

## 四 角運動量の合成 (スピノ軌道力)

### ・複習

$$[l_i, l_j] = i \epsilon_{ijk} l_k$$

$$[l_x, l_y] = i l_z$$

$$[l_y, l_z] = i l_x$$

$$[l_z, l_x] = i l_y$$

$$l_{\pm} \equiv l_x \pm i l_y$$

$$l_{\pm} |lm\rangle = \sqrt{(l \mp m)(l \pm m + 1)} |lm \pm 1\rangle$$

### ・ $l-s$ 力

$$\vec{J} = \vec{l} + \vec{s}$$

$$(note) \quad \vec{J}^2 = \vec{l}^2 + \vec{s}^2 + 2\vec{l} \cdot \vec{s}$$

$$= \vec{l}^2 + \vec{s}^2 + 2l_z s_z + l_+ s_- + l_- s_+$$

角度成分とスピノ部分の積 :  $Y_{lm} X_{ms}$

$$m_J = m_l + m_s$$

$$l + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Y_{l1} X_{\uparrow}$$

$$l - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Y_{l-1} X_{\uparrow}$$

$$Y_{l-1} X_{\downarrow}$$

$$l - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$Y_{l-2} X_{\uparrow}$$

$$Y_{l-1} X_{\downarrow}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$Y_{l-1} X_{\downarrow}$$

$$-l - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\vec{J}^2 Y_{ll} X_\uparrow = (\vec{l}^2 + \vec{s}^2 + 2l_z s_z + l_+ s_- + l_- s_+) Y_{ll} X_\uparrow$$

$$= \underbrace{[l(l+1) + \frac{3}{4} + l]}_{\parallel} Y_{ll} X_\uparrow$$

$$l^2 + 2l + \frac{3}{4} = (l + \frac{1}{2})(l + \frac{3}{2})$$

$$\downarrow Y_{ll} X_\uparrow = |l + \frac{1}{2}, l + \frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

$$(l_- + s_-) Y_{ll} X_\uparrow = \frac{i - |l + \frac{1}{2}, l + \frac{1}{2}\rangle}{\sqrt{(l + \frac{1}{2} + l + \frac{1}{2})(l + \frac{1}{2} - l - \frac{1}{2} + 1)}} \\ \times |l + \frac{1}{2}, l - \frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

$$= \sqrt{2l+1} |l + \frac{1}{2}, l - \frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow = \sqrt{2l} \underline{Y_{l-1} X_\uparrow} + \underline{Y_{ll} X_\downarrow}$$

$$\downarrow |l + \frac{1}{2}, l - \frac{1}{2}\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{2l}{2l+1}} \underline{Y_{l-1} X_\uparrow} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2l+1}} \underline{Y_{ll} X_\downarrow}$$

∴ 4種の直交する状態を作り得る：

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2l+1}} \underline{Y_{l-1} X_\uparrow} - \sqrt{\frac{2l}{2l+1}} \underline{Y_{ll} X_\downarrow}$$

$$\text{(note)} \quad \vec{J}^2 (Y_{l-1} X_\uparrow - \sqrt{2l} Y_{ll} X_\downarrow)$$

$$= (\vec{l}^2 + \vec{s}^2 + 2l_z s_z + l_+ s_- + l_- s_+) (Y_{l-1} X_\uparrow - \sqrt{2l} Y_{ll} X_\downarrow)$$

$$= \left( l(l+1) + \frac{3}{4} + 2(l-1) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \right) + \sqrt{(l-l+1)(l+l-1+1)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + 1} \\ \times Y_{l-1} X_{\uparrow} \quad \times Y_l X_{\downarrow}$$

$$- \sqrt{2l} \left( l(l+1) + \frac{3}{4} + 2l \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) \right) Y_{l-1} X_{\downarrow} - \sqrt{2l} \sqrt{2l} Y_{l-1} X_{\uparrow}$$

$$= \left( l^2 + l + \frac{3}{4} + l - 1 - 2l \right) Y_{l-1} X_{\uparrow}$$

$$- \sqrt{2l} \left( l^2 + l - l + \frac{3}{4} - 1 \right) Y_{l-1} X_{\downarrow}$$

$$= \left( l^2 - \frac{1}{4} \right) (Y_{l-1} X_{\uparrow} - \sqrt{2l} Y_{l-1} X_{\downarrow})$$

↓

$$|l-\frac{1}{2}, l-\frac{1}{2}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2l+1}} Y_{l-1} X_{\uparrow} - \frac{\sqrt{2l}}{\sqrt{2l+1}} Y_l X_{\downarrow}$$

まとめ

$j_z = l - \frac{1}{2}$  を持つ状態

$Y_{ll} X_\downarrow$  と  $Y_{l-1} X_\uparrow$

適当な線形結合をとることにより、7

$$\begin{cases} |l + \frac{1}{2}, l - \frac{1}{2}\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{2l}{2l+1}} Y_{l-1} X_\uparrow + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2l+1}} Y_{ll} X_\downarrow \\ |l - \frac{1}{2}, l - \frac{1}{2}\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2l+1}} Y_{l-1} X_\uparrow - \sqrt{\frac{2l}{2l+1}} Y_{ll} X_\downarrow \end{cases}$$

-般に

$$|l + \frac{1}{2}, m\rangle = \alpha Y_{l m - \frac{1}{2}} X_\uparrow + \beta Y_{l m + \frac{1}{2}} X_\downarrow$$

$$|l - \frac{1}{2}, m\rangle = \beta \quad , \quad -\alpha$$

或いは

$$|jm\rangle = \sum_{m_l, m_s} \underbrace{\langle l m_l \frac{1}{2} m_s | jm \rangle}_{\text{クレア"シェ・コ"ルダ"ー係数}} Y_{lm_l} X_{ms}$$

クレア"シェ・コ"ルダ"ー係数

(note)

$$\hat{j}^2 |Y_{\ell m-\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\uparrow}\rangle = \left[ \ell(\ell+1) + \frac{3}{4} + 2(m - \frac{1}{2}) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \right] |Y_{\ell m-\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\uparrow}\rangle$$

$$+ \sqrt{(\ell - m + \frac{1}{2})(\ell + m - \frac{1}{2} + 1)} |Y_{\ell m+\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\downarrow}\rangle$$

$$= \left[ \ell^2 + \ell + m + \frac{1}{4} \right] |Y_{\ell m-\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\uparrow}\rangle$$

$$+ \sqrt{(\ell + \frac{1}{2})^2 - m^2} |Y_{\ell m+\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\downarrow}\rangle$$

$$\hat{j}^2 |Y_{\ell m+\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\downarrow}\rangle = \left[ \ell(\ell+1) + \frac{3}{4} + 2(m + \frac{1}{2})(-\frac{1}{2}) \right] |Y_{\ell m+\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\downarrow}\rangle$$

$$+ \sqrt{(\ell + \frac{1}{2})^2 - m^2} |Y_{\ell m-\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\uparrow}\rangle$$

$$= \left( \ell^2 + \ell - m + \frac{1}{4} \right) |Y_{\ell m+\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\downarrow}\rangle$$

$$+ \sqrt{(\ell + \frac{1}{2})^2 - m^2} |Y_{\ell m-\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\uparrow}\rangle$$

$$\hat{j}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \ell^2 + \ell + m + \frac{1}{4} & \sqrt{(\ell + \frac{1}{2})^2 - m^2} \\ \sqrt{(\ell + \frac{1}{2})^2 - m^2} & \ell^2 + \ell - m + \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} |Y_{\ell m-\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\uparrow}\rangle \\ |Y_{\ell m+\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\downarrow}\rangle \end{matrix}$$

$$|Y_{\ell m-\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\uparrow}\rangle$$

$$|Y_{\ell m+\frac{1}{2}} \chi_{\downarrow}\rangle$$

→ 对角化

$$\begin{pmatrix} l^2 + l + m + \frac{1}{4} & \sqrt{(l+\frac{1}{2})^2 - m^2} \\ \sqrt{(l+\frac{1}{2})^2 - m^2} & l^2 + l - m + \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{l+m+\frac{1}{2}} \\ \sqrt{l-m+\frac{1}{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} (l^2 + l + m + \frac{1}{4}) \sqrt{l+m+\frac{1}{2}} + (l - m + \frac{1}{2}) \sqrt{l+m+\frac{1}{2}} \\ (l + m + \frac{1}{2}) \sqrt{l-m+\frac{1}{2}} + (l^2 + l - m + \frac{1}{4}) \sqrt{l-m+\frac{1}{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \underbrace{(l^2 + 2l + \frac{3}{4})}_{\parallel} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{l+m+\frac{1}{2}} \\ \sqrt{l-m+\frac{1}{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(l+\frac{1}{2})(l+\frac{3}{2})$$

$$\downarrow \quad \langle l \ m-\frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} \ | \ l+\frac{1}{2} \ m \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{l+m+\frac{1}{2}}{2l+1}}$$

$$\langle l \ m+\frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} \ -\frac{1}{2} \ | \ l+\frac{1}{2} \ m \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{l-m+\frac{1}{2}}{2l+1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \begin{pmatrix} l^2 + l + m + \frac{1}{4} & \sqrt{(l+\frac{1}{2})^2 - m^2} \\ \sqrt{(l+\frac{1}{2})^2 - m^2} & l^2 + l - m + \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\sqrt{l-m+\frac{1}{2}} \\ \sqrt{l+m+\frac{1}{2}} \end{pmatrix} \\
= & \begin{pmatrix} -(l^2 + l + m + \frac{1}{4})\sqrt{l-m+\frac{1}{2}} + (l+m+\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{l-m+\frac{1}{2}} \\ -(l-m+\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{l+m+\frac{1}{2}} + (l^2 + l - m + \frac{1}{4})\sqrt{l+m+\frac{1}{2}} \end{pmatrix} \\
= & \underbrace{\left(l^2 - \frac{1}{4}\right)}_{11} \begin{pmatrix} -\sqrt{l-m+\frac{1}{2}} \\ \sqrt{l+m+\frac{1}{2}} \end{pmatrix} \\
& (l-\frac{1}{2})(l+\frac{1}{2})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \langle l \ m - \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} | l - \frac{1}{2} \ m \rangle = -\sqrt{\frac{l-m+\frac{1}{2}}{2l+1}} \\
& \langle l \ m + \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} | l - \frac{1}{2} \ m \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{l+m+\frac{1}{2}}{2l+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{j}^2 = \vec{l}^2 + \vec{s}^2 + 2\vec{l} \cdot \vec{s}$$

$$\therefore \vec{l} \cdot \vec{s} = \frac{1}{2} (\vec{j}^2 - \vec{l}^2 - \vec{s}^2)$$

$$\therefore \vec{l} \cdot \vec{s} |jm\rangle = \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} [j(j+1) - l(l+1) - \frac{3}{4}]}_{j=l+\frac{1}{2}} |jm\rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} j &= l + \frac{1}{2} : \\ &\frac{1}{2} [(l+\frac{1}{2})(l+\frac{3}{2}) - l(l+1) - \frac{3}{4}] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (l^2 + 2l + \cancel{\frac{3}{4}} - l^2 - l - \cancel{\frac{3}{4}}) = \frac{l}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} j &= l - \frac{1}{2} : \\ &\frac{1}{2} [(l-\frac{1}{2})(l+\frac{1}{2}) - l(l+1) - \frac{3}{4}] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (l^2 - \cancel{\frac{1}{4}} - l^2 - l - \cancel{\frac{3}{4}}) = -\frac{1}{2}(l+1) \end{aligned}$$