Band spectrum is D-brane

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collaboration with K. Hashimoto (Osaka) [arXiv:1509.04676]

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What's this?



D-brane

• characterized by topological number

• ex.) (integer) quantum Hall effect

$$\sigma_{\mathsf{H}} = \nu \frac{e^2}{h} \qquad \nu \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Wavefunction topology

• ex.) Massive Dirac fermion in d = 2 (d = 2 IQHE)

$$\mathcal{H}(p) = \left(\begin{array}{cc} m & p_x - ip_y \\ p_x + ip_y & -m \end{array}\right)$$

• Topological #: the base (*p*-space) to the Hilbert space

$$\nu = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} dp \, \mathcal{F} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sgn}(m) \qquad \mathsf{w}/ \quad \vec{\mathcal{A}} = \psi^{\dagger} i \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{p}} \psi$$

• Topology change: $\Delta \nu = \pm 1$ at m = 0

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Wavefunction topology

• ex.) Massive Dirac fermion in d = 4 (d = 4 IQHE)

$$\mathcal{H}(p) = \left(\begin{array}{cc} m & p \cdot \bar{\sigma} \\ p \cdot \sigma & -m \end{array}\right)$$

• Topological #: the base (*p*-space) to the Hilbert space

$$\nu = \frac{1}{8\pi^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^4} dp \, \operatorname{tr} \mathcal{F}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sgn}(m) \qquad \mathsf{w}/\quad \vec{\mathcal{A}} = \psi^{\dagger} i \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{p}} \psi$$

• Topology change: $\Delta \nu = \pm 1$ at m = 0

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• Topological solitons in momentum space

$$\nu = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} \mathcal{F} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{1}{8\pi^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^4} \operatorname{tr} \mathcal{F}^2$$

Nahm & ADHM construction



Nahm construction of monopole

• "Dirac eq":
$$\nabla^{\dagger} v(\xi) = 0$$
 w/ $\nabla^{\dagger} = i \frac{d}{d\xi} + i \sigma_i \left(x^i - T^i(\xi) \right)$

• Nahm eq:
$$rac{d}{d\xi}T_i=i\epsilon_{ijk}T^jT^k$$

• BPS monopole:
$$\partial_i \Phi(x) = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{ijk} F^{jk}(x)$$

where

$$\Phi(x) = \int d\xi \, v^{\dagger} \xi v \qquad A_i(x) = \int d\xi \, v^{\dagger} i \frac{d}{dx_i} v$$

Schrödinger eq = "Dirac eq"

• Schrödinger eq in d=2

$$\left[i\frac{\partial}{\partial t} - \mathcal{H}(p)\right]v(t) = 0 \qquad (\text{Wick rotation: } it = \xi)$$

• Correspondence:
$$(x_1, x_2, x_3) \leftrightarrow (p_1, p_2, m)$$

• Magnetic flux

$$1 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int d\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{B} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int d^2 p F_{12} \bigg|_{m>0} - \frac{1}{2\pi} \int d^2 p F_{12} \bigg|_{m<0}$$

The role of Φ

•
$$\nabla^{\dagger}v = 0$$
 & $\nabla^{\dagger} \sim \frac{\partial}{\partial\xi} \pm \epsilon$ (eigen eq: $\mathcal{H}(p)v = \epsilon(p)v$)
• $\Phi = \int d\xi v^{\dagger}\xi v \sim \pm \frac{1}{\epsilon}$ $\left(\epsilon(p) = \sqrt{\vec{p}^2 + m^2}\right)$

• D1-D3 brane system



Band spectrum = **D**-brane

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Summary

- Topological number from electron wavefunction
- Topological charge in momentum space
- Topological soliton in momentum space
- Nahm's Φ : **D-brane shape** & **band spectrum**



Generalizations



Edge state

- Topology changes at the boundary
- 2 Mass flips at the boundary
- Operation Operation Operation Operation



Edge state

• Mass profile: $m(x_1) = \theta x_1$

• Hamiltonian: $\mathcal{H} = p_1\sigma_2 + p_2\sigma_3 + m(x_1)\sigma_1$

$$\longrightarrow \quad \mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} p_2 & \sqrt{2\theta} \, \hat{a}^{\dagger} \\ \sqrt{2\theta} \, \hat{a} & -p_2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \hat{a} = \frac{1}{2\theta} \left(\theta x_1 + i p_1 \right)$$

 θ is...

- noncommutativity: $[x_1, x_3] = -i\theta$ $(x_1, x_3) \leftrightarrow (p_1, m)$
- magnetic field: $\theta = B$

Nahm construction in noncommutative space

• Nahm eq in noncomm sp:

$$\frac{d}{d\xi}T_i = i\epsilon_{ijk}T^jT^k - \theta\,\delta_{i2}$$

• Dirac eq:

$$\left[\frac{d}{d\xi} + \theta\xi\sigma_2 + \sigma_i x^i\right]v = 0$$

 ${\, \bullet \,}$ Nahm's Φ and band spectrum as D1-brane



Generalization: additional symmetry

• Time-reversal symmetry: $\Theta = -i\sigma_2 \otimes K$

$$\Theta \mathcal{H}(p)\Theta = \mathcal{H}(-p)$$

- Topological classification: QHE $(\mathbb{Z}) \longrightarrow$ QSHE (\mathbb{Z}_2)
- Band spectrum and D1-brane



helical edge state



D1-brane w/ orientifold

Summary & discussion

- Topology of electron & soliton in momentum space
- Nahm's Φ : **D-brane shape & band spectrum**

- Another construction of topological system [Ryu-Takayanagi]
- Non-perturbative study of D-brane to cond-mat physics

Band spectrum is D-brane!



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