

~~結合型~~ BKP 階層の無分散極限
2成分

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1成分 BKP (1-BKP) [DJKM II, IV, V, VI]

- $$\partial_{t_{2n+1}} L = [B_{2n+1}, L], \quad t_1 = x,$$

$$L^* = -\partial_x \cdot L \cdot \partial_x^{-1}, \quad B_{2n+1} \cdot 1 = 0$$

- $$\oint \frac{dz}{2\pi iz} e^{\xi(t'-t, z)} \tau(t' - 2[z^{-1}])$$

$$\times \tau(t + 2[z^{-1}]) = \tau(t') \tau(t),$$

$$\xi(t, z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} t_{2n+1} z^{2n+1},$$

$$[z^{-1}] = (z^{-1}, \frac{z^{-3}}{3}, \dots, \frac{z^{-2n-1}}{2n+1}, \dots)$$

- Schur の Q-函数との関係.

2 成分 BKP (2-BKP)

[DJKM "VII"]

$$\begin{aligned} t &= (t_1, t_3, t_5, \dots) \\ \bar{t} &= (\bar{t}_1, \bar{t}_3, \bar{t}_5, \dots) \end{aligned} \quad \rangle \quad \text{それぞれ 1-BKP}$$

- $\tau(t, \bar{t})$ のための双線形方程式

$$\begin{aligned} & \oint \frac{dz}{2\pi i z} e^{\xi(t'-t, z)} \tau(t' - 2[z^{-1}], \bar{t}') \\ & \quad \times \tau(t + 2[z^{-1}], \bar{t}) \\ &= \oint \frac{dz}{2\pi i z} e^{\xi(\bar{t}' - \bar{t}, z)} \tau(t', \bar{t}' - 2[z^{-1}]) \\ & \quad \times \tau(t, \bar{t} + 2[z^{-1}]) \end{aligned}$$

- フェルミオン表示

$$[\varphi_j, \varphi_k]_+ = (-1)^j \delta_{j+k, 0} \quad (j, k \in \mathbb{Z})$$

$$\varphi_j |0\rangle = 0 \quad (j < 0), \quad \langle 0 | \varphi_j = 0 \quad (j > 0)$$

$$H(t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} t_{2n+1} H_{2n+1}, \quad \bar{H}(\bar{t}) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \bar{t}_{2n+1} H_{-2n-1}$$

$$H_k = \frac{1}{2} \sum_j (-1)^{j+1} \varphi_j \varphi_{-j-k-1}$$

$$\tau(t, \bar{t}) = \langle 0 | e^{H(t)} g e^{-\bar{H}(\bar{t})} | 0 \rangle$$

✘ Today's lesson の τ 関数の表示に似ている

● 補助系系形問題

$$\Psi(z) = \frac{\tau(t - 2[z^{-1}], \bar{t})}{\tau(t, \bar{t})} e^{\xi(t, z)}$$

$$\bar{\Psi}(z) = \frac{\tau(t, \bar{t} - 2[z^{-1}])}{\tau(t, \bar{t})} e^{\xi(\bar{t}, z)}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \partial_{t_{2n+1}} \Psi = B_{2n+1}(\partial_{t_1}) \Psi \\ \partial_{\bar{t}_{2n+1}} \Psi = \bar{B}_{2n+1}(\partial_{\bar{t}_1}) \Psi, \\ (\partial_{t_1} \partial_{\bar{t}_1} - u) \Psi = 0 \quad (\Psi = \Psi(z), \bar{\Psi}(z)) \end{array} \right.$$

$$z \sim z^n \quad u = -2 \partial_{t_1} \partial_{\bar{t}_1} \log \tau,$$

$$B_{2n+1}(\partial_{t_1}) \cdot 1 = 0,$$

$$\bar{B}_{2n+1}(\partial_{\bar{t}_1}) \cdot 1 = 0$$

→ Lax 系系 (Shiota, Krichever, ...)

無分散極限の道

- T函数經由 -

$\tau(\hbar, \psi, \bar{\psi}) \rightarrow$ rescaling

$\tau_{\hbar}(\psi, \bar{\psi}) = \tau(\hbar, \hbar^{-1}\psi, \hbar^{-1}\bar{\psi}) = \exp(\hbar^{-2}F(\psi, \bar{\psi}) + O(\hbar^{-1}))$
(仮定)

線積分型 双線形方程式

↓ 特殊化

微分型 Fay 恒等式

↓ $\hbar \rightarrow 0$

無分散久田方程式

KPn における u_t の類似物

- 波動函数經由 -

Hamilton-Jacobi 方程式

← $\hbar \rightarrow 0$

補助線形方程式

↕

無分散 Lax 方程式

← $\hbar \rightarrow 0$

Lax 方程式

↕

波動函数の漸近近似

$$\Psi(z) = \exp(\hbar^{-1} S(z) + O(\hbar^0)),$$

$$\bar{\Psi}(z) = \exp(\hbar^{-1} \bar{S}(z) + O(\hbar^0)),$$

$$S(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} t_{2n+1} z^{2n+1} - 2D(z)F,$$

$$\bar{S}(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \bar{t}_{2n+1} z^{2n+1} - 2\bar{D}(z)F,$$

$$D(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{-2n-1}}{2n+1} \partial_{t_{2n+1}},$$

$$\bar{D}(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{-2n-1}}{2n+1} \partial_{\bar{t}_{2n+1}}.$$

- Hamilton-Jacobi 方程式

$$\partial_{t_{2n+1}} S(z) = B_{2n+1}(\partial_{t_1} S(z)),$$

$$\partial_{\bar{t}_{2n+1}} \bar{S}(z) = \bar{B}_{2n+1}(\partial_{\bar{t}_1} \bar{S}(z)),$$

$$\partial_{t_1} S(z) \cdot \partial_{\bar{t}_1} \bar{S}(z) = u,$$

$\bar{S}(z)$ に対しても同じ方程式が成立

- $z \mapsto p(z) = \partial_{t_1} S(z)$, $z \mapsto \bar{p}(z) = \partial_{\bar{t}_1} \bar{S}(z)$ の逆函数 $z = \mathcal{L}(p)$, $z = \bar{\mathcal{L}}(\bar{p})$ に対して無分數 Lax 方程式が成立する (省略)

微分型 Fay 恒等式

$$\begin{aligned}
 1) \quad & \frac{\lambda + \mu}{\lambda - \mu} \left(\lambda - \mu - \partial_{t_1} \log \frac{\tau(t + 2[\lambda^*], \bar{t})}{\tau(t + 2[\mu^*], \bar{t})} \right) \\
 & = \left(\lambda + \mu - \partial_{t_1} \log \frac{\tau(t + 2[\lambda^*] + 2[\mu^*], \bar{t})}{\tau(t, \bar{t})} \right) \\
 & \quad \times \frac{\tau(t + 2[\lambda^*] + 2[\mu^*], \bar{t}) \tau(t, \bar{t})}{\tau(t + 2[\lambda^*], \bar{t}) \tau(t + 2[\mu^*], \bar{t})}
 \end{aligned}$$

(本質的に)
1-BKP)

2) t, \bar{t} の役割を入れかえ

(")

$$\begin{aligned}
 3) \quad & \lambda - \partial_{t_1} \log \frac{\tau(t + 2[\lambda^*], \bar{t})}{\tau(t, \bar{t} + 2[\mu^*])} \\
 & = \left(\lambda - \partial_{t_1} \log \frac{\tau(t + 2[\lambda^*], \bar{t} + 2[\mu^*])}{\tau(t, \bar{t})} \right) \\
 & \quad \times \frac{\tau(t + 2[\lambda^*], \bar{t} + 2[\mu^*]) \tau(t, \bar{t})}{\tau(t + 2[\lambda^*], \bar{t}) \tau(t + 2[\mu^*], \bar{t})}
 \end{aligned}$$

4) t, \bar{t} の役割を入れかえ

無分散応用方程式

$$p(z) = \partial_{t_1} S(z) = z - 2D(z)\partial_{t_1} F,$$

$$\bar{p}(z) = \partial_{\bar{t}_1} \bar{S}(z) = z - 2\bar{D}(z)\partial_{\bar{t}_1} F,$$

$$D(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{-2n-1}}{2n+1} \partial_{t_{2n+1}}, \quad \bar{D}(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{-2n-1}}{2n+1} \partial_{\bar{t}_{2n+1}}$$

$$1) \frac{p(\lambda) - p(\mu)}{p(\lambda) + p(\mu)} = \frac{\lambda - \mu}{\lambda + \mu} \exp 4D(\lambda)D(\mu)F$$

$$2) \frac{\bar{p}(\lambda) - \bar{p}(\mu)}{\bar{p}(\lambda) + \bar{p}(\mu)} = \frac{\lambda - \mu}{\lambda + \mu} \exp 4\bar{D}(\lambda)\bar{D}(\mu)F$$

$$3) \frac{p(\lambda) - \partial_{t_1} \bar{S}(\mu)}{p(\lambda) + \partial_{t_1} \bar{S}(\mu)} = \exp 4D(\lambda)\bar{D}(\mu)F$$

$$4) \frac{\bar{p}(\mu) - \partial_{\bar{t}_1} S(\lambda)}{\bar{p}(\mu) + \partial_{\bar{t}_1} S(\lambda)} = \exp 4D(\lambda)\bar{D}(\mu)F$$

- 1) は Bogdanov & Konopelchenko の 2 変数方法 ($\bar{\partial}$ -dressing) 12 の 2 変数形式 (1-BKP と同値)

- 1) ~ 4) は 2-BKP の Hamilton-Jacobi 方程式' と同値である. (Faber の多項式 を用いて示せる)

真の結合型BKP?

D₂型階層 (Jimbo & Miwa, Publ. RIMS.)

- 荷電フェルミオンによる実現
結合型KP. Pfaff格子を含む
- 中性フェルミオンによる実現
2個の2-BKPの結合系とみなせる

問題 このよきな結合系に対して
無分散極限を定式化せよ.