

Walking Technihadrons at the LHC

Shinya Matsuzaki

Institute for Advanced Research &
Department of Physics, Nagoya U.

Collaborators:

M.Kurachi, K.Yamawaki (KMI, Nagoya U)

K.Terashi (Tokyo U) (involving works in progress)

References:

S.M. and K. Yamawaki, PRD85, 86, 86 ('12),
PRD87, PLB719, 1304.4882 ('13), 1403.0467, 1404.3048
and works in progress

Contents

1. Introduction

- walking technicolor (WTC)
and technidilaton (TD)

2. TD as the LHC Higgs boson

- coupling properties,
consistency with current status

3. Walking technipions and technirho mesons

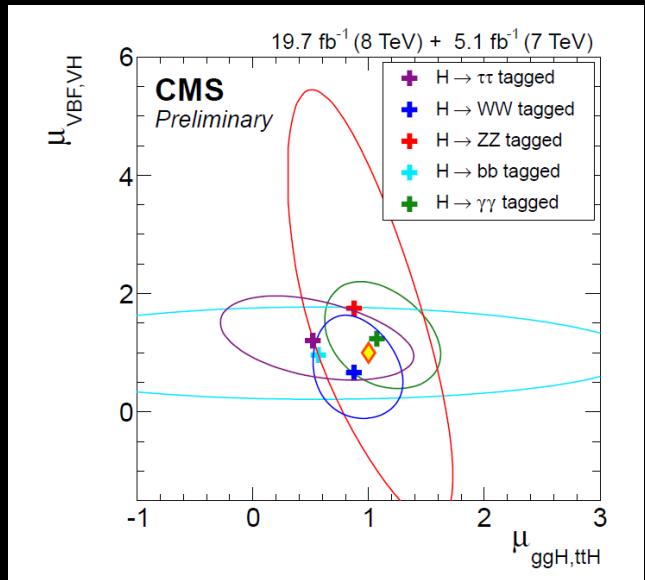
- current LHC limits and discovery channels

4. Summary

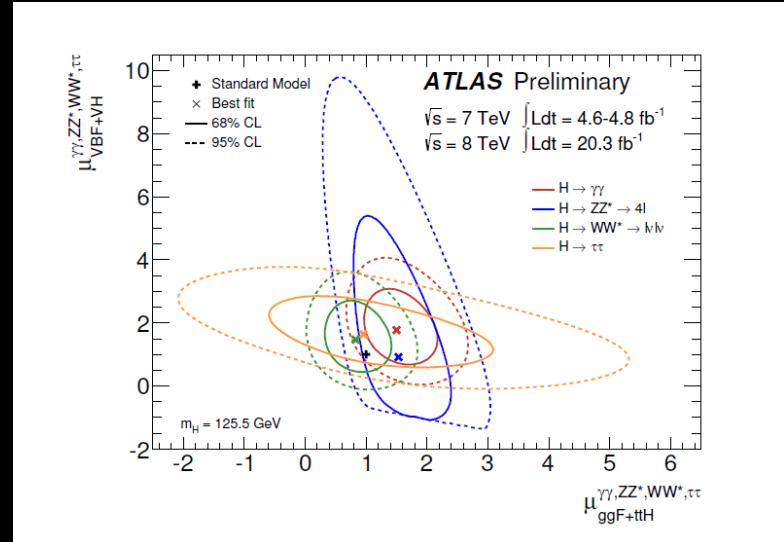
1. Introduction

Current status on 125 GeV Higgs discovered at LHC

CMS-PAS-HIG-14-009



ATLAS-CONF-2014-009



- * measured coupling properties
consistent w/ the SM Higgs so far
- * BUT, is it really the SM Higgs?
 - origin of mass put in by hand?
 - unnatural elementary Higgs?

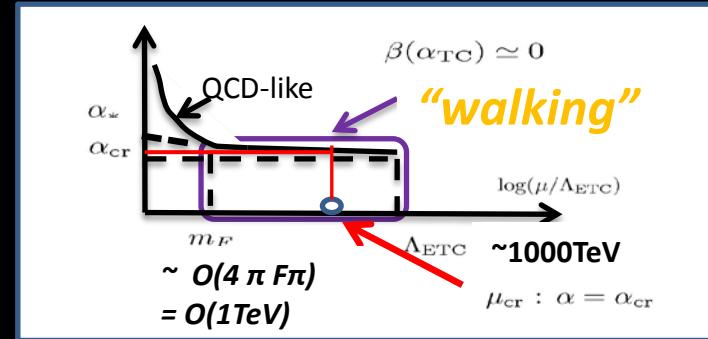
It could be a composite scalar, “Technidilaton (TD)”

Yamawaki et al ('86); Bando et al ('86)

* TD = a composite scalar:

-- predicted in walking technicolor (WTC)
giving dynamical origin of mass by technifermion condensate

-- arises as a pNGB for SSB of
(approximate) scale symmetry
technifermion condensate



-- lightness protected by the scale symmetry
and hence can be, say, $\sim 125\text{ GeV}$.

LatKMI Collaboration, PRD89('14)
S.M. and K.Yamawaki, PRD86 ('12)

* **125 GeV TD signatures at LHC are consistent with current data**

S.M. and K. Yamawaki, PRD85,86 ('12), PLB719 ('13);
S.M. 1304.4882; S.M. talk at SCGT14mini ('14)

- * Walking TC can be viable, solve problems by which QCD-like TC was killed:

- FCNC

$$m_{q,l} \ll m_{q,l}^{(\text{exp})}$$



Walking TC

$$\gamma_m \simeq 1$$

Yamawaki,Bando,
Matumoto ('86)

- S,T,U parameters

$$S/(N_{\text{TC}} N_D) \sim S_{\text{QCD}} \sim 0.3$$

$$S^{(\text{exp})} < 0.1$$



(Holographic)
Walking TC
[or ETC effects]

Haba, Matsuzaki,
Yamawaki ('08,'10,)

- 125 GeV Higgs

$$125 \text{ GeV} \ll \Lambda_{\text{TC}} = \mathcal{O}(\text{TeV})$$



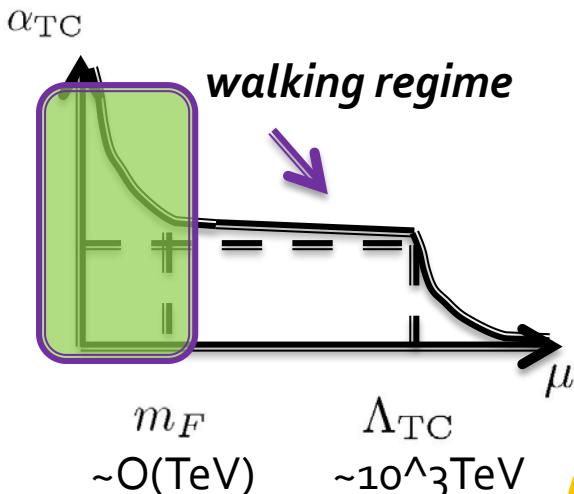
Walking TC
scale inv.

Matsuzaki,
Yamawaki ('12,'13)



TD phenomenological Lagrangian

S.M. and K. Yamawaki, PRD86 (2012)



- * effective theory below mF after TF decoupled/integrated out & confinement:
governed by TD and other light TC hadrons (technipions, technirho)

- * Nonlinear realization of scale and chiral symmetries

Nonlinear base χ for scale sym. w/ TD field Φ

$$\chi = e^{\phi/F_\phi}, \quad \delta\chi = (1 + x^\nu \partial_\nu)\chi$$

TD decay constant $F_\Phi \quad \delta\phi = F_\phi + x^\nu \partial_\nu \phi$

Nonlinear base U for chiral sym. w/ TC pion field π

$$U = e^{2i\pi/F_\pi} \quad \delta U = x^\nu \partial_\nu U$$

eff. TD Lagrangian $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{inv}} + \mathcal{L}_S - V_\chi$

i) The scale anomaly-free part:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{inv}} = \frac{F_\pi^2}{4} \chi^2 \text{Tr}[\mathcal{D}_\mu U^\dagger \mathcal{D}^\mu U] + \frac{F_\phi^2}{2} \partial_\mu \chi \partial^\mu \chi$$

ii) The anomalous part (made invariant by including spurion field "S"):

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_S = & -m_f \left(\left(\frac{\chi}{S} \right)^{2-\gamma_m} \cdot \chi \right) \bar{f} f \\ & + \log \left(\frac{\chi}{S} \right) \left\{ \frac{\beta_F(g_s)}{2g_s} G_{\mu\nu}^2 + \frac{\beta_F(e)}{2e} F_{\mu\nu}^2 \right\} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

reflecting ETC-induced
TF 4-fermi w/ (3-γm)

iii) The scale anomaly part:

β_F : TF-loop contribution
to beta function

$$V_\chi = \frac{F_\phi^2 M_\phi^2}{4} \chi^4 \left(\log \chi - \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

which correctly reproduces the scale anomaly in the underlying WTC

$$\langle \theta_\mu^\mu \rangle = -\delta_D V_\chi \Big|_{\text{vacuum}} = -\frac{F_\phi^2 M_\phi^2}{4} \langle \chi^4 \rangle \Big|_{\text{vacuum}} = -\frac{F_\phi^2 M_\phi^2}{4}$$

TD couplings to the SM particles

- * TD couplings to W/Z boson (from L_inv)

$$g_{\phi WW/ZZ} = \frac{2m_{W/Z}^2}{F_\phi}$$

- * TD couplings to $\gamma\gamma$ and gg (from L_S)

The same form as
SM Higgs couplings
except F_ϕ and betas

$$g_{\phi\gamma\gamma} = \frac{\beta_F(e)}{e} \frac{1}{F_\phi}$$

$$g_{\phi gg} = \frac{\beta_F(g_s)}{g_s} \frac{1}{F_\phi}$$

β_F : TF-loop contribution
to beta function

- * TD couplings to SM fermions

$$-\frac{(3 - \gamma_m)m_f}{F_\phi} \phi \bar{f} f$$

- * $\gamma_m \simeq 1$

in WTC to get realitic masses w/o FCNC concerning 1st and 2nd generations

$$\frac{g_{\phi ff}}{g_{h_{\text{SM}} ff}} = \mathbf{2} \frac{v_{\text{EW}}}{F_\phi}$$

- * : $\gamma_m \simeq 2$, Miransky et al (1989); Matsumoto (1989); Appelquist et al (1989)

in Strong ETC to accommodate masses of the 3rd generations (t, b, tau)

$$\frac{g_{\phi ff}}{g_{h_{\text{SM}} ff}} = \mathbf{1} \frac{v_{\text{EW}}}{F_\phi}$$

Thus, the TD couplings to SM particles essentially take the same form as those of the SM Higgs! :

Just a simple scaling from the SM Higgs:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{g_{\phi WW/ZZ}}{g_{h_{\text{SM}}WW/ZZ}} &= \frac{v_{\text{EW}}}{F_\phi}, \\ \frac{g_{\phi ff}}{g_{h_{\text{SM}}ff}} &= \frac{v_{\text{EW}}}{F_\phi}, \quad \text{for } f = t, b, \tau.\end{aligned}$$

But, note ϕ -gg, ϕ - $\gamma\gamma$ depending on particle contents of WTC models.

β_F : TF-loop contribution
to beta function

$$\mathcal{L}_{\phi\gamma\gamma, gg} = \frac{\phi}{F_\phi} \left[\frac{\beta_F(e)}{e^3} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + \frac{\beta_F(g_s)}{2g_s^3} G_{\mu\nu}^2 \right]$$

Thus, the TD couplings to SM particles essentially take the same form as those of the SM Higgs! :

Just a simple scaling from the SM Higgs:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{g_{\phi WW/ZZ}}{g_{h_{\text{SM}}WW/ZZ}} &= \frac{v_{\text{EW}}}{F_\phi}, \\ \frac{g_{\phi ff}}{g_{h_{\text{SM}}ff}} &= \frac{v_{\text{EW}}}{F_\phi}, \quad \text{for } f = t, b, \tau.\end{aligned}$$

But, note ϕ -gg, ϕ - $\gamma\gamma$ depending on particle contents of WTC models.

β_F : TF-loop contribution to beta function

$$\mathcal{L}_{\phi\gamma\gamma, gg} = \frac{\phi}{F_\phi} \left[\frac{\beta_F(e)}{e^3} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + \frac{\beta_F(g_s)}{2g_s^3} G_{\mu\nu}^2 \right]$$

* *relevant production processes at LHC*

similar to SM Higgs:

ggF , VBF, VH, ttH

* *relevant decay channels*
(for $N_{TC}=4$)

| BR | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| $\Phi \rightarrow gg$ | : <u>$\sim 75\%$</u> |
| $\Phi \rightarrow bb$ | : $\sim 19\%$ |
| $\Phi \rightarrow WW$ | : $\sim 3.5\%$ |
| $\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ | : $\sim 1.1\%$ |
| $\Phi \rightarrow ZZ$ | : $\sim 0.4\%$ |
| $\Phi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ | : $\sim 0.1\%$ |

*enhanced by extra
colored
techni-quark
contribution*

★ The signal strength fit to

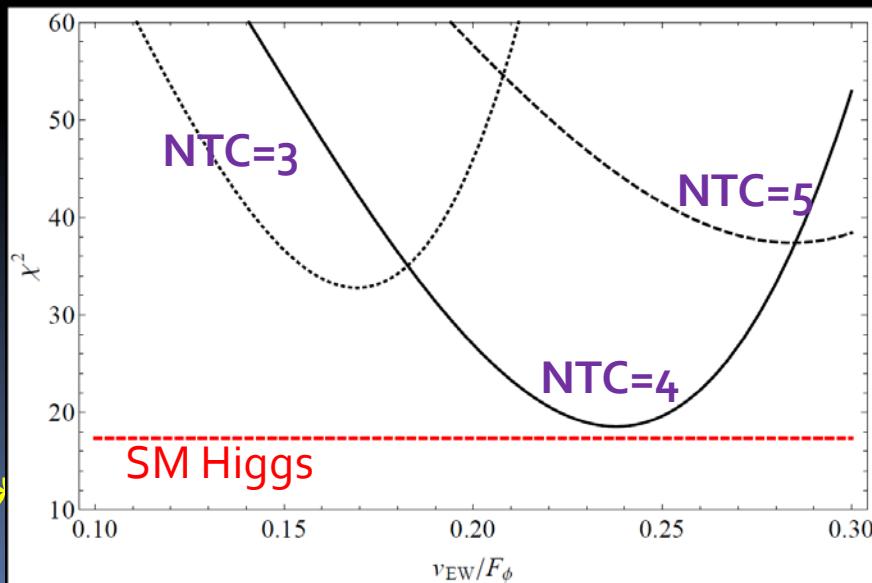
Updated from S.M. and Yamawaki
PLB719(2013)

the LHC-Run I full data

One-parameter fit (F_ϕ)

| N_{TC} | $[v_{EW}/F_\phi]_{best}$ | $\chi^2 \text{ min /d.o.f.}$ |
|----------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 3 | 0.28 | $37/17 = 2.2$ |
| 4 | 0.24 | $19/17 = 1.1$ |
| 5 | 0.17 | $33/17 = 1.9$ |

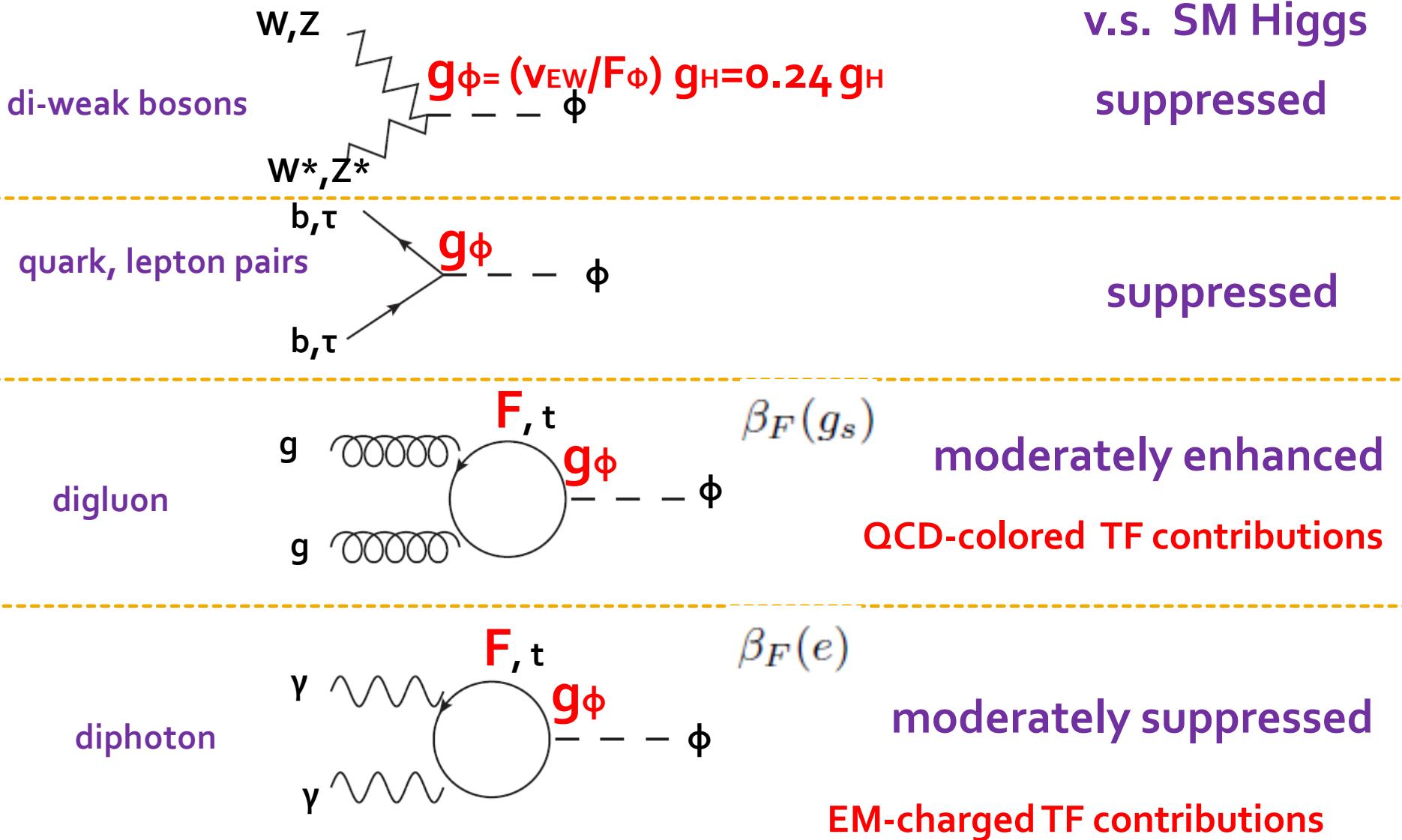
$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i \in \text{events}} \left(\frac{\mu_i - \mu_i^{\text{exp}}}{\sigma_i} \right)^2$$



Compared w/ SM Higgs
 $\chi^2/\text{d.o.f} = 17/18 = 1.0$

Current LHC has favored TD
at almost the same level as
SM Higgs!

Characteristic coupling property of ★ 125 GeV TD in 1FM (w/ $N_{TC}=4$) at the LHC



★ The TD signal strengths ($\mu = \sigma \times BR/SM$ Higgs) vs. the current data (i)

(i) ggF+ttH category

* Data as of ICHEP2014

| TD signal strength | ATLAS | CMS |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| $\mu_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{ggF+ttH}} \simeq 1.6$ | 1.6 ± 0.25 | 1.13 ± 0.35 |
| $\mu_{ZZ}^{\text{ggF+ttH}} \simeq 1.1$ | 1.8 ± 0.35 | 0.83 ± 0.28 |
| $\mu_{WW}^{\text{ggF+ttH}} \simeq 1.1$ | 0.82 ± 0.36 | 0.72 ± 0.37 |
| $\mu_{\tau\tau}^{\text{ggF+ttH}} \simeq 1.1$ | 1.1 ± 1.2 | 1.1 ± 0.46 |

* one-family model w/ NTC=4, $v_{EW}/F_\phi = 0.24$

★ The TD signal strengths ($\mu = \sigma \times BR/SM$ Higgs) vs the current data (ii)

(ii) VBF + VH category

* Data as of ICHEP2014

| TD signal strength | ATLAS | CMS |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| $\mu_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{VBF+VH}} \simeq 0.9$ | 1.7 ± 0.63 | 1.16 ± 0.59 |
| $\mu_{ZZ}^{\text{VBF+VH}} \simeq 0.7$ | 1.2 ± 1.3 | 1.45 ± 0.76 |
| $\mu_{WW}^{\text{VBF+VH}} \simeq 0.7$ | 1.7 ± 0.79 | 0.62 ± 0.53 |
| $\mu_{\tau\tau}^{\text{VBF+VH}} \simeq 0.7$ | 1.6 ± 0.75 | 0.94 ± 0.41 |
| $\mu_{bb}^{\text{VBF+VH}} \simeq 0.03$ | 0.20 ± 0.64 | 1.0 ± 0.50 |

* Consistent within about 1 sigma error

* VBF: ~ 30% contamination from ggF, compensating direct VBF coupling suppression:
 $gg \rightarrow \Phi + gg$ highly enhanced compared to SM Higgs case!

* Smaller VBF+VH signal (particularly, bb-channel), compared to the SM Higgs

SM Higgs, or TD?

-- Conclusive answer needs high statistic LHC-Run II !

*What do we expect next to
discovery of the “Higgs”?*

New particles signaling the WTC as BSM

= > Walking techni-pions
& techni-vector mesons
(technirho mesons) !

= smoking-gun of WTC

3. Walking technipions and technirho mesons

* one-family (Farhi-Susskind) model w/ $SU(8)_L \times SU(8)_R \rightarrow SU(8)_V$

| TF_{EW} | $SU(3)_c$ | $SU(2)_L$ | $U(1)_Y$ |
|--|-----------|-----------|----------|
| $Q_L = \begin{pmatrix} U \\ D \end{pmatrix}_L$ | 3 | 2 | 1/6 |
| $L_L = \begin{pmatrix} N \\ E \end{pmatrix}_L$ | 1 | 2 | -1/2 |
| U_R | 3 | 1 | 2/3 |
| D_R | 3 | 1 | -1/3 |
| N_R | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| E_R | 1 | 1 | -1 |

can be “walking” : suggested
by LatKMI collaboration ,
[PRD87 ('13), 1309.0711]
and can have a light TD [1403.500]

* By TF condensation, 63 NGBs emerge: 3 = eaten by W,Z

Coupling properties fixed by

$SU(8)_L \times SU(8)_R /SU(8)_V$, scale-inv. chiral Lagrangian

60 = *pseudos, Technipions*

Get masses
due to EW and ETC gauges

pNGB masses are of $O(\text{TeV})$, due to the walking feature

J. Jia, S.M. and K. Yamawaki, PRD86 ('12)

M.Kurachi, S.M. and K. Yamawaki, 1403.0467

* Current LHC limits on 60 technipions

M.Kurachi, S.M. and K. Yamawaki, 1403.0467

| techni-pion | color | isospin | current |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|---|
| θ_a^i | octet | triplet | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{Q} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 \lambda_a \tau^i Q$ |
| θ_a | octet | singlet | $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \bar{Q} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 \lambda_a Q$ |
| $T_c^i (\bar{T}_c^i)$ | triplet | triplet | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{Q}_c \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 \tau^i L$ (h.c.) |
| $T_c (\bar{T}_c)$ | triplet | singlet | $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \bar{Q}_c \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 L$ (h.c.) |
| P^i | singlet | triplet | $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} (\bar{Q} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 \tau^i Q - 3 \bar{L} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 \tau^i L)$ |
| P^0 | singlet | singlet | $\frac{1}{4\sqrt{3}} (\bar{Q} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 Q - 3 \bar{L} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 L)$ |

Most stringent constraints from

$pp \rightarrow ggF \rightarrow$ isosinglet technipions $\rightarrow tt$
 and scalar leptoquark search for color-triplet T_c

exclude TP w/ masses $\begin{cases} \text{color-octet } (\theta_a) & < 1.5 - 1.6 \text{ TeV} \\ \text{color-triplet } (T_c) & < 1.0 - 1.1 \text{ TeV} \\ \text{color-singlet } (P) & < 800 \text{ GeV} \end{cases}$

depending on # of N_{tc} and size of $S^a(TC)$ (for details, see 1403.0467)

* *Search for walking techni-rho mesons @ LHC*

M.Kurachi, S.M. and K. Yamawaki, 1404.3048

M.Kurachi, S.M., K.Terashi and K.Yamawaki, work in progress

63 vector mesons in a way similar to TPs

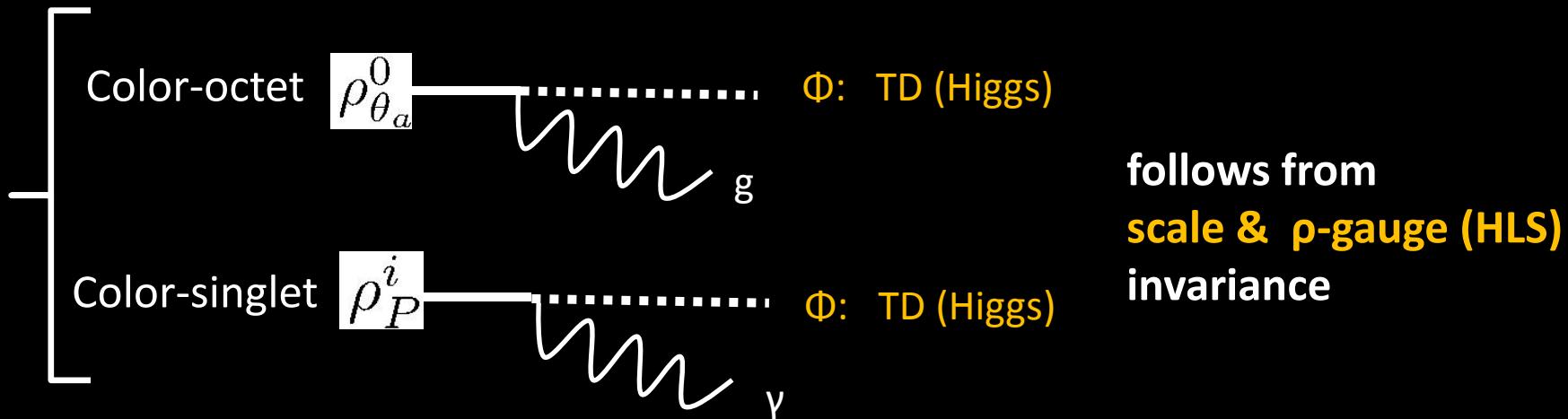
| Techni-rho meson | | color | | isopin |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------|--|---------|
| $\rho_{\theta_a}^i$ | | octet | | triplet |
| $\rho_{\theta_a}^0$ | | octet | | singlet |
| $\rho_{T_c}^i (\bar{\rho}_{T_c}^i)$ | | triplet | | triplet |
| $\rho_{T_c}^0 (\bar{\rho}_{T_c}^0)$ | | triplet | | triplet |
| ρ_P^i | | singlet | | triplet |
| ρ_P^0 | | singlet | | singlet |
| ρ_{Π}^i | | singlet | | triplet |

Coupling properties fixed by
 $[SU(8)_L \times SU(8)_R \times [SU(8)_V]_{HLS}] / SU(8)_V$
 scale-inv. Hidden Local Symmetry (HLS) Lagrangian

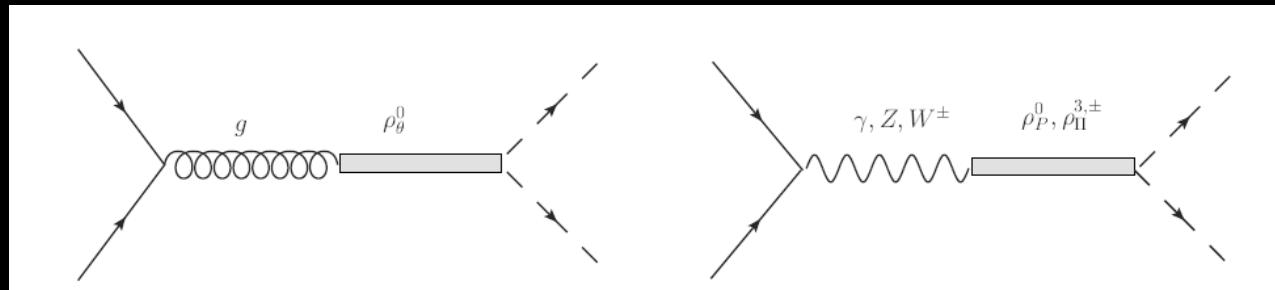
Refs. for HLS

Bando, et al. PRL54 ('85);
 Bando, et al, NPB259 ('85);
 Bando, et al, PTP79 ('88);
 Bando, et al, PR164 ('88)

- * Relevant couplings: $\rho - f-f$, $\rho - \pi - W/Z$, $\rho - W - W/Z$ and interesting interactions involving TD (Higgs):



- * Dominant production process @ LHC => Drell-Yan

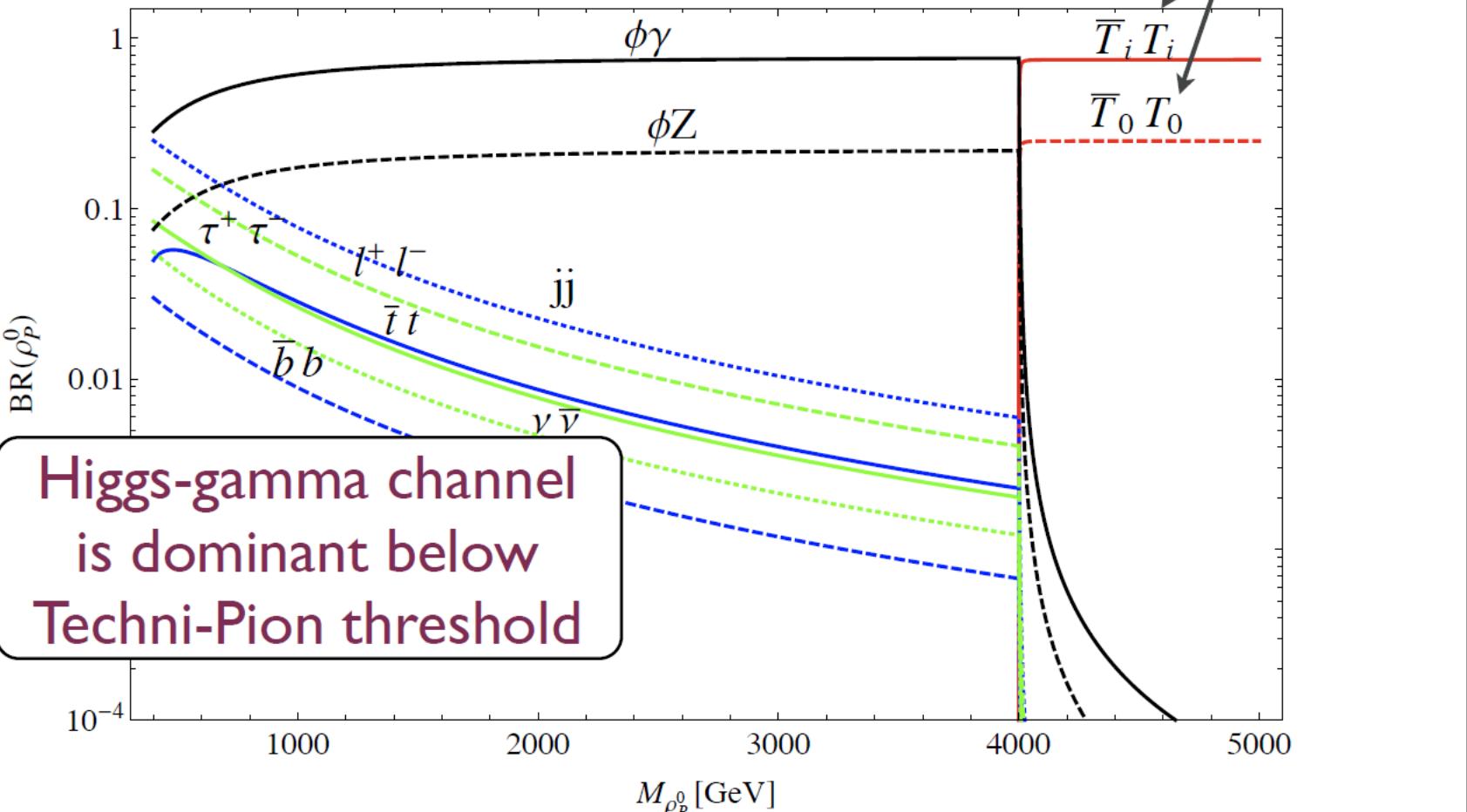


model parameters fixed:

VMD, $F_\pi = v_{EW}/2$, $F_\Phi \sim 1.1 \text{TeV}$ (best-fit); varying M_ρ

ρ_P^0

Color-singlet Iso-singlet

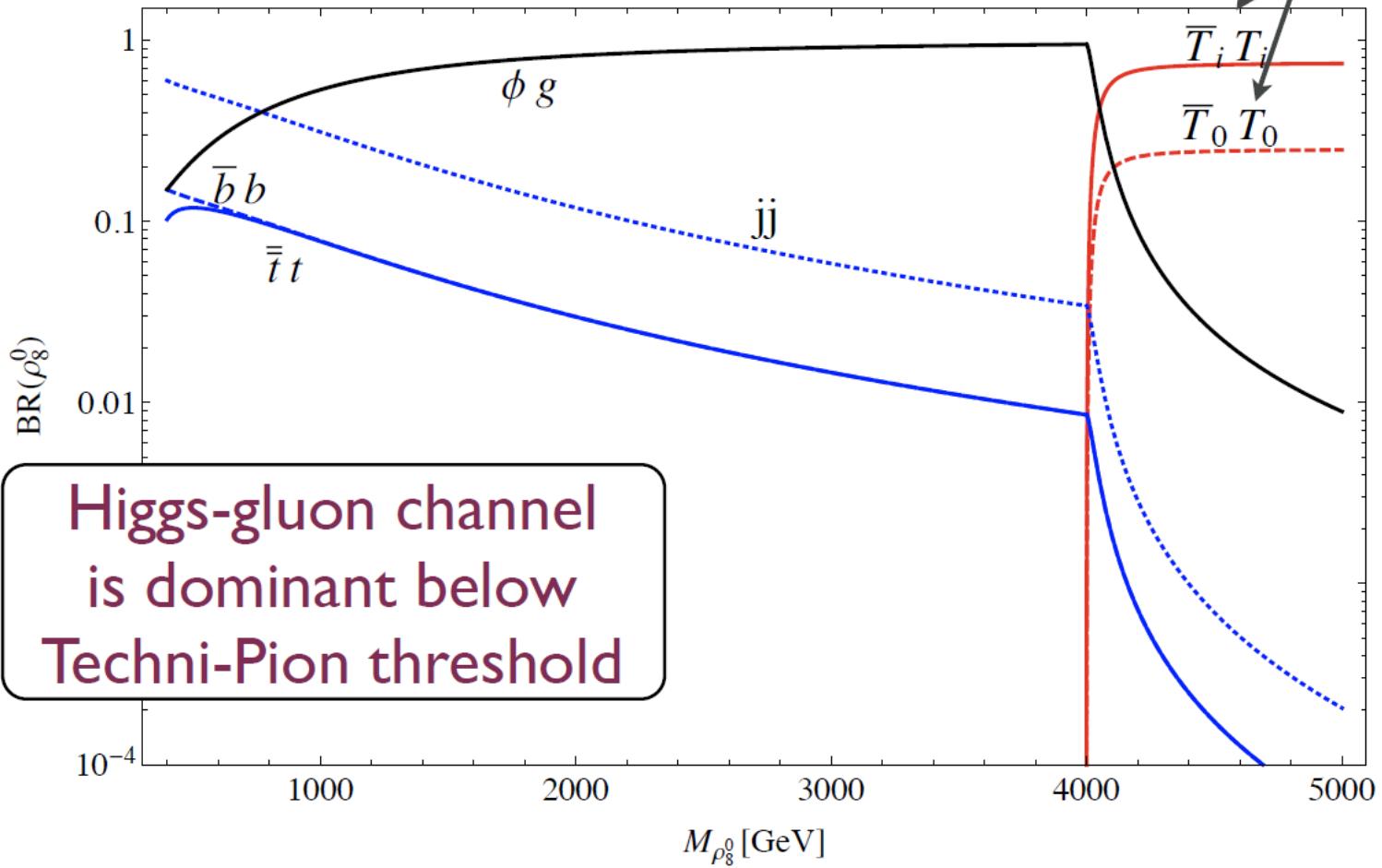
Branching ratio

$\rho_{\theta_a}^0$

Color-octet Iso-singlet

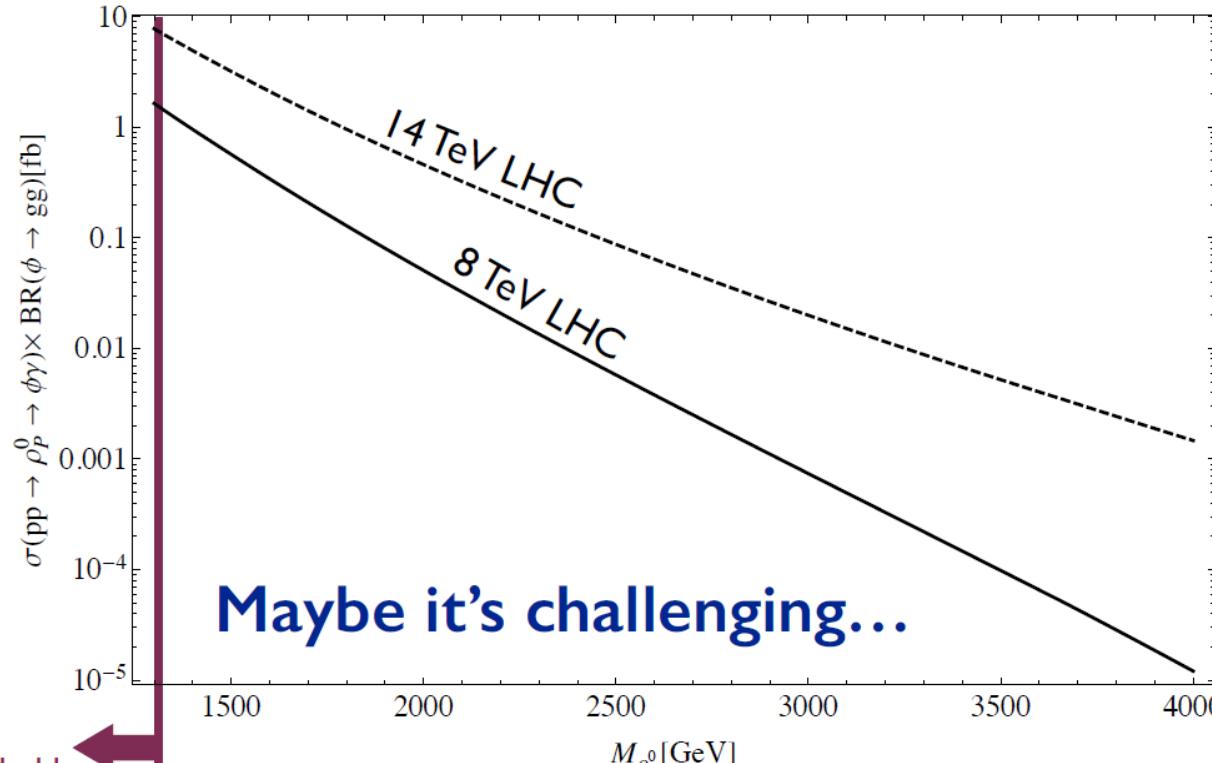
Branching ratio

Color-triplet
Techni-Pions
 $(M_T = 2 \text{ TeV})$



ρ_P^0 **Color-singlet Iso-singlet** $\sim 75\%$

$$\underline{\sigma(pp \rightarrow \rho_P^0 \rightarrow \phi \gamma) \times \text{BR}(\phi \rightarrow \tilde{g}g)}$$

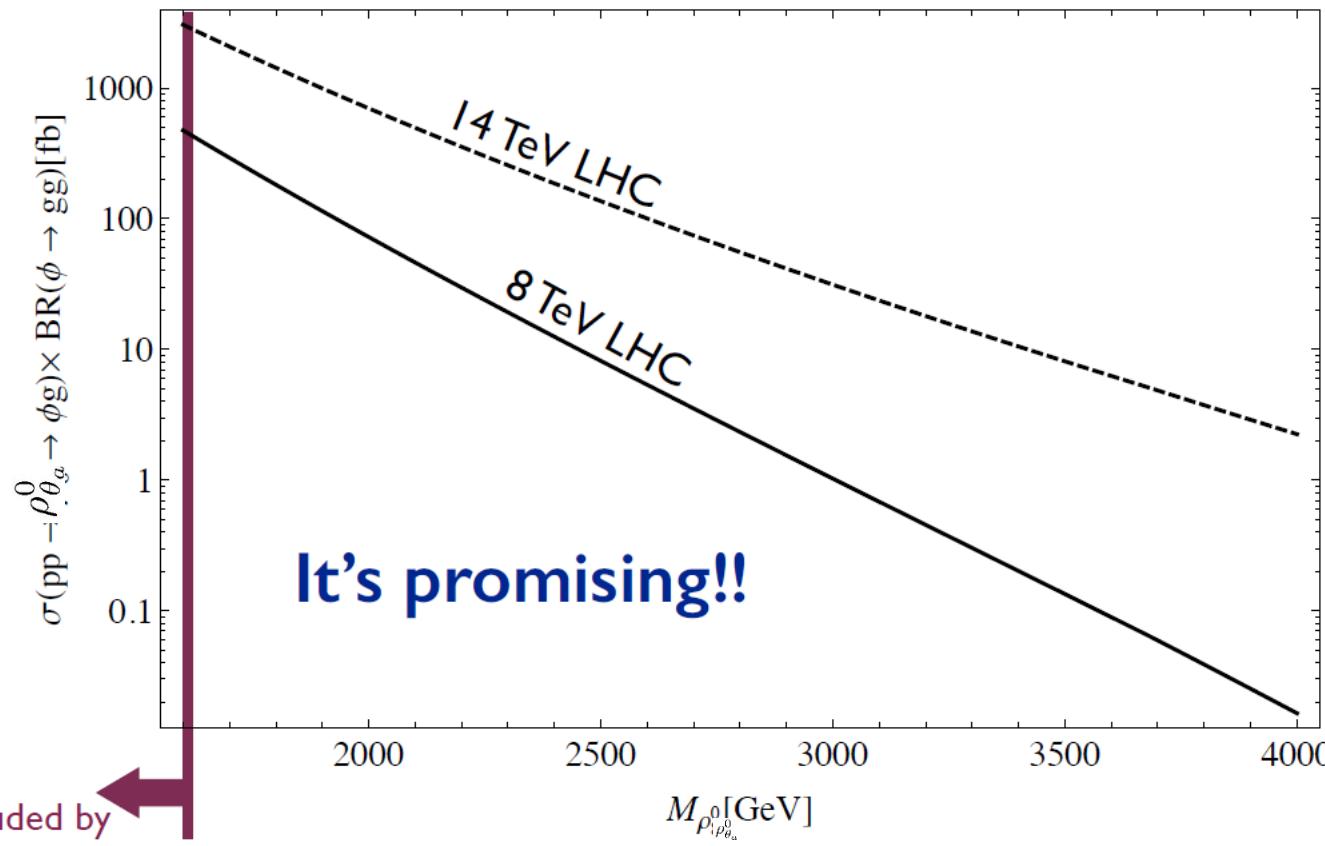


$\rho_{\theta_a}^0$

Color-octet Iso-singlet

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow \rho_{\theta_a}^0 \rightarrow \phi g) \times \text{BR}(\phi \rightarrow \tilde{g}g)$$

75%



Color-Octet $\rho_8 \rightarrow g + \Phi$

Color-octet technirho : $\rho_8 \rightarrow g + \Phi (\Phi \rightarrow gg)$

$m_{\rho_8} \lesssim 1.6$ TeV excluded by 8 TeV dijet resonance search
 → $m_{\rho_8} = 1.7, 2.0$ and 2.3 TeV chosen as benchmark points

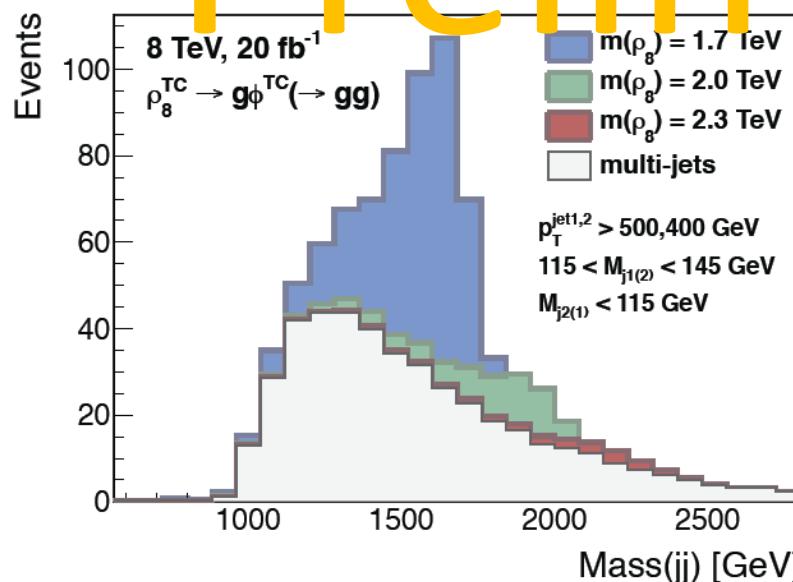
| | $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| m_{ρ_8} [TeV] | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.3 |
| $\sigma \cdot BR$ [fb] | ~ 300 | ~ 70 | ~ 20 |

Event Selection :

- ≥ 2 jets $p_T > 500, 400$ GeV
- Either one of them = $115 < m_{jet} < 145$ GeV, other jet = $m_{jet} < 115$ GeV

Considered Backgrounds : multi-jets (PYTHIA)

Cut and count in a sliding M_{jj} window



| m_{ρ_8} [TeV] | M_{jj} [TeV] | S | S/\sqrt{B} |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|
| 2.0 | 1.7-2.0 | 45 | 5.3 |
| 2.3 | 2.1-2.3 | 8 (46) | 1.5 (4.3) |

($\sqrt{s} = 14$ TeV, 10 fb^{-1})

→ Promising channel to probe the model

3. Summary

- Walking TC is viable for LHC-run II, in searching for BSM
- 125 GeV Higgs = could be the Technidilaton (\rightarrow LHC Run II)
- Probing the WTC is argent task, promising via smoking-gun: technipion & techni-vectors, masses of order of just reach for upcoming Run II in particular, processes involving TD intrinsic to WTC!

Stay tune with WTC!!

Thank you very much!