

Quantum Mirror Map

for

Del Pezzo Geometries

arXiv:190?.?????

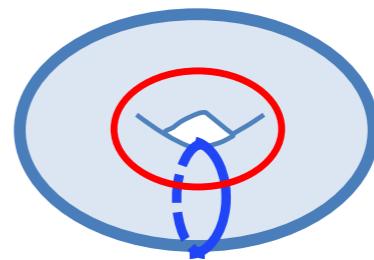
Yuji Sugimoto

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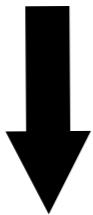
with Sanefumi Moriyama (Osaka City Univ.)
Tomohiro Furukawa

Susy. Gauge Theory

encoded in algebraic curve



A-period



Mirror Map $\Pi_A(z) \sim c_1 z + c_2 z + \dots$
redefining the variables

not well studied

B-period

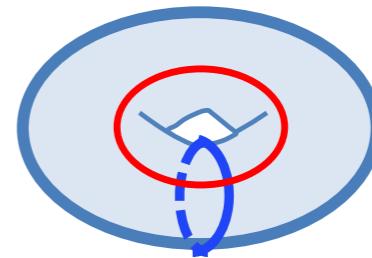


Free energy relating to
BPS indices

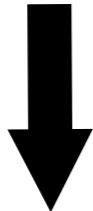
well studied

Susy. Gauge Theory

encoded in algebraic curve



A-period



We need this to obtain physical quantities and reach important results.

Mirror Map $\Pi_A(z) \sim c_1 z + c_2 z + \dots$

redefining the variables

not well studied

ABJM theory ($U(N)_k \times U(N)_{-k}$)

[Aharony-Bergman-Jafferis-Maldacena 2008]

(see also Moriyama, Kubo, Furukawa's slides&Poster)

encoded in local $P_1 \times P_1$ with quantization

$$\hat{H} = \left(\hat{Q}^{1/2} + \hat{Q}^{-1/2} \right) \left(\hat{P}^{1/2} + \hat{P}^{-1/2} \right) \quad \hat{Q}\hat{P} = q\hat{P}\hat{Q}$$

$$\Pi_A(z) \longrightarrow \Pi_A(z, \hbar) \\ (q = e^{i\hbar})$$

Quantum Mirror Map

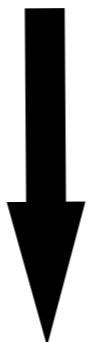
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generalization

$U(N)_k \times U(N)_{-k} \times U(N)_k \times U(N)_{-k}$ $(1,1,1,1)$ model

$$\hat{H} = \left[\left(Q^{1/2} + Q^{-1/2} \right) \left(P^{1/2} + P^{-1/2} \right) \right]^2$$

[Honda, Moriyama, 2014]

ABJM theory ($U(N)_k \times U(N)_{-k}$)

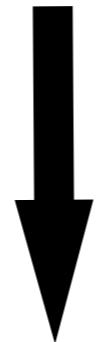
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encoded in local $P_1 \times P_1$ with quantization

$$\hat{H} = \left(\hat{Q}^{1/2} + \hat{Q}^{-1/2} \right) \left(\hat{P}^{1/2} + \hat{P}^{-1/2} \right) \quad \hat{Q}\hat{P} = q\hat{P}\hat{Q}$$

A_1 ($SU(2)$) sym.



generalization

$U(N)_k \times U(N)_{-k} \times U(N)_k \times U(N)_{-k}$ $(1,1,1,1)$ model

$$\hat{H} = \left[\left(Q^{1/2} + Q^{-1/2} \right) \left(P^{1/2} + P^{-1/2} \right) \right]^2$$

D_5 ($SO(10)$) sym. $\rightarrow [SU(2)]^3$ sym.

We study D_5 Del Pezzo

Result

A-period is similar to B-period

- expressed by Weyl characters
- coef. of characters = Integer
- has same reps. as those in B-period

Plan

- ① ● expressed by Weyl characters
- ② [● coef. of characters = Integer
- has same reps. as those in B-period

D₅ Del Pezzo geometry Kubo-Moriyama-Nosaka(2018)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\hat{H}}{\alpha} = & e_3 e_4 \hat{Q}^{-1} \hat{P} & - (e_3 + e_4) \hat{P} & + \hat{Q} \hat{P} \\
 & - h_2^{-1} e_3 e_4 (e_5 + e_6) \hat{Q}^{-1} & + \frac{E}{\alpha} & - (e_1^{-1} + e_2^{-1}) \hat{Q} \\
 & + h_1^2 (e_1 e_2 e_7 e_8)^{-1} \hat{Q}^{-1} \hat{P}^{-1} & - h_1 (e_1 e_2)^{-1} (e_7^{-1} + e_8^{-1}) \hat{P}^{-1} & + (e_1 e_2)^{-1} \hat{Q} \hat{P}^{-1}
 \end{aligned}$$

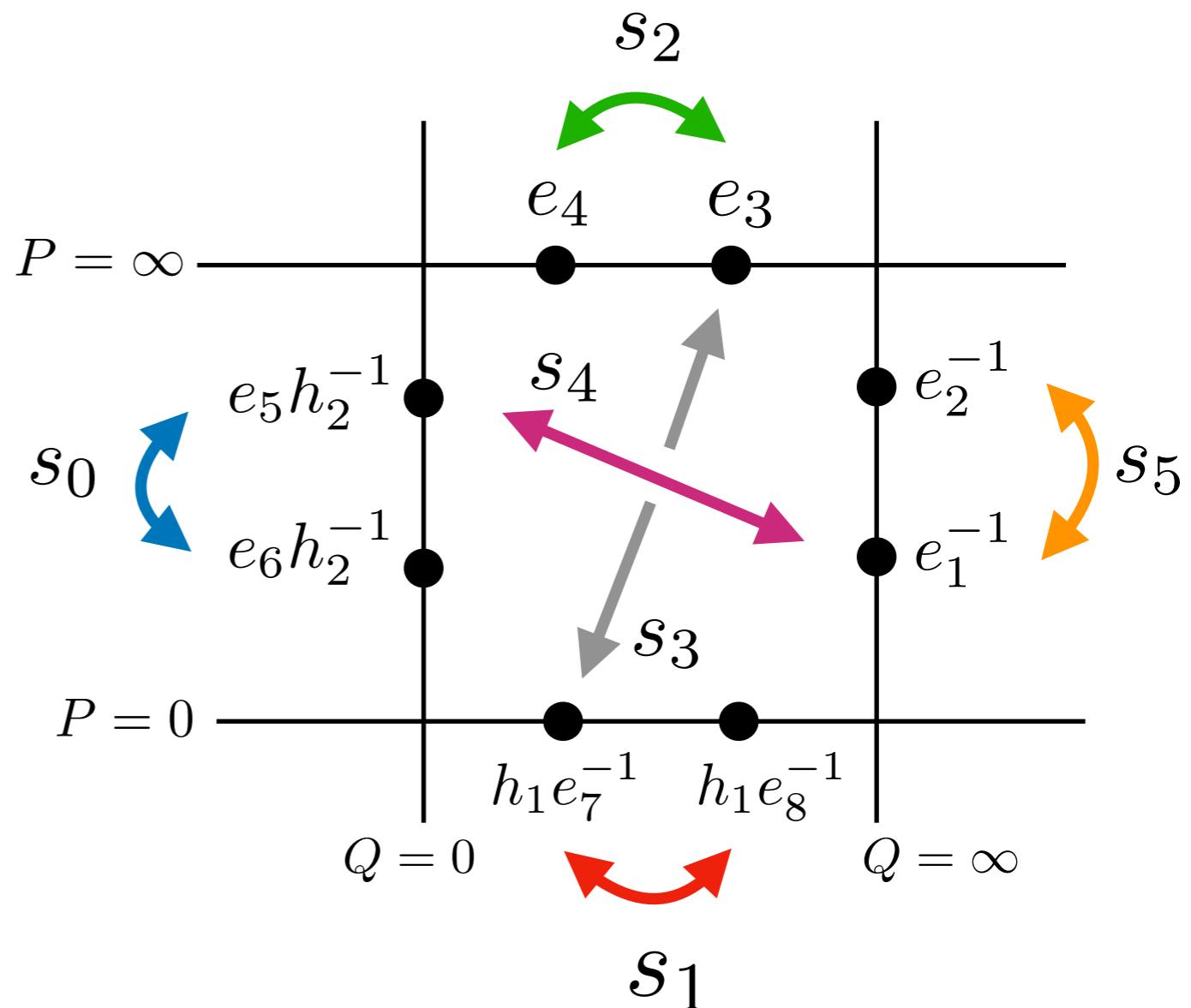
- $h_1^2 h_2^2 = \prod_{i=1}^8 e_i$

10 parameters

$$(s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5)$$



D₅ Weyl Group



D₅ Del Pezzo geometry Kubo-Moriyama-Nosaka(2018)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\hat{H}}{\alpha} = & e_3 e_4 \hat{Q}^{-1} \hat{P} & - (e_3 + e_4) \hat{P} & + \hat{Q} \hat{P} \\
 & - h_2^{-1} e_3 e_4 (e_5 + e_6) \hat{Q}^{-1} & + \frac{E}{\alpha} & - (e_1^{-1} + e_2^{-1}) \hat{Q} \\
 & + h_1^2 (e_1 e_2 e_7 e_8)^{-1} \hat{Q}^{-1} \hat{P}^{-1} & - h_1 (e_1 e_2)^{-1} (e_7^{-1} + e_8^{-1}) \hat{P}^{-1} & + (e_1 e_2)^{-1} \hat{Q} \hat{P}^{-1}
 \end{aligned}$$

10 parameters - (2 + 2 + 1) parameters

- 8 asymptotic values
- $(\hat{P}, \hat{Q}) \sim (A\hat{P}, B\hat{Q})$
- $h_1^2 h_2^2 = \prod_{i=1}^8 e_i$

→ 5 parameters $(e_1, e_3, e_5, \bar{h}_1, \bar{h}_2)$

$$(\bar{h}_1 = qh_1, \bar{h}_2 = q^{-1}h_2)$$

Quantum mirror map

$$\Pi_A(z, \hbar) \sim \oint \frac{\log P[X]}{X} dX = Ez^{-1} + \left(-\frac{E^2}{2} - A_2 \right) z^{-2} + \dots$$

$$\left[P[X] = \frac{\Psi[q^{-1}X]}{\Psi[X]}, \quad \widehat{Q}\Psi[X] = X\Psi[X] \quad \left[\frac{\widehat{H}}{\alpha} + \frac{z}{\alpha} \right] \Psi[X] = 0 \right]$$

solve Schrödinger eq. order by order

$$\frac{A_2}{\alpha^2 q^{-1}} = \frac{e_3}{e_1} + \frac{\bar{h}_1}{e_1} + \frac{\bar{h}_1 e_3}{e_1} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2^2} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2^2} + \frac{e_3^2 e_5}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3}{\bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3}{\bar{h}_2 e_1} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2 e_1}$$

10 terms

invariant under Weyl transf. character ??

$$\chi_{10}(e_i^{-1}, \bar{h}_i^{-1}) = \chi_{10}(e_i, \bar{h}_i) ??$$

Weyl character

$$\frac{A_2}{\alpha^2 q^{-1}} = \frac{e_3}{e_1} + \frac{\bar{h}_1}{e_1} + \frac{\bar{h}_1 e_3}{e_1} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2^2} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2^2} + \frac{e_3^2 e_5}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2^2} + \frac{e_3}{\bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3}{\bar{h}_2 e_1} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2 e_1}$$

$(s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5)$ act on $(e_1, e_3, e_5, \bar{h}_1, \bar{h}_2, \alpha)$ Kubo-Moriyama-Nosaka(2018)

E.g.)

$$s_2 : (e_1, e_3, e_5, \bar{h}_1, \bar{h}_2, \alpha) \mapsto \left(e_1, \frac{1}{e_3}, e_5, \frac{\bar{h}_1}{e_3}, \bar{h}_2, e_3 \alpha \right)$$

Weyl character

$$\frac{A_2}{\alpha^2 q^{-1}} = \frac{e_3}{e_1} + \frac{\bar{h}_1}{e_1} + \frac{\bar{h}_1 e_3}{e_1} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2^2} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2^2} + \frac{e_3^2 e_5}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3}{\bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3}{\bar{h}_2 e_1} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2 e_1}$$

$(s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5)$ act on $(e_1, e_3, e_5, \bar{h}_1, \bar{h}_2, \alpha)$ Kubo-Moriyama-Nosaka(2018)

acting only 5 parameters
generate D_5 Weyl group

role of α ??

Weyl character

$$\frac{A_2}{\alpha^2 q^{-1}} = \frac{e_3}{e_1} + \frac{\bar{h}_1}{e_1} + \frac{\bar{h}_1 e_3}{e_1} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2^2} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2^2} + \frac{e_3^2 e_5}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3}{\bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3}{\bar{h}_2 e_1} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2} + \frac{e_3 e_5}{\bar{h}_2 e_1}$$

$(s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5)$ act on $(e_1, e_3, e_5, \bar{h}_1, \bar{h}_2, \alpha)$ Kubo-Moriyama-Nosaka(2018)

redundant $\rightarrow \alpha = q^{1/2} \bar{h}_2^{1/2} e_1^{1/4} e_3^{-1/2} e_5^{-1/4}$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow A_2 = & \frac{\sqrt{e_1} \sqrt{e_5}}{\bar{h}_2} + \frac{\bar{h}_2}{\sqrt{e_1} \sqrt{e_5}} + \frac{\sqrt{e_1} \sqrt{e_5}}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2} + \frac{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2}{\sqrt{e_1} \sqrt{e_5}} \frac{\sqrt{e_1} e_3 \sqrt{e_5}}{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2} + \frac{\bar{h}_1 \bar{h}_2}{\sqrt{e_1} e_3 \sqrt{e_5}} \\ & + \sqrt{e_1} \sqrt{e_5} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{e_1} \sqrt{e_5}} + \frac{\sqrt{e_1}}{\sqrt{e_5}} + \frac{\sqrt{e_5}}{\sqrt{e_1}} \end{aligned}$$

χ_{10}

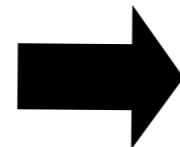
Plan

- ① ● expressed by Weyl characters
- ② [● coef. of characters = Integer
- has same reps. as those in B-period

Multi-covering & BPS

$$\Pi_A(z, \hbar) \sim \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{l+1} A_l z^{-l}$$

$$A_4 \ni \frac{3}{2}\chi_{54} + \frac{5}{2}\chi_{45} + \frac{11}{2}\chi_1$$



simpler structure ?

fractional

A-period for A₁ geometry has multi-covering structure
[Hatsuda-Marino-Moriyama-Okuyama(2013)]

multi-covering structure

$$(\text{coef. of } n\text{-th order}) = \sum_{j \leq n} (\text{coef. of } j\text{-th order})$$

Multi-covering & BPS

$$\Pi_A(z, \hbar) =: \log z_{\text{eff}} - \log z$$

$$\rightarrow \log z \sim -A_1 z_{\text{eff}}^{-1} + (A_2 - A_1^2) z_{\text{eff}}^{-2} - \left(A_3 - 3A_1 A_2 + \frac{3}{2} A_1^3 \right) z_{\text{eff}}^{-3} \\ + \left(A_4 - 2A_2^2 - 4A_1 A_3 - 8A_1^2 A_2 - \frac{8}{3} A_1^4 \right) z_{\text{eff}}^{-4} + \dots$$

$$\begin{cases} A_1 = 0 \\ A_2 = \chi_{\mathbf{10}} \\ A_3 = (q^{1/2} + q^{-1/2}) \chi_{\mathbf{16}} \\ A_4 = (q^2 + q^{-2}) \chi_{\mathbf{1}} + (q^{3/2} + q^{-3/2}) (\chi_{\mathbf{45}} + 3\chi_{\mathbf{1}}) + \frac{3\chi_{\mathbf{54}} + 5\chi_{\mathbf{45}} + 11\chi_{\mathbf{1}}}{2} \end{cases}$$

still fractional

Multi-covering & BPS

$$\Pi_A(z, \hbar) =: \log z_{\text{eff}} - \log z$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \log z \sim & \underbrace{-A_1 z_{\text{eff}}^{-1}}_{\text{---}} + \underbrace{\left(A_2 - A_1^2\right) z_{\text{eff}}^{-2}}_{\text{---}} - \underbrace{\left(A_3 - 3A_1 A_2 + \frac{3}{2} A_1^3\right)}_{\text{---}} z_{\text{eff}}^{-3} \\ & + \underbrace{\left(A_4 - 2A_2^2 - 4A_1 A_3 - 8A_1^2 A_2 - \frac{8}{3} A_1^4\right)}_{\text{---}} z_{\text{eff}}^{-4} + \dots \\ & = \epsilon_1(q, e_i, \bar{h}_i) \\ \text{---} & = -\epsilon_2(q, e_i, \bar{h}_i) + \frac{\epsilon_1(q^2, e_i^2, \bar{h}_i^2)}{2} \\ \text{---} & = \epsilon_3(q, e_i, \bar{h}_i) + \frac{\epsilon_1(q^3, e_i^3, \bar{h}_i^3)}{3} \\ \text{---} & = -\epsilon_4(q, e_i, \bar{h}_i) + \frac{\epsilon_2(q^2, e_i^2, \bar{h}_i^2)}{2} + \frac{\epsilon_1(q^4, e_i^4, \bar{h}_i^4)}{4} \end{aligned}$$

multi-covering
structure

$$\epsilon_1 = 0, \quad -\epsilon_2 = \chi_{\mathbf{10}},$$

$$\epsilon_3 = \left(q^{1/2} + q^{-1/2}\right) \chi_{\mathbf{16}}, \quad -\epsilon_4 = \left(q^2 + q^{-2}\right) \chi_{\mathbf{1}} + \left(q + q^{-1}\right) (\chi_{\mathbf{45}} + 3\chi_{\mathbf{1}}) + 4\chi_{\mathbf{1}}$$

integer !

Multi-covering & BPS

$$\Pi_A(z, \hbar) =: \log z_{\text{eff}} - \log z$$

→ $\log z \sim \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \left(\sum_{n|l} \frac{(-1)^n \epsilon_{\frac{l}{n}}(q^n, e_i^n, \bar{h}_i^n)}{n} \right) z_{\text{eff}}^{-l}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_1 = 0, \\ -\epsilon_2 = \chi_{\mathbf{10}}, \\ \epsilon_3 = (q^{\frac{1}{2}} + q^{-\frac{1}{2}})\chi_{\mathbf{16}}, \\ -\epsilon_4 = (q^2 + q^{-2})\chi_{\mathbf{1}} + (q + q^{-1})(\chi_{\mathbf{45}} + 3\chi_{\mathbf{1}}) + 4\chi_{\mathbf{1}}, \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{multi-covering structure}$$

→ $(1,1,1,1)$ has multi covering structure

Multi-covering & BPS

[Moriyama-Nosaka-Yano(2017)]

d	(j_L, j_R)	BPS	$(-1)^{d-1} \sum_{ d =1} (N_{j_L, j_R}^d)_{d \vdash d}$	representations
1	$(0; 0)$	16	$8_{+1} + 8_{-1}$	$\mathbf{16}$
2	$(0, \frac{1}{2})$	10	$1_{+2} + 8_0 + 1_{-2}$	$\boxed{\mathbf{10}}$
3	$(0, 1)$	16	$8_{+1} + 8_{-1}$	$\boxed{\mathbf{16}}$
4	$(0, \frac{1}{2})$	1	1_0	$\boxed{\mathbf{1}}$
	$(0, \frac{3}{2})$	45	$8_{+2} + 29_0 + 8_{-2}$	$\boxed{\mathbf{45}}$
	$(\frac{1}{2}, 2)$	1	1_0	$\boxed{\mathbf{1}}$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \epsilon_1 = 0, \\ -\epsilon_2 = \underline{\chi_{\mathbf{10}}}, \\ \epsilon_3 = (q^{\frac{1}{2}} + q^{-\frac{1}{2}})\underline{\chi_{\mathbf{16}}}, \\ -\epsilon_4 = (q^2 + q^{-2})\underline{\chi_{\mathbf{1}}} + (q + q^{-1})(\underline{\chi_{\mathbf{45}}} + 3\underline{\chi_{\mathbf{1}}}) + 4\underline{\chi_{\mathbf{1}}}, \end{array} \right. \quad \text{B-period}$$

same reps. as B-period in same degree

Summary

A-period is similar to B-period

- expressed by Weyl characters
- coef. of characters = Integer
- has same reps. as those in B-period

Future work

Q. why same structure ?

Q. what happen when use SU(2) character ?

Q. what meaning of α ?

before using SU(2) character

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_7 = & (q^{\frac{11}{2}} + q^{-\frac{11}{2}})\chi_{\mathbf{16}} + (q^{\frac{9}{2}} + q^{-\frac{9}{2}})(\chi_{\mathbf{144}} + 4\chi_{\mathbf{16}}) + (q^{\frac{7}{2}} + q^{-\frac{7}{2}})(\chi_{\mathbf{560}} + 4\chi_{\mathbf{144}} + 13\chi_{\mathbf{16}}) \\ & + (q^{\frac{5}{2}} + q^{-\frac{5}{2}})(\chi_{\mathbf{720}} + 4\chi_{\mathbf{560}} + 9\chi_{\mathbf{144}} + 25\chi_{\mathbf{16}}) + (q^{\frac{3}{2}} + q^{-\frac{3}{2}})(3\chi_{\mathbf{560}} + 8\chi_{\mathbf{144}} + 27\chi_{\mathbf{16}}) \\ & + (q^{\frac{1}{2}} + q^{-\frac{1}{2}})(\chi_{\mathbf{720}} + 3\chi_{\mathbf{560}} + 9\chi_{\mathbf{144}} + 27\chi_{\mathbf{16}}),\end{aligned}$$

after using SU(2) character

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_7 = & \cancel{\chi_{\frac{11}{2}}}\chi_{\mathbf{16}} + \cancel{\chi_{\frac{9}{2}}}(\chi_{\mathbf{144}} + 3\chi_{\mathbf{16}}) + \cancel{\chi_{\frac{7}{2}}}(\chi_{\mathbf{560}} + 3\chi_{\mathbf{144}} + 9\chi_{\mathbf{16}}) \\ & + \cancel{\chi_{\frac{5}{2}}}(\chi_{\mathbf{720}} + 3\chi_{\mathbf{560}} + 5\chi_{\mathbf{144}} + 12\chi_{\mathbf{16}}) + \cancel{\chi_{\frac{3}{2}}}(-\chi_{\mathbf{720}} - \chi_{\mathbf{560}} - \chi_{\mathbf{144}} + 2\chi_{\mathbf{16}}) \\ & + \cancel{\chi_{\frac{1}{2}}}(\chi_{\mathbf{720}} + \chi_{\mathbf{144}}),\end{aligned}$$

$\cancel{\chi_n}$ SU(2) character

much simpler for q-dependent term & coef.
but negative coef,

Future work

Q. why same structure ?

Q. what about SU(2) character ?

Q. what meaning of α ?

Summary

A-period is similar to B-period

- expressed by Weyl characters
- coef. of characters = Integer
- has same reps. as those in B-period

without overall minus sign

do not appear

$$\epsilon_4 = (q^2 + q^{-2}) \chi_1 + (q + q^{-1}) (\chi_{45} + 3\chi_1) + (-\chi_{54} + \chi_{45} + 3\chi_1)$$

with overall minus sign

$$-\epsilon_4 = (q^2 + q^{-2}) \chi_1 + (q + q^{-1}) (\chi_{45} + 3\chi_1) + 4\chi_1$$

4	$(0, \frac{1}{2})$	1	1_0	1	
	$(0, \frac{3}{2})$	45	$8_{+2} + 29_0 + 8_{-2}$	45	
	$(\frac{1}{2}, 2)$	1	1_0	1	

multi-covering structure

$$(\text{coef. of } n\text{-th order}) = \sum_{j \leq n} (\text{coef. of } j\text{-th order})$$

- $(e_1, e_3, e_5, \bar{h}_1, \bar{h}_2) = (1, 1, 1, q, q^{-1})$ (2,2) model
 $= (q^{-1/2}, q^{1/2}, q^{-1/2}, q, q^{-1})$ (1,1,1,1) model

$$\mu = \log z, \quad \mu_{\text{eff}} = \log z_{\text{eff}}$$

(effective) chemical pot.

$= \log [\text{(effective) complex modulus}]$

$$\Xi_k(z) = \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} z^N \underline{Z_k(N)} = \text{Det} \left[1 + z \hat{H}^{-1} \right],$$

Partition fn. of N M2-branes

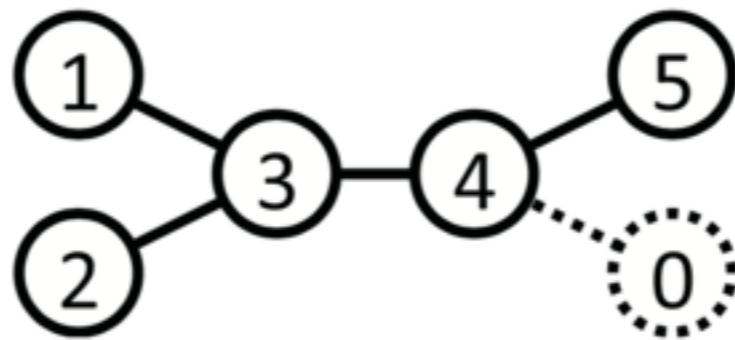


Figure 3: The Dynkin diagram of the D_5 algebra.

from [Kubo,Moriyama,Nosaka(2018)]

