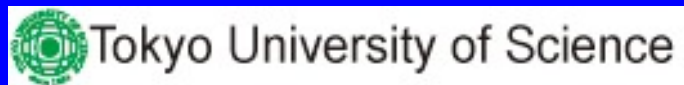


Primordial non-Gaussianities in general modified gravitational models of inflation

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with Shinji Tsujikawa [1103.1172]



also Mizuno, Yamaguchi

Introduction

- Which model of inflation

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- Search for large NG

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- More general scalar-tensor theories?

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$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{M_{\text{pl}}^2}{2} F(\phi) R + P(\phi, X) - \xi(\phi) \mathcal{G} - G(\phi, X) \square \phi$$

EOMs

- Expansion of \mathcal{L} at first order (or 0th order)

$$E_1 \equiv 3M_{\text{pl}}^2 F H^2 + 3M_{\text{pl}}^2 H \dot{F} + P - 2X P_{,X} - 24H^3 \dot{\xi} - 6H \dot{\phi} X G_{,X} + 2X G_{,\phi} = 0,$$

$$E_2 \equiv 3M_{\text{pl}}^2 F H^2 + 2M_{\text{pl}}^2 H \dot{F} + 2M_{\text{pl}}^2 F \dot{H} + M_{\text{pl}}^2 \ddot{F} + P - 16H^3 \dot{\xi} - 16H \dot{H} \dot{\xi} - 8H^2 \ddot{\xi} - G_{,X} \dot{\phi}^2 \ddot{\phi} - G_{,\phi} \dot{\phi}^2 = 0,$$

$$E_3 \equiv (P_{,X} + 2X P_{,XX} + 6H \dot{\phi} G_{,X} + 6H \dot{\phi} X G_{,XX} - 2X G_{,\phi X} - 2G_{,\phi}) \ddot{\phi} + (3H P_{,X} + \dot{\phi} P_{,\phi X} + 9H^2 \dot{\phi} G_{,X} + 3\dot{H} \dot{\phi} G_{,X} + 3H \dot{\phi}^2 G_{,\phi X} - 6H G_{,\phi} - G_{,\phi \phi} \dot{\phi}) \dot{\phi} - P_{,\phi} - 6M_{\text{pl}}^2 H^2 F_{,\phi} - 3M_{\text{pl}}^2 \dot{H} F_{,\phi} + 24H^4 \xi_{,\phi} + 24H^2 \dot{H} \xi_{,\phi} = 0$$

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- Use them to simplify expanded action
- Not independent: $\dot{\phi} E_3 + \dot{E}_1 + 3H(E_1 - E_2) = 0$

2nd order Lag

- Introduce ADM metric for scalars in uniform field gauge ($\delta\phi = 0$)

$$ds^2 = - [(1 + \alpha)^2 - a^{-2}e^{-2\mathcal{R}}(\partial\psi)^2] dt^2 + 2\partial_i\psi dt dx^i + a^2 e^{2\mathcal{R}} d\vec{x}^2$$

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- Action becomes

$$\mathcal{L}_2 = a^3 \left[-3w_1 \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 + \frac{2w_1}{a^2} \dot{\mathcal{R}} \partial^2 \psi - \frac{w_2}{a^2} \alpha \partial^2 \psi - \frac{2w_1}{a^2} \alpha \partial^2 \mathcal{R} \right. \\ \left. + 3w_2 \alpha \dot{\mathcal{R}} + \frac{1}{3} w_3 \alpha^2 + \frac{w_4}{a^2} \partial_i \mathcal{R} \partial_i \mathcal{R} \right]$$

Notes on \mathcal{L}_2

- Coefficients

$$w_1 \equiv M_{\text{pl}}^2 F - 8H \dot{\xi},$$

$$w_2 \equiv M_{\text{pl}}^2(2HF + \dot{F}) - 2\dot{\phi}XG_{,X} - 24H^2\dot{\xi},$$

$$w_3 \equiv -9M_{\text{pl}}^2FH^2 - 9M_{\text{pl}}^2H\dot{F} + 3(XP_{,X} + 2X^2P_{,XX}) + 144H^3\dot{\xi} \\ + 18H\dot{\phi}(2XG_{,X} + X^2G_{,XX}) - 6(XG_{,\phi} + X^2G_{,\phi X}),$$

$$w_4 \equiv M_{\text{pl}}^2F - 8\ddot{\xi}$$

...continue

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- No mass term for \mathcal{R}
- $\psi = -L_1\mathcal{R} + \chi, \quad \partial^2\chi = a^2Q\mathcal{R}/w_1$

Reduced \mathcal{L}_2

- Action reduces to

$$\mathcal{L}_2 = a^3 Q \left[\dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 - \frac{c_s^2}{a^2} (\partial \mathcal{R})^2 \right]$$

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$$c_s^2 \equiv \frac{3(2w_1^2w_2H - w_2^2w_4 + 4w_1\dot{w}_1w_2 - 2w_1^2\dot{w}_2)}{w_1(4w_1w_3 + 9w_2^2)}$$

Third order action

- After expanding and integrating by parts

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_3 = & a^3 \{ a_1 \alpha^3 + \alpha^2 (a_2 \mathcal{R} + a_3 \dot{\mathcal{R}} + a_4 \partial^2 \mathcal{R}/a^2 + a_5 \partial^2 \psi/a^2) \\
 & + \alpha [a_6 \partial_i \mathcal{R} \partial_i \psi/a^2 + a_7 \dot{\mathcal{R}} \mathcal{R} + a_8 \dot{\mathcal{R}} \partial^2 \mathcal{R}/a^2 \\
 & + a_9 (\partial_i \partial_j \psi \partial_i \partial_j \psi - \partial^2 \psi \partial^2 \psi)/a^4 + \frac{a_{10}}{a^4} (\partial_i \partial_j \psi \partial_i \partial_j \mathcal{R} - \partial^2 \psi \partial^2 \mathcal{R}) \\
 & + a_{11} \mathcal{R} \partial^2 \psi/a^2 + a_{12} \dot{\mathcal{R}} \partial^2 \psi/a^2 + a_{13} \mathcal{R} \partial^2 \mathcal{R}/a^2 + a_{14} (\partial \mathcal{R})^2/a^2 \\
 & + a_{15} \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2] + b_1 \dot{\mathcal{R}}^3 + b_2 \mathcal{R} (\partial \mathcal{R})^2/a^2 + b_3 \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 \mathcal{R} + c_1 \dot{\mathcal{R}} \partial_i \mathcal{R} \partial_i \psi/a^2 \\
 & + c_2 \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 \partial^2 \psi/a^2 + c_3 \dot{\mathcal{R}} \mathcal{R} \partial^2 \psi/a^2 \\
 & + (d_1 \dot{\mathcal{R}} + d_2 \mathcal{R}) (\partial_i \partial_j \psi \partial_i \partial_j \psi - \partial^2 \psi \partial^2 \psi)/a^4 + d_3 \partial_i \mathcal{R} \partial_i \psi \partial^2 \psi/a^4 \}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_3 = & a^3 \{ A_1 \dot{\mathcal{R}}^3 + A_2 \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 \partial^2 \mathcal{R} / a^2 + A_3 \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 \partial^2 \psi / a^2 + A_4 \mathcal{R} \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 \\ & + (A_5 \dot{\mathcal{R}} + A_6 \mathcal{R}) (\partial_i \partial_j \psi \partial_i \partial_j \psi - \partial^2 \psi \partial^2 \psi) / a^4 \\ & + \frac{A_7}{a^4} \dot{\mathcal{R}} (\partial_i \partial_j \psi \partial_i \partial_j \mathcal{R} - \partial^2 \psi \partial^2 \mathcal{R}) + \frac{A_8}{a^2} \mathcal{R} (\partial \mathcal{R})^2 + \frac{A_9}{a^4} \partial_i \mathcal{R} \partial_i \psi \partial^2 \psi \} \end{aligned}$$

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- Replace $\psi = -L_1 \mathcal{R} + a^2 \mathcal{X} / w_1$, with $\partial^2 \mathcal{X} = Q \dot{\mathcal{R}}$

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- Replace $\psi = -L_1 \mathcal{R} + a^2 \mathcal{X} / w_1$, with $\partial^2 \mathcal{X} = Q \dot{\mathcal{R}}$
- Rewrite $\mathcal{L}_3 = a^3 f_1 + a f_2 + f_3 / a$ [Collins '11]

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$$\begin{aligned}
 L_3 = \int d^3x \left\{ & a^3 \mathcal{C}_1 M_{\text{pl}}^2 \mathcal{R} \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 + a \mathcal{C}_2 M_{\text{pl}}^2 \mathcal{R} (\partial \mathcal{R})^2 + a^3 \mathcal{C}_3 M_{\text{pl}} \dot{\mathcal{R}}^3 \right. \\
 & + a^3 \mathcal{C}_4 \dot{\mathcal{R}} (\partial_i \mathcal{R}) (\partial_i \mathcal{X}) + a^3 (\mathcal{C}_5 / M_{\text{pl}}^2) \partial^2 \mathcal{R} (\partial \mathcal{X})^2 \\
 & + a \mathcal{C}_6 \dot{\mathcal{R}}^2 \partial^2 \mathcal{R} + (\mathcal{C}_7 / a) [\partial^2 \mathcal{R} (\partial \mathcal{R})^2 - \mathcal{R} \partial_i \partial_j (\partial_i \mathcal{R}) (\partial_j \mathcal{R})] \\
 & + a (\mathcal{C}_8 / M_{\text{pl}}) [\partial^2 \mathcal{R} \partial_i \mathcal{R} \partial_i \mathcal{X} - \mathcal{R} \partial_i \partial_j (\partial_i \mathcal{R}) (\partial_j \mathcal{X})] \\
 & \left. + \mathcal{F}_1 \frac{\delta \mathcal{L}_2}{\delta \mathcal{R}} \Big|_1 \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Coefficients

- Time dependent dimensionless coeffs

$$C_1 = \frac{Q}{M_{\text{pl}}^2} \left[3 - \frac{L_1 H}{c_s^2} \left(3 + \frac{\dot{Q}}{HQ} \right) + \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{L_1}{c_s^2} \right) \right], C_2 = \dots$$

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- Negligible contribution [Maldacena '03; Arroja, Tanaka '11]

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1 = & \frac{A_5}{w_1^2} \{ (\partial_k \mathcal{R})(\partial_k \mathcal{X}) - \partial^{-2} \partial_i \partial_j [(\partial_i \mathcal{R})(\partial_j \mathcal{X})] \} + q_1 \mathcal{R} \dot{\mathcal{R}} \\ & + \frac{A_7 - 2A_5 L_1}{4w_1 a^2} \{ (\partial \mathcal{R})^2 - \partial^{-2} \partial_i \partial_j [(\partial_i \mathcal{R})(\partial_j \mathcal{R})] \}. \end{aligned}$$

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$$\langle \mathcal{R}_1 \mathcal{R}_2 \mathcal{R}_3 \rangle = -i \int_{\tau_i}^{\tau_f} d\tau a \langle 0 | [\mathcal{R}(\tau_f)_1 \mathcal{R}(\tau_f)_2 \mathcal{R}(\tau_f)_3, \mathcal{H}_{\text{int}}(\tau)] | 0 \rangle$$

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- Consider \mathcal{C}_i const, and dS [$\tau \approx -1/(aH)$] for MS, $\tau_i \approx -\infty$ and $\tau_f \approx 0$. Extract the $f_{\text{NL}}^{k_1=k_2=k_3}$

$$f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{equil}} = \frac{40}{9} \frac{M_{\text{pl}}^2}{Q} \left[\frac{1}{12} \mathcal{C}_1 + \frac{17}{96 c_s^2} \mathcal{C}_2 + \frac{1}{72} \frac{H}{M_{\text{pl}}} \mathcal{C}_3 - \frac{1}{24} \frac{Q}{M_{\text{pl}}^2} \mathcal{C}_4 \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{24} \left(\frac{Q}{M_{\text{pl}}^2} \right)^2 \mathcal{C}_5 + \frac{1}{36 c_s^2} \left(\frac{H}{M_{\text{pl}}} \right)^2 \mathcal{C}_6 - \frac{13}{96 c_s^4} \left(\frac{H}{M_{\text{pl}}} \right)^2 \mathcal{C}_7 - \frac{17}{192 c_s^2} \frac{H}{M_{\text{pl}}} \frac{Q}{M_{\text{pl}}^2} \mathcal{C}_8 \right]$$

- Assuming slow-variation

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{equil}} &\simeq \frac{85}{324} \left(1 - \frac{1}{c_s^2}\right) - \frac{10}{81} \frac{\lambda}{\Sigma} + \frac{55}{36} \frac{\epsilon_s}{c_s^2} + \frac{5}{12} \frac{\eta_s}{c_s^2} - \frac{85}{54} \frac{s}{c_s^2} \\
 &+ \frac{5}{162} \delta_F \left(1 - \frac{1}{c_s^2}\right) - \frac{10}{81} \delta_\xi \left(2 - \frac{29}{c_s^2}\right) + \frac{\delta_{GX}}{\epsilon_s} \left[\frac{20(1 + \lambda_G)}{81} + \frac{65}{162c_s^2} \right]
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- Introduce $\Sigma = \frac{w_1(4w_1w_3 + 9w_2^2)}{12M_{\text{pl}}^4}$, $\lambda_G \equiv XG_{,XX}/G_{,X}$ and

$$\delta_F \equiv \frac{\dot{F}}{HF}, \quad \delta_\xi \equiv \frac{H\dot{\xi}}{M_{\text{pl}}^2 F}, \quad \delta_{GX} \equiv \frac{\dot{\phi} X G_{,X}}{M_{\text{pl}}^2 H F}, \quad \epsilon_s \equiv \frac{Q c_s^2}{M_{\text{pl}}^2 F}, \quad s \equiv \frac{\dot{c}_s}{H c_s}$$

$$\lambda \equiv F^2 [X^2 P_{,XX} + 2X^3 P_{,XXX}/3 + \dot{\phi} H (XG_{,X} + 5X^2 G_{,XX} \\ + 2X^3 G_{,XXX}) - 2(2X^2 G_{,\phi X} + X^3 G_{,\phi XX})/3]$$

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