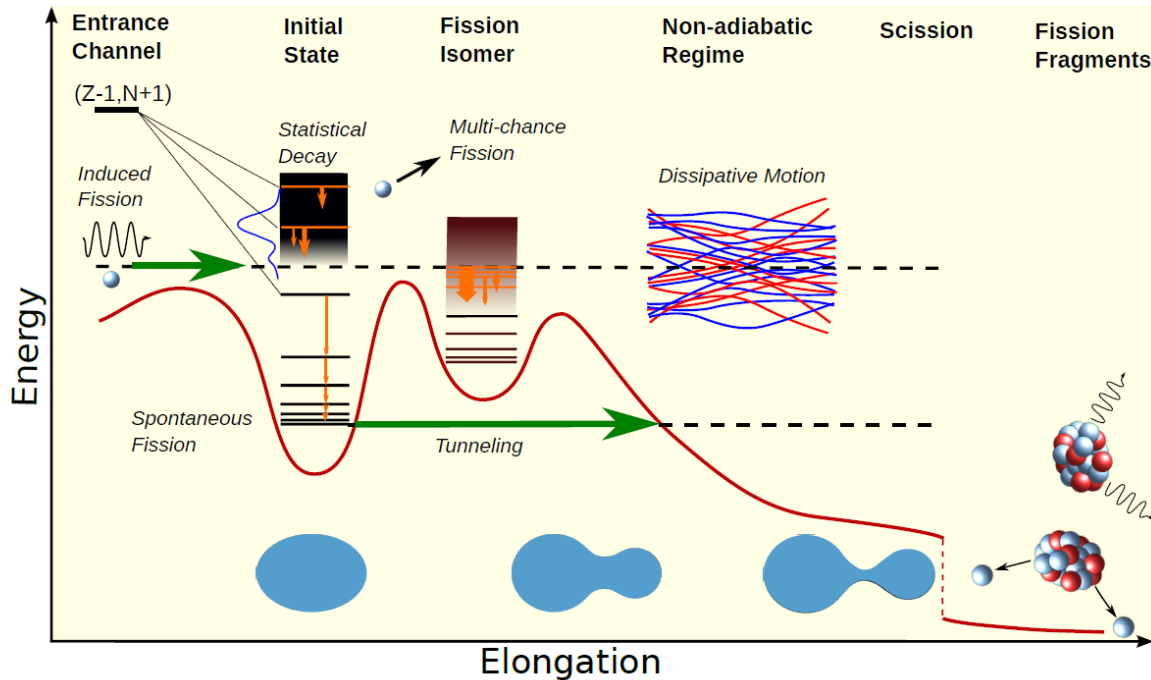


# 核分裂の微視的理解に向けて

萩野浩一

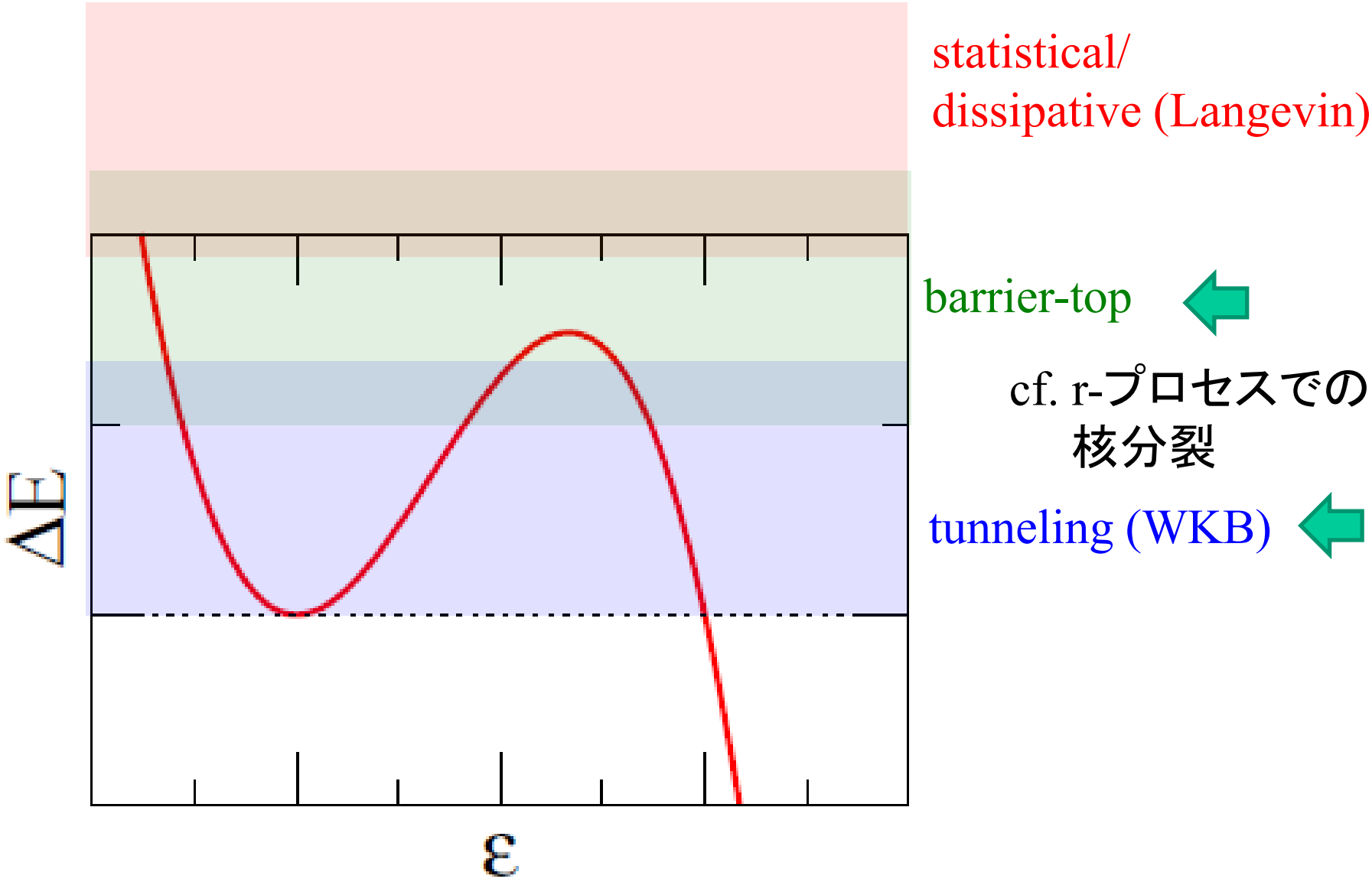
京都大学大学院理学研究科



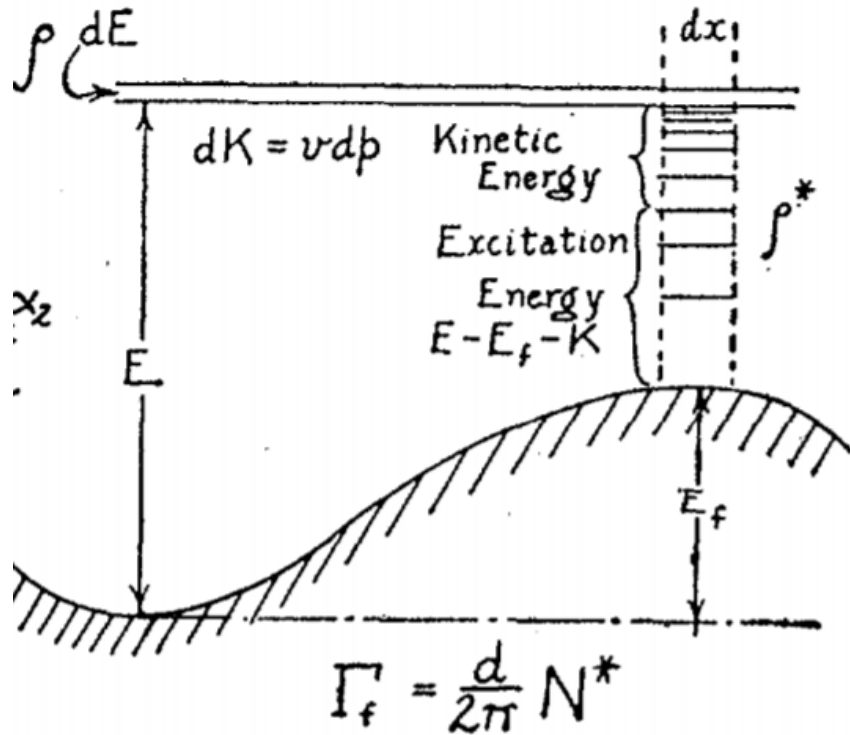
- ✓ 微視的に
  - ✓ 量子力学的に
- 核分裂を記述したい

量子的多体ハミルトニアンに基づいて

# 核分裂のエネルギー領域



# Bohr-Wheeler formula (transition state theory)



fission の確率:

- ✓ 障壁でのみ決まる
- ✓ 障壁の外でのダイナミクスには依存しない

微視的に理解できるのか？

N. Bohr and J.A. Wheeler,  
Phys. Rev. 56, 426 (1939)

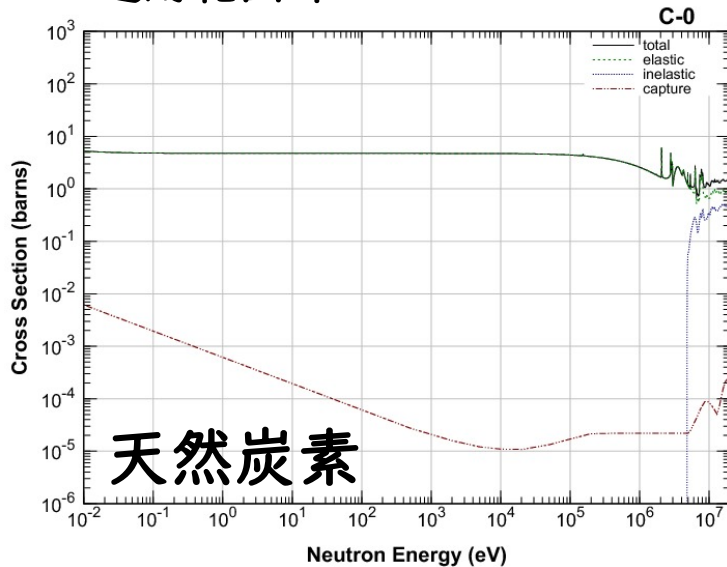
$$\Gamma_f = \frac{1}{2\pi \rho_{gs}(E^*)} \int_0^{E^* - B_f} \rho_{sd}(E^* - B_f - K) dK$$

CNに何個  
の状態があるか

saddle に何個  
の状態があるか

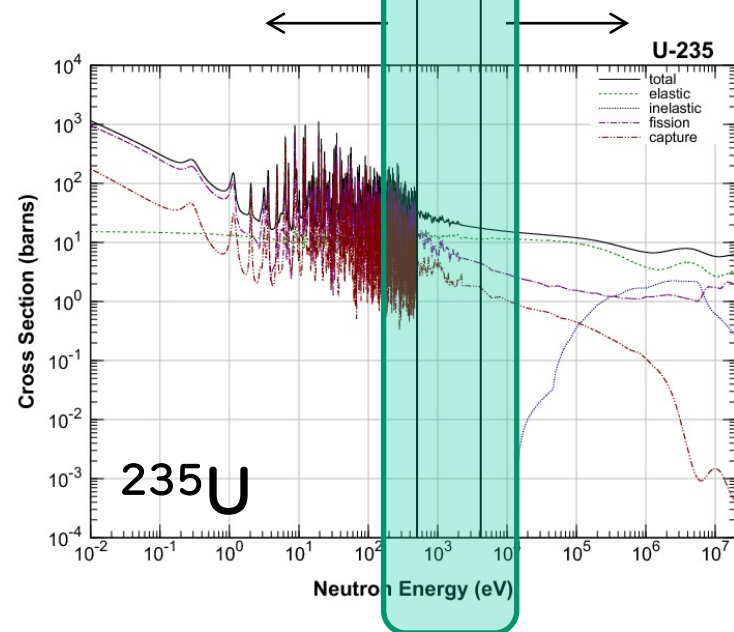
# Hauser-Feshbach 統計モデルは共鳴が十分に多いエネルギー領域でなければ正しい記述ができない

このエネルギー範囲では、  
Hauser-Feshbachモデルは  
適用範囲外



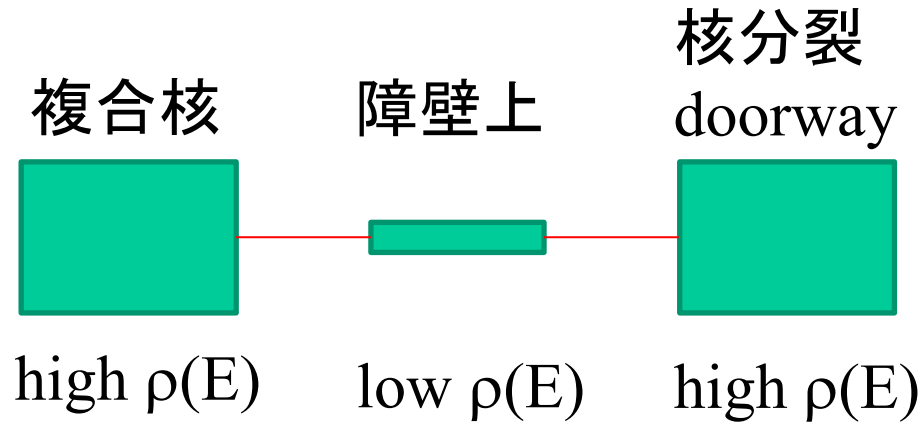
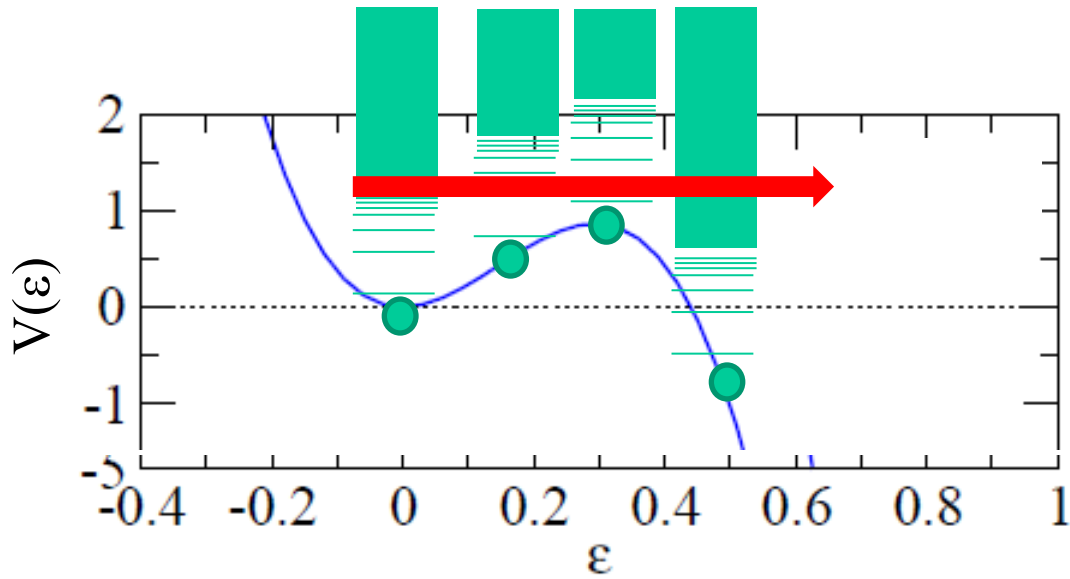
Hauser-Feshbach  
モデルの適用範囲外

Hauser-Feshbach  
モデルの適用範囲



この領域を理解したい  
→多体ハミルトニアンに基づく記述  
が必要

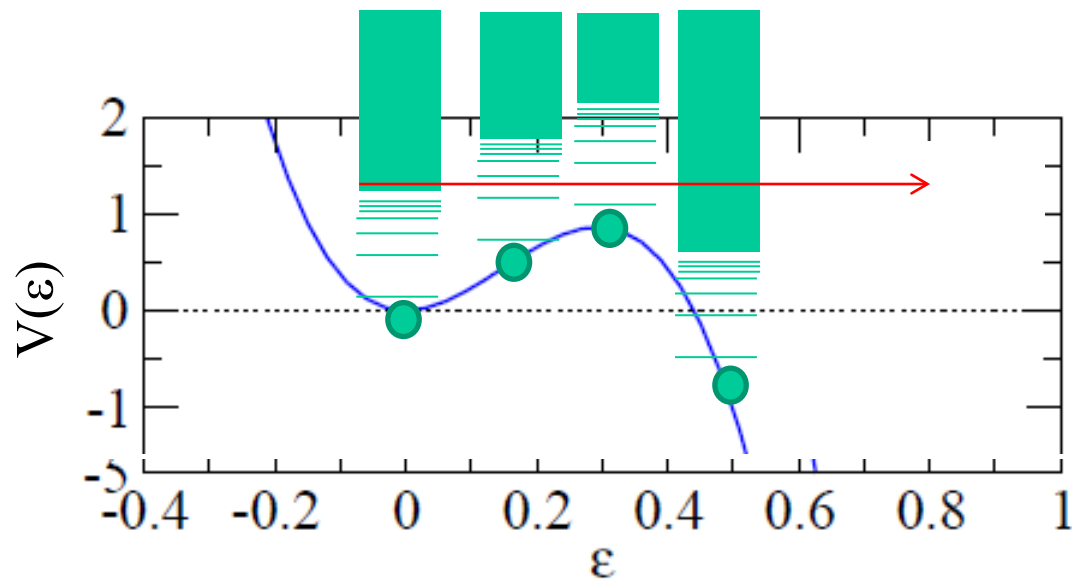
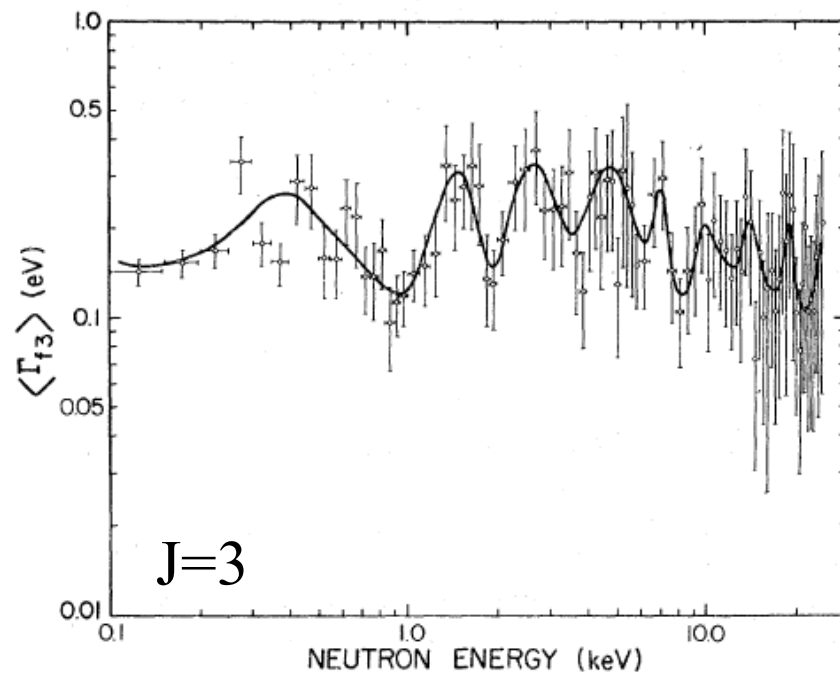
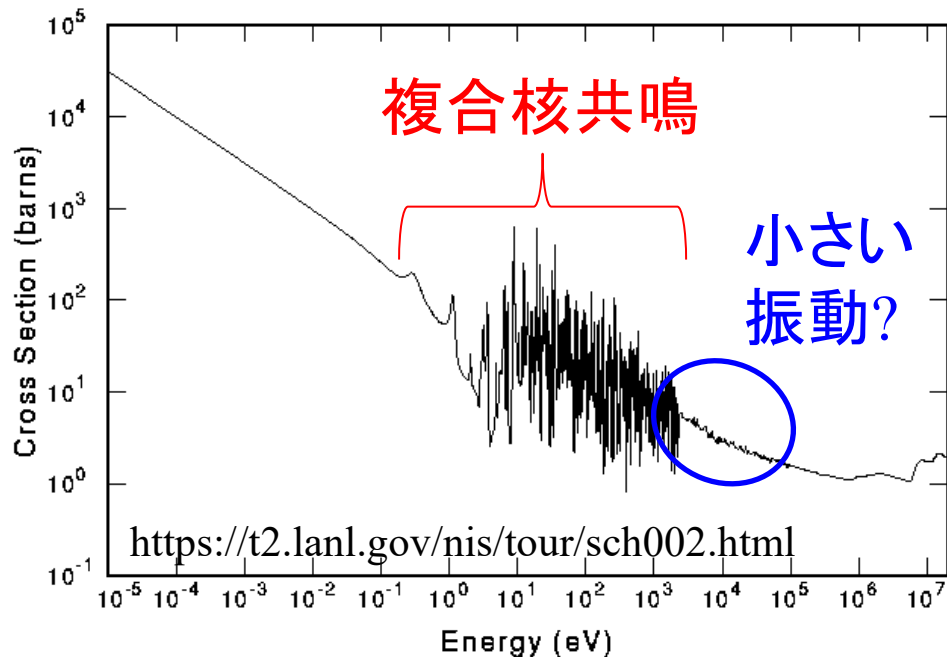
# barrier-top fission



離散準位を取り扱う必要がある

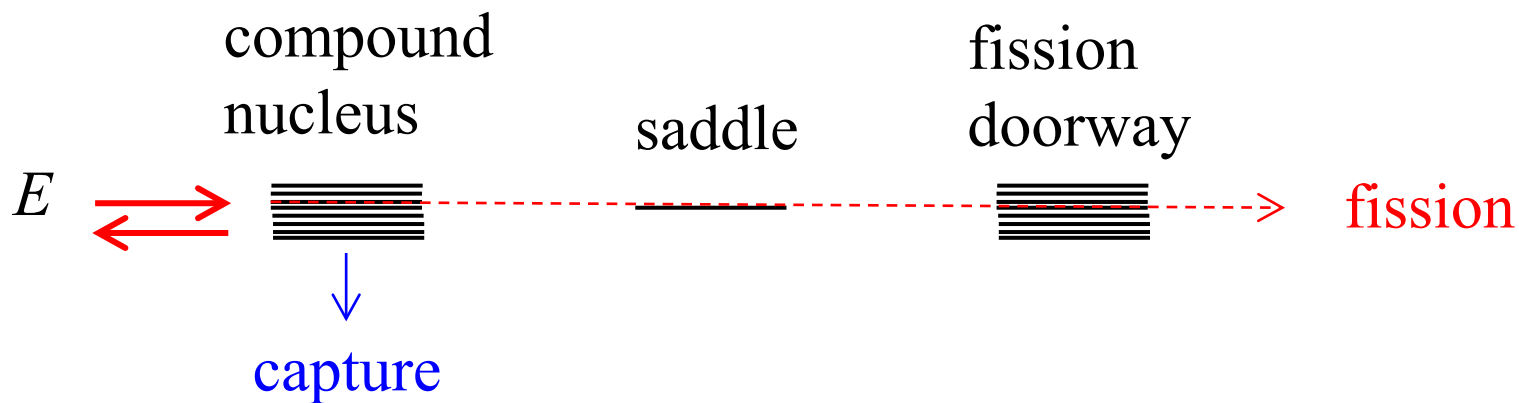
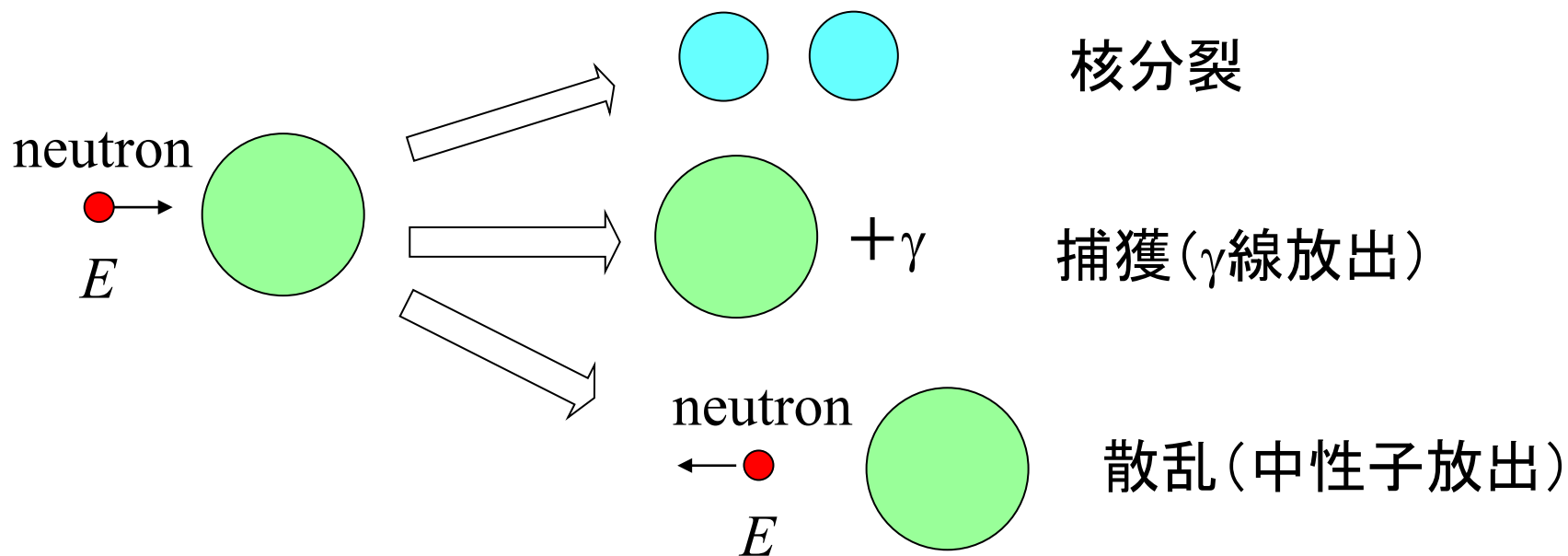


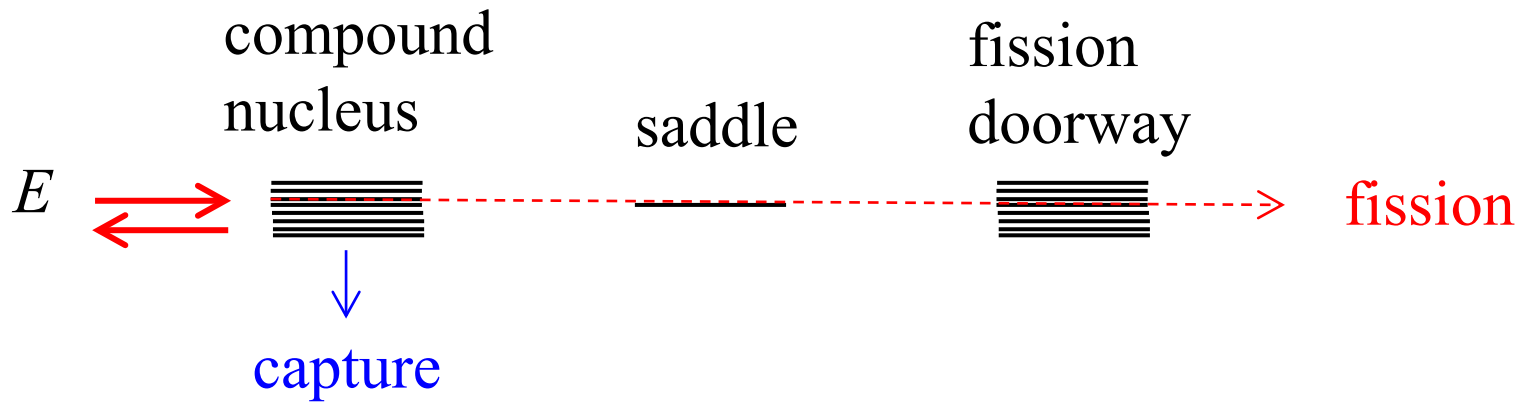
U-235 Fission Cross Section



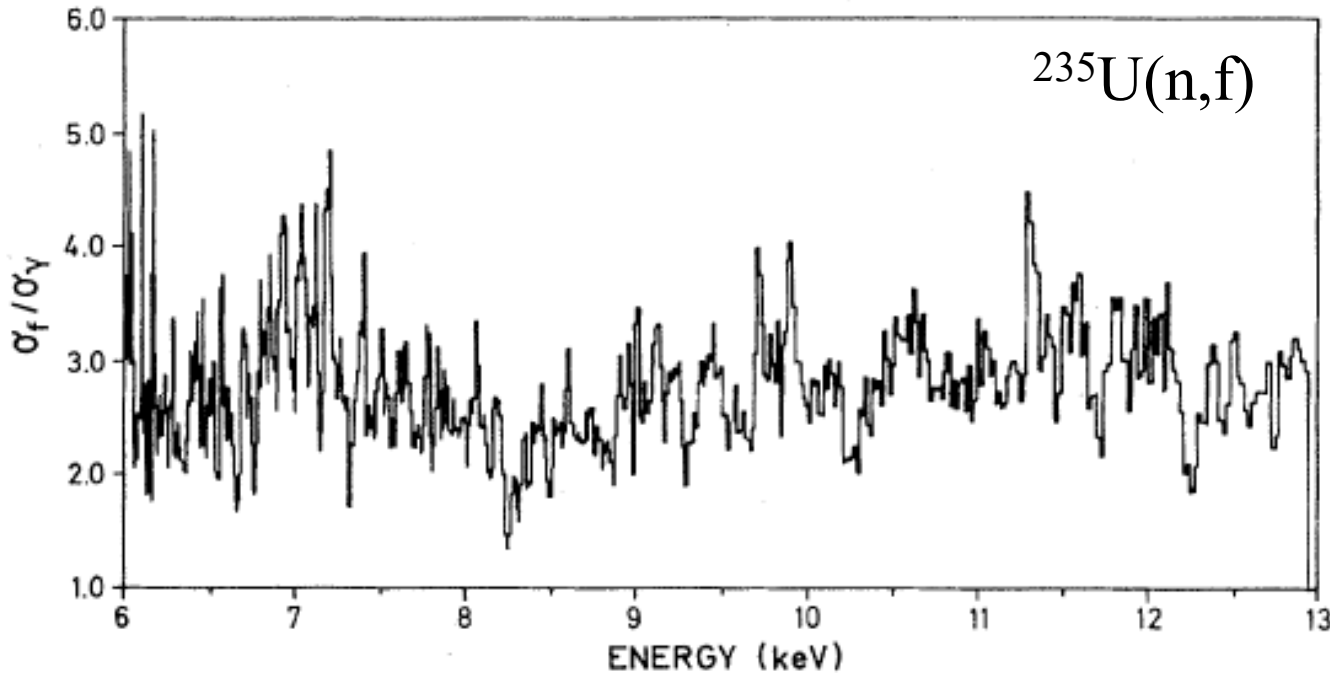
M.S. Moore et al.,  
 PRC18 ('78) 1328

# どういう問題を考えるか



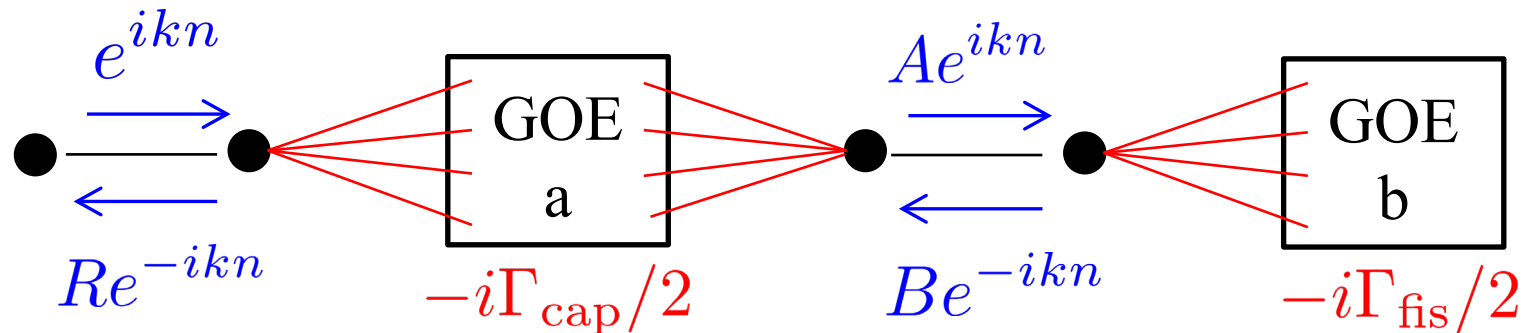


the fission-to-capture branching ratio  $\alpha^{-1} = \frac{\sigma_f}{\sigma_\gamma}$

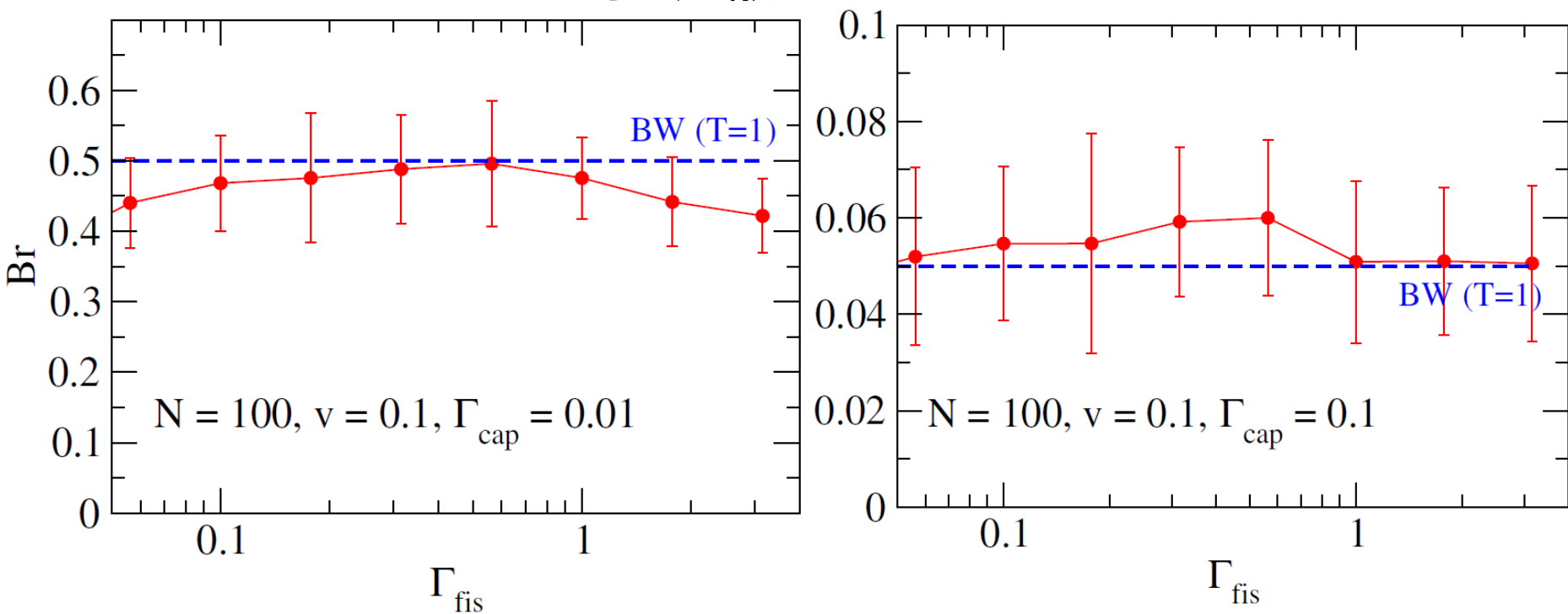


中間的な構造  
に敏感な観測量

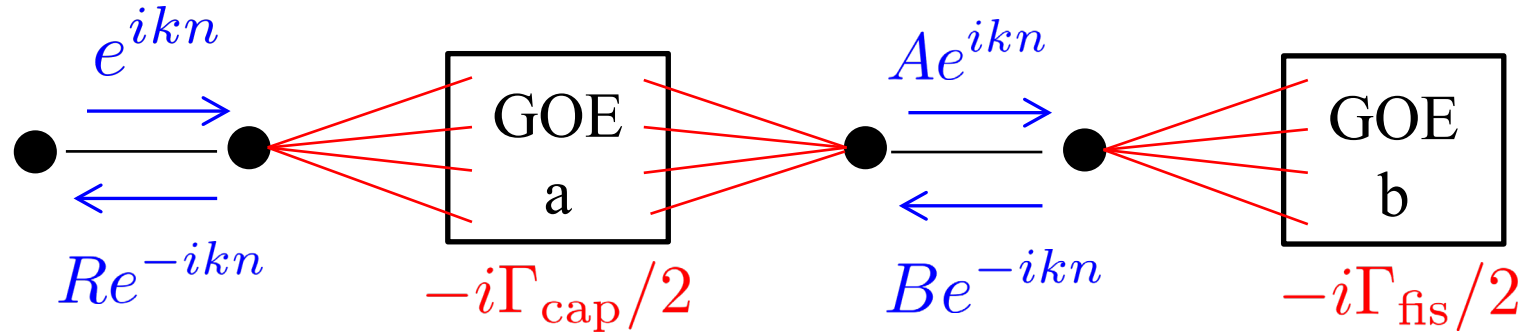




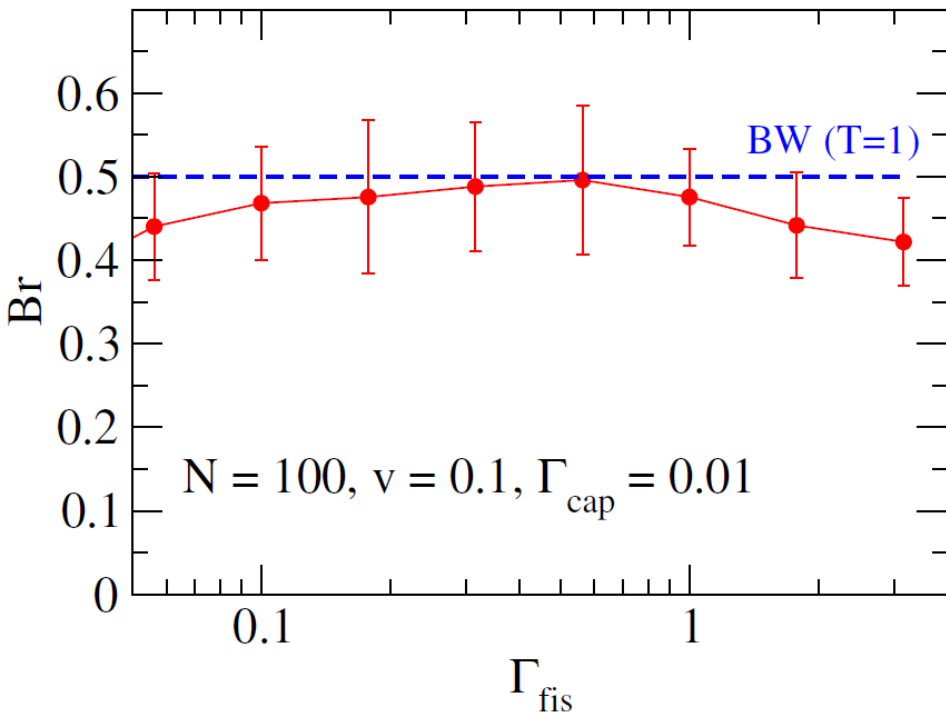
20アンサンブルの平均と分散



分岐比は $\Gamma_{cap}$  に大きく依存するが  $\Gamma_{fis}$  にはあまり依存しない



20アンサンブルの平均と分散



$$Br_{BW} = \frac{1}{2\pi\rho_0} \cdot \frac{1}{\Gamma_{cap}}$$

$$\rho(E) = \rho_0 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{E}{\sqrt{4Nv}}\right)^2}$$

$$\rho_0 = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{\pi v}$$

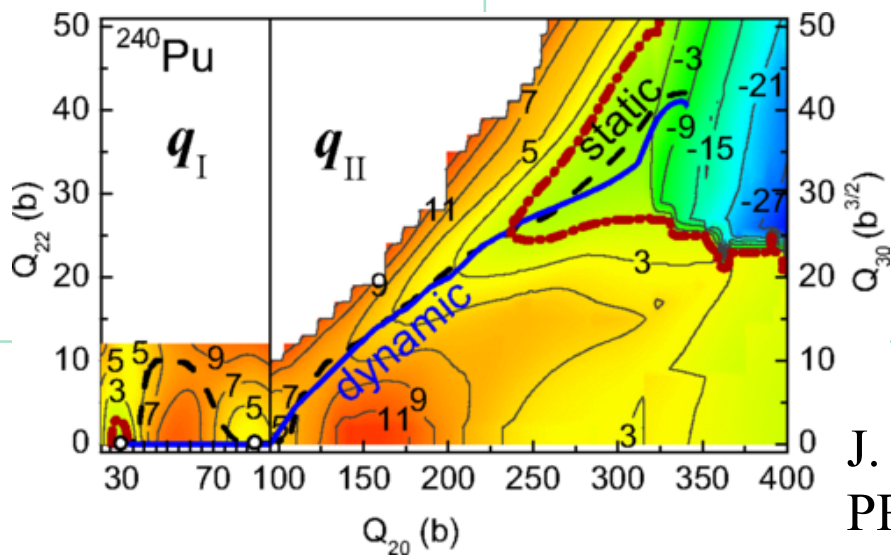
Bohr-Wheeler の仮定を初めて微視的に実現

# まとめ

## r-プロセス: 中性子過剰核の核分裂

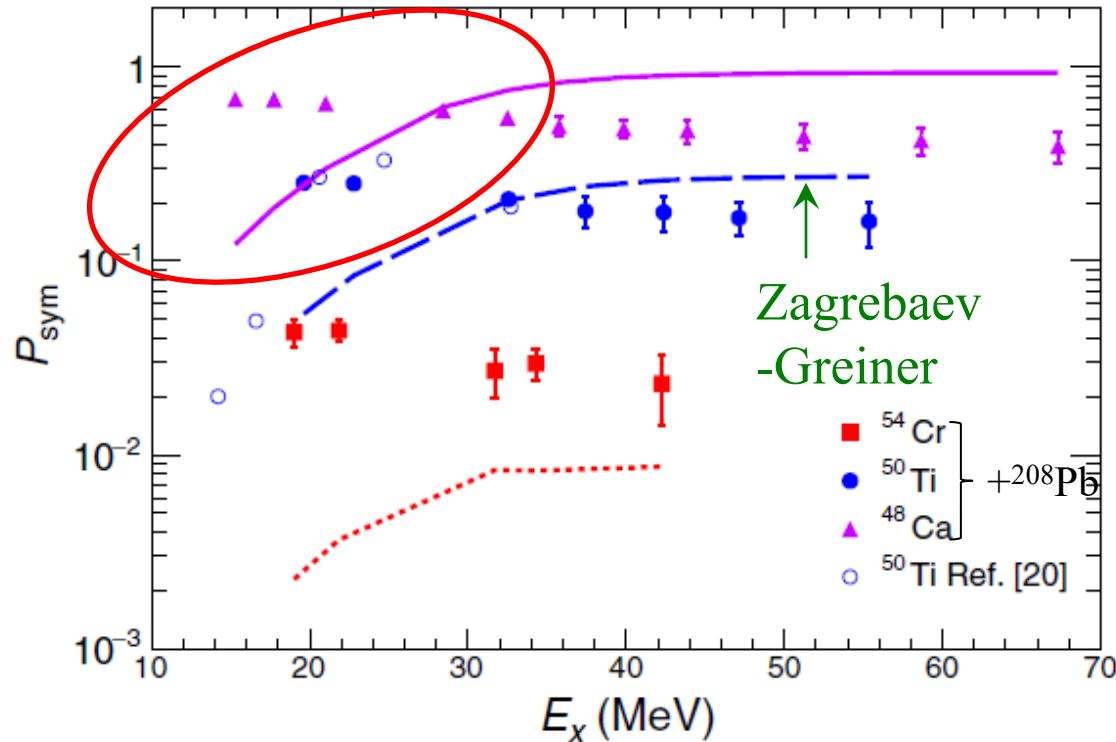
low  $E^*$ , low  $\rho(E^*)$ に対応できる(微視的)アプローチが必要

	Time-indep. approach	Time-dep. approach
Induced fission	✓ Bohr-Wheeler (statistical model) <b>✓ CI approach</b>	✓ Langevin-type Wada, Abe, Aritomo, Chiba..... Moller, Randrup
Spontaneous fission	✓ PES+Mass+WKB	✓ Im.-time TDHF (Negele) ✓ Time-dep. Hill- Wheeler (Goutte et al.) ✓ TDHF(B) (Bulgac.....)



J. Sadhukhan, W. Nazarewicz, N. Schunck,  
 PRC93('16)011304(R)

## Recent publication by Banerjee et al. (ANU)



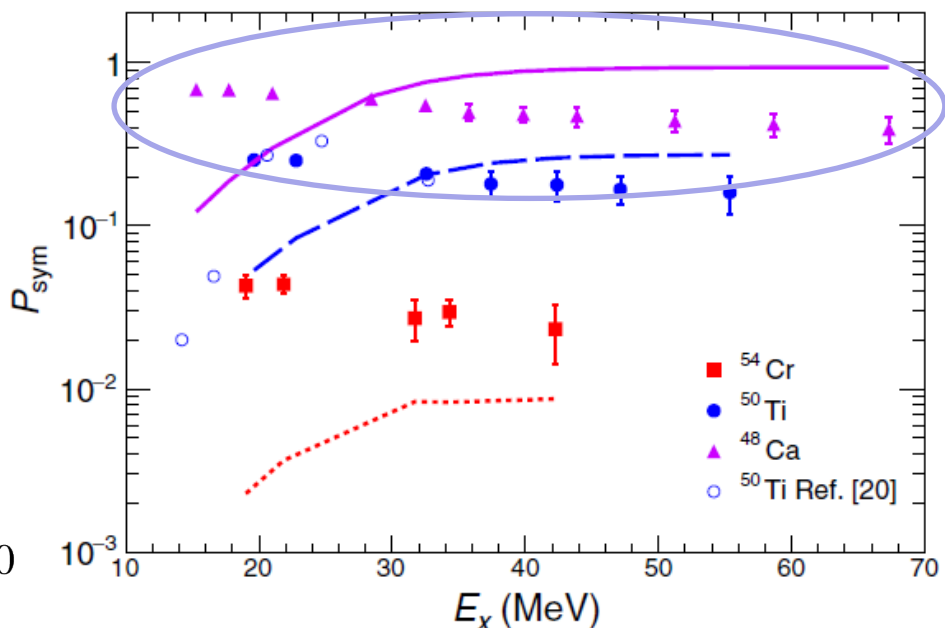
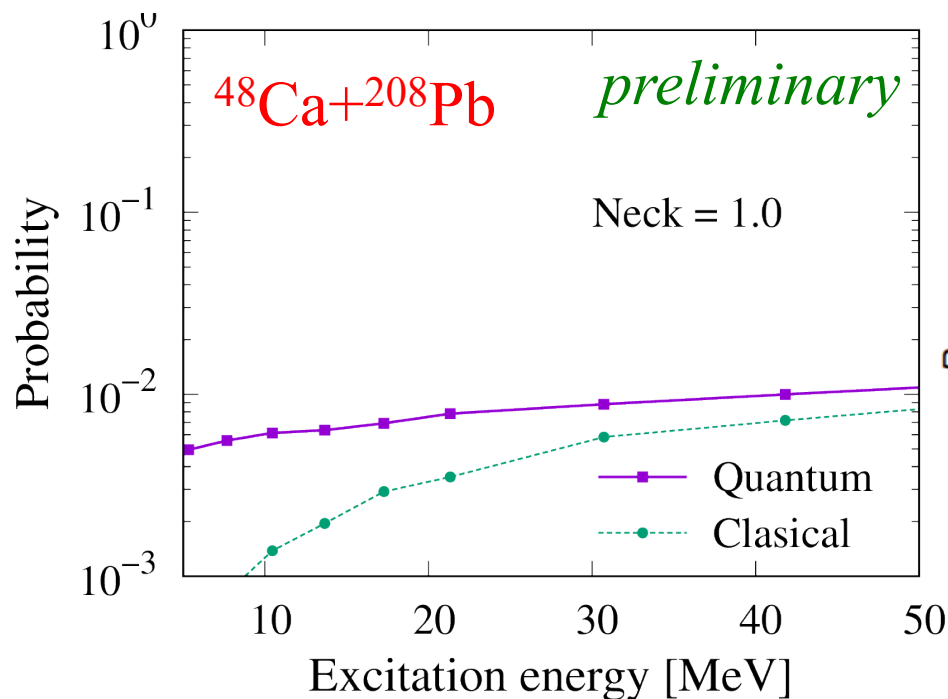
K. Banerjee, D.J. Hinde, et al.,  
PRL122, 232503 (2019)

“cold fusion reactions  
(involving  $^{208}\text{Pb}$ ) are not  
driven by a diffusion process”

comparisons: to a classical Langevin calculation

→ quantum effect should be crucial at low  $E_x$

# 2D Langevin calculations with the rel. coordinate and the mass asym.



K. Banerjee, D.J. Hinde, et al.,  
PRL122, 232503 (2019)

qualitatively good,  
but quantitatively bad

→ neck d.o.f?



K. Washiyama and K.H., in preparation