

linear base fields from non-linear ones

$$E_7 \xrightarrow{\phi_{27}} E_6$$

$$56 = \begin{pmatrix} 1_3 \\ 27_1 \\ 27^*_{-1} \\ 1_{-3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xi_{56}(\phi_{27}) \begin{pmatrix} \psi_{56}(1) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \equiv \Psi_{56}(\phi_{27})$$

$$E_6 \xrightarrow{\phi_{16}} E_5$$

$$27 = \begin{pmatrix} 1_4 \\ 16_1 \\ 10_{-2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xi_{27}(\phi_{16}) \begin{pmatrix} \psi_{27}(1) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \equiv \Psi_{27}(\phi_{16})$$

$$E_5 \xrightarrow{\phi_{10}} E_4$$

$$16 = \begin{pmatrix} 1_5 \\ 10_1 \\ 5^*_{-3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xi_{16}(\phi_{10}) \begin{pmatrix} \psi_{16}(1) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \equiv \Psi_{16}(\phi_{10})$$

56's

$$\xi_{56}(\phi_{27}) \begin{pmatrix} \psi'_{56}(1) \\ \Psi_{27}(\phi_{16}) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \equiv \xi_{27}(\phi_{16}) \begin{pmatrix} \psi''_{27}(1) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xi_{56}(\phi_{27}) \begin{pmatrix} \psi''_{56}(1) \\ \xi_{27}(\phi_{16}) \begin{pmatrix} \psi'_{27}(1) \\ \Psi_{16}(\phi_{10}) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \equiv \xi_{16}(\phi_{10}) \begin{pmatrix} \psi_{16}(1) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Psi_3 \equiv \sum_{56} (\phi_{27}) \begin{pmatrix} \langle \psi_{56}(1) \rangle \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \phi_{27} \\ \phi_{27} \times \phi_{27} \\ (\phi_{27} \times \phi_{27}) \cdot \phi_{27} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 27 \\ \bar{27} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \langle \psi_{56}(1) \rangle$$

$$\Psi_2 \equiv \sum_{56} (\phi_{27}) \begin{pmatrix} \langle \psi'_{56}(1) \rangle = 0 \text{ 排斥子} \\ \sum_{27} (\phi_{16}) \begin{pmatrix} \langle \psi_{27}(1) \rangle \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \Phi_{27}(\phi_{16}) \\ \phi_{27} \times \Phi_{27}(\phi_{16}) \\ \phi_{27} \cdot (\phi_{27} \times \Phi_{27}(\phi_{16})) \end{pmatrix} \langle \psi_{27}(1) \rangle$$

$$\Psi_1 \equiv \sum_{56} (\phi_{27}) \begin{pmatrix} \langle \psi''_{56}(1) \rangle = 0 \\ \sum_{27} (\phi_{16}) \begin{pmatrix} \langle \psi'_{27}(1) \rangle = 0 \\ \sum_{16} (\phi_{10}) \begin{pmatrix} \langle \psi_{16}(1) \rangle \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \Phi_{27}(\phi_{16}, \phi_{10}) \\ \phi_{27} \times \Phi_{27}(\phi_{16}, \phi_{10}) \\ \phi_{27} \cdot (\phi_{27} \times \Phi_{27}(\phi_{16}, \phi_{10})) \end{pmatrix} \langle \psi_{16}(1) \rangle$$

where

$$\Phi_{27}(\phi_{16}) \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \phi_{16} \\ \phi_{16} \sigma_A \phi_{16} \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \dots 16 \\ \dots 10 \end{matrix} = \sum_{27} (\phi_{16}) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Phi_{16}(\phi_{10}) \equiv \sum_{16} (\phi_{10}) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \phi_{10} \\ \phi_{10} \times \phi_{10} \end{pmatrix} \dots 5^*$$

$$\Phi_{27}(\phi_{16}, \phi_{10}) = \sum_{27} (\phi_{16}) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \Phi_{16}(\phi_{10}) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \Phi_{16}(\phi_{10}) \\ \phi_{16} \sigma_A \Phi_{16}(\phi_{10}) \end{pmatrix}$$

Matter 5^* a ~~5~~ \rightarrow \leftarrow anomaly matching

$$\sum_{\phi_{10}} (\phi_{10}) \begin{pmatrix} 5^* \\ 0 \dots 5 \end{pmatrix} = 10(5^*) = \begin{pmatrix} 5^* \\ \phi_{10} \times 5^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Phi_{\bar{27}}(5^*) \equiv \sum_{\phi_{16}} (\phi_{16}) \begin{pmatrix} 10(5^*) \\ 0 \dots \bar{16} \\ 0 \dots 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 10(5^*) \\ \phi_{16} \times 10(5^*) \\ \phi_{16} \cdot 10(5^*) \phi_{16} \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{almost} \\ \dots \bar{27} \text{ "linear" basis} \\ h_{E_6}(\bar{3}, \phi_{27}) \end{matrix}$$

invariants

by contracting with $\Phi_{27}(\phi_{16}) \langle \psi_{27}(1) \rangle \supset \phi_{16} 10(5^*) \phi_{16}$

$\Phi_{\bar{27}}(5^*) \times \Phi_{27}(\phi_{16}, \phi_{10}) \langle \psi_{16}(1) \rangle \supset \phi_{16} 10(5^*) \Phi_{16}(\phi_{10})$

$L \times L$, ϕ_{27} & contract L^2 invariant is not possible!

& couple $\bar{27} \times 27$ is not possible!

$$\phi_{27} = 16 + (5 + 5^*) + 1$$

↑ 27 is $\bar{3}$ & 10 & 1 massive
is not possible.

ϕ_{27} 中 5
 anomaly matching 5^*) \in Higgs $=$ 可成否?
 \Rightarrow 無理.

(\therefore) ϕ_{27} と couple 可成否 (可成)

ϕ_{27} 中 $5 + 5^*$ は 対等に出る?

$-$ 方 \in matter, $-$ 方 \in Higgs には 可成否

(R-parity \in assign 可成)

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$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 27 \\ \bar{27} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 27 \\ \bar{27} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 27 \times 27$$

$$27^3 = 1 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 + 16 \cdot 16$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 5^* & & (10 \cdot 5 \cdot 10 \\
 & & 10 \cdot 5^* \cdot 5^*)
 \end{array}$$

56. Φ_{133} 56

$$\Phi_{133} = \begin{pmatrix} \Phi_{\bar{27}, 2} \\ \Phi_{1+78, 0} \\ \Phi_{27, -2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \underline{13} \\ \underline{27_1} \\ \bar{27}_{-1} \\ 1-3 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \Phi_{\bar{27}} \cdot 27_1 + \Phi_1 \cdot 13 \\ \Phi_{\bar{27}} \times \bar{27}_{-1} + \Phi_{1+78} \cdot 27_1 \\ \Phi_{27} \times 27_1 + \Phi_{1+78} \bar{27}_{-1} \\ \Phi_{\bar{27}} \cdot \bar{27}_{-1} + \Phi_1 \cdot 1-3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\bar{27} \sim 27^2$$

$$\sim \times \sim \\ \bigcirc \times \bigcirc$$

$$27 \cdot \Phi_{27} \cdot 27$$

Yukawa term

$$\Phi_3 \propto \langle \psi_{56}(1) \rangle$$

$$\Phi_2 \propto \langle \psi_{27}(1) \rangle$$

$$\Phi_1 \propto \langle \psi_{16}(1) \rangle$$

Higgs
 Φ_{133} must be linear

If Φ_{133} made from non-linear one

$$\Phi_{\bar{27}}(5^*) = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_{16}(5^*) \\ \phi_{16} \times \psi_{16}(5^*) \\ \phi_{16} \psi_{16}(5^*) \phi_{16} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi_{133}(5^*) &= \sum_{133}(\phi_{27}) \begin{pmatrix} \Phi_{\bar{27}}(5^*) & \bar{27} \\ 0 & 1+78 \\ 0 & 27 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \Phi_{\bar{27}} \\ \phi_{27} \times \Phi_{\bar{27}} (1+78) \\ (\phi_{27} \times \phi_{27}) \times \Phi_{\bar{27}} \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \Phi_{27} \end{aligned}$$

the above interaction is NOT Yukawa interaction:

$$27 \cdot \Phi_{27} \cdot 27 = 27^4 \cdot \bar{27} \\ \downarrow \\ \Phi_{27}^2 \cdot \Phi_{\bar{27}}$$