Index Theorem and Overlap Formalism with Naive and Minimally Doubled Fermions

Taro Kimura

Department of Basic Science, University of Tokyo

December 17-19, 2010 Towards New Developments in Field and String Theories

based on a work with M. Creutz (BNL) and T. Misumi (YITP, BNL)

JHEP **1012** (2010) 041 [arXiv:1011.0761]

Taro Kimura (U Tokyo)

Dec. 2010, RIKEN 1 / 7

Introduction

- Topological aspects of QFT
 - non-perturbative analysis

Index theorem

a link between gauge field topology and fermionic zero modes:

 $\operatorname{Ind}(D) = (-1)^{d/2}Q$

It gives a theoretical foundation of topological study.

Introduction

- Topological aspects of QFT on lattice
 - non-perturbative analysis

Index theorem on lattice?

a link between gauge field topology and fermionic zero modes:

 $\operatorname{Ind}(D) = (-1)^{d/2}Q$

It gives a theoretical foundation of topological study.

- ullet Lattice regularization \longrightarrow non-perturbative calculation
- Difficulty on lattice fermions
 - doublers, chiral symmetry, fine-tuning, etc...

Taro Kimura (U Tokyo)

Introduction

- Index theorem on lattice
 - doubler-free fermions: Wilson, Overlap, Domain-wall
 - doubling fermions: naive, staggered, minimal-doubling
 → Index cancels out between doublers.
 - cf. Nielsen-Ninomiya theorem (Poincaré-Hopf theorem)

Index theorem is hidden?

[Creutz-TK-Misumi '10 JHEP]

Index theorem with naive and minimally doubled fermions

We identify the would-be zero modes of naive and minimally doubled fermions even away from the continuum limit.

• How to extract the index?

 \longrightarrow spectral flow of the hermitian Dirac operator

$$H(m) = \gamma_5(D-m)$$

Key point

We have to assign flavor sensitive mass to hidden multiple degrees.



cf. staggered fermions [Adams '10 PRL] [Hoelbling '10]
 → flavor(taste) structure is well known.

Taro Kimura (U Tokyo)

Flavored mass term

 \longrightarrow momentum depend, including hopping terms

• Dirac spectrum: $D - M_f$, $M_f = \text{diag}(+1, -1, -1, +1)$





Flavored mass term

 \longrightarrow momentum depend, including hopping terms

• Dirac spectrum: $D - M_f$, $M_f = \text{diag}(+1, -1, -1, +1)$





Flavored mass term

 \longrightarrow momentum depend, including hopping terms

• Dirac spectrum: $D - M_f$, $M_f = \text{diag}(+1, -1, -1, +1)$





Flavored mass term

 \longrightarrow momentum depend, including hopping terms

• Dirac spectrum: $D - M_f$, $M_f = \text{diag}(+1, -1, -1, +1)$





Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel



Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel



Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel



Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel



Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel



Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel



Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel



Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel



Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel



Index theorem with naive and minimally doubled fermions

We identify the would-be zero modes of naive and minimally doubled fermions even away from the continuum limit by applying the **flavored mass term**.

Overlap formalism with naive fermion kernel

We can formulate a new version of overlap fermion built with naive fermion kernel, especially yielding a **single-flavor** naive overlap fermion by choosing a certain flavored mass.

Taro Kimura (U Tokyo)