

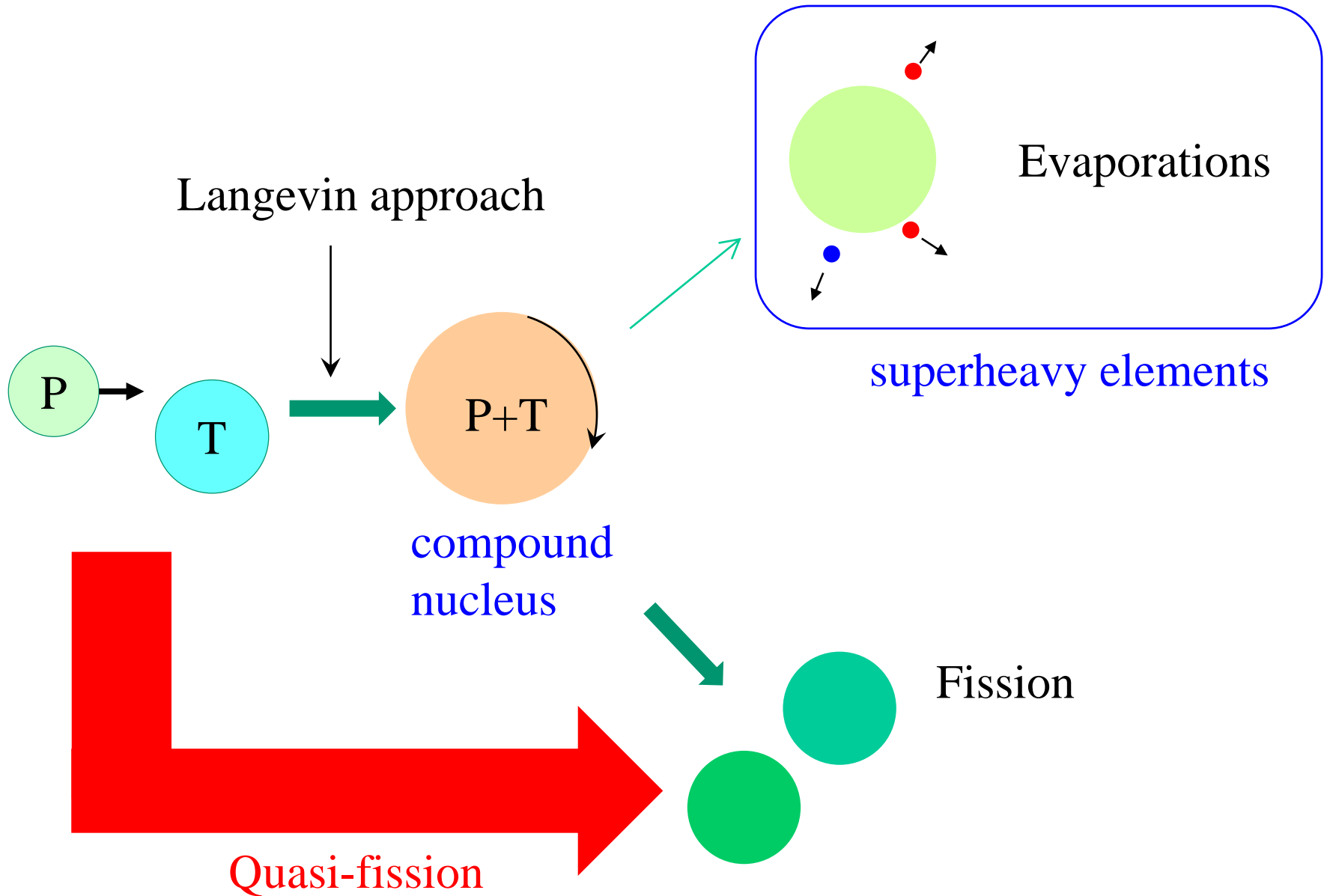
Reaction dynamics for hot fusion reactions with a deformed nucleus

Kouichi Hagino
Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan

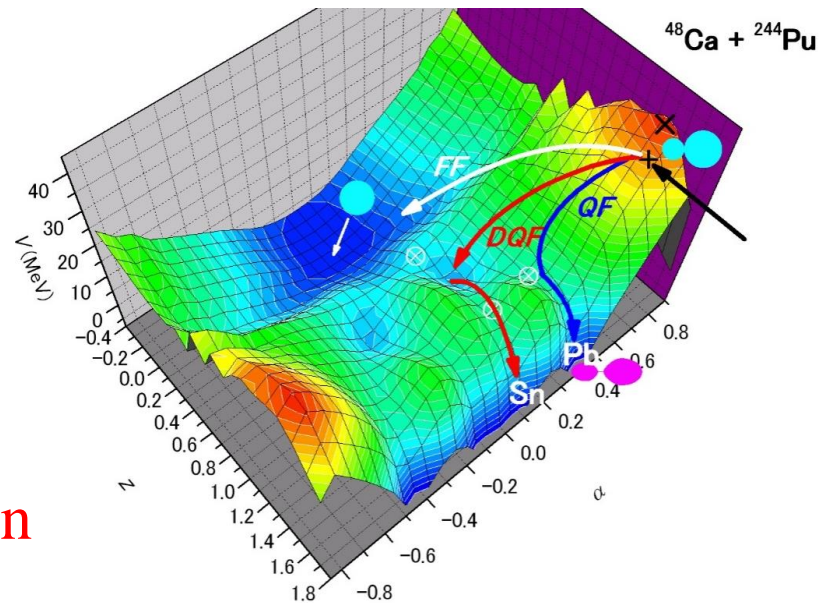
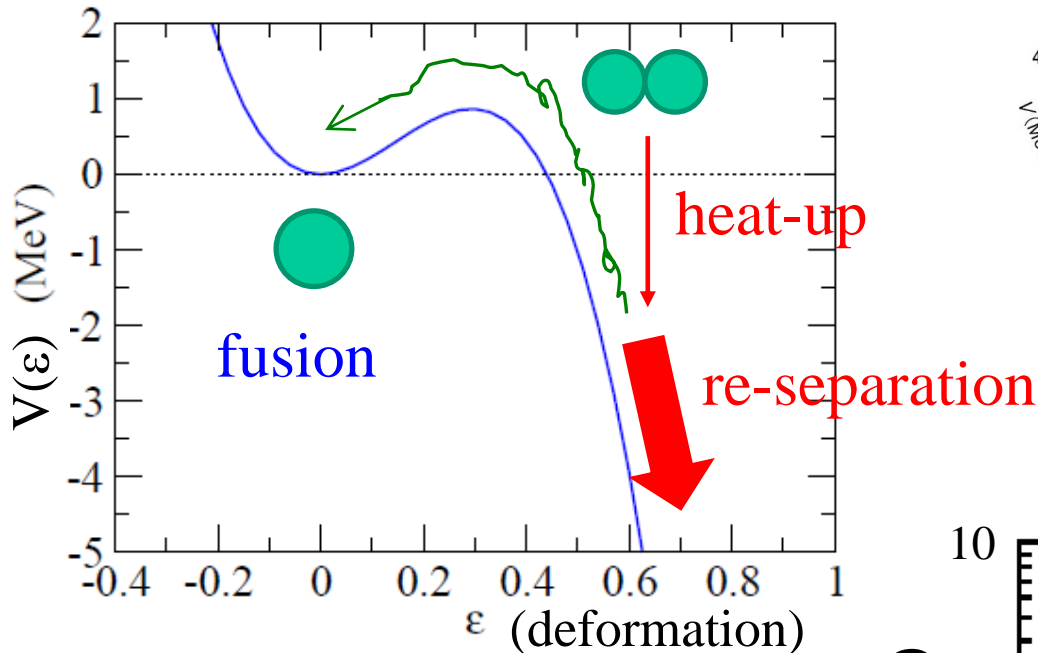


1. Diffusion over the saddle: Langevin approach
2. TDHF + Langevin approach for hot fusion
3. Odd-mass target: role of spin alignment
4. Summary

Fusion for Superheavy elements



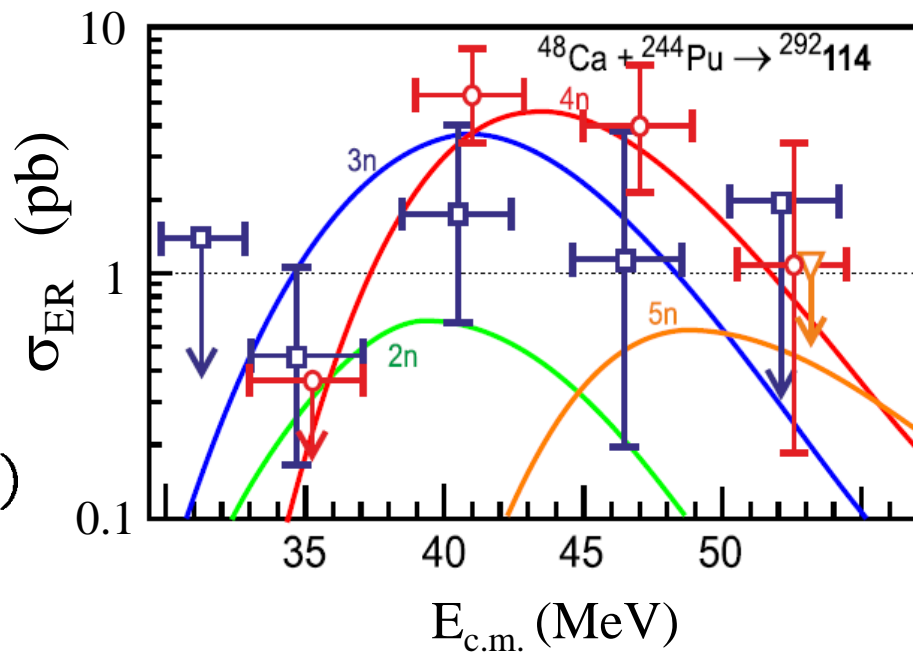
Langevin approach



thermal fluctuation

→ **Langevin method**

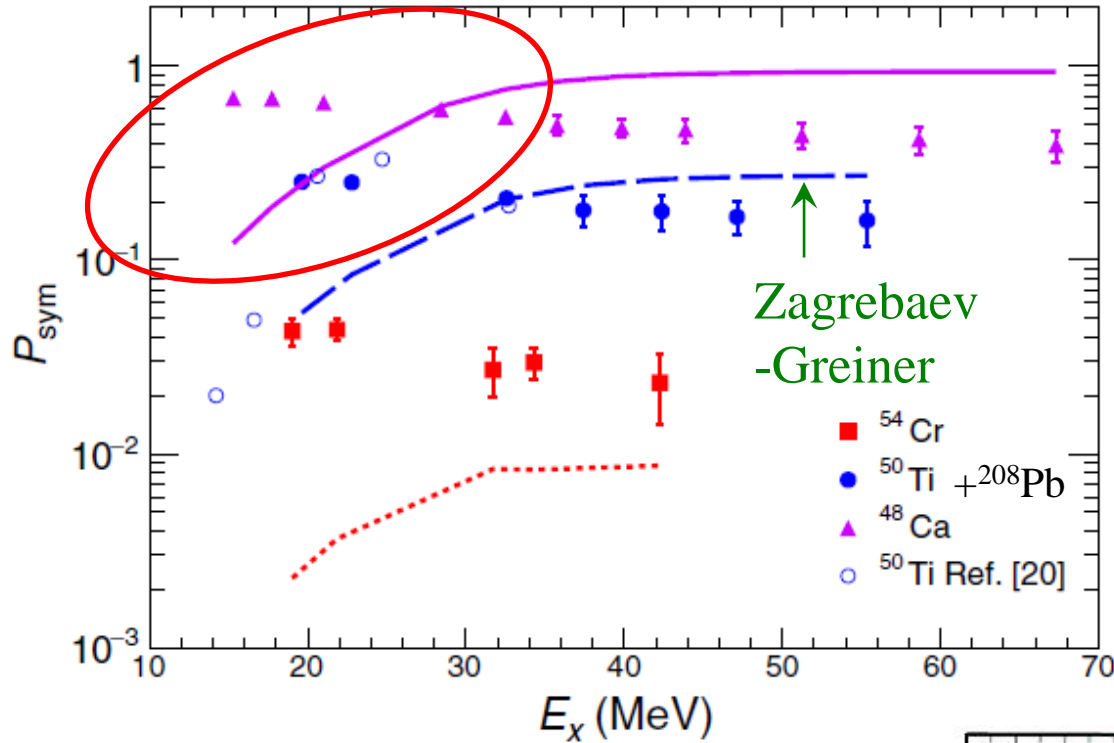
$$m \frac{d^2 q}{dt^2} = - \frac{dV(q)}{dq} - \gamma \frac{dq}{dt} + R(t)$$



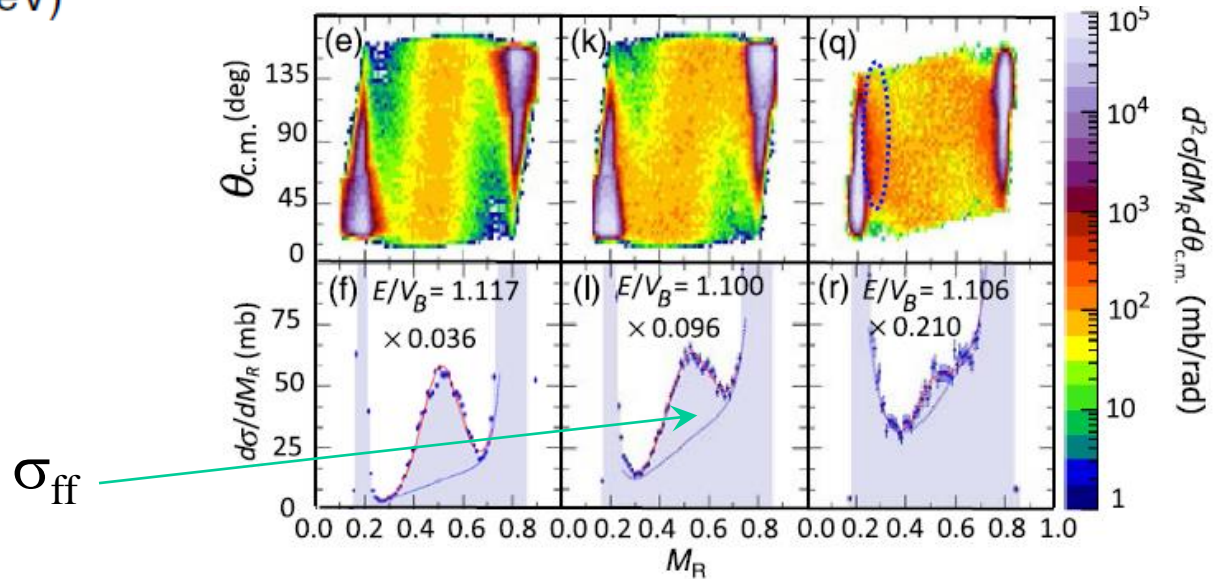
V.I. Zagrebaev and W. Greiner (2015)

Recent publication by Banerjee et al. (ANU)

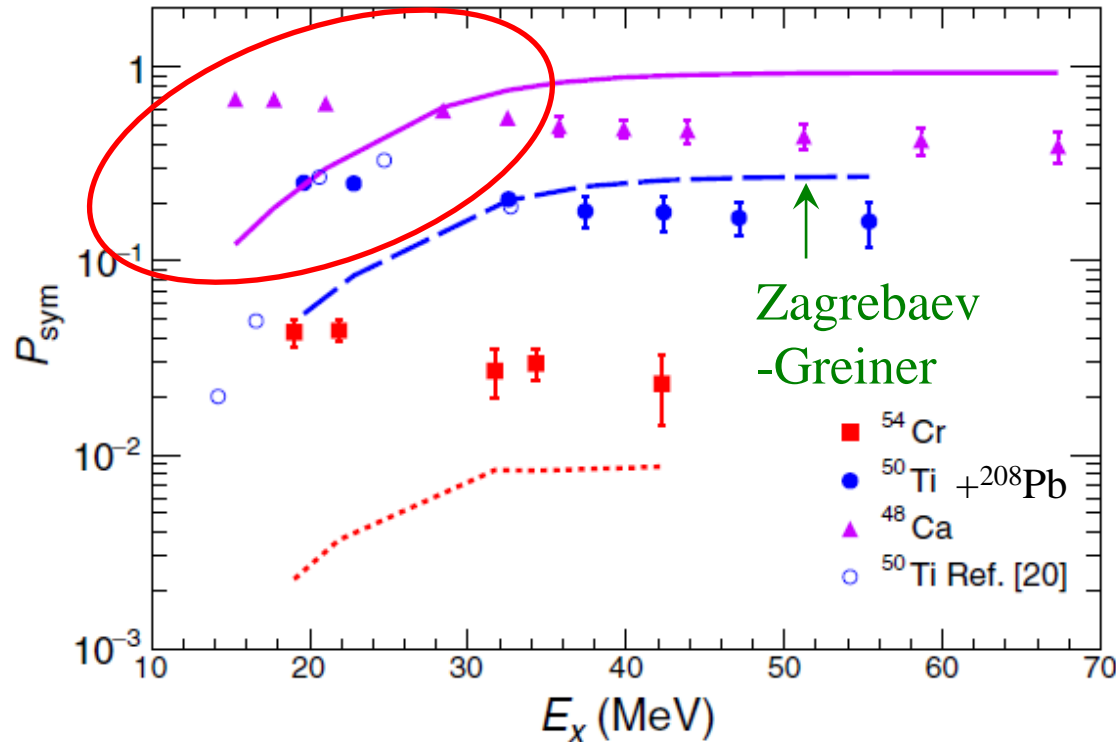
K. Banerjee, D.J. Hinde, et al.,
PRL122, 232503 (2019)



“cold fusion reactions
(involving ^{208}Pb) are not
driven by a diffusion process”



Recent publication by Banerjee et al. (ANU)



K. Banerjee, D.J. Hinde, et al.,
PRL122, 232503 (2019)

“cold fusion reactions
(involving ^{208}Pb) are not
driven by a diffusion process”

comparisons: to a classical Langevin calculation

→ quantum effect should be crucial at low E_x

K. Washiyama, M. Tokieda, and K. Hagino,
a work in progress

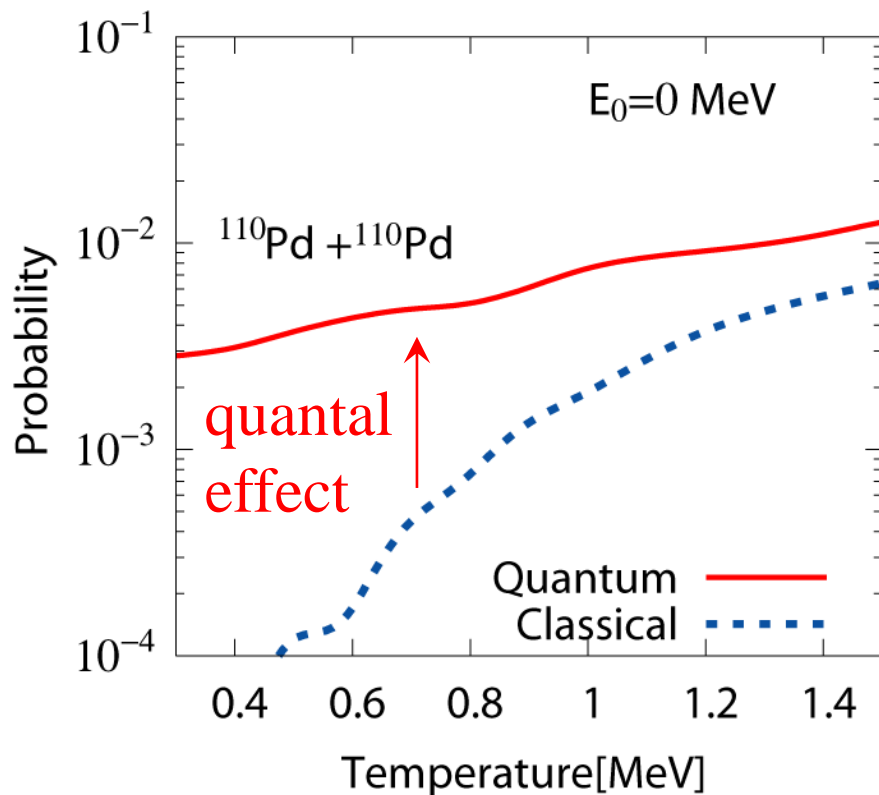
$$m \frac{d^2 q}{dt^2} = -\frac{dV(q)}{dq} - \gamma \frac{dq}{dt} + R(t)$$

K. Washiyama, Ph. D. thesis,
Tohoku Univ. (March, 2007)

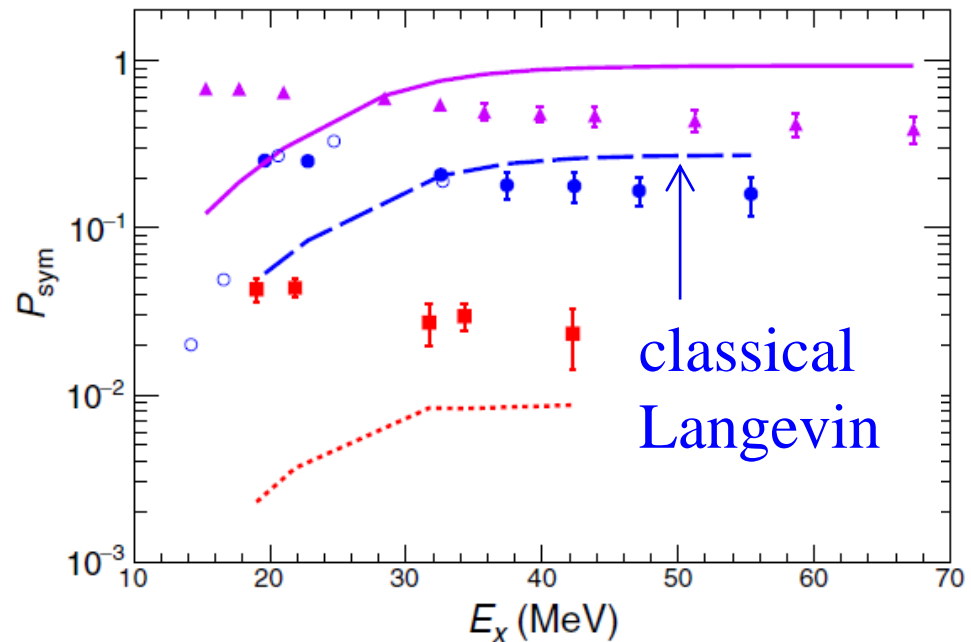
classical: $\langle R(t)R(t') \rangle \propto \delta(t - t')$ (white noise)

quantal:

$$\langle R(t)R(t') \rangle \propto \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \frac{\hbar\omega}{2T} \coth \frac{\hbar\omega}{2T} \exp \left[-\frac{(\hbar\omega)^2}{2\Delta^2} \right] e^{-i\omega(t-t')}$$



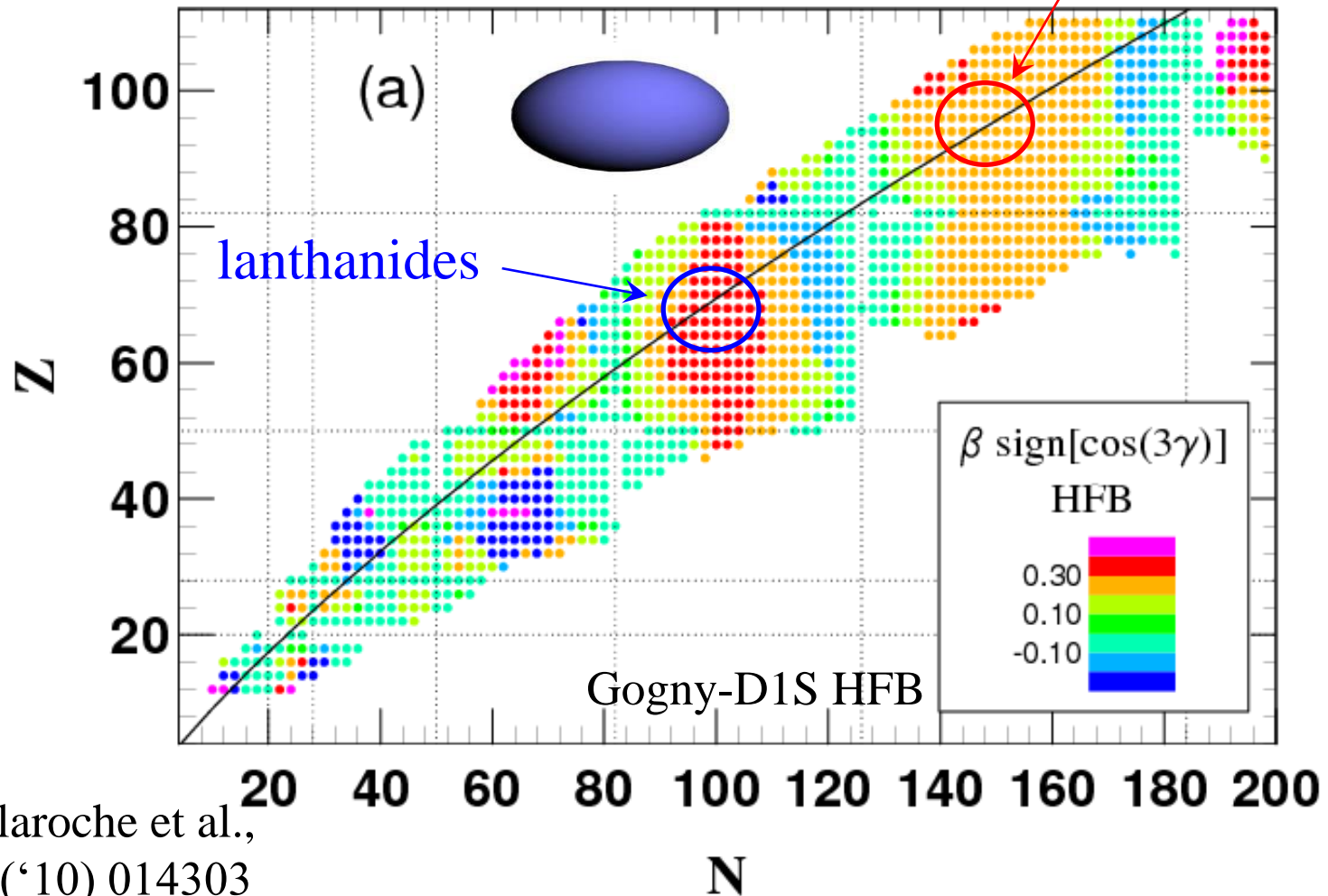
cf. K. Banerjee et al., PRL122('19)



Hot fusion reactions

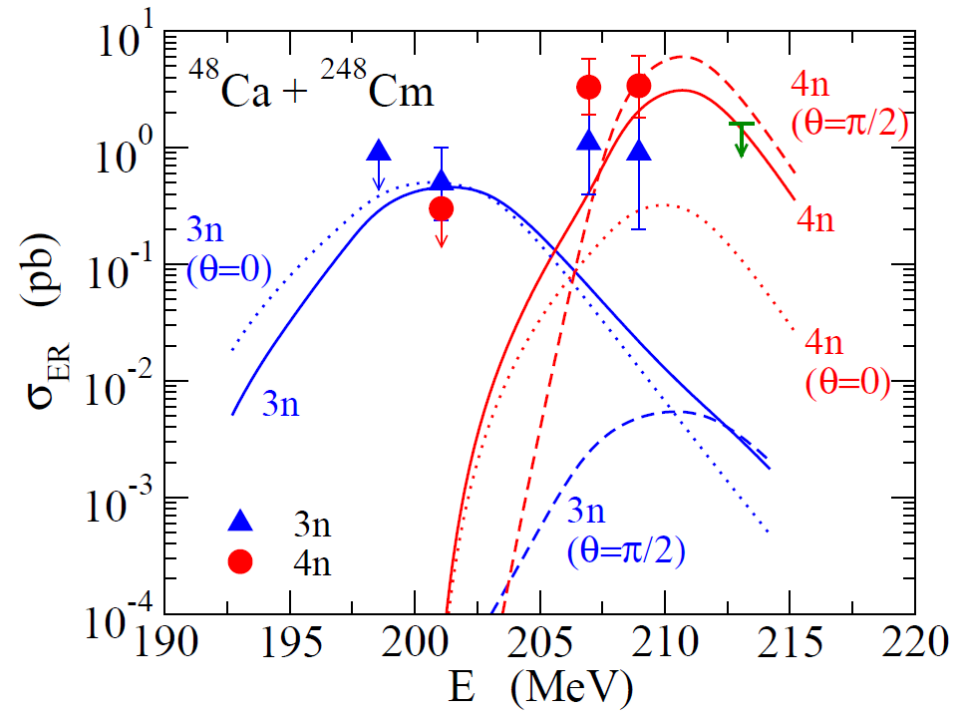
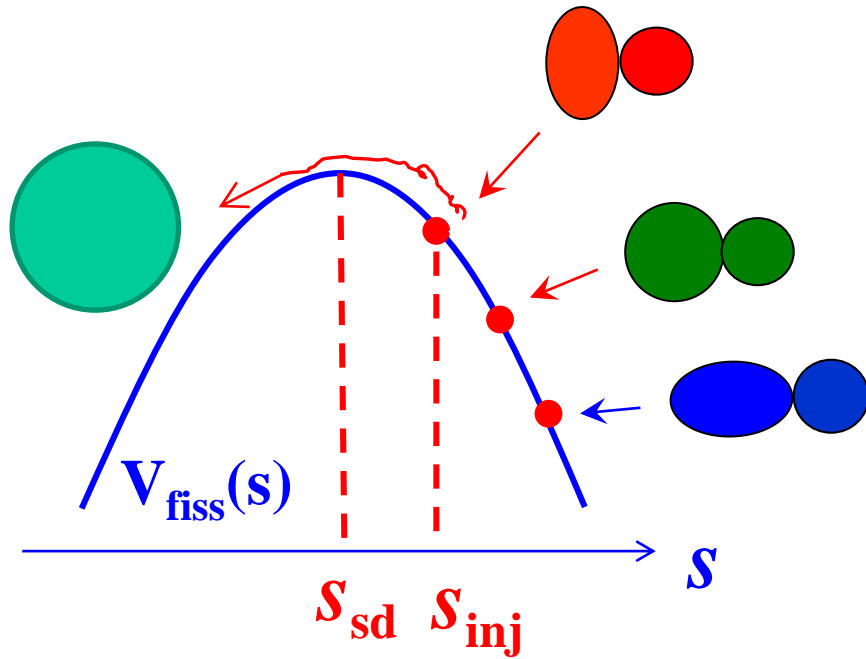
^{48}Ca + an actinide target

role of deformation?



Extension of fusion-by diffusion model

K. Hagino, PRC98 ('18) 014607



cf. barrier distribution measurements by Tanaka et al.

Hot fusion towards Z=119 and 120 nuclei

hot fusion reactions with ^{48}Ca :



short lived \rightarrow not available with
sufficient amounts

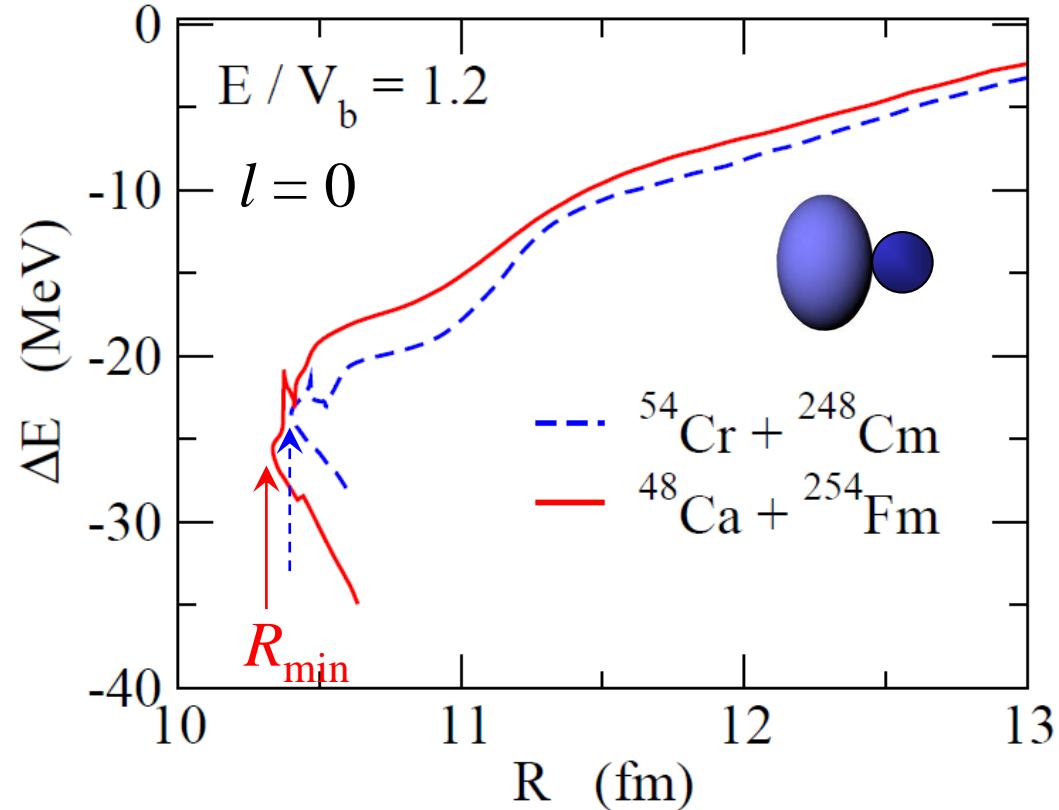
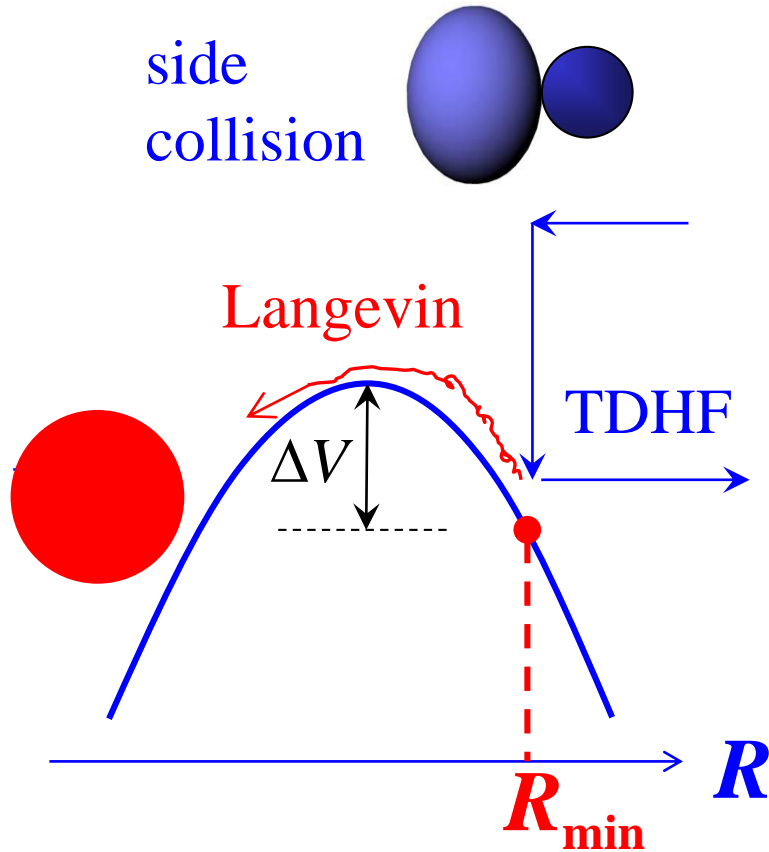
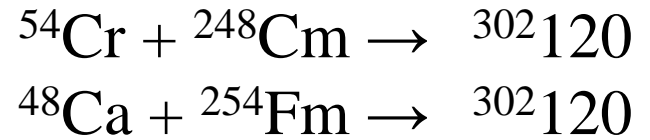
 $^{48}\text{Ca} \rightarrow ^{50}_{22}\text{Ti}, ^{51}_{23}\text{V}, ^{54}_{24}\text{Cr}$ projectiles

closed shell \rightarrow open shells

how much will
cross sections be affected?

TDHF + Langevin approach

K. Sekizawa and K. H.,
 PRC99 (2019) 051602(R)



→ Langevin calculation

New model for fusion for SHE: TDHF + Langevin approach

K. Sekizawa and K.H., PRC99 (2019) 051602(R)



how special is ^{48}Ca ?

System	CN	E^* (MeV)	R_{\min} (fm)	P_{CN} ($\times 10^4$)	W_{sur} ($\times 10^9$)	$P_{\text{CN}} W_{\text{sur}}$ ($\times 10^{13}$)
$^{48}\text{Ca} + ^{254}\text{Fm}$	$^{302}_{120}$	29.0	12.93	1.72	176	302
$^{54}\text{Cr} + ^{248}\text{Cm}$	$^{302}_{120}$	33.2	13.09	1.89	1.31	2.47
$^{51}\text{V} + ^{249}\text{Bk}$	$^{300}_{120}$	37.0	12.94	3.95	0.117	0.461
$^{48}\text{Ca} + ^{257}\text{Fm}$	$^{305}_{120}$	30.5	12.94	2.49	0.729	1.82

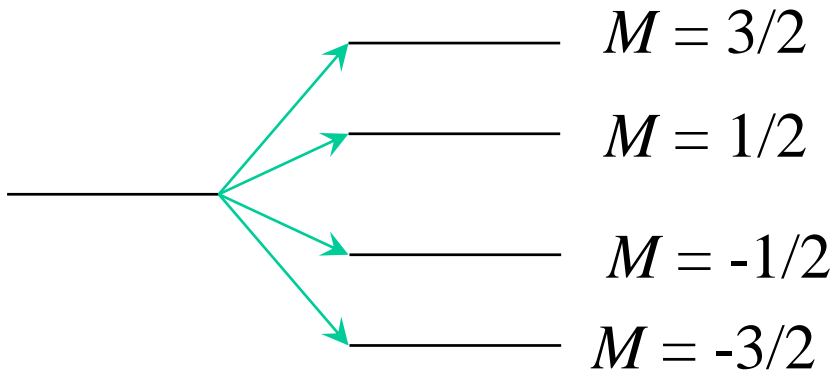
similar P_{CN}

a special role of ^{48}Ca only in W_{sur}

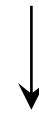
Odd-mass target: role of spin alignment

K. Hagino and S. Sakaguchi, arXiv:1911.05890

odd-mass: finite spin in the ground state



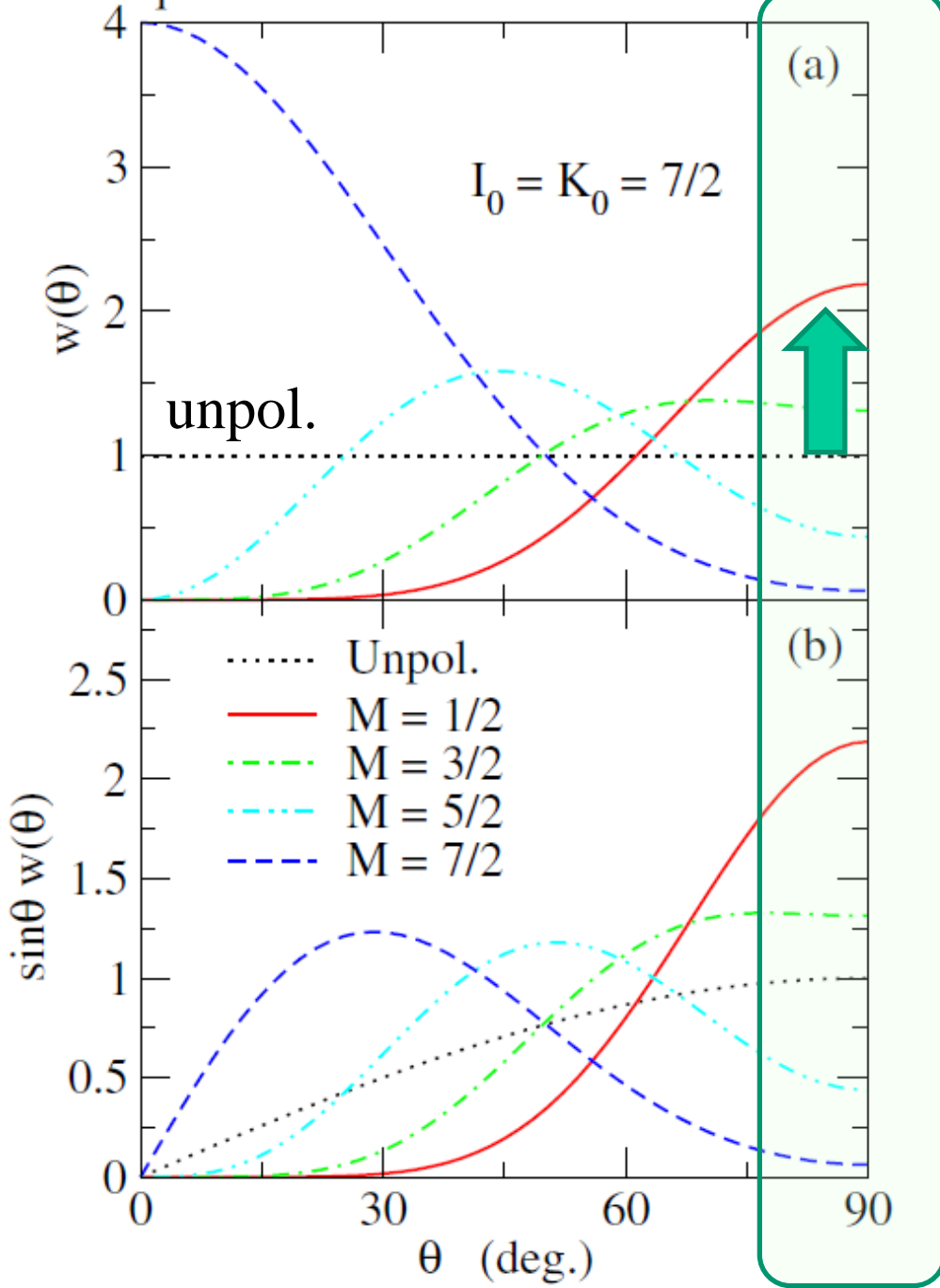
$$\sigma_{\text{fus}}(E) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin \theta d\theta \sigma_{\text{fus}}(\theta)$$



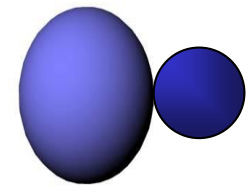
$$\sigma_{\text{fus}}^{(M)}(E) = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin \theta d\theta w_M(\theta) \sigma_{\text{fus}}(\theta)$$

$$w_M(\theta) = \frac{2I_0 + 1}{2} \times \left(|d_{MK_0}^{I_0}(\theta)|^2 + |d_{M-K_0}^{I_0}(\theta)|^2 \right)$$

quantization axis: the beam direction



side collision



increase of σ_{fus}
by a factor of two!
(but with a novel cooling system)

Summary

Reaction dynamics for (hot) fusion reactions to synthesize SHE

➤ Langevin approach

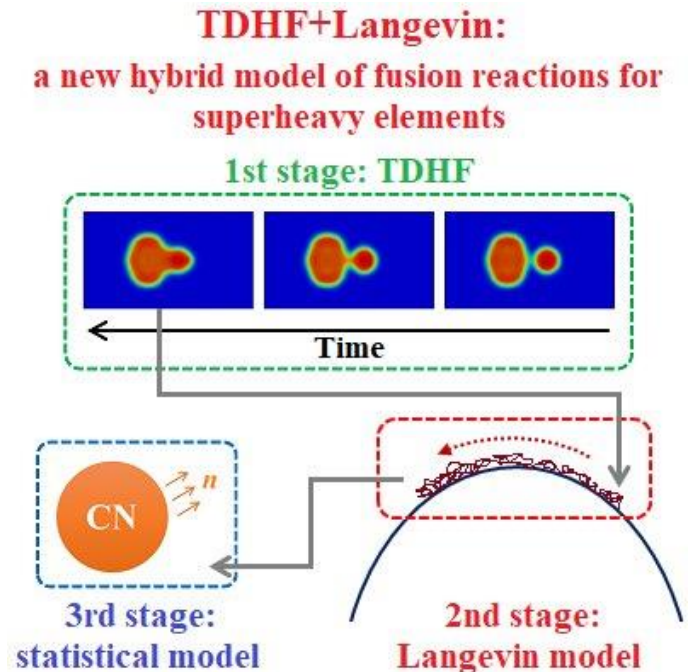
✓ quantum effects → important in cold fusion

➤ a new method: TDHF + Langevin approach

✓ ^{48}Ca : no special role in the diffusion stage

➤ odd-mass target

✓ a spin alignment may increase σ_{fus} by a factor of two



FUSION20

November 15-20, 2020
Shizuoka, Japan

Kouichi Hagino (co-chair) Kyoto University
Katsuhisa Nishio (co-chair) JAEA

Scientific secretaries

K. Hirose, Y. Ito, F. Minato, F. Suzuki (JAEA)