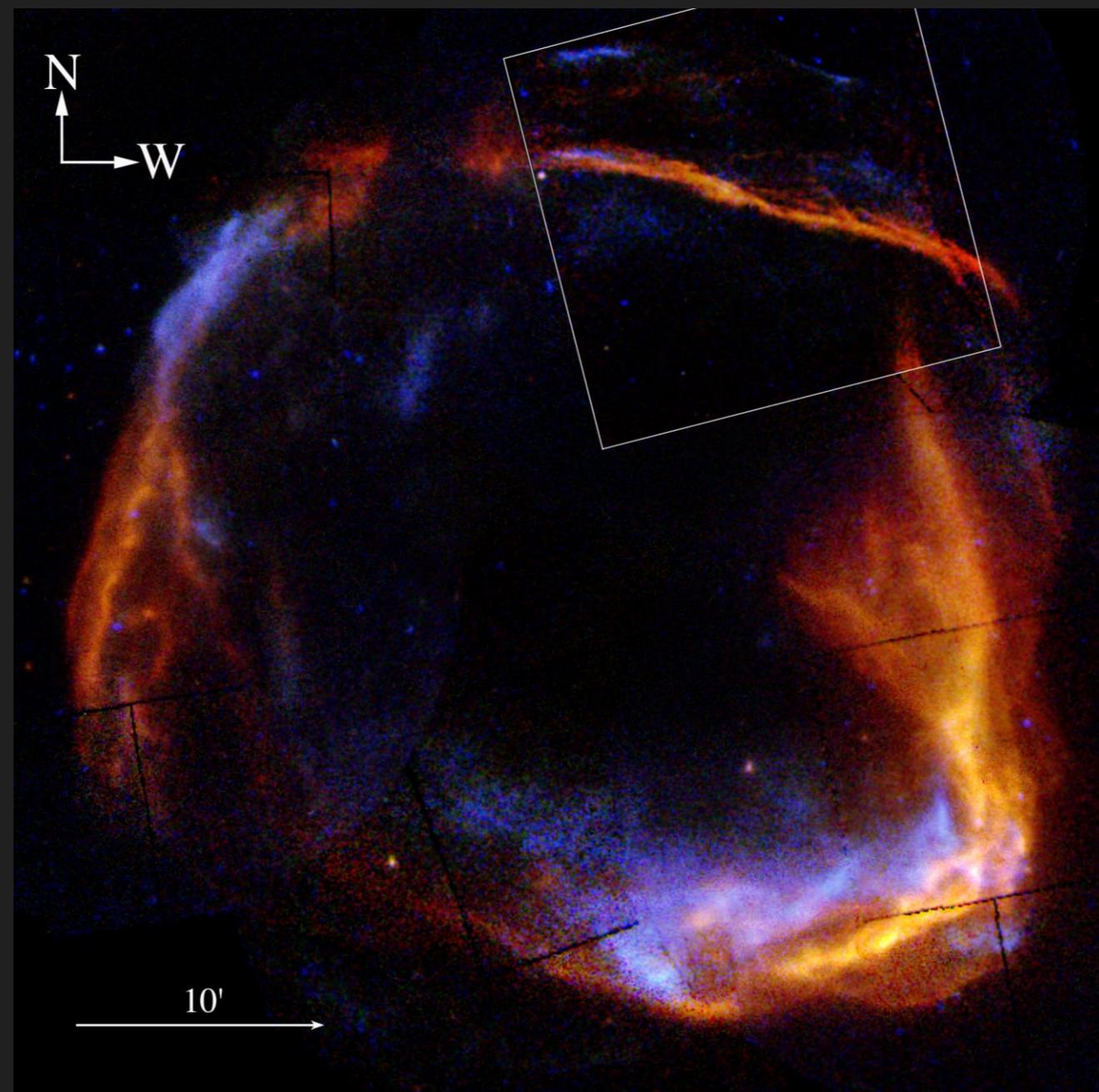
what have we learnt studying rcw 86 with chandra?

### iii. rcw 86



x-ray: nasa/cxc/sao & esa; infared: nasa/jpl-caltech/b. williams (ncsu)

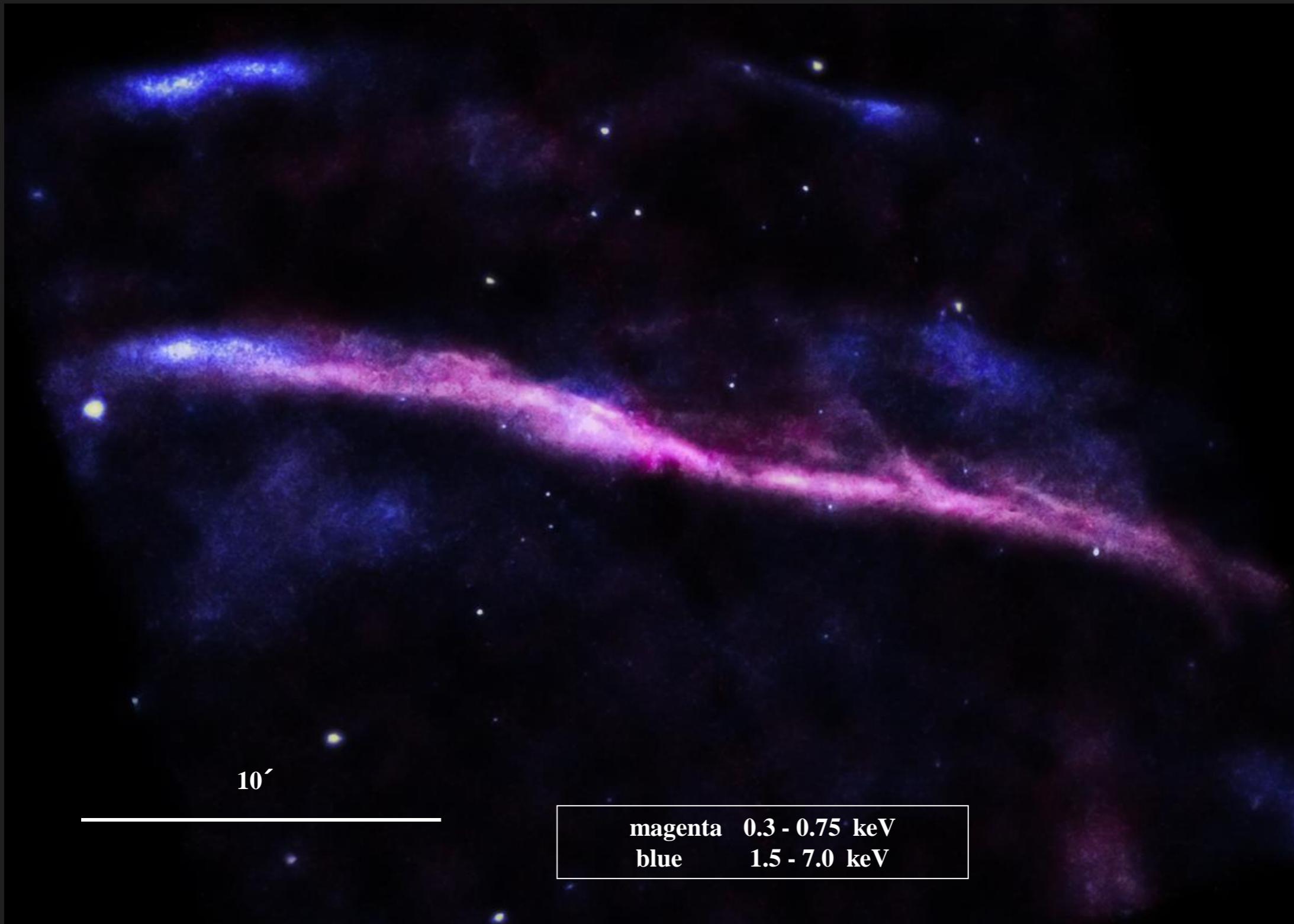
### iii. rcw 86



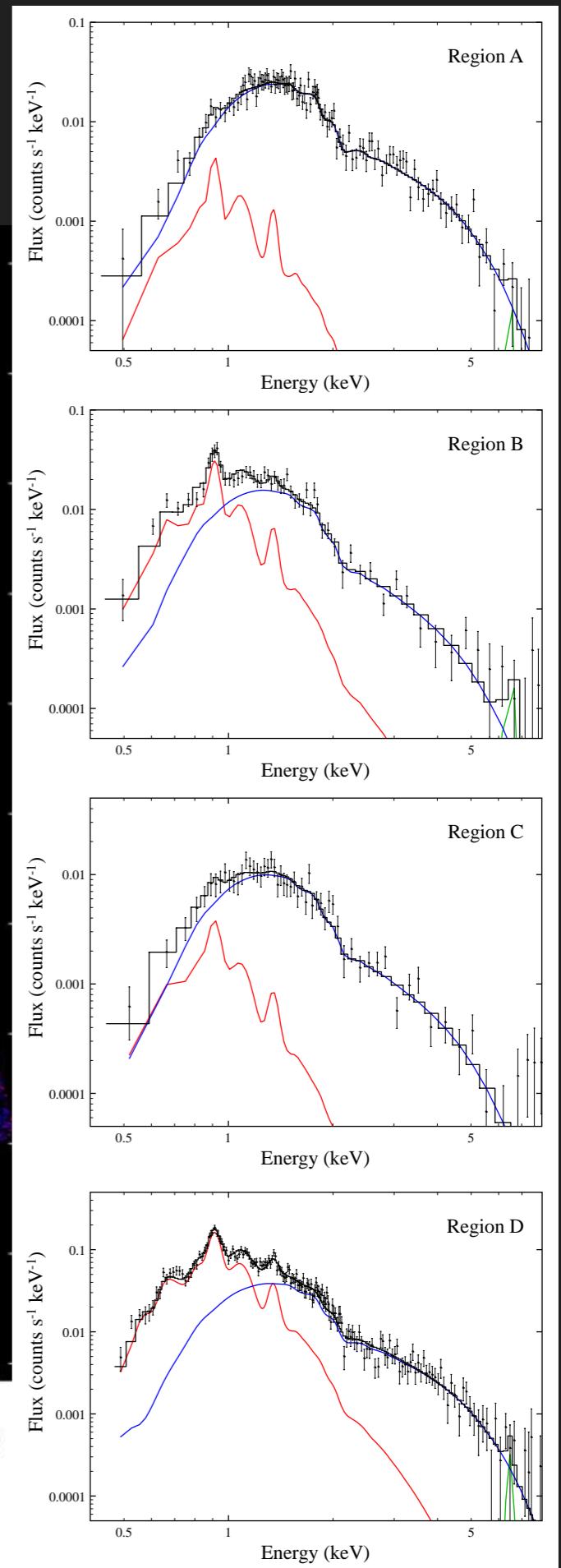
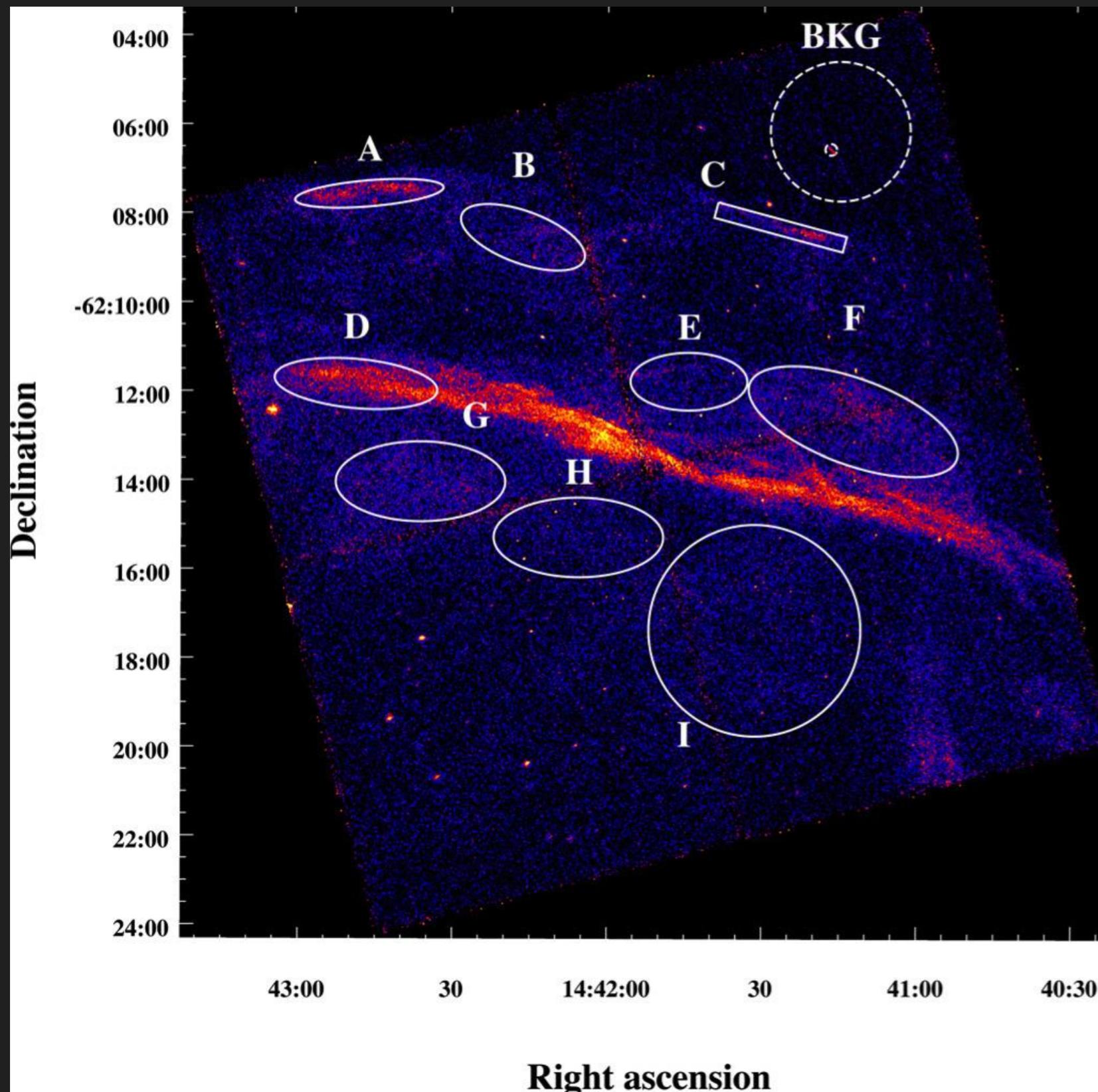
chandra and xmm

red: 0.5 - 1 keV  
green: 1.5 - 2 keV  
blue: 2 - 8 keV

### iii. rcw 86



### iii. rcw 86



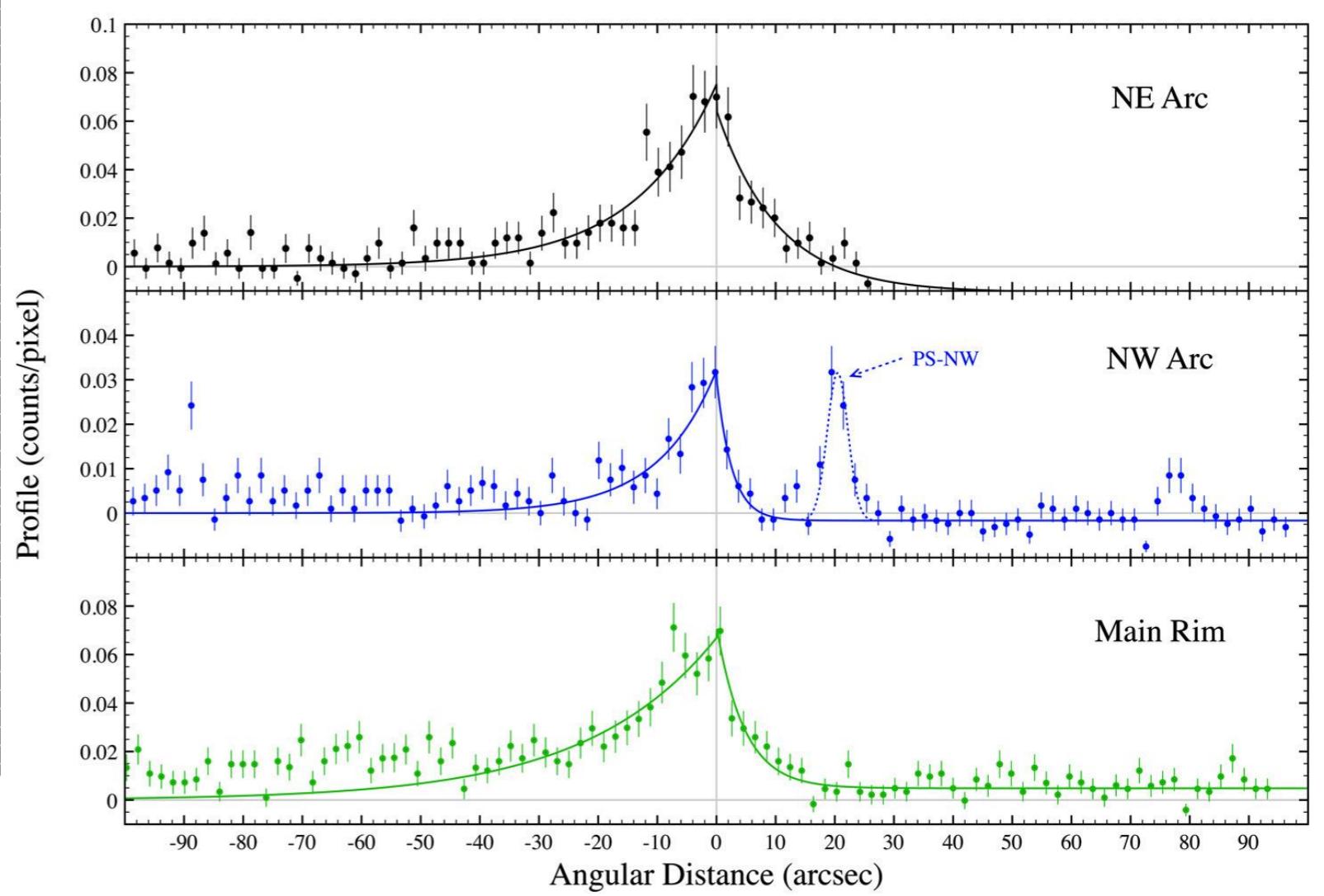
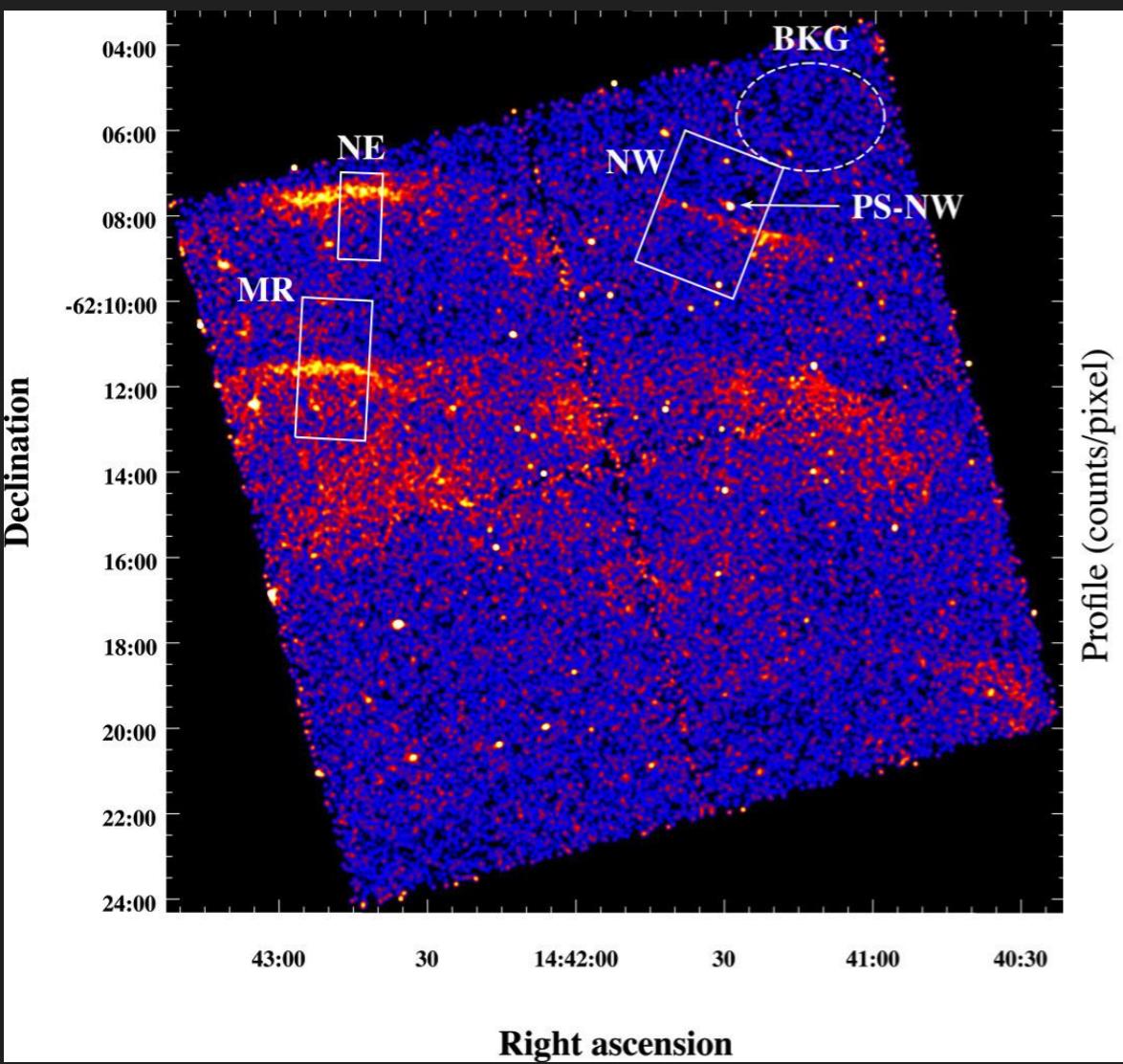
# iii. rcw 86

Region	SRCUT				Power-Law			
	$h\nu_{\text{roll-off}}$ (keV)	$F_{\text{srcut}}^{\text{a}}$ ( $10^{-13}$ erg cm $^{-2}$ s $^{-1}$ )	$F_{\text{nei}}^{\text{a}}$	$\chi^2/\text{dof}$	$\Gamma$	$F_{\text{powerlaw}}^{\text{a}}$ ( $10^{-13}$ erg cm $^{-2}$ s $^{-1}$ )	$F_{\text{nei}}^{\text{a}}$	$\chi^2/\text{dof}$
A.....	$0.37^{+0.05}_{-0.06}$	1.93	0.004	108.2/106	$2.65^{+0.06}_{-0.06}$	1.92	0.003	110.3/106
B.....	$0.12^{+0.03}_{-0.02}$	0.68	0.023	57.4/55	$3.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	0.71	0.021	58.6/55
C.....	$0.17^{+0.06}_{-0.04}$	0.54	0.003	47.1/54	$2.9^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	0.56	0.003	47.1/54
D.....	$0.28^{+0.03}_{-0.05}$	2.39	0.147	190.8/166	$2.78^{+0.06}_{-0.06}$	2.44	0.144	190.5/166
E.....	$0.6^{+0.3}_{-0.2}$	0.72	0.026	63.8/53	$2.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	0.74	0.025	64.4/53
F.....	$0.46^{+0.06}_{-0.09}$	3.32	0.080	173.9/162	$2.59^{+0.06}_{-0.06}$	3.40	0.077	171.5/162
G.....	$0.32^{+0.06}_{-0.04}$	3.03	0.016	167.7/143	$2.68^{+0.05}_{-0.05}$	3.05	0.012	167.8/143
H.....	$0.8^{+0.2}_{-0.2}$	1.76	0.018	134.9/87	$2.43^{+0.08}_{-0.08}$	1.76	0.016	131.1/87
I.....	$0.27^{+0.05}_{-0.04}$	4.03	0.052	149.2/125	$2.75^{+0.06}_{-0.06}$	4.14	0.047	150.4/125

# iii. rcw 86

from Bamba+ 2003

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} A \exp\left(-\frac{|x_0-x|}{l_{\text{up}}}\right) & x > x_0 \\ A \exp\left(-\frac{|x_0-x|}{l_{\text{down}}}\right) & x < x_0 \end{cases}$$



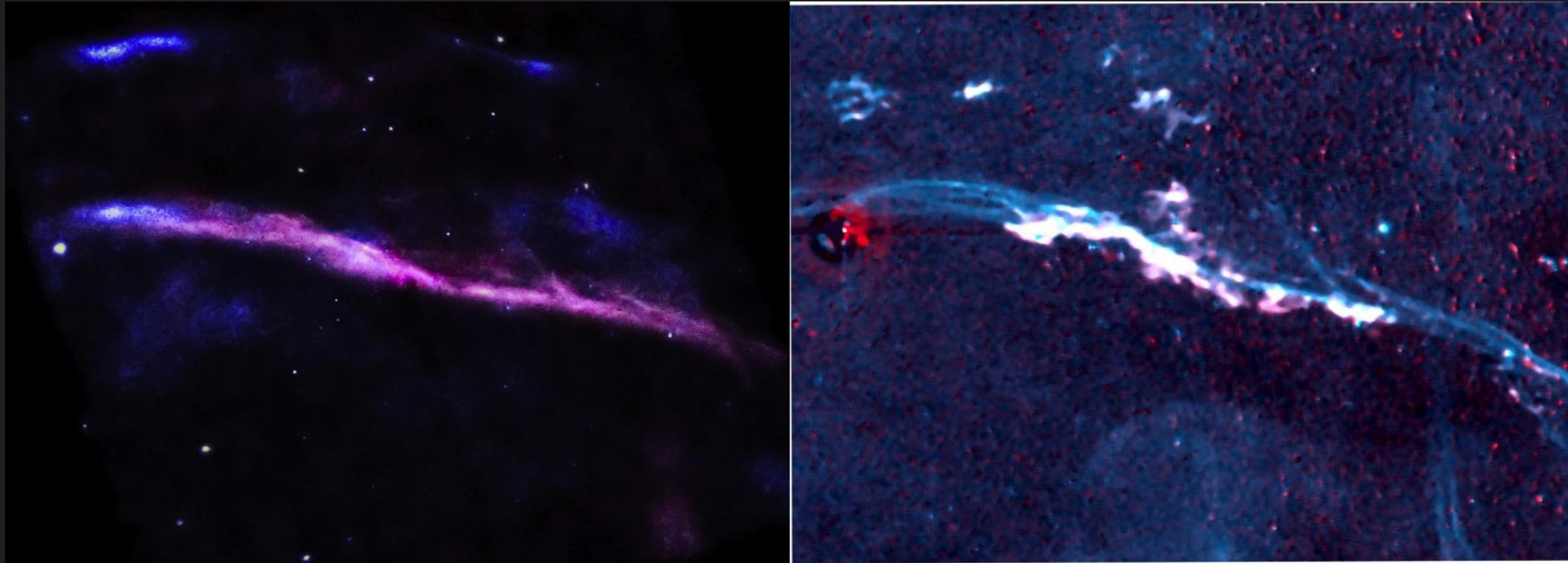
# iii. rcw 86

	advection		diffusion
$l_{\text{adv}} = v_{\text{adv}} \tau_{\text{syn}}$			$l_{\text{diff}} = D/v_{\text{diff}}$
$B_{\text{adv}} \approx (83 \mu\text{G}) \left( \frac{l_{\text{adv}}}{0.01 \text{ pc}} \right)^{-2/3} \left( \frac{V_s}{1000 \text{ km s}^{-1}} \right)^{2/3}$		$B_{\text{diff,d}} \approx (700 \mu\text{G}) \left( \frac{l_{\text{diff,d}}}{0.01 \text{ pc}} \right)^{-2/3} \left( \frac{V_s}{1000 \text{ km s}^{-1}} \right)^{-2/3}$	
	joint		$B_{\text{diff,u}} \approx (280 \mu\text{G}) \left( \frac{l_{\text{diff,u}}}{0.01 \text{ pc}} \right)^{-2/3} \left( \frac{V_s}{1000 \text{ km s}^{-1}} \right)^{-2/3}$
	$l_{\text{adv}} \approx l_{\text{diff}}$		
		$B_{\text{joint}} \approx (240 \mu\text{G}) \left( \frac{l_{\text{adv}}}{0.01 \text{ pc}} \right)^{-2/3}$	

## PROFILE FIT PARAMETERS AND MAGNETIC FIELD ESTIMATES

Region	$l_{\text{down}}$ (arcsec)	$l_{\text{up}}$ (arcsec)	$\chi^2/\text{(dof)}$	$l_{\text{down}}$ (pc)	$l_{\text{up}}$ (pc)	$V_s^{\text{a}}$ $(\text{km s}^{-1})$	$B_{\text{adv}}^{\text{b}}$ ( $\mu\text{G}$ )	$B_{\text{diff,d}}^{\text{c}}$ ( $\mu\text{G}$ )	$B_{\text{diff,u}}^{\text{c}}$ ( $\mu\text{G}$ )	$B_{\text{joint}}^{\text{d}}$ ( $\mu\text{G}$ )
NE Arc	$14 \pm 2$	$10 \pm 3$	$60 / (59)$	$0.17 \pm 0.03$	$0.13 \pm 0.04$	$810 \pm 150$	27	300	140	110
NW Arc	$10 \pm 2$	$3 \pm 1$	$94 / (74)$	$0.12 \pm 0.02$	$0.03 \pm 0.02$	$810 \pm 150$	33	370	360	140
Main Rim	$22 \pm 2$	$5 \pm 1$	$75 / (65)$	$0.27 \pm 0.03$	$0.06 \pm 0.01$	$650 \pm 120$	17	250	280	80

### iii. rcw 86

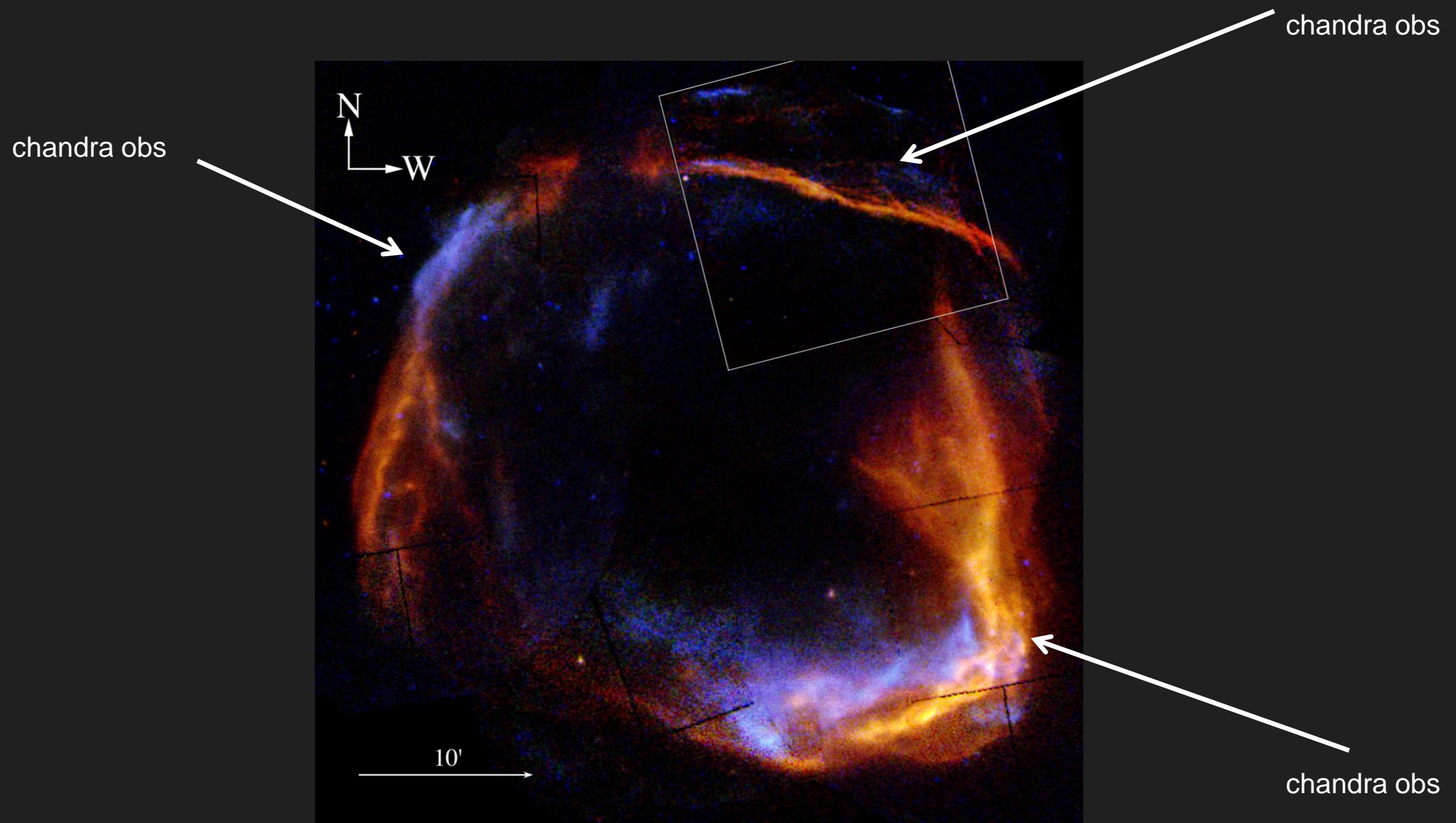


ghavamian et al.  
2001

#### PROFILE FIT PARAMETERS AND MAGNETIC FIELD ESTIMATES

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### iii. rcw 86: next step



# the end

.thin nonthermal x-ray rims observed in the  
nw of rcw 86

.high magnetic fields derived using filament  
widths

.shock velocity derived from balmer line  
profiles (optical observations) appears too  
low