

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta E_L &= \langle (ll) LM | -g \delta(r-r') | (ll) LM \rangle \\ &= -g I_r^{(l)} \frac{(2l+1)^2}{4\pi} \begin{pmatrix} l & l & L \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^2 \quad \text{の証明} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Psi_{LM}(r, r') = \sum_{m, m'} \langle l m l m' | LM \rangle \Psi_{lm}(r) \Psi_{lm'}(r')$$

$$\Delta E_L = -g \int d\mathbf{r} \Psi_{LM}^*(r, r) \Psi_{LM}(r, r)$$

$$= -g \sum_{m_1, m_1'} \sum_{m_2, m_2'} \langle l m_1 l m_1' | LM \rangle \langle l m_2 l m_2' | LM \rangle \cdot I_r^{(l)}$$

$$\times \int d\hat{r} Y_{lm_1}^*(\hat{r}) Y_{lm_1'}^*(\hat{r}) Y_{lm_2}(\hat{r}) Y_{lm_2'}(\hat{r})$$

(note) $Y_{lm_2}(\hat{r}) Y_{lm_2'}(\hat{r}) = \sum_{L_2 M_2} \frac{\hat{l}^2}{\sqrt{4\pi} \hat{L}_2} \langle l 0 l 0 | L_2 0 \rangle$

$$\times \langle l m_2 l m_2' | L_2 M_2 \rangle Y_{L_2 M_2}(\hat{r})$$

$$Y_{lm_1}^*(\hat{r}) Y_{lm_1'}^*(\hat{r}) = \sum_{L_1 M_1} \frac{\hat{l}^2}{\sqrt{4\pi} \hat{L}_1} \langle l 0 l 0 | L_1 0 \rangle$$

$$\times \langle l m_1 l m_1' | L_1 M_1 \rangle Y_{L_1 M_1}^*(\hat{r})$$

$$= -g I_r \sum_{m_1, m_1'} \sum_{m_2, m_2'} \langle l m_1 l m_1' | LM \rangle \langle l m_2 l m_2' | LM \rangle$$

$$\times \sum_{L_1 M_1} \frac{\hat{l}^2}{\sqrt{4\pi} \hat{L}_1} \langle l 0 l 0 | L_1 0 \rangle \langle l m_1 l m_1' | L_1 M_1 \rangle$$

$$\times \frac{\hat{l}^2}{\sqrt{4\pi} \hat{L}_2} \langle l 0 l 0 | L_2 0 \rangle \langle l m_2 l m_2' | L_2 M_2 \rangle$$

$$= -g I_r \frac{\hat{l}^4}{4\pi \hat{L}_2^2} \langle l 0 l 0 | L_0 0 \rangle^2 = -g I_r \frac{(2l+1)^2}{4\pi} \begin{pmatrix} l & l & L \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^2$$

$$\cancel{\frac{\hat{l}^4}{4\pi \hat{L}_2^2} \begin{pmatrix} l & l & L \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^2}$$