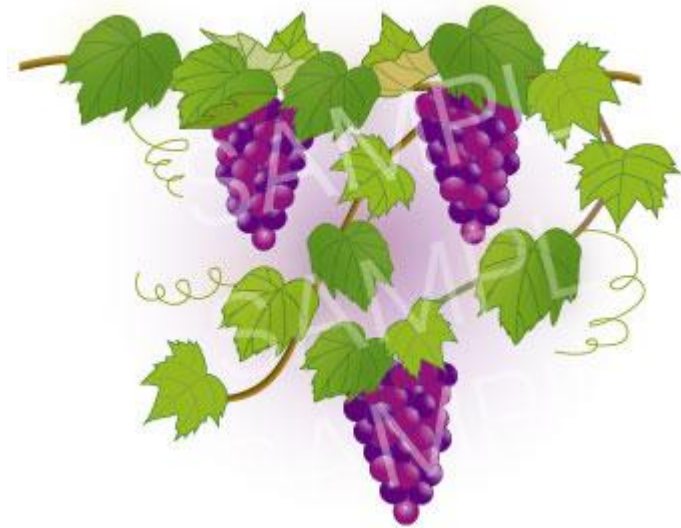
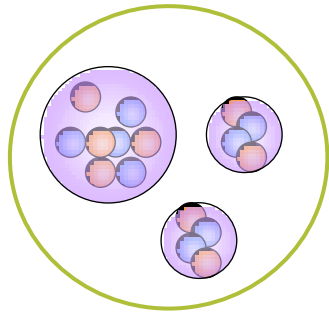

Exotic cluster structures in nuclei

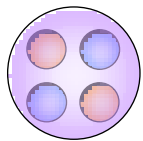
Tadahiro Suhara

Collaboration with
Yoshiko Kanada-En'yo

Cluster structure



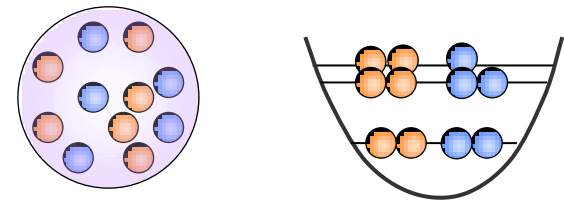
The cluster means a spatially localized subsystem composed of strongly correlated nucleons.



α (^4He) cluster

Saturation energy is 8 MeV/nucleon.
Binding energy of α (^4He) cluster is 28 MeV (7 MeV/nucleon)

cf. Shell-model structure

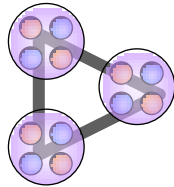


Nucleons make an one-center mean field and move in this field independently.

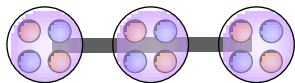
“Exotic” cluster structure

We call a geometric cluster structure a “exotic” structure.

Examples



An equilateral triangular structure of 3 α clusters



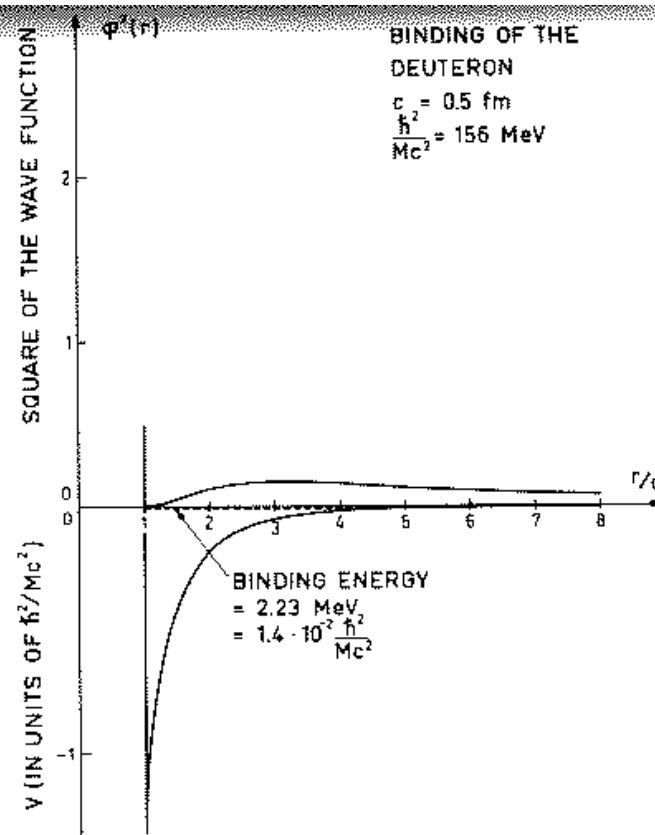
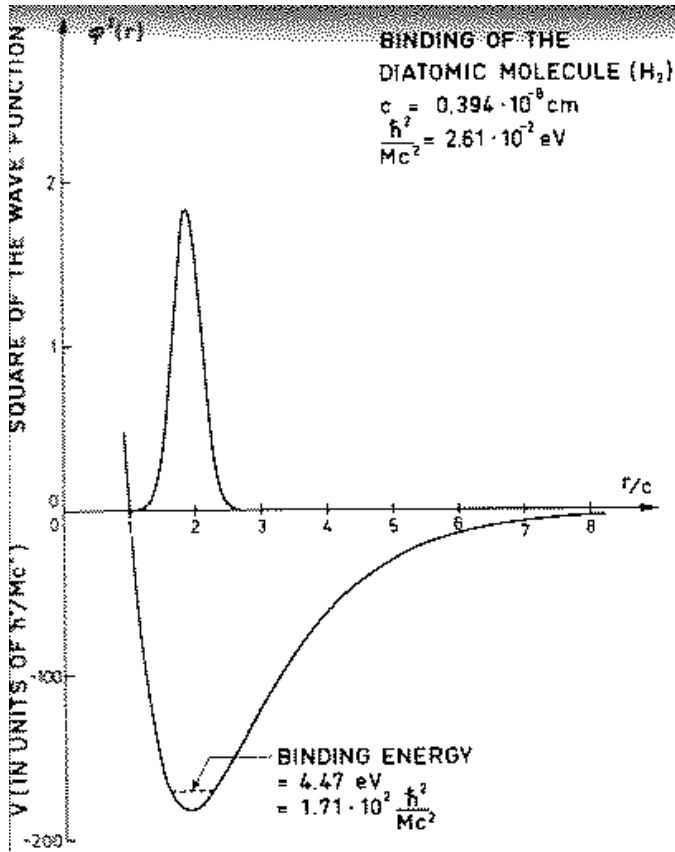
A linear-chain structure of 3 α clusters

and so on.

“Quantum” nuclei

H₂ molecule

Deuteron

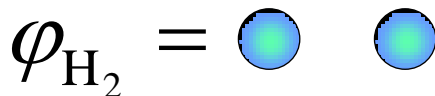


Bohr Mottelson,
Nuclear Structure, Vol.1

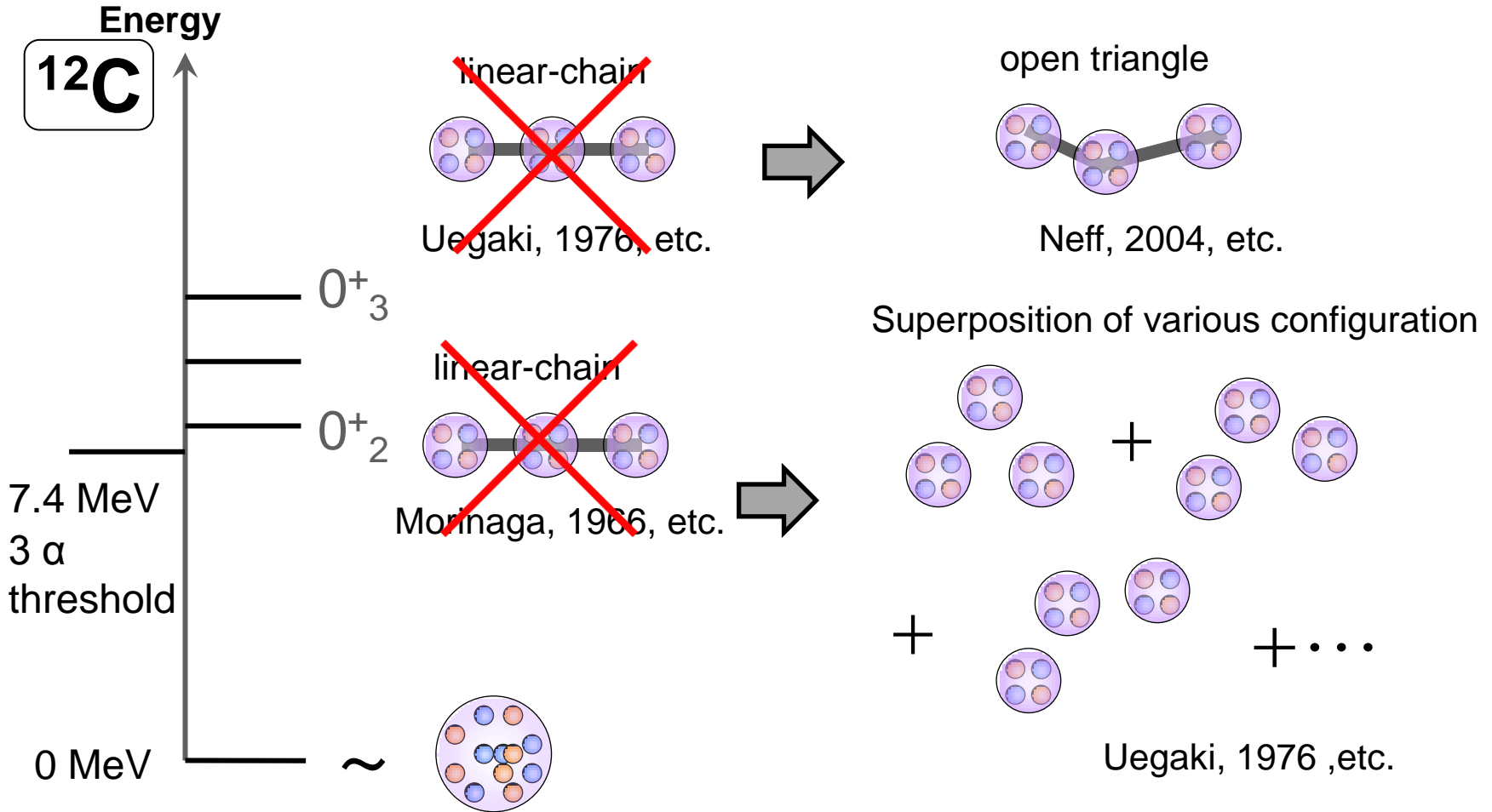
Figure 2.36 The molecular interaction corresponds to a “Morse potential” $V(r) = D[1 - \exp(-\alpha(r - r_0))]^2 - D$ with the constants adjusted

classical

quantum

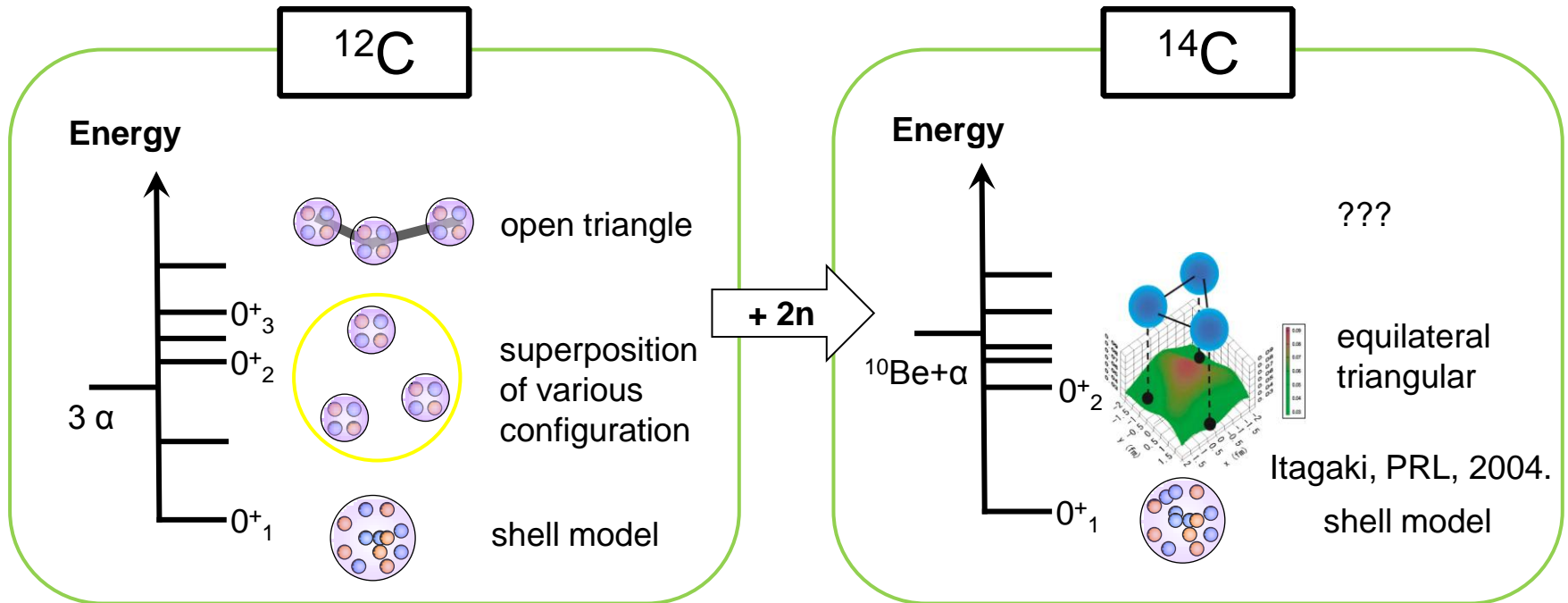


History of a linear-chain structure of 3 α clusters



$^{12}\text{C} +$ excess neutrons

Structure of ^{14}C

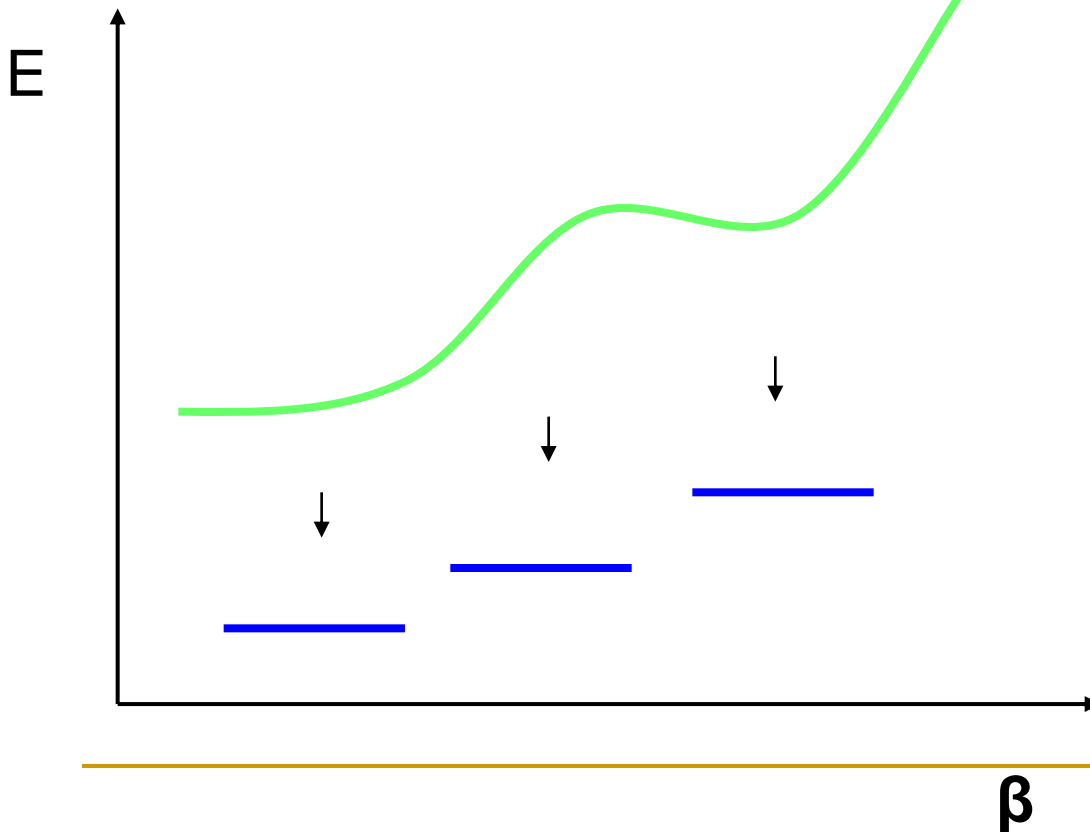


- In ^{14}C , the 0^+_2 state has an exotic structure (equilateral-triangular structure of the 3 α clusters surrounded by two excess neutrons).
- Does a Linear-chain structure appear in ^{14}C ? (rigid or not)

Procedure of our Method

Constrained AMD + Superposition

The schematic figure for the procedure of this study



by constrained AMD,
we get $|\Phi(\beta)\rangle$

using GCM, we get states

$$|\Phi_k^{\text{GCM}}\rangle = \int d\beta f_k(\beta) |\Phi(\beta)\rangle$$

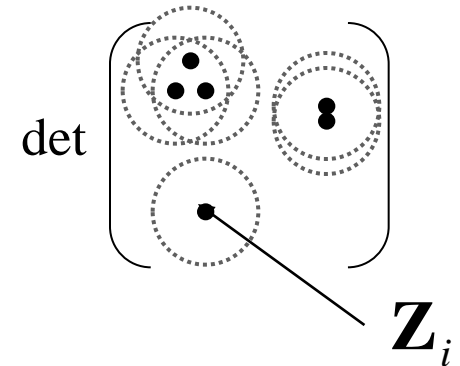
β - γ constraint AMD

T. S. and Y. Kananda-En'yo, Prog. Theor. Phys. 123, 303 (2010).

AMD (Antisymmetrized Molecular Dynamics)

a wave function of A-body system

$$\Phi_{\text{AMD}} = \det[\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_A]$$



$$\varphi_i = \phi(\mathbf{Z}_i) \chi(\xi_i)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{spatial} \\ \phi(\mathbf{Z}_i) \propto \exp\left[-\nu\left(\mathbf{r} - \frac{\mathbf{Z}_i}{\sqrt{\nu}}\right)^2\right] \\ \text{spin and isospin} \\ \chi(\xi_i) = \begin{pmatrix} \xi_{i\uparrow} \\ \xi_{i\downarrow} \end{pmatrix} \times (\mathbf{p} \text{ or } \mathbf{n}) \end{array} \right]$$

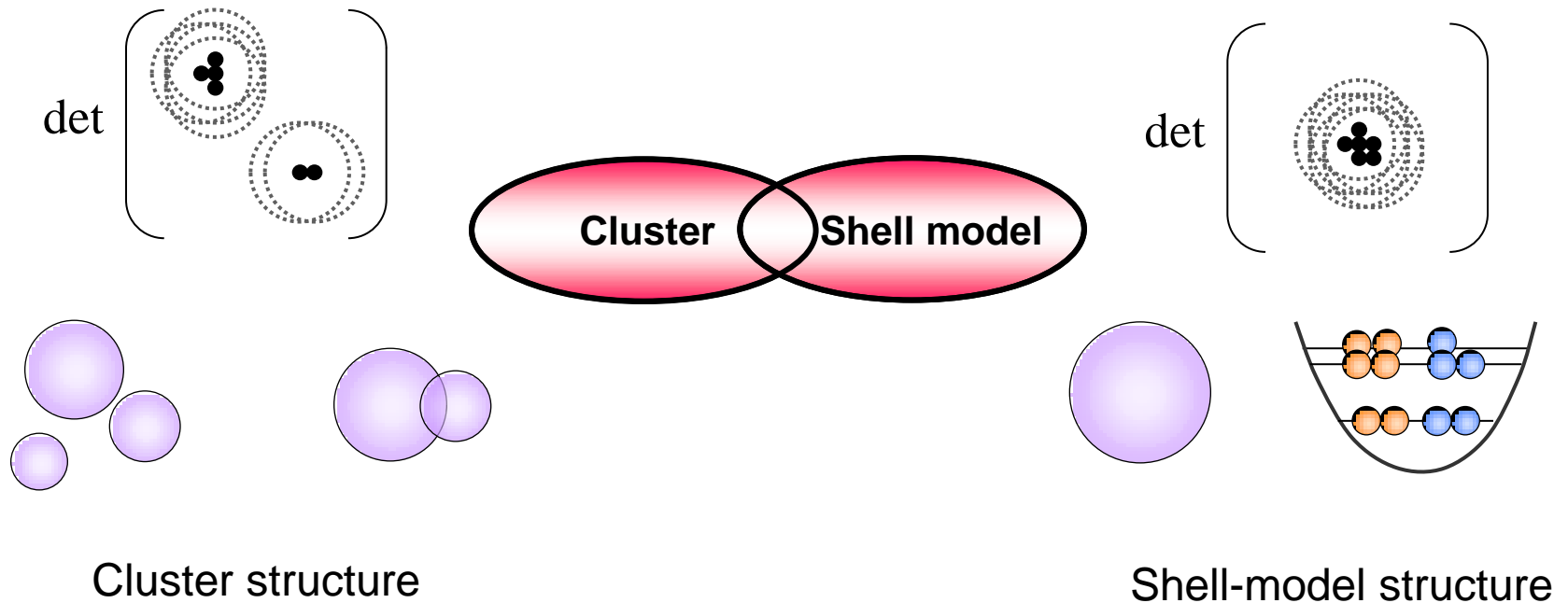
Set of variational parameters

$$\mathbf{Z} = \{\mathbf{Z}_i, \xi_i\}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{Z}_i : \text{center of Gaussian wave packets} \\ \xi_i : \text{spin direction} \end{array} \right.$$

β - γ constraint AMD

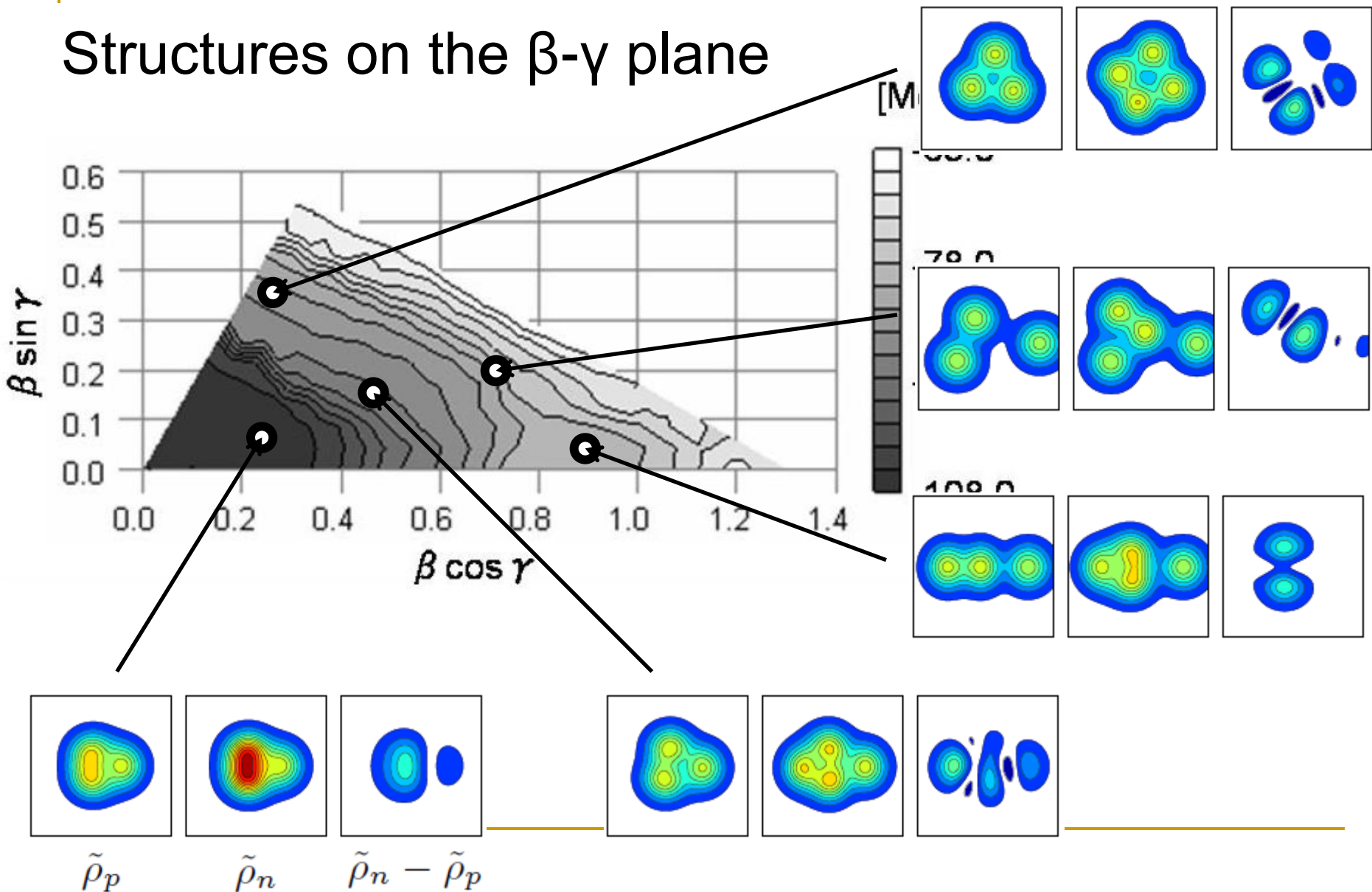
Model space of AMD



AMD can describe both of cluster structures
and shell-model structures.

Result (+ parity states in ^{14}C)

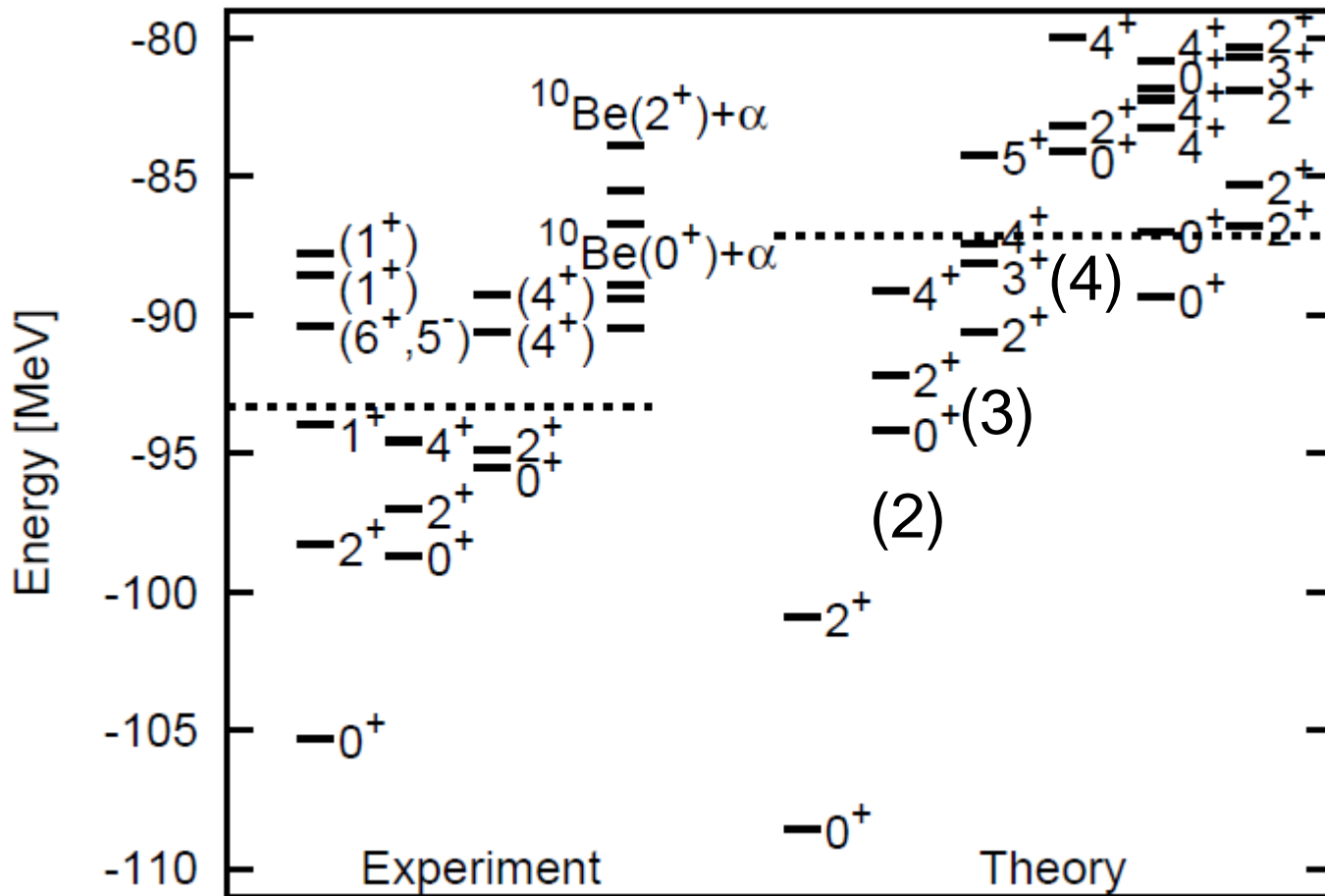
Structures on the β - γ plane



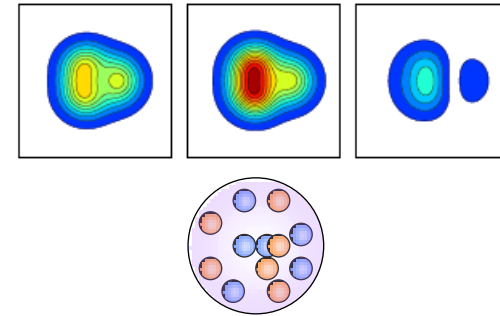
Result (+ parity states in ^{14}C)

T. S. and Y. Kananda-En'yo, Phys. Rev. C 82, 044301 (2010).

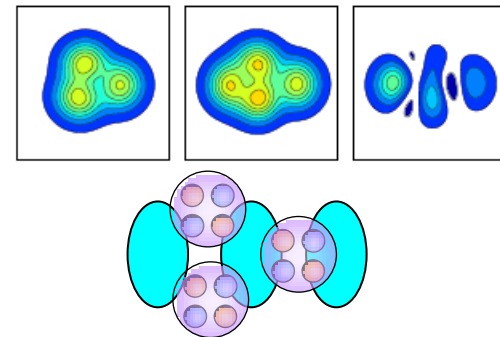
Energy levels



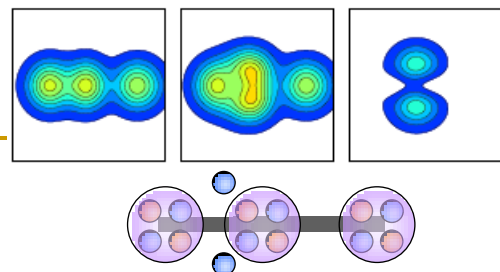
(1) Shell-model



(2,3) Triaxial

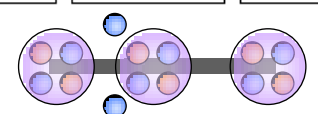
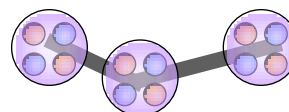


(4) Linear-chain

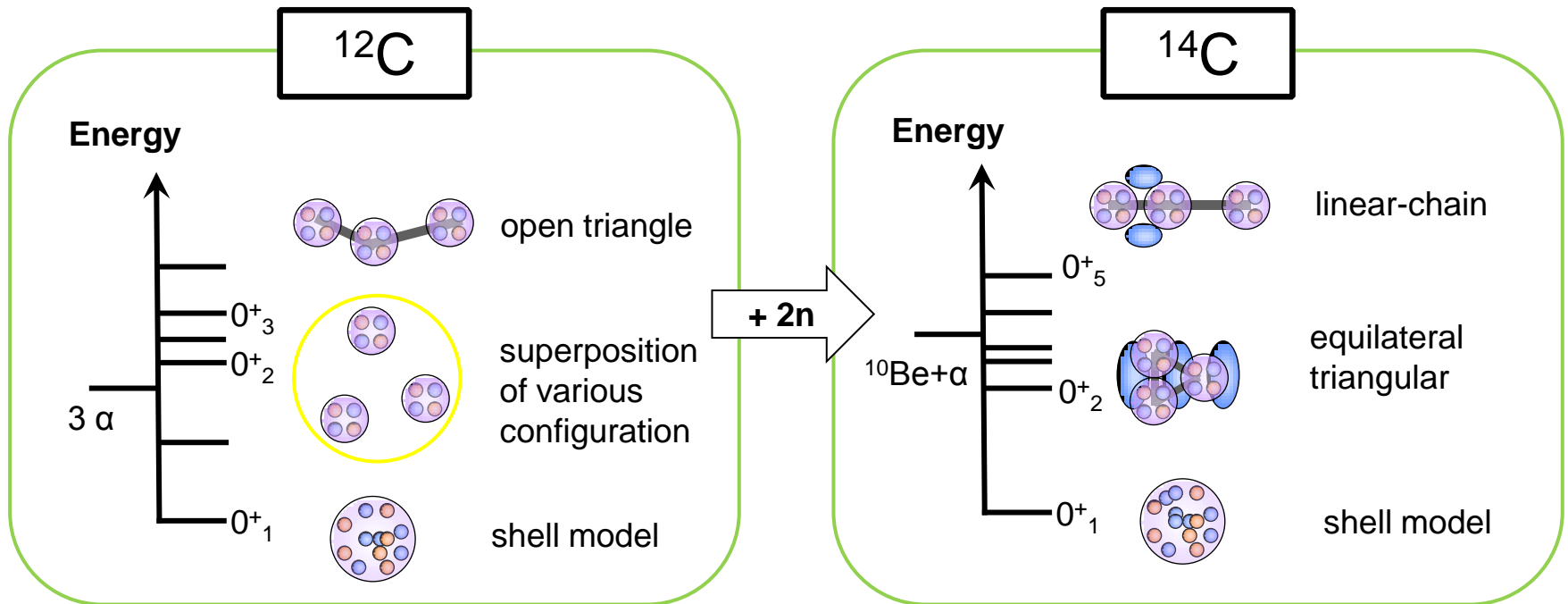


(1)

cf. open triangle structure in ^{12}C



Summary



- In ^{14}C , a linear-chain (exotic) structure appear !
- This linear-chain structure is rigid and constructs a rotational band.