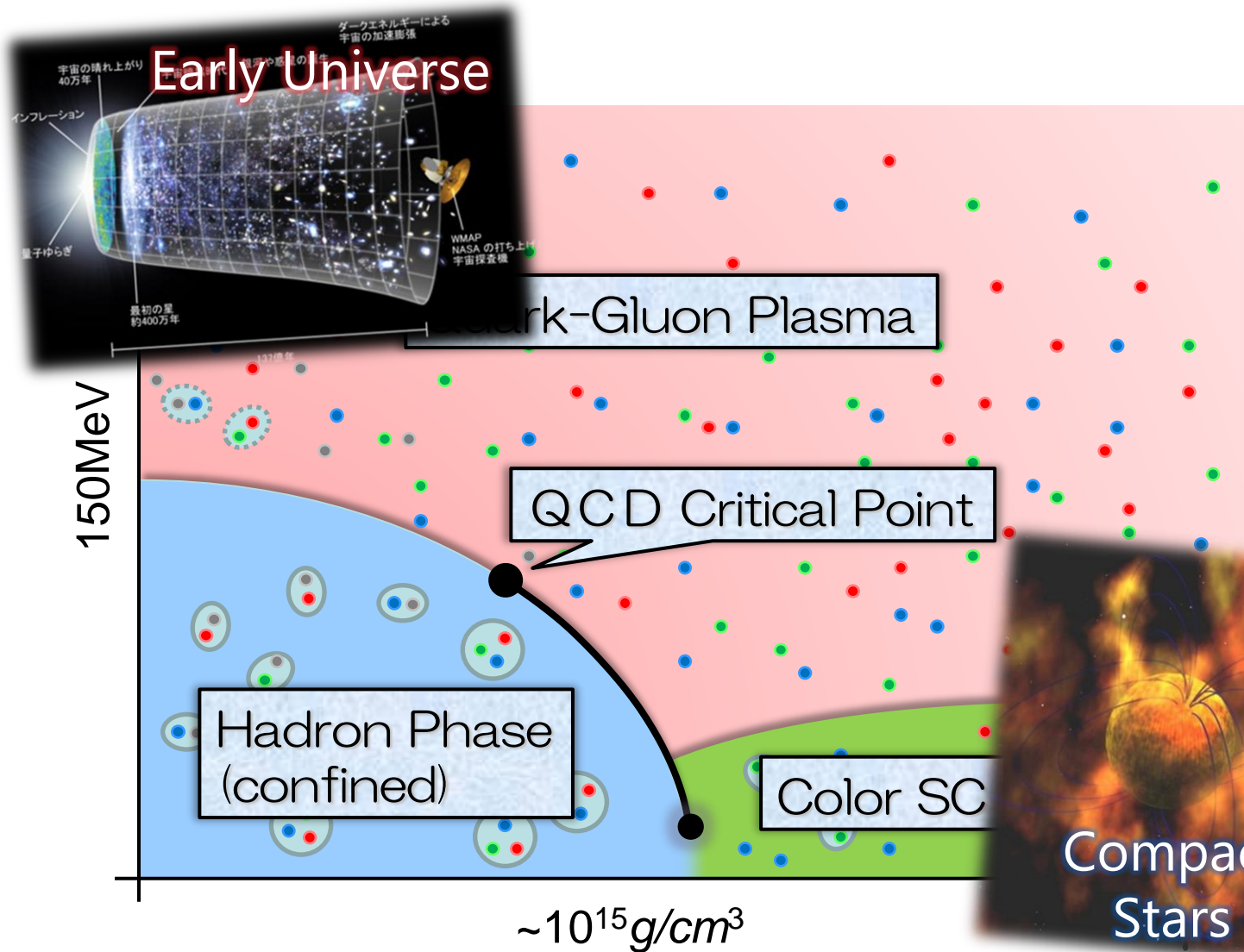


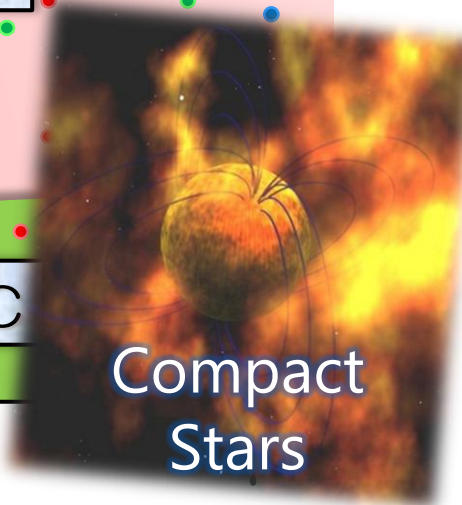
重イオン衝突実験を用いた 高密度核物質探索

北沢正清
(京大基研)

QCD Phase Diagram

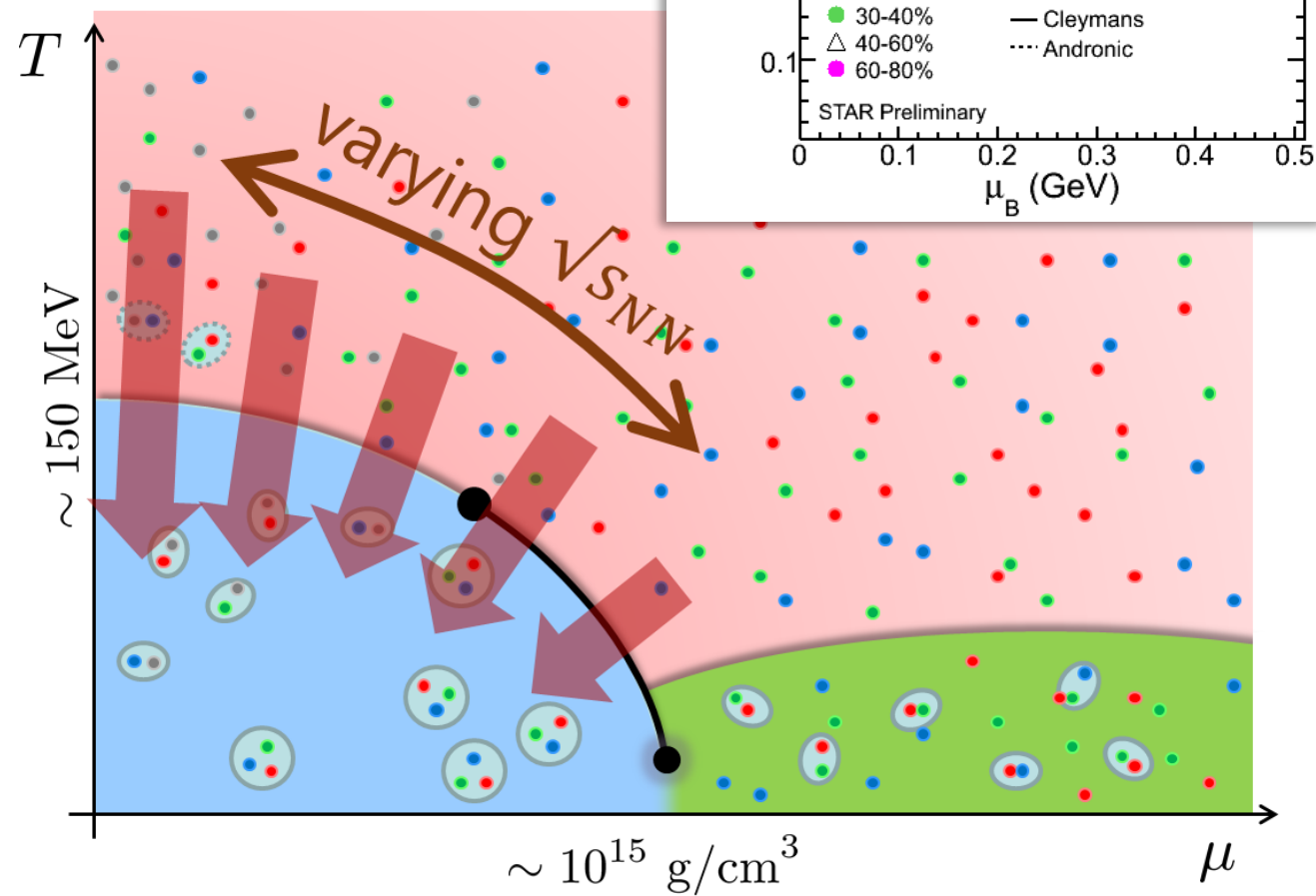
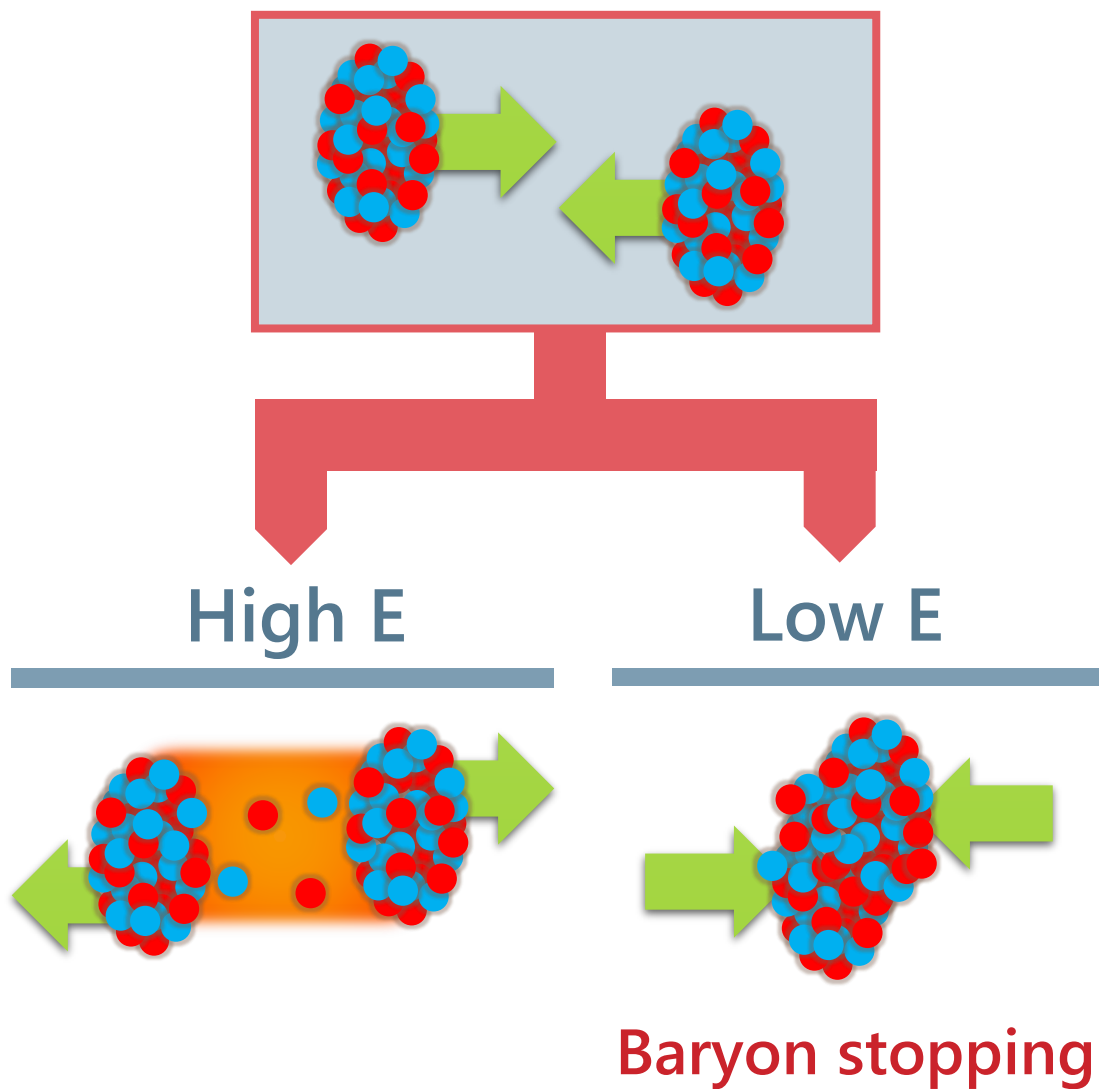


- ❑ Crossover at zero density
- ❑ Possible **first-order transition** and **QCD critical point** in dense region
- ❑ Multiple QCD-CP? **MK+** ('02)
- ❑ **Color superconducting phases** in dense and cold quark matter

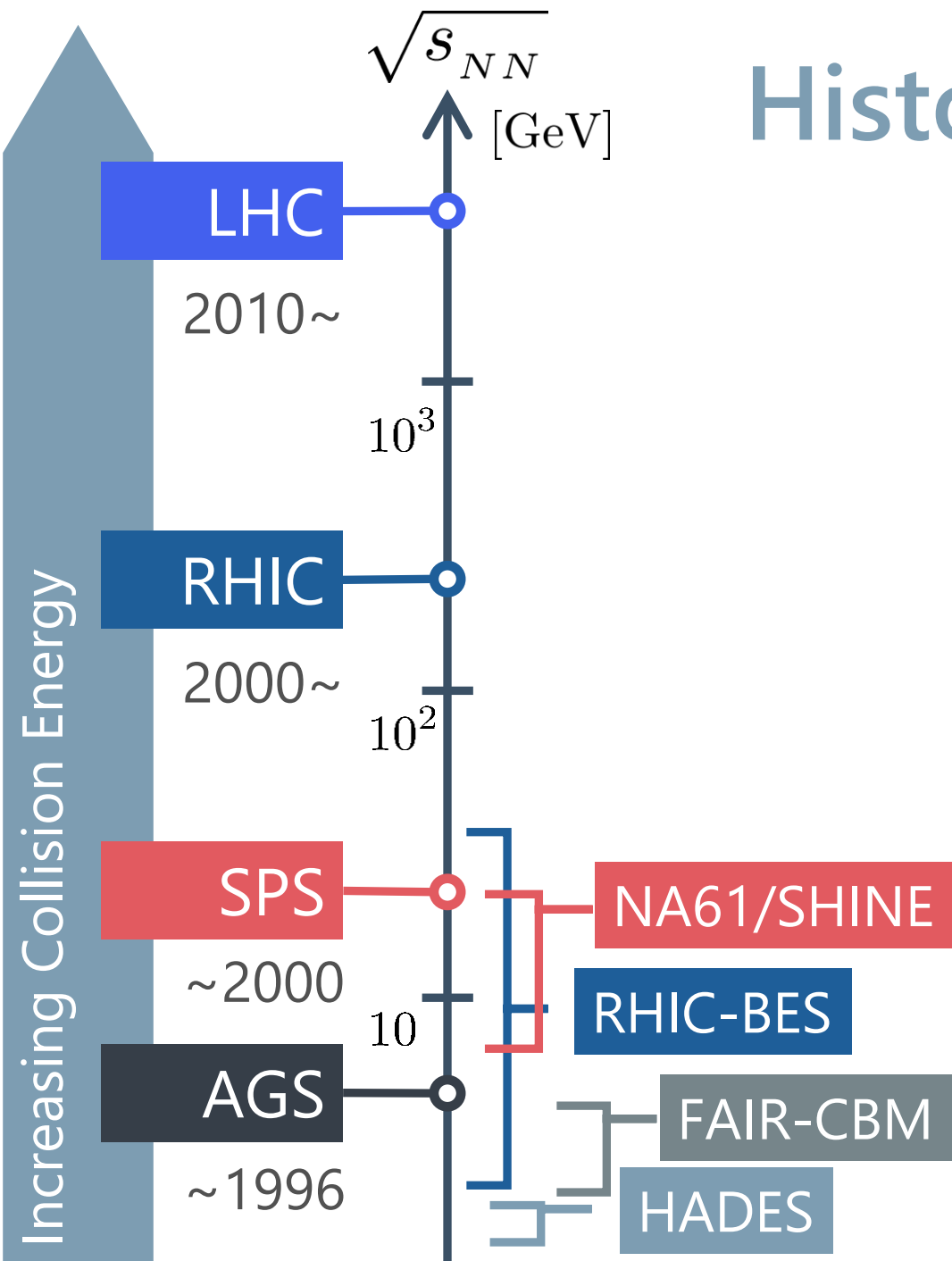


Beam-Energy Scan in HIC

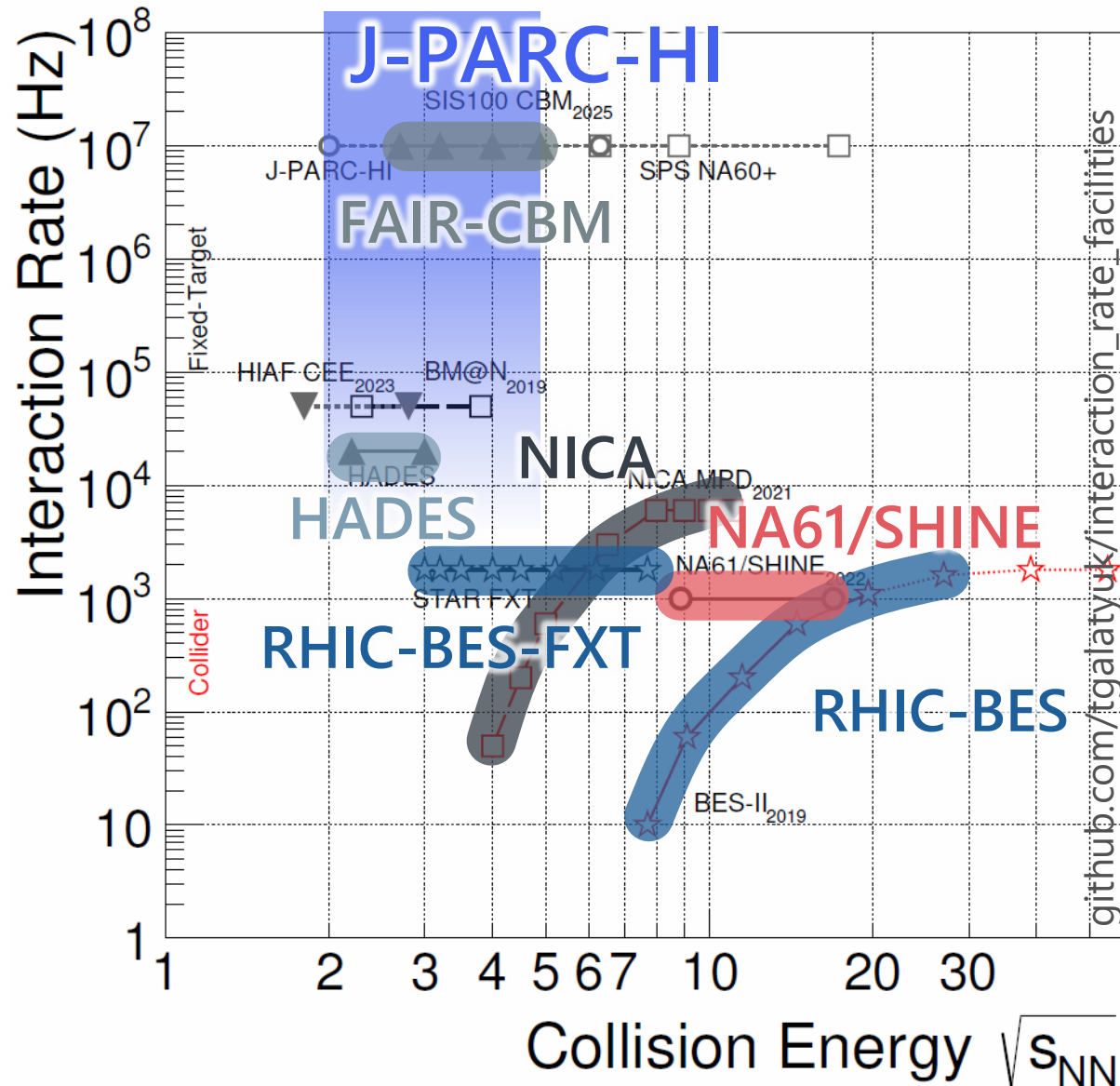
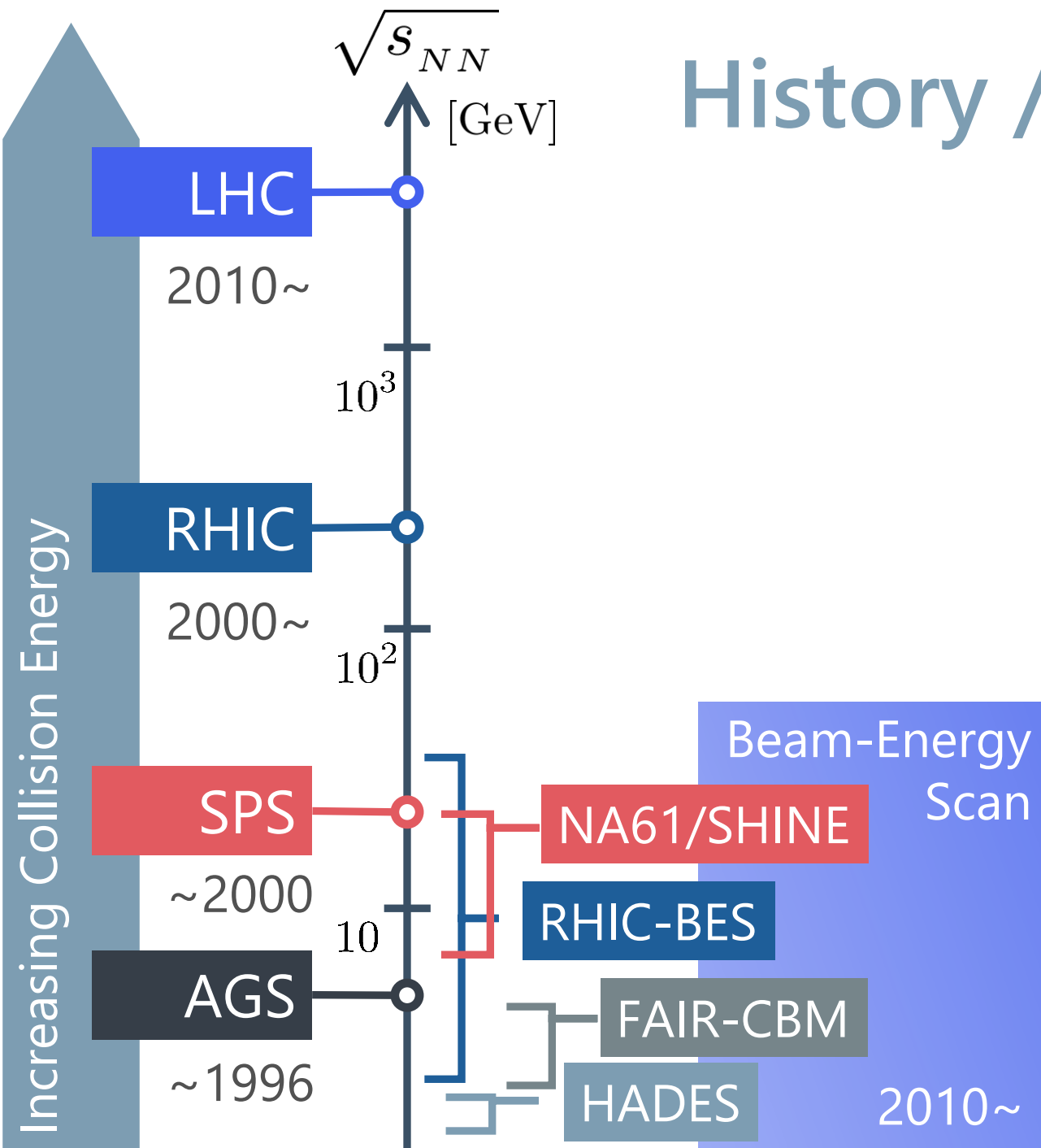
STAR, 2012



History / Current Status of HIC

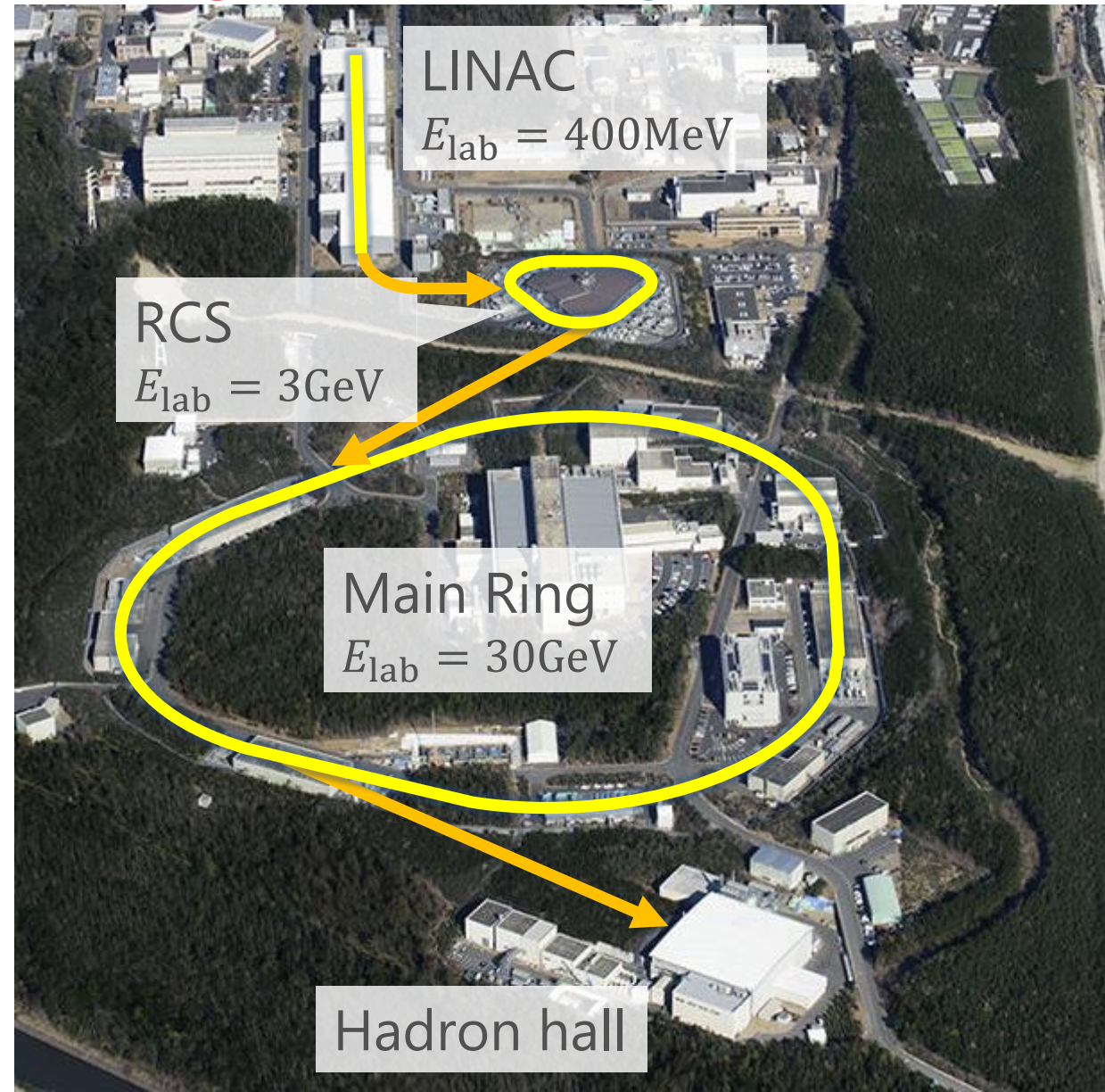


History / Current Status of HIC



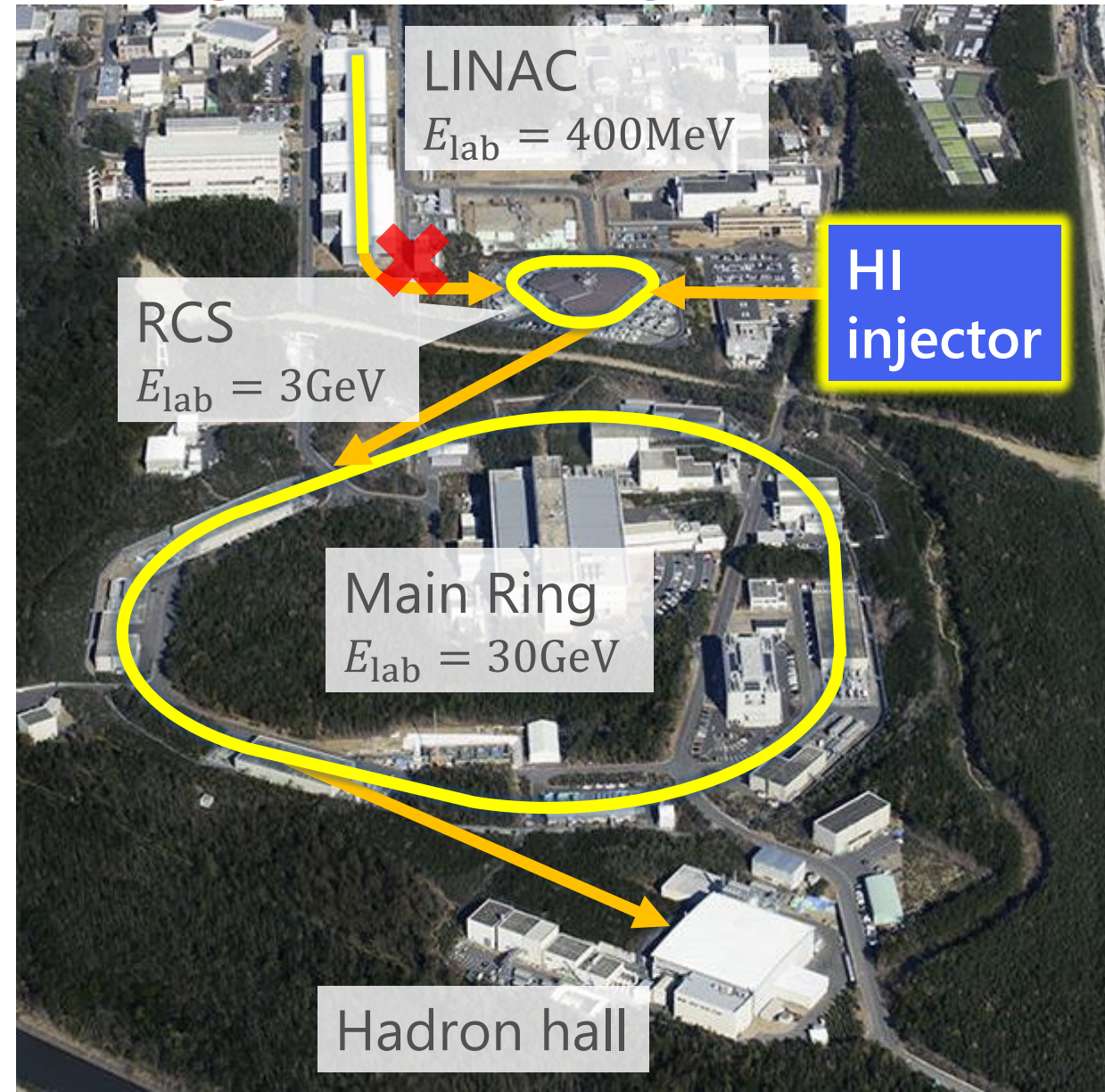
J-PARC-HI = J-PARC Heavy-Ion Project

- **New HI injector** + existing accelerators (**RCS, MR**)
- Heavy-ion beams with **world highest luminosity**
- Realize various new experiments at J-PARC



J-PARC-HI = J-PARC Heavy-Ion Project

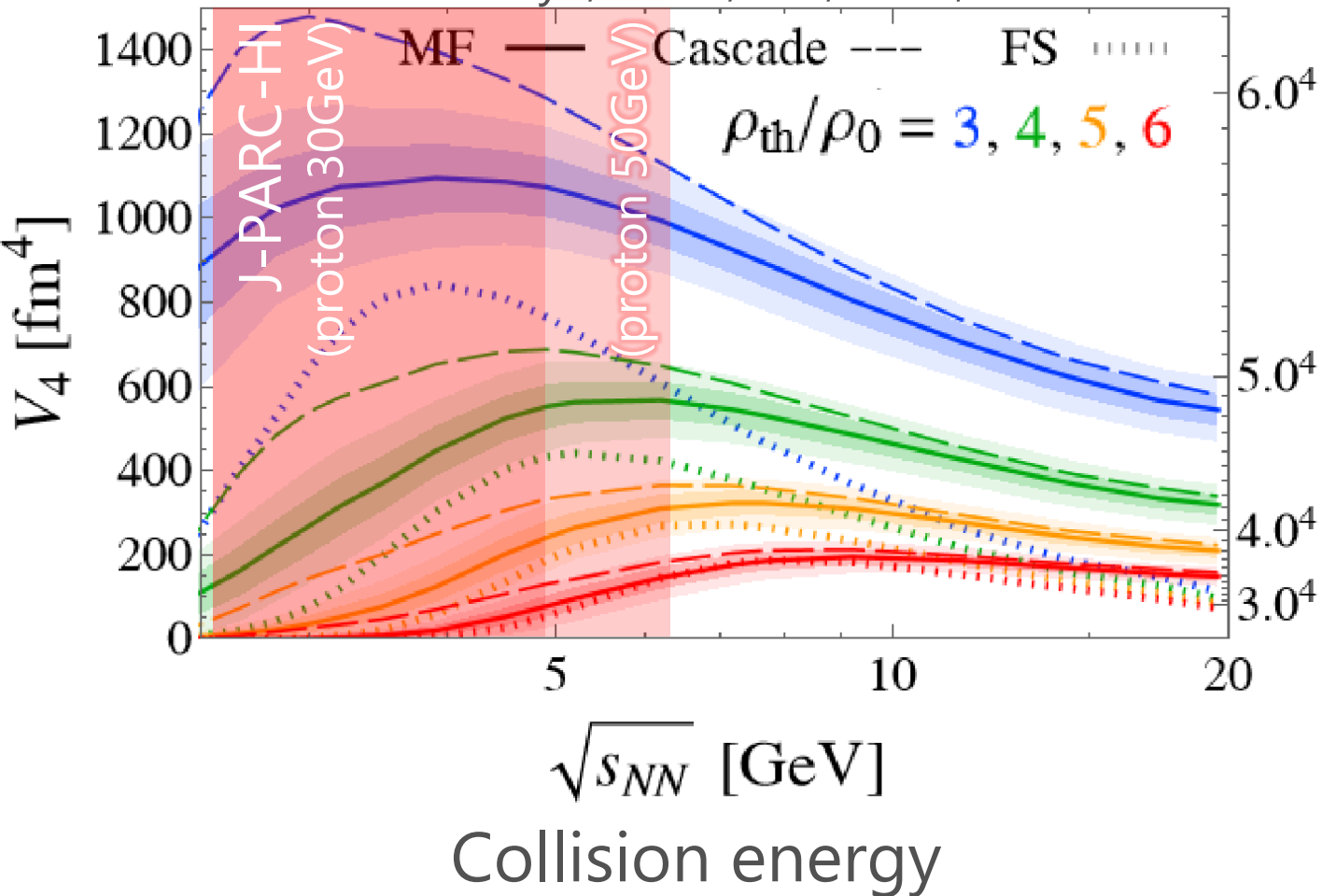
- **New HI injector** + existing accelerators (**RCS, MR**)
- Heavy-ion beams with **world highest luminosity**
- Realize various new experiments at J-PARC



How High Density? Where is optimal $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$?

Four-volume of high-density region

Taya, Jinno, MK, Nara, 2409.07685



Medium with $\rho > 3\rho_0$ can be formed for $V_4 \simeq (6 \text{ fm})^4$ at J-PARC-HI energy

The density is comparable with the cores of neutron stars



J-PARC-HI = experiments to create **the highest baryon-density matter in the Universe**

Quark-Gluon Plasma

Exploring Dense Medium



Equation of state



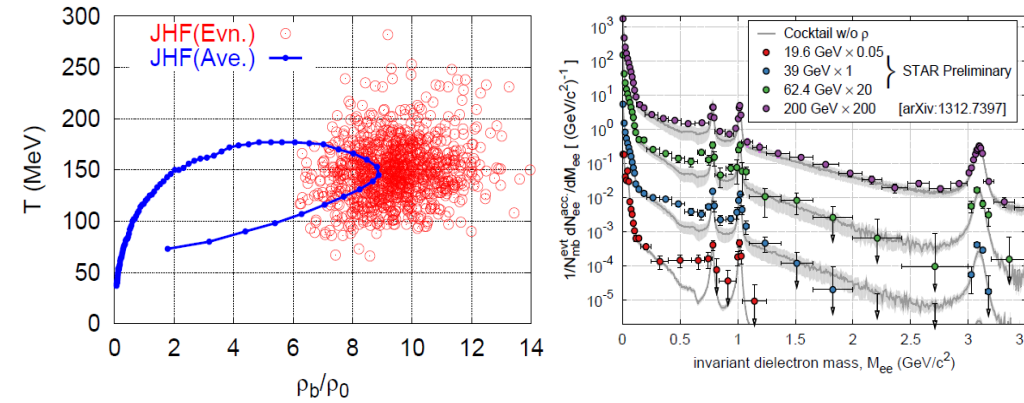
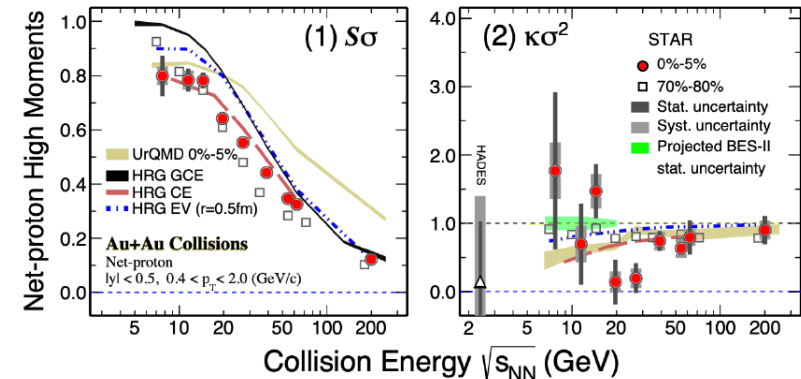
QCD critical point /
1st order transition /
Color superconductivity



Dilepton production rate



Event selection /
Higher correlations



J-PARC
FAIR • NICA

Compact Stars

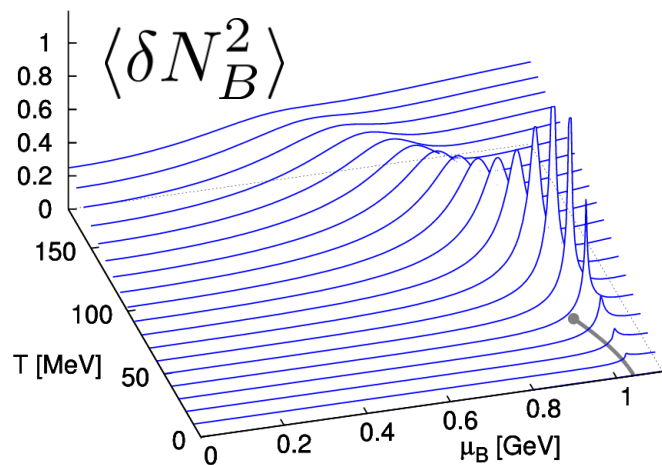
Event-by-event Fluctuations

Theoretical Predictions
on conserved charge fluctuations

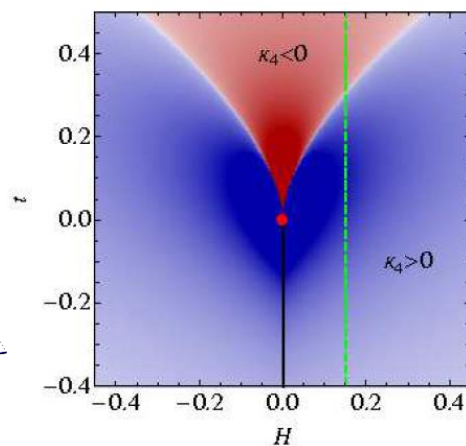


Experimental Result

- Higher-order cumulants
- Signal of QCD CP

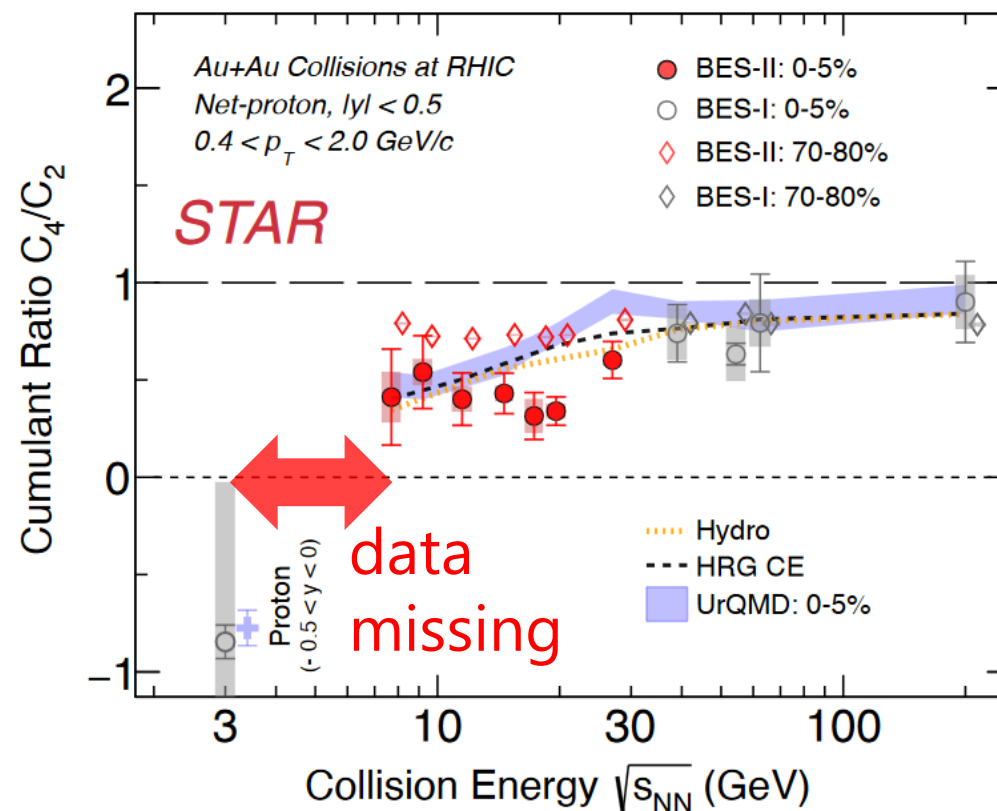


Asakawa, Ejiri, MK (2009)



Stephanov (2011)

STAR (2024)



A Coin Game

- ① Bet 25 Euro
- ② You get head coins of

A. 50 x 1 Euro



B. 25 x 2 Euro



Same expectation value.

A Coin Game

- ① Bet 25 Euro
- ② You get head coins of

A. 50 x 1 Euro



B. 25 x 2 Euro



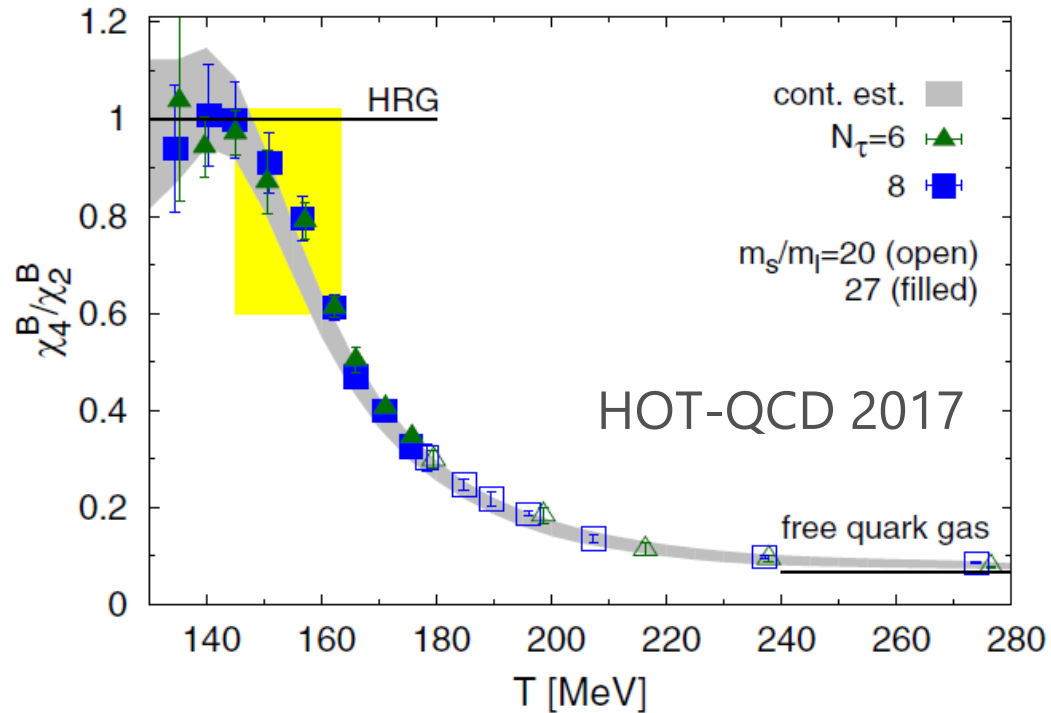
C. 1 x 50 Euro



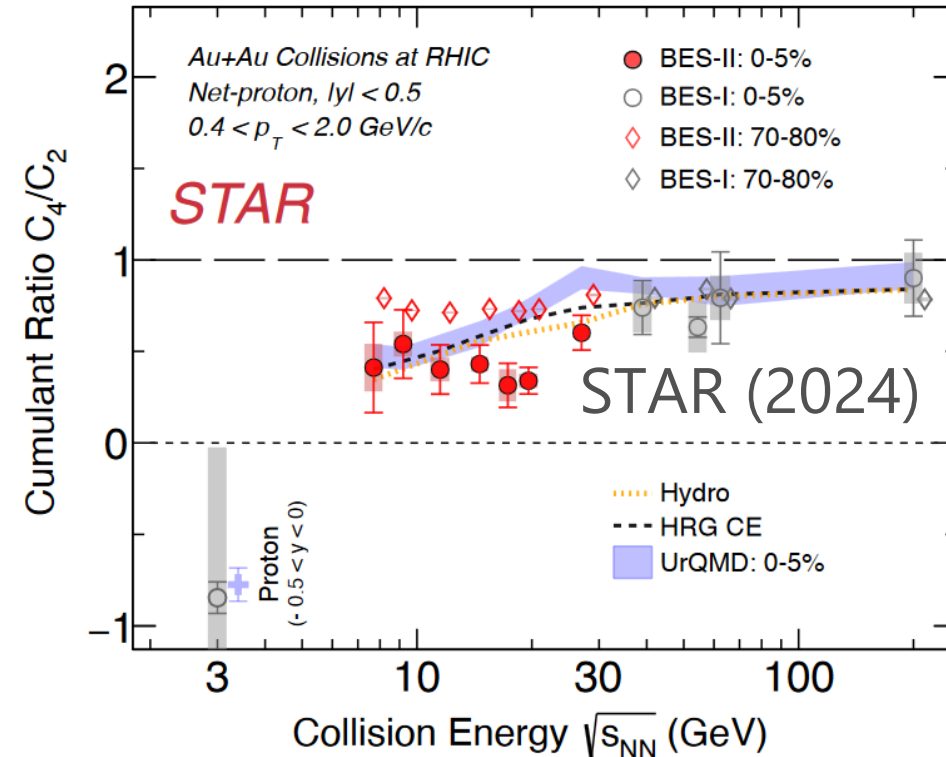
Same expectation value.

Lattice & Exp. Cooperate

Lattice Data



Experimental Result



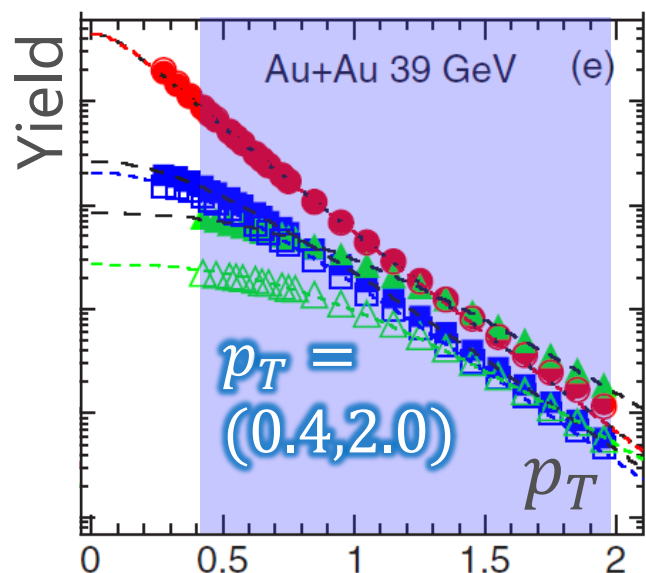
Lattice-QCD Numerical Simulations:
equations of state, fluctuation, viscosity, ...

Baryon/Charge Cumulant Ratio

MK, Esumi, Nonaka, Nucl. Phys. A, 2023

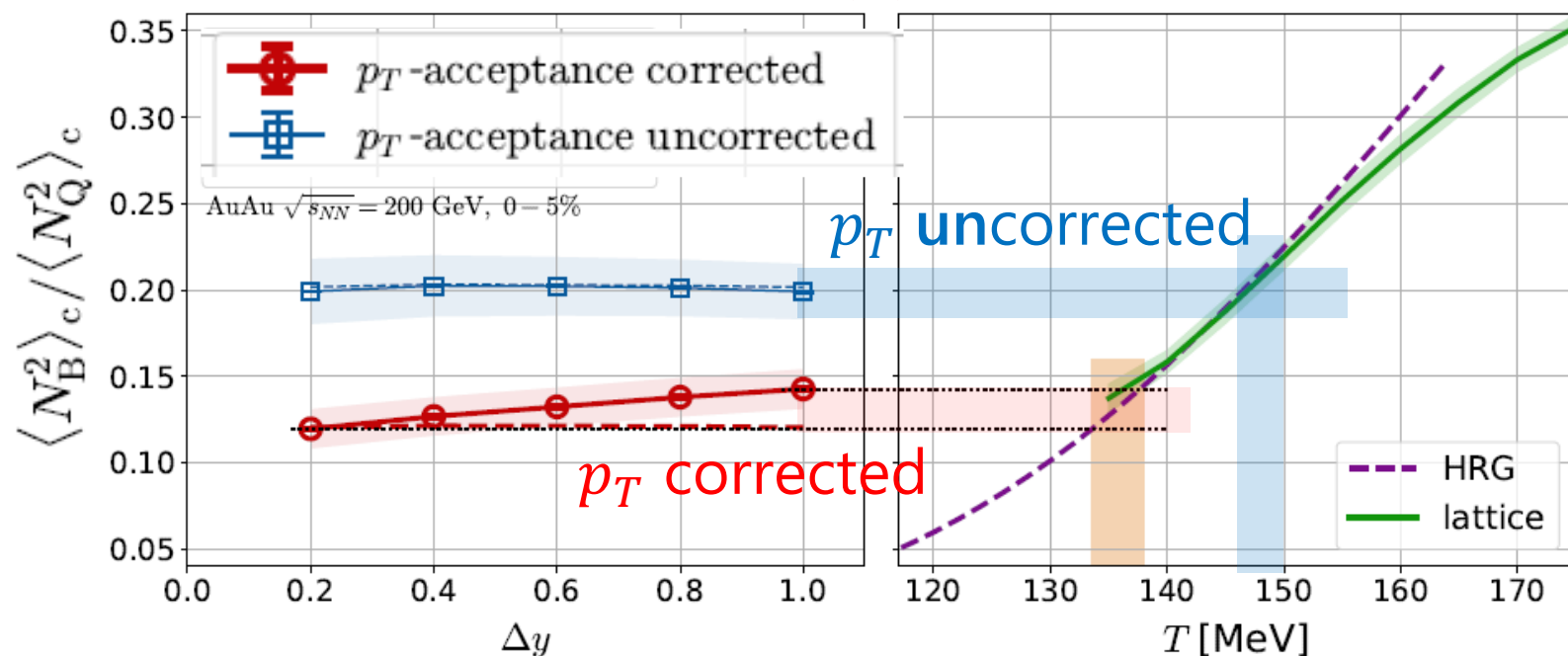
$$\langle N_B^2 \rangle_c / \langle N_Q^2 \rangle_c \simeq \chi_2^B / \chi_2^Q$$

p_T -acceptance correction



- Electric charge: **49%**
- Protons: **82%**

STAR, 200GeV \longleftrightarrow Lattice QCD + HRG

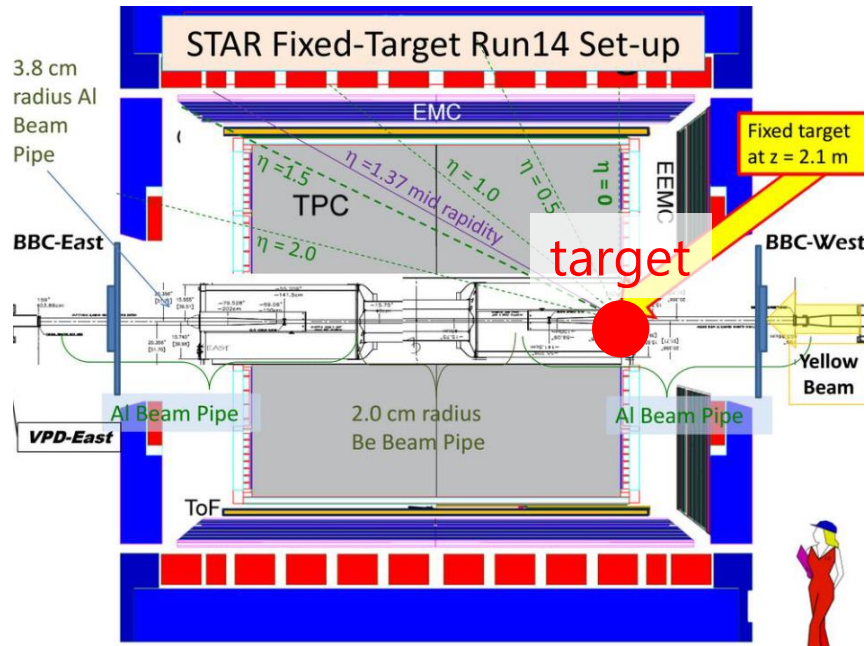


- **Finite acceptance modifies the ratio strongly.**
- Wider acceptance/efficiency is desirable.

Acceptance of Detectors

STAR Fixed Target

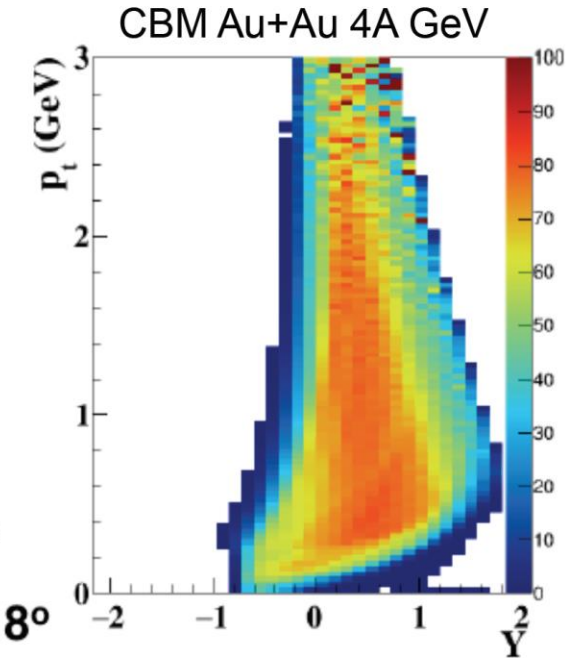
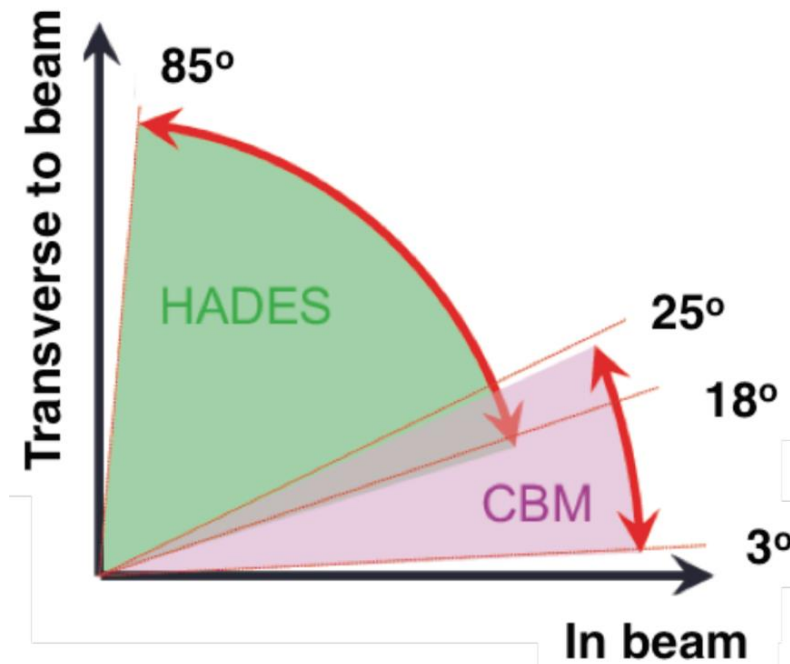
$$3 < \sqrt{s_{NN}} < 7.7 \text{ GeV}$$



from slide of D. Sebra

FAIR (GSI)

$$2 < \sqrt{s_{NN}} < 5 \text{ GeV}$$



Each detector has individual acceptance and efficiency.

➤ Checking detector-response correction is important.

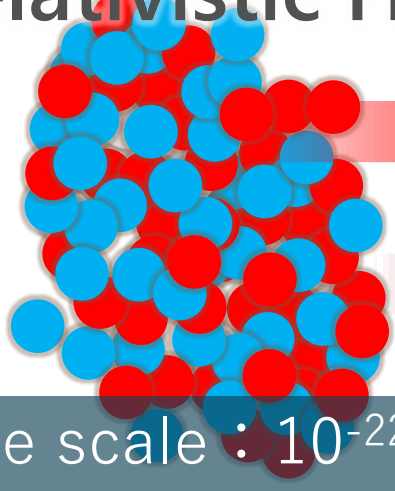
“Multi-Messenger” Observation



gravitational waves

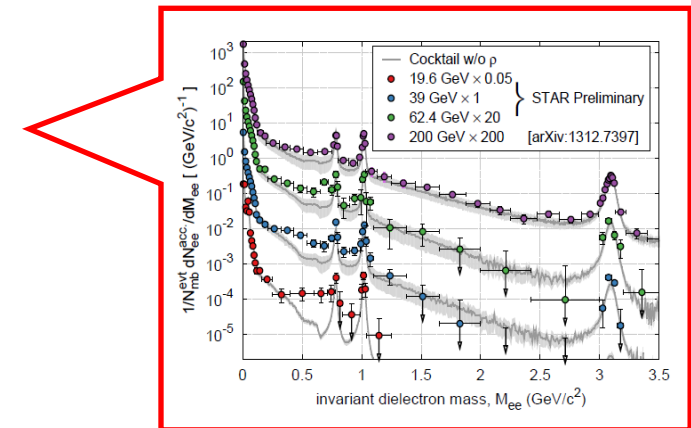
electromagnetic waves

Relativistic HIC



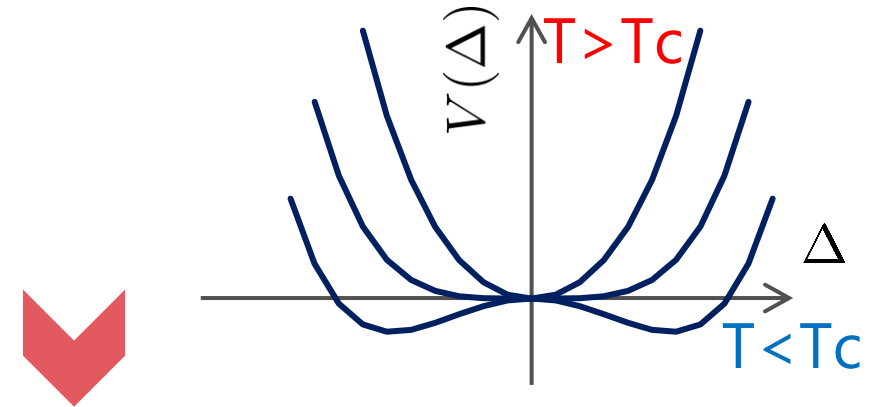
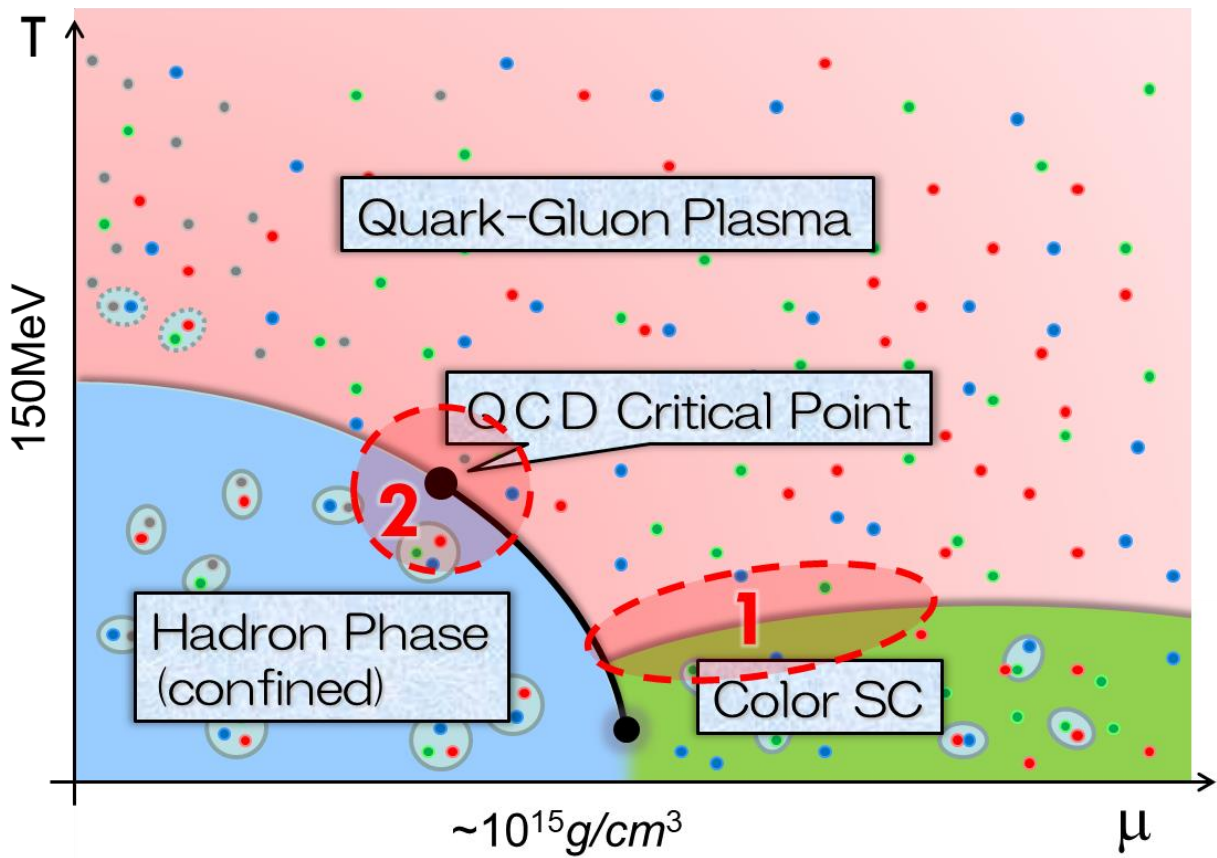
leptons,
photons

hadronic observables

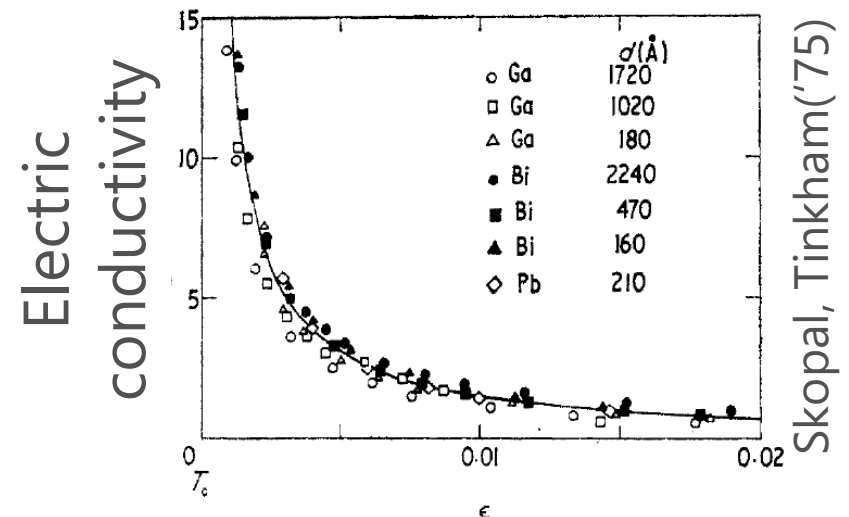


Dileptons and Phase Transitions

2nd-order phase transition \rightarrow Formation of the soft modes



Anomalous phenomena



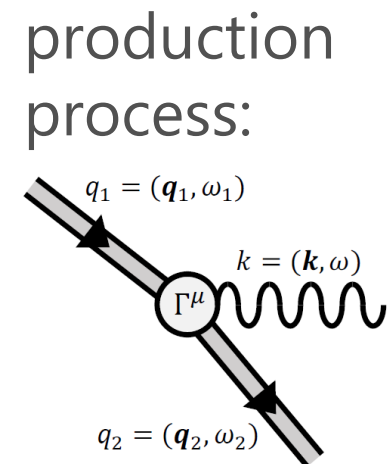
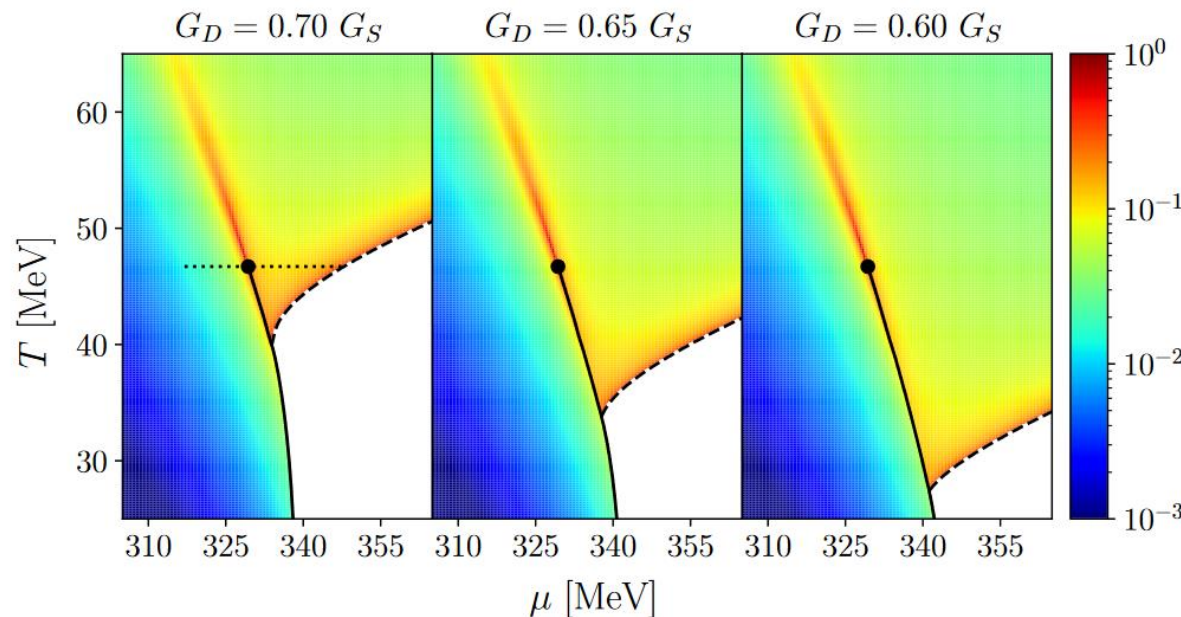
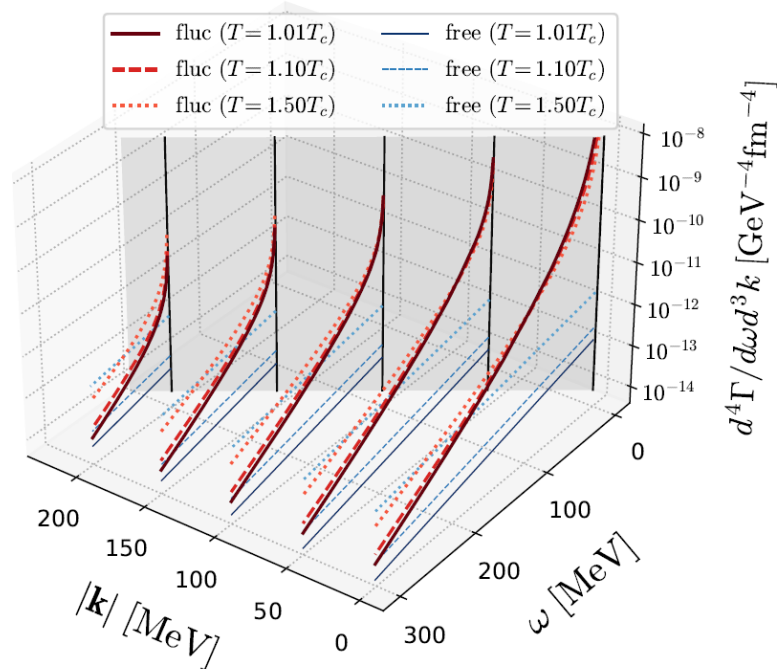
$$\epsilon = \frac{T - T_c}{T_c}$$

Dilepton at Ultra-Low-Mass Region

Signal for QCD-CP & Color SC

Nishimura, MK, Kunihiro, '22; '23; '24

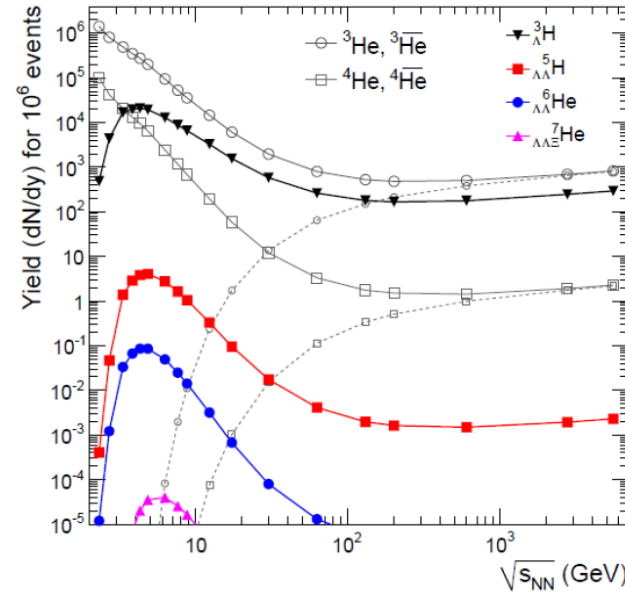
Anomalous dilepton production due to soft modes at phase transitions



Two "hot spots" on the T - μ plane?

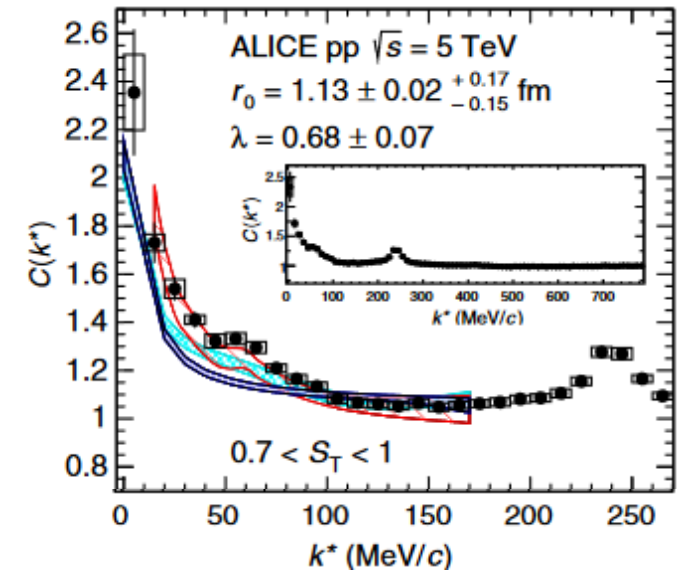
Hadron/Hypernuclear Physics

Hypernuclei



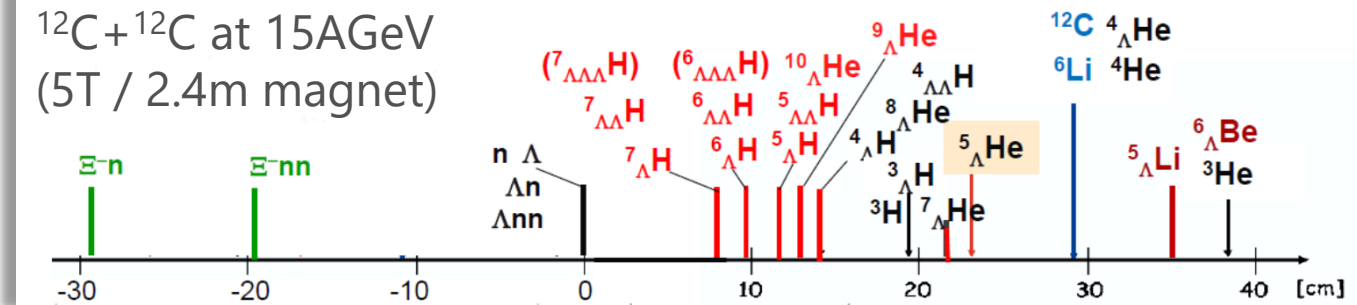
Correlation functions

→ hadron interaction



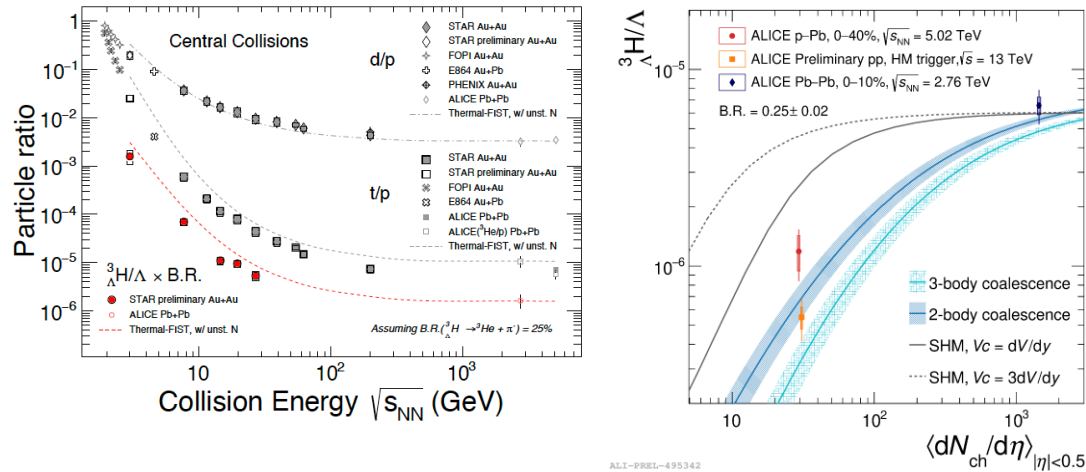
ALICE, 2020

${}^{12}\text{C} + {}^{12}\text{C}$ at 15 A GeV
 (5T / 2.4m magnet)

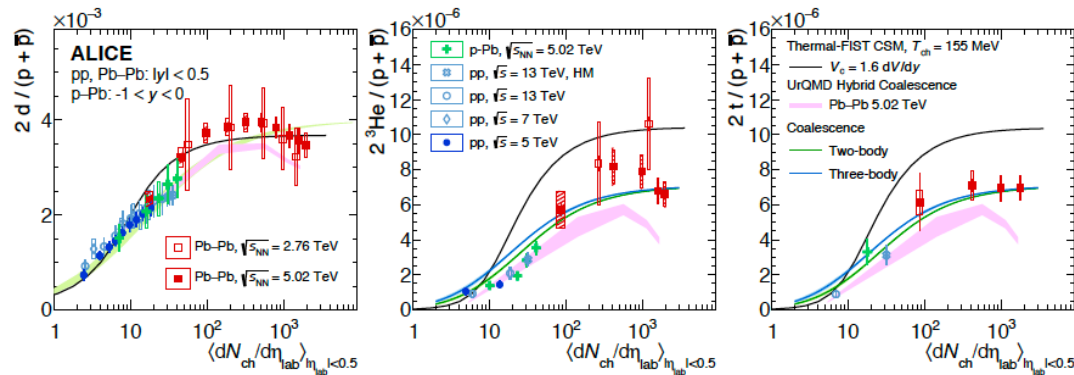


Light-/hyper-Nuclear Production

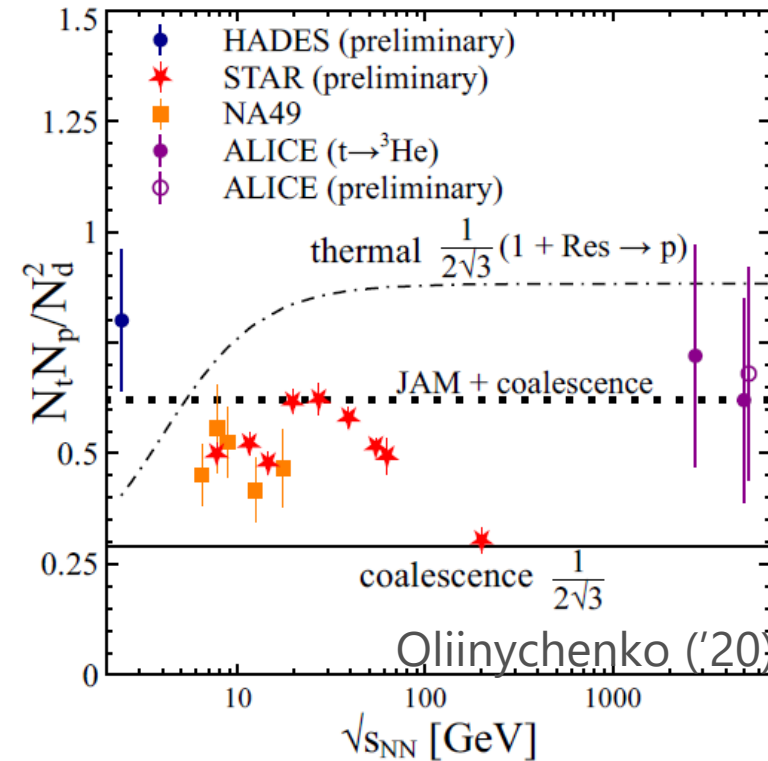
Measurement of light/hyper-nuclei



from QM2023



Light-nuclei production as a signal of QCD critical point

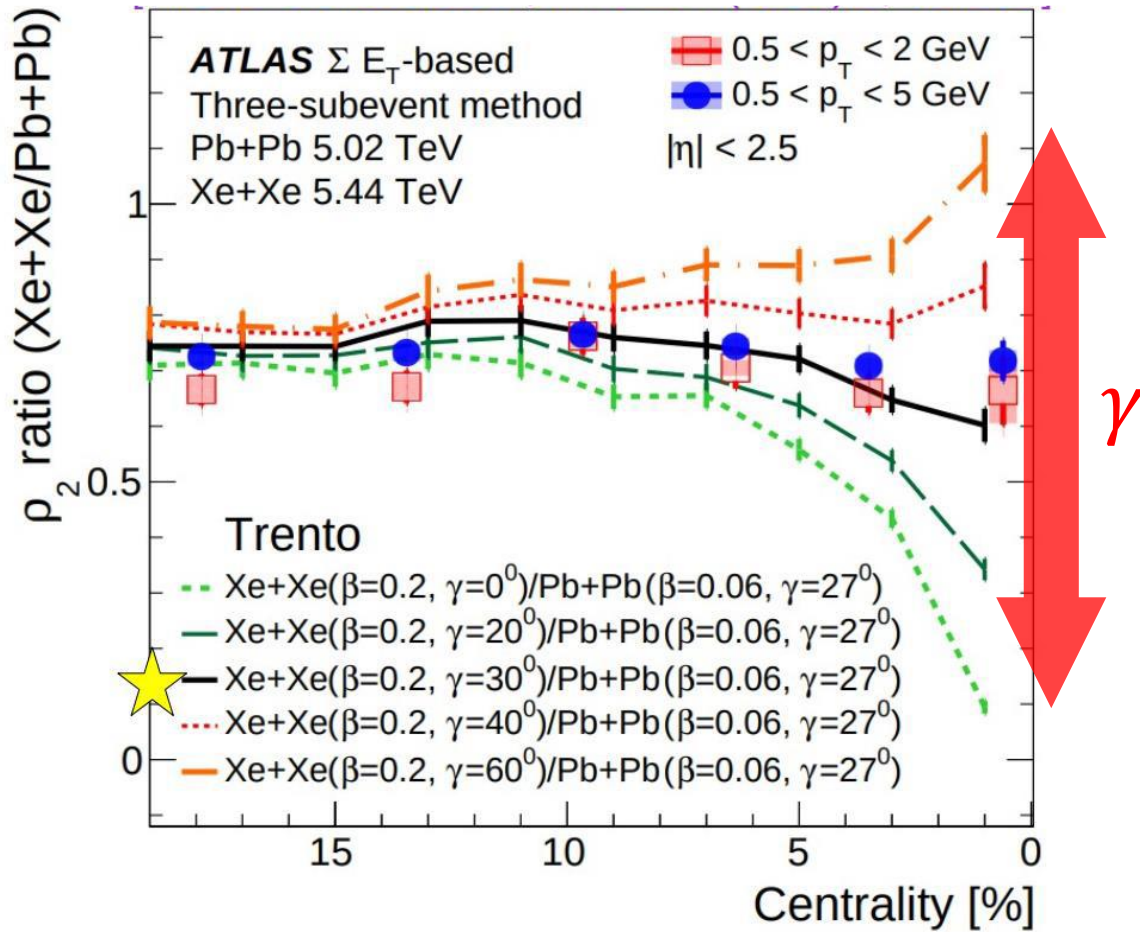


baryon fluctuations
 → enhancement of light nuclei?

Precise data will lead us to a better understanding of production mechanism

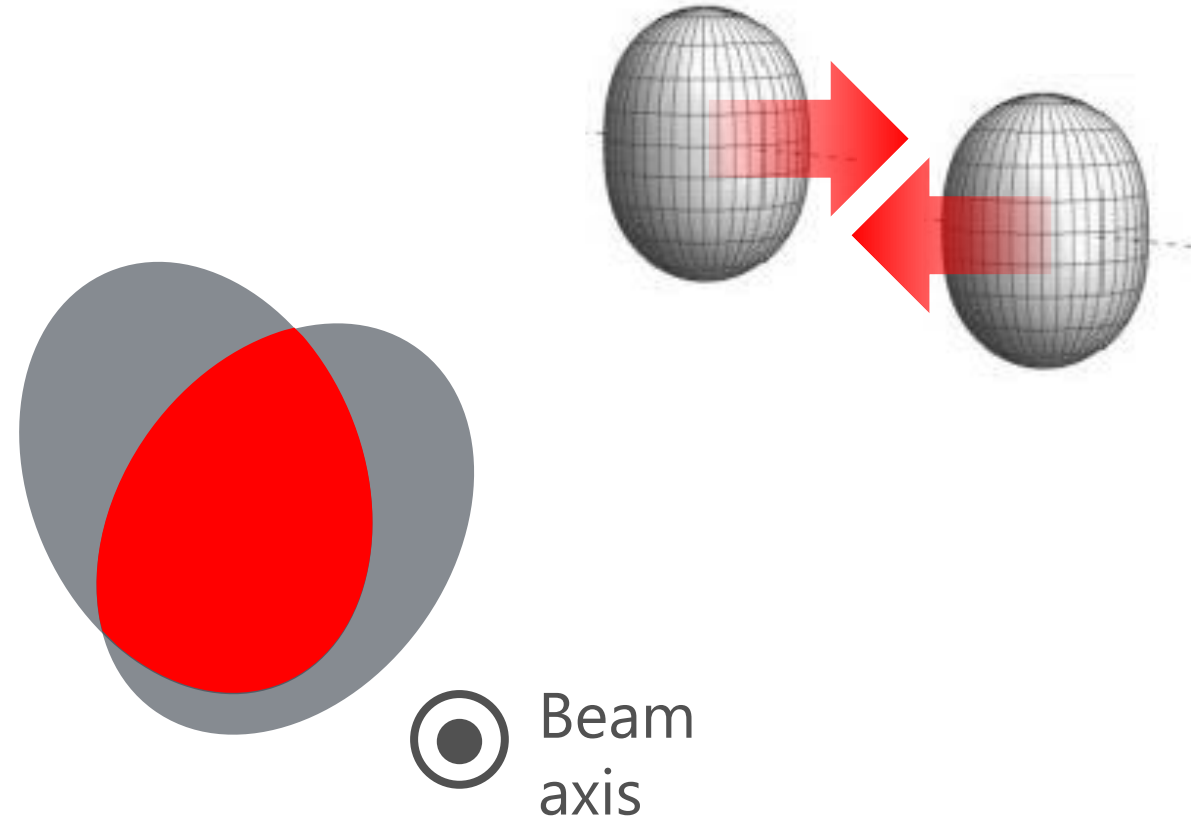
Sun+ ('18)

Shape of Nuclei



ATLAS, PRC107 ('23)

Deformation parameter β, γ can be estimated from HIC using flow correlations.



J-PARC-HI

Future Plan

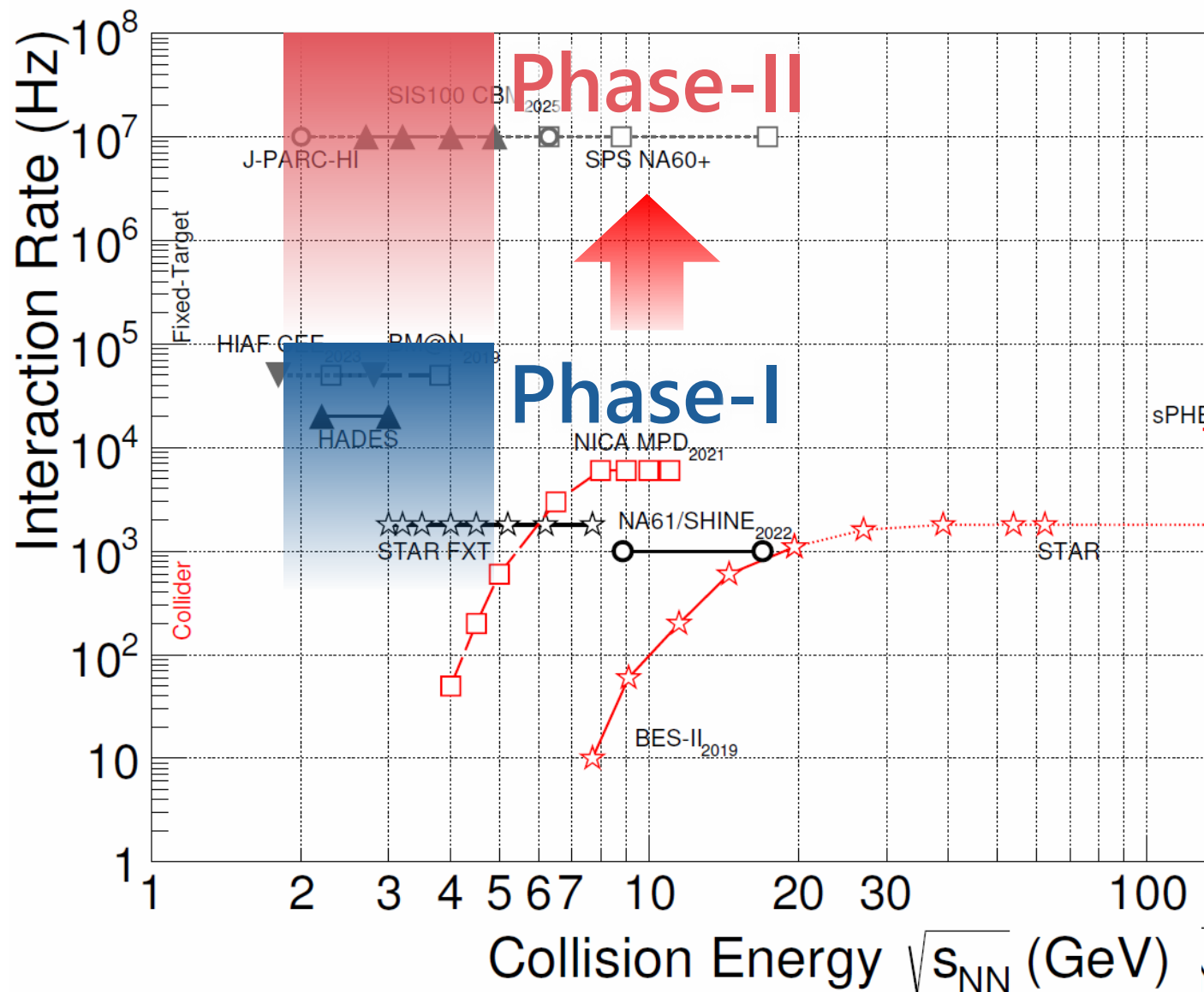
J-PARC-HI Staging Plan

Phase-I

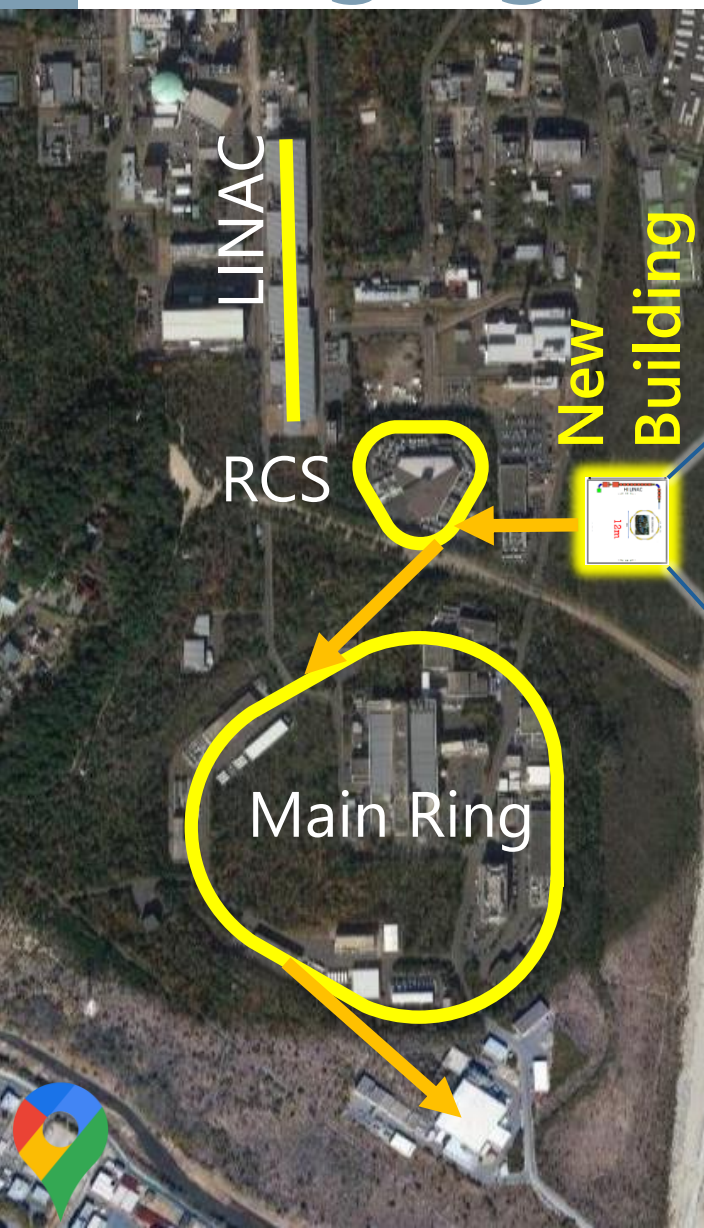
- KEK-BS booster
- E16+ α spectrometer

Phase-II

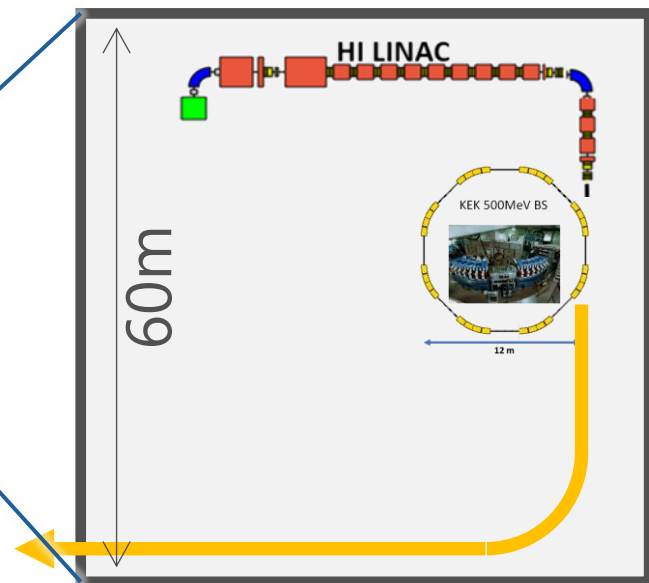
- **NEW** HI booster
- **NEW** spectrometer



Staging of HI Booster



Phase-I



Phase-II



Interaction rate

$$\sim 10^5 \text{ Hz}$$

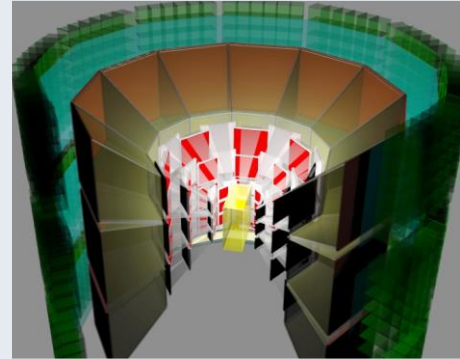
$$\sim 10^8 \text{ Hz}$$

**Completely NEW
HI-booster**
World highest intensity

Detector Phase-I

E16 Spectrometer

- $\phi \rightarrow e^+e^-$, $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$
- In-medium mass modification
- Commissioning 2020-2024

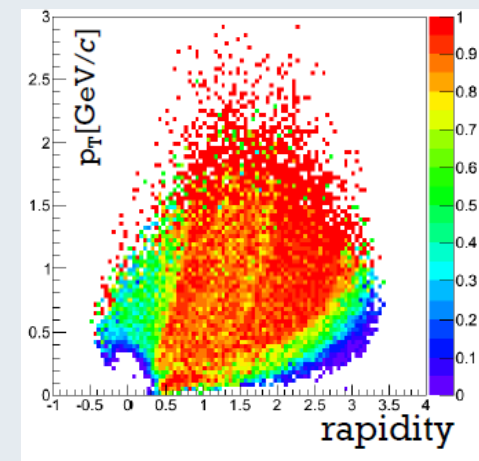
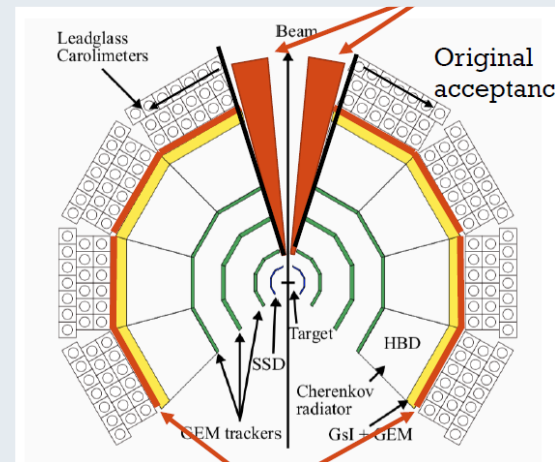


UPGRADE

E16+ α

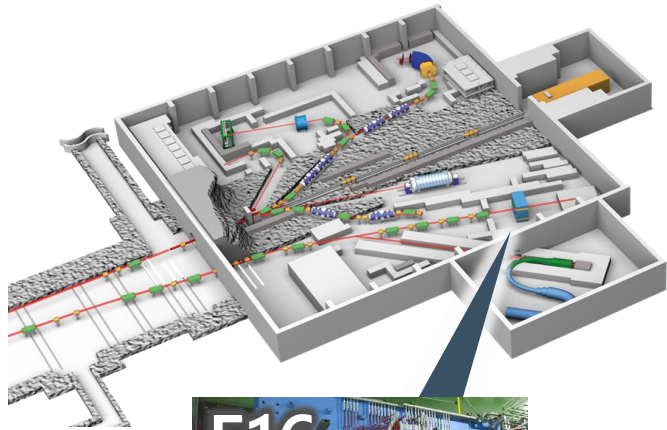
Upgrade forward region for high-multiplicity counting

➤ Hadron/lepton measurement at wide acceptance

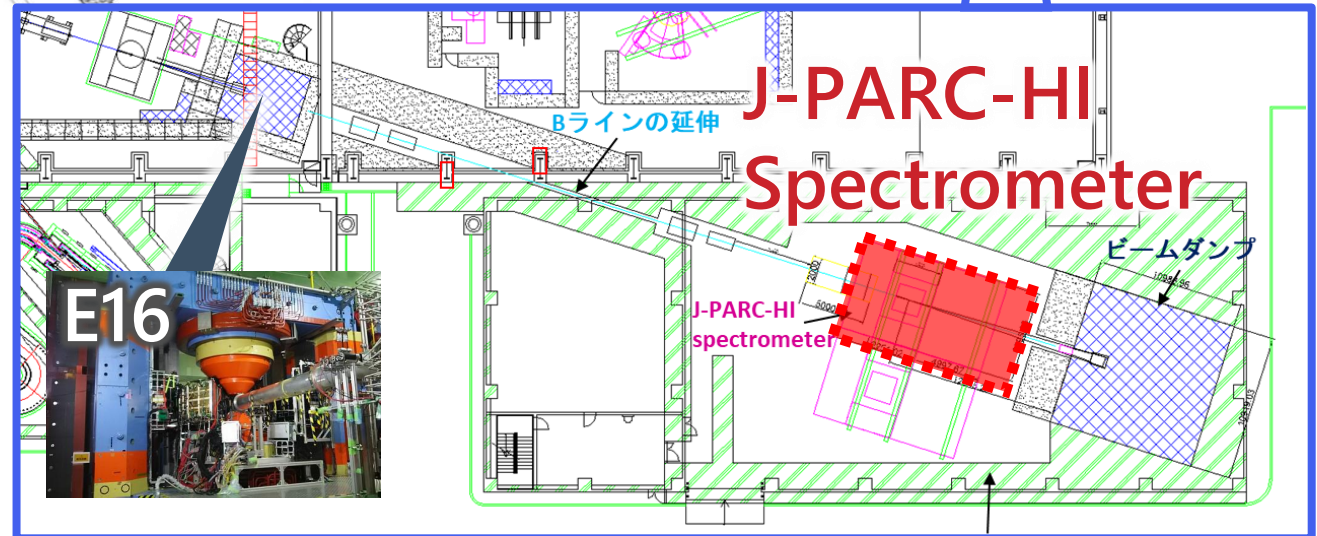
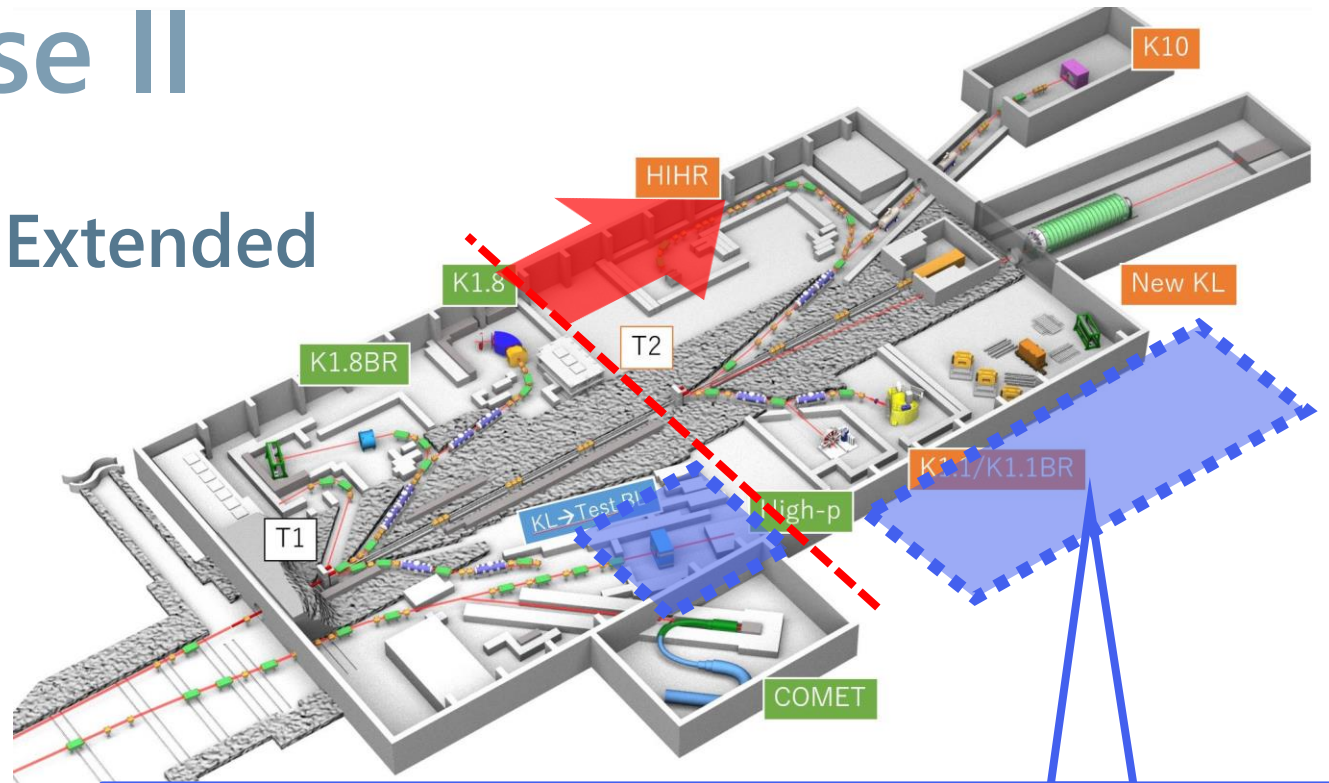


Detectors for Phase II

Present



Extended



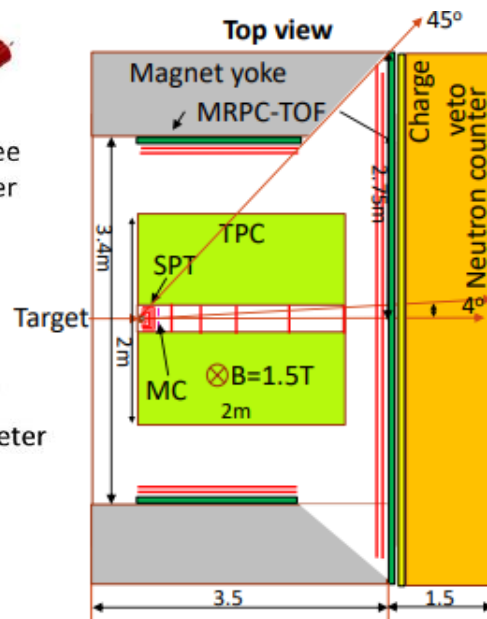
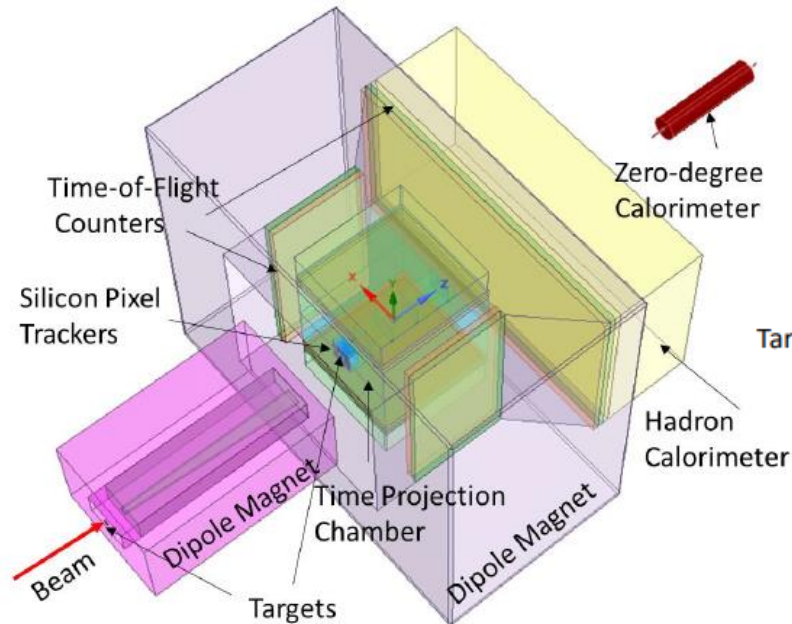
- J-PARC-HI spectrometer will be installed in an annex
- E16 will also be replaced

Hadron Spectrometer

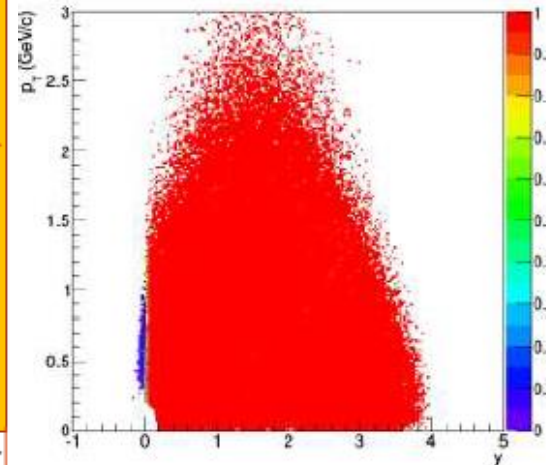
Phase-II

- 4π acceptance, high-intensity beam
 - Precise measurement of fluctuations, dileptons
- Detailed design are under discussion

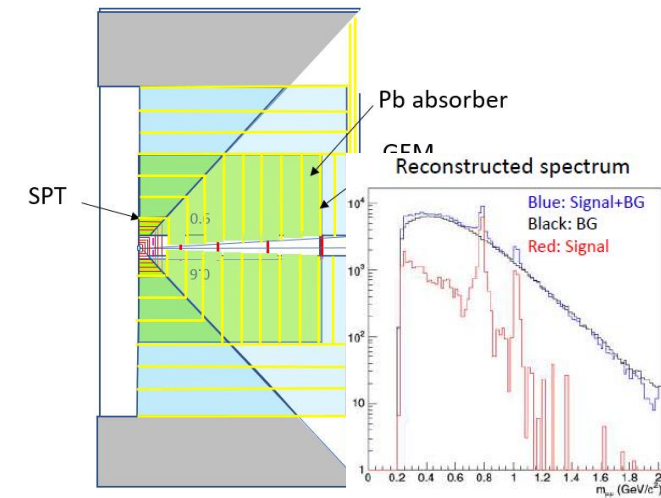
Hadron calorimeter



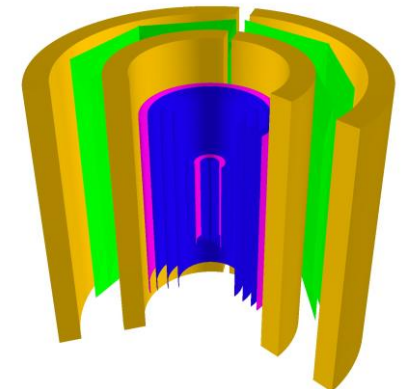
acceptance



Dimuon Setup



ALICE3-like dipole



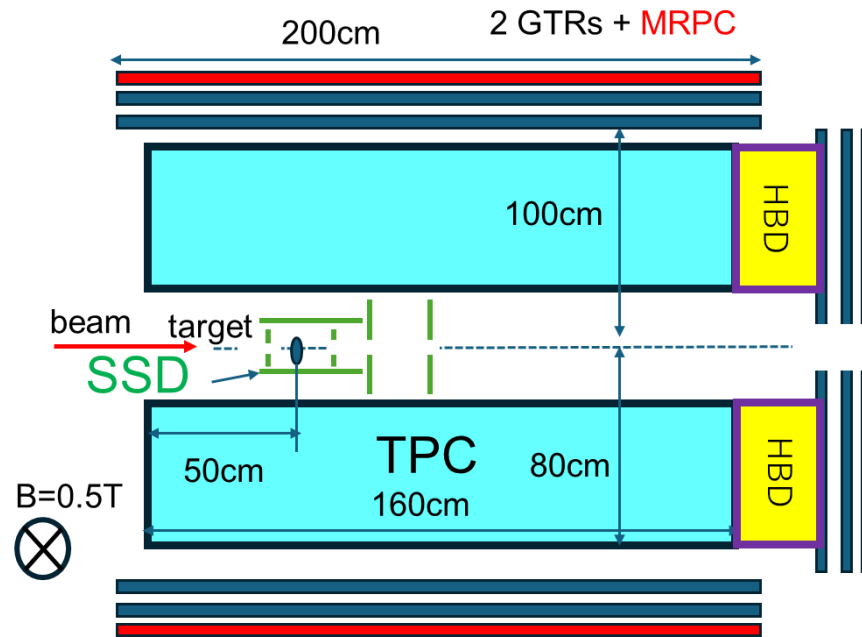
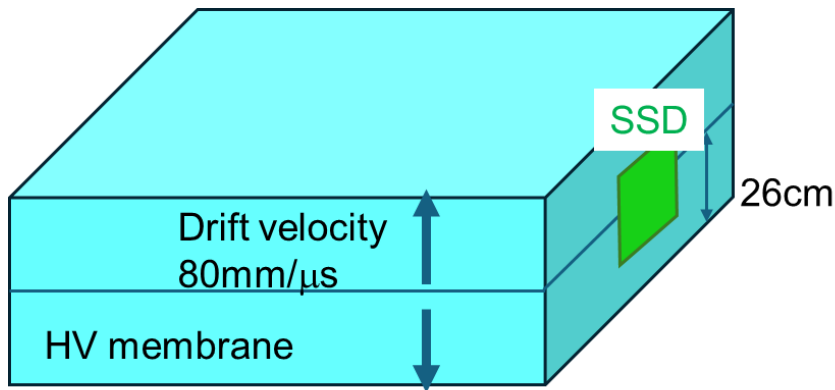
Summary

- Relativistic HIC can investigate extremely hot/dense medium.
 - Density/temperature dependence of the produced medium can be studied by the beam-energy scan.
 - Investigation of QCD phase diagram: QCD-CP, color-SC, etc.
 - Various observables
 - fluctuations, dilepton production rate, light/hyper-nuclear production, ...
 - Other applications: hadron interaction, nuclear shape, ...
-
- **J-PARC-HI** will pursue this realm further.
 - world's highest interaction rate
 - best collision energy to study

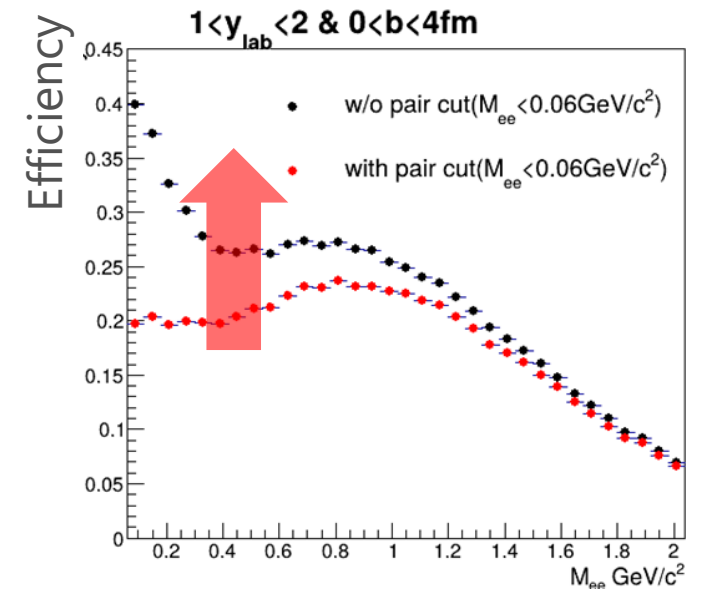
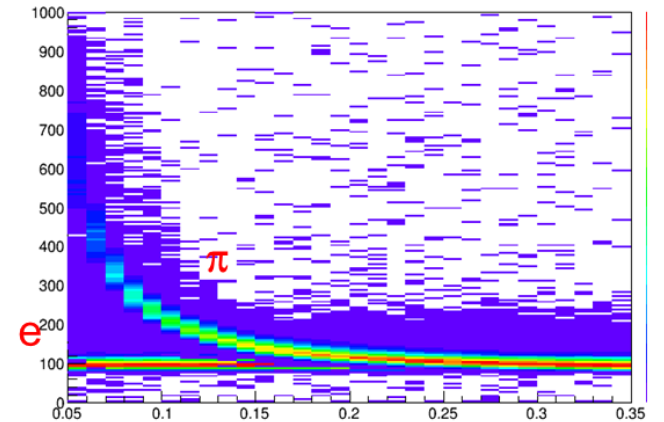
Dilelectron Measurements

Phase-II

— Large acceptance measurement of dielectrons and hadrons



dE/dx of SSDs



Precise measurement of low-mass dielectrons
➤ search for QCD-CP & CSC phase transition

Hypernuclear Spectrometer

Phase-II

- Closed geometry : Sweeping magnet and Collimator
- Interaction Rate : ~ 100 MHz
- Lifetime and Magnetic moment Search for new hypernuclei and strangelet

