

Flat Space Holography and Entanglement Entropy in $2+1$ Dimensions

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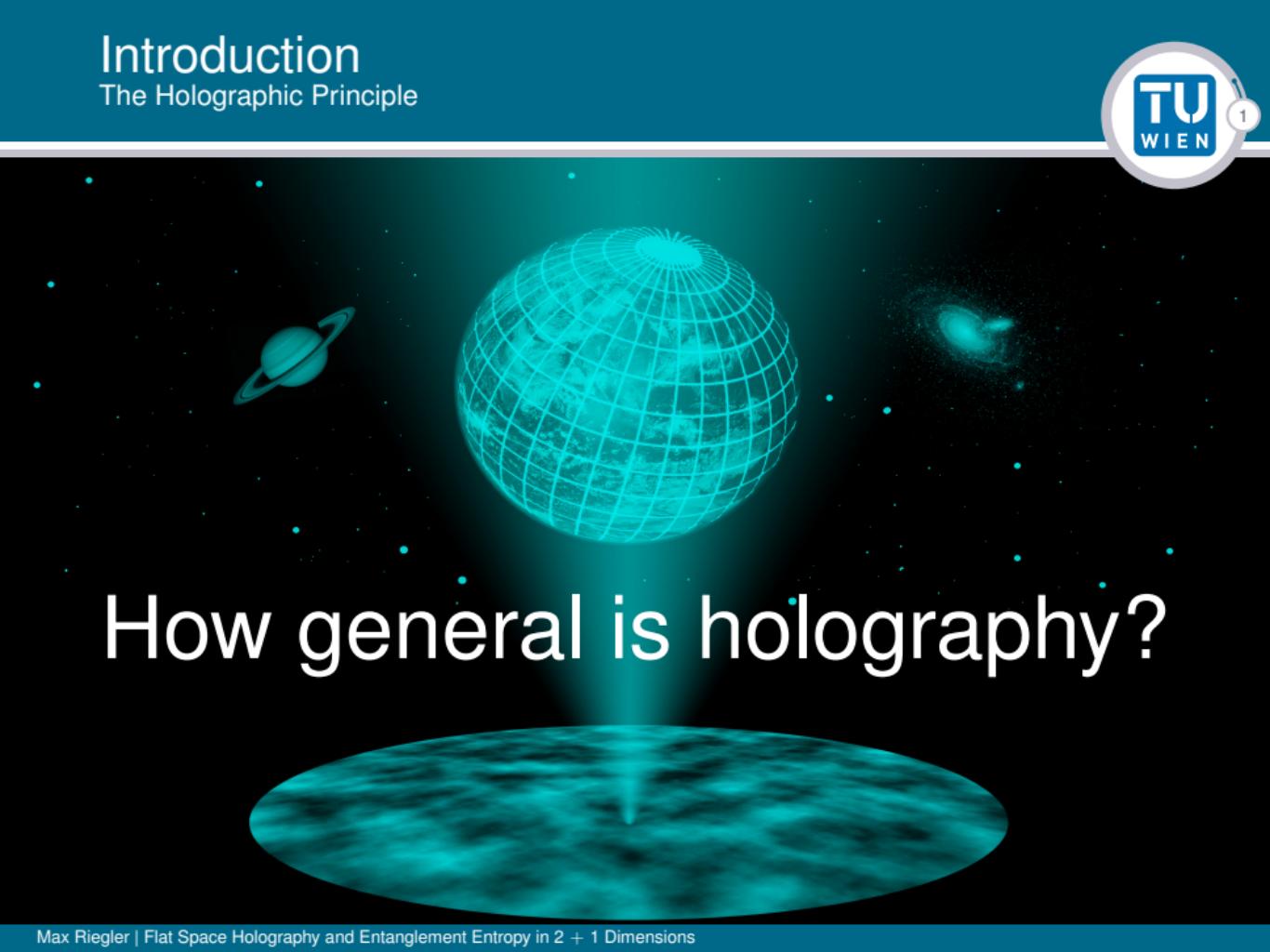


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Particles and Interactions

Introduction

The Holographic Principle

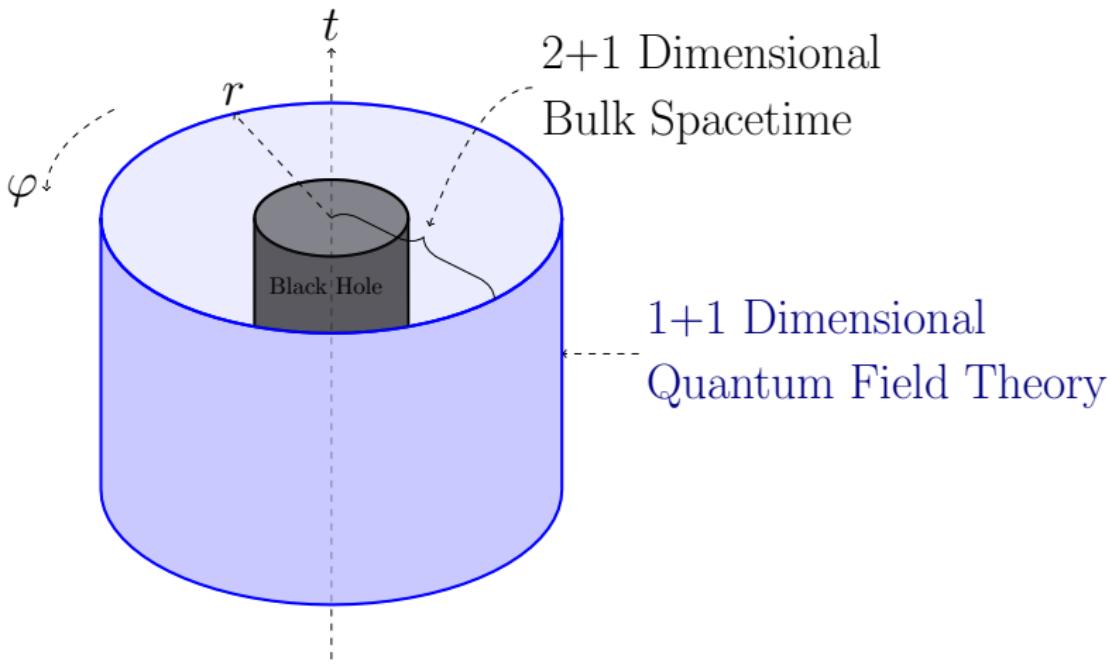


The background of the slide features a dark teal gradient with a subtle starry texture. In the upper portion, there are three celestial bodies: a small planet with a ring on the left, a large sphere with a grid pattern in the center, and a spiral galaxy on the right. At the bottom, there is a large, faint, circular watermark or reflection of the same celestial bodies against a dark background.

How general is holography?

Introduction

Holography in 2(+1) Spacetime Dimensions



Introduction

Gravity in 2+1 Dimensions as a Chern-Simons Theory



$$S_{CS}[\mathcal{A}] = \frac{k}{4\pi} \int_{\mathcal{M}} \left\langle \mathcal{A} \wedge d\mathcal{A} + \frac{2}{3} \mathcal{A} \wedge \mathcal{A} \wedge \mathcal{A} \right\rangle$$

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- ▶ AdS₃: $\mathcal{A} \in \mathfrak{so}(2, 2) \sim \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R}) \oplus \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R})$,
- ▶ dS₃: $\mathcal{A} \in \mathfrak{so}(3, 1)$,
- ▶ Flat Space: $\mathcal{A} \in \mathfrak{isl}(2, 1) \sim \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R}) \in_{ad} (\mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R}))_{Ab}$.

Introduction

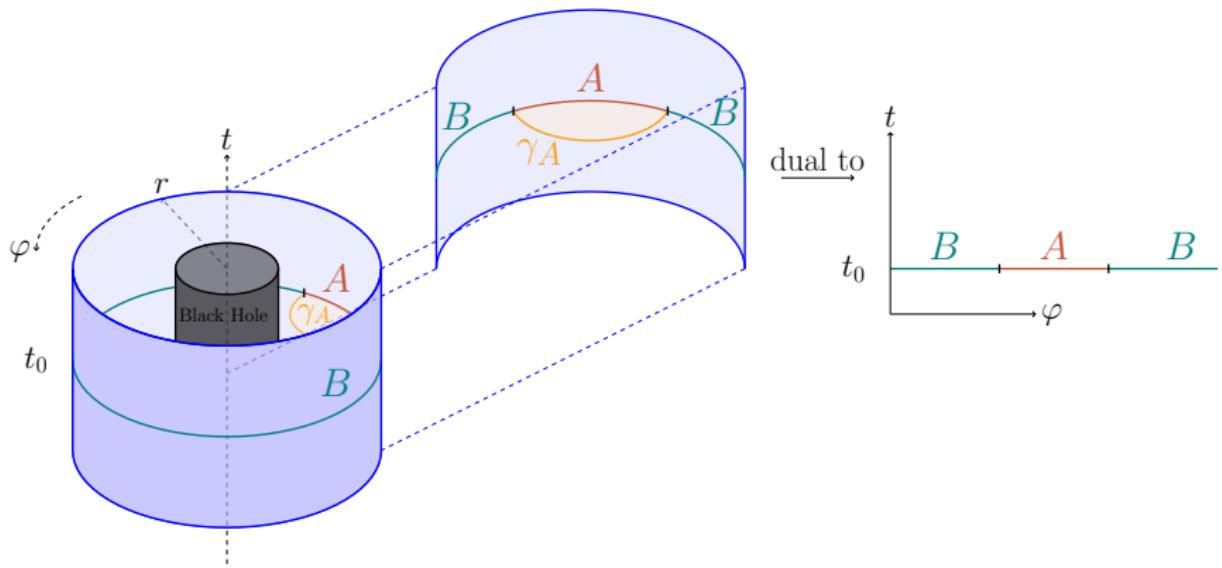
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Holographic Entanglement Entropy

Geodesics as a Gravity Dual



Holographic Entanglement Entropy

Wilson Lines



$$W_{\mathcal{R}}(C) = \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{R}} \left[\mathcal{P} \exp \left(\int_C \mathcal{A} \right) \right] = \int \mathcal{D}U \exp (-S(U; \mathcal{A})_C),$$
$$S_{\text{EE}} = -\log [W_{\mathcal{R}}(C)].$$



Ammon, M., Castro, A., and Iqbal, N. (2013).

Wilson Lines and Entanglement Entropy in Higher Spin Gravity.
JHEP, 1310:110.



de Boer, J. and Jottar, J. I. (2014).

Entanglement Entropy and Higher Spin Holography in AdS_3 .
JHEP, 04:089.

Flat Space Holography

Basics

$\mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R})$ and \mathfrak{vir}

$$[L_n, L_m] = (n - m)L_{n+m} + \frac{c}{12}n(n^2 - 1)\delta_{n+m},$$

$$[\bar{L}_n, \bar{L}_m] = (n - m)\bar{L}_{n+m} + \frac{\bar{c}}{12}n(n^2 - 1)\delta_{n+m},$$

$$[L_n, \bar{L}_m] = 0.$$

AdS₃

Flat Space

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$$\mathfrak{so}(2, 2) \sim \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R}) \oplus \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R})$$

 \Downarrow

$$W_{\mathcal{R}}^c(C) \times W_{\mathcal{R}}^{\bar{c}}(C)$$

 \Downarrow

$$S_{EE} = -\log [W_{\mathcal{R}}^c(C)] - \log [W_{\mathcal{R}}^{\bar{c}}(C)]$$

AdS₃

Flat Space

Flat Space Holography

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$\mathfrak{isl}(2, \mathbb{R})$ and \mathfrak{bms}_3

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AdS₃

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$$W_{\mathcal{R}}^{c_L}(C) \times W_{\mathcal{R}}^{c_M}(C)$$

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Flat Space

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$$\Rightarrow S(U; A = A_L + A_M)_C = S_L(U_L; A_L)_C + S_M(U_M; A_M)_C,$$

Flat Space Holography

Wilson Lines in Flat Space



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↓ ✓

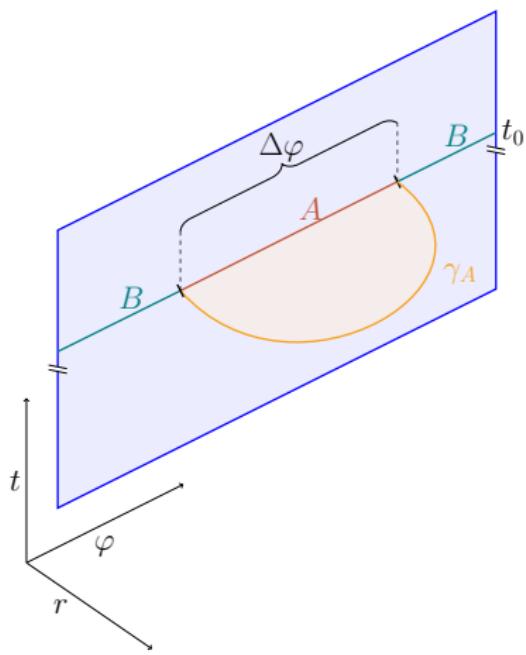
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↓

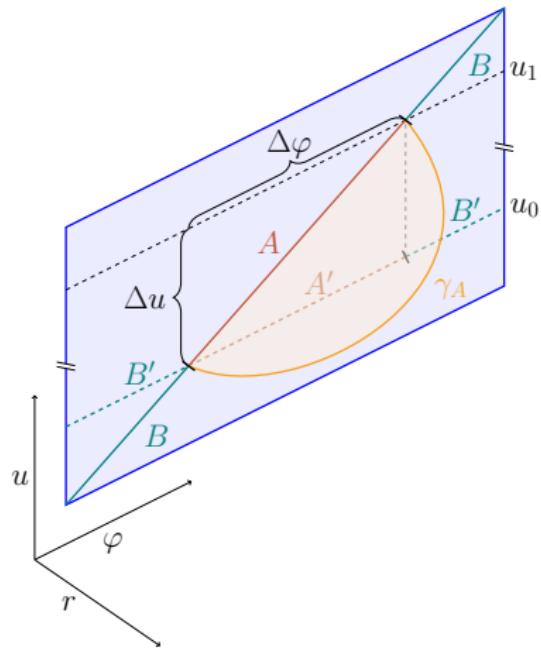
$$S_{EE} = -\log [W_{\mathcal{R}}^{c_L}(C)] - \log [W_{\mathcal{R}}^{c_M}(C)].$$

Flat Space Holography

Entangling Intervals



AdS₃



Flat Space

Flat Space Holography

Metric and Connection



$$ds^2 = \mathcal{M} du^2 - 2 du dr + 2 \mathcal{N} du d\varphi + r^2 d\varphi^2,$$

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$\mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R})$ Chern-Simons Gauge Field

$$\mathcal{A} = b^{-1}(\mathrm{d} + a)b \quad \text{with} \quad b = e^{\frac{r}{2}M_{-1}},$$

$$a = \left(M_1 - \frac{\mathcal{M}}{4}M_{-1} \right) \mathrm{d}u + \left(L_1 - \frac{\mathcal{M}}{4}L_{-1} - \frac{\mathcal{N}}{2}M_{-1} \right) \mathrm{d}\varphi.$$

Flat Space Holography

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- $\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{N} = 0$: Null-Orbifold (NO),

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- ▶ $\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{N} = 0$: Null-Orbifold (NO),
- ▶ $\mathcal{M} = -1, \mathcal{N} = 0$: Global Flat Space (GFS),

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- ▶ $\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{N} = 0$: Null-Orbifold (NO),
- ▶ $\mathcal{M} = -1, \mathcal{N} = 0$: Global Flat Space (GFS),
- ▶ $\mathcal{M} \neq 0, \mathcal{N} \neq 0$: Flat Space Cosmologies (FSC).

Flat Space Holographic Entanglement Entropy

$$\text{Null-Orbifold : } S_{EE} = \frac{c_L}{6} \ln \left[\frac{r_0 \Delta\phi}{2} \right] + \frac{c_M}{6} \frac{\Delta u}{\Delta\phi},$$

$$\text{(Global) FS : } S_{EE} = \frac{c_L}{6} \ln \left[r_0 \sin \left(\frac{\Delta\phi}{2} \right) \right] + \frac{c_M}{12} \cot \left(\frac{\Delta\phi}{2} \right) \Delta u.$$



Bagchi, A., Basu, R., Grumiller, D., and Riegler, M. (2015).

Entanglement entropy in Galilean conformal field theories and flat holography.

Phys. Rev. Lett., 114(11):111602.

Flat Space Holography

Thermal Entropy



11

Wilson line \Rightarrow Wilson loop

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Flat Space Holographic Thermal Entropy

$$S_{\text{Th}} = \frac{\pi}{6} \left(c_L \sqrt{\mathcal{M}} + c_M \frac{\mathcal{N}}{\sqrt{\mathcal{M}}} \right).$$



Basu, R. and Riegler, M. (2016).

Wilson Lines and Holographic Entanglement Entropy in Galilean Conformal Field Theories.

Phys. Rev., D93(4):045003.



Riegler, M. (2015).

Flat space limit of higher-spin Cardy formula.

Phys. Rev., D91(2):024044.

Conclusion

Extensions and Outlook



12

- ▶ Extend GCFT calculations in order to verify higher-spin results.

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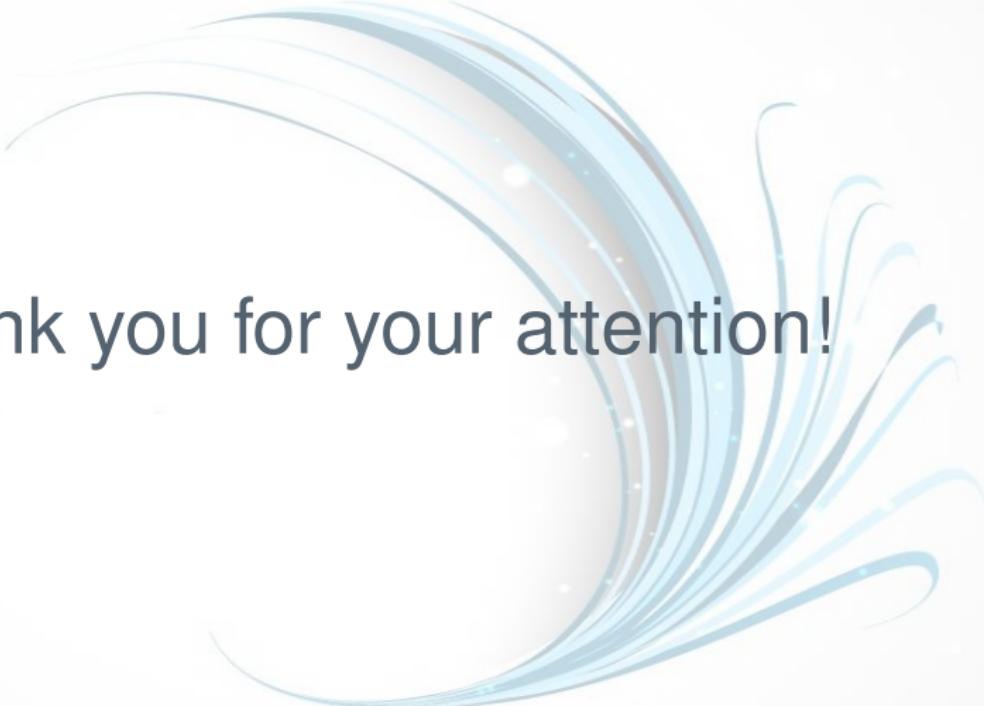
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- ▶ Extend GCFT calculations in order to verify higher-spin results.
- ▶ Geometric bulk derivation using geodesics or covariant HEE proposal.
- ▶ Testing various information theoretic properties like SSA, mutual information etc.
- ▶ Holographic reconstruction of the bulk theory using EE.



Thank you for your attention!