

# Recent exotic results at BESIII

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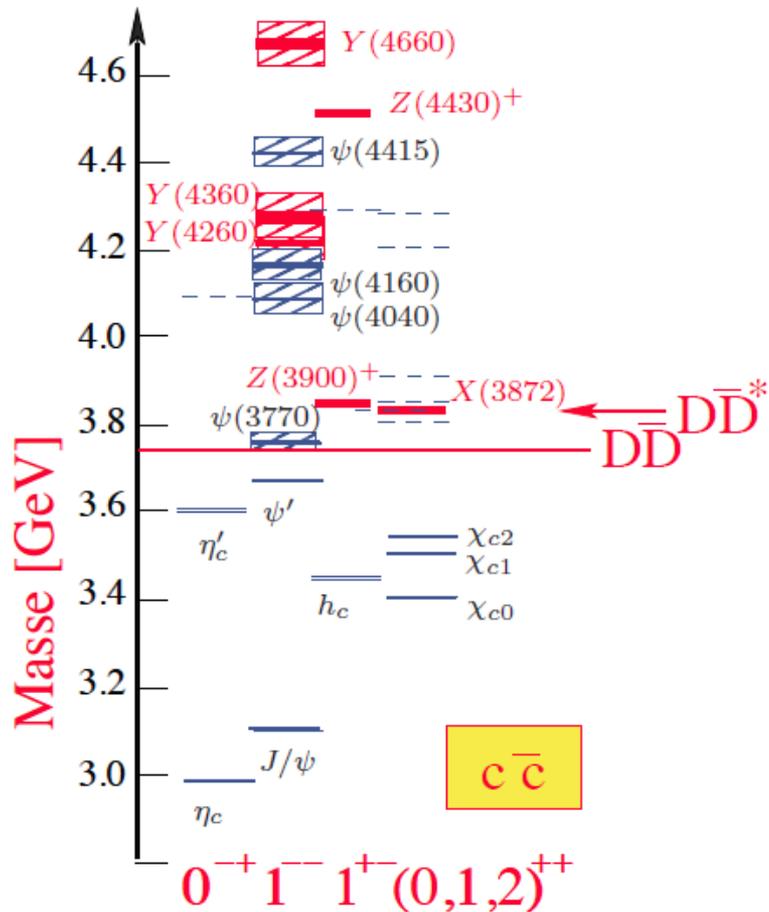
**YITP, Koyto 2016.11.28**



# Charmonium after 2002

## A new particle Zoo!

only established states shown



Quark-Model: Eichten et al. PRD 17 (1978)

→ missing low lying states found

→ Above the  $\bar{D}D$  threshold:

- ▷ Many new states
- ▷ incompatible with quark model in mass and properties

What are they?



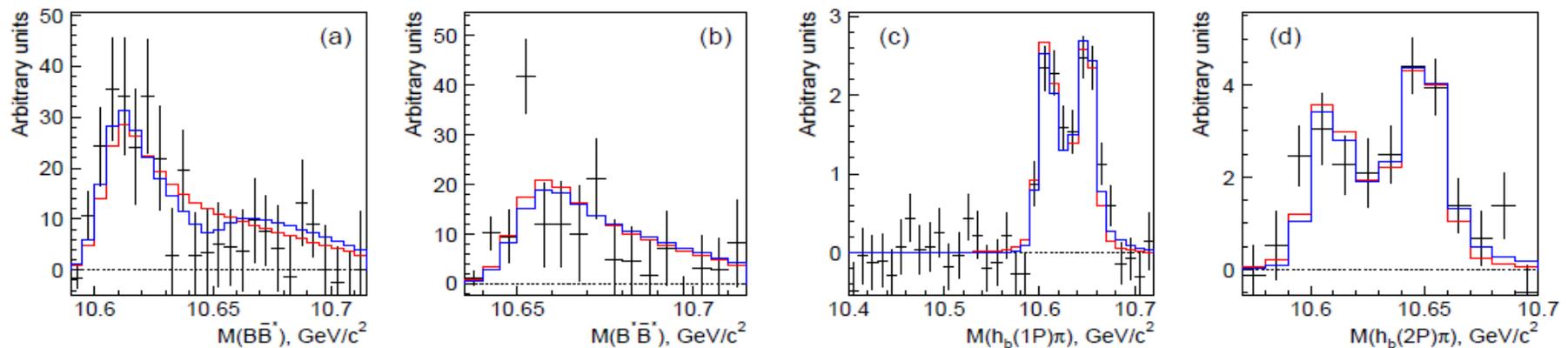
# Charged states

2011: Discovery of charged states that

- have masses in the quarkonium regime;
- decay with  $\bar{Q}$  and  $Q$  in the final state

→ must contain at least 4 quarks

E.g.  $Z_b(10610)^+$  and  $Z_b(10650)^+$  in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi\pi(\bar{Q}Q)$  at  $\Upsilon(5S)$



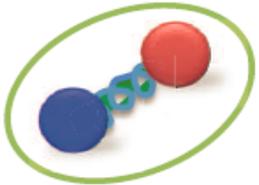
Data by Belle: A. Garmash *et al.*, arXiv:1512.07419 & A. Bondar *et al.*, PRL 108(2012)122001

Fit: F.-K. Guo *et al.*, PRD 93 (2016) no.7, 074031

more of the kind:  $Z_c(3900)^+$ ,  $Z_c(4020)^+$ ,  $Z_c(4430)^+$ , ...



# Proposal



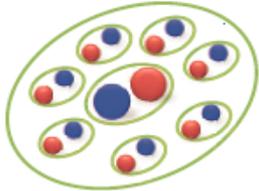
## Hybrid

→ Compact with active gluons and  $\bar{Q}Q$



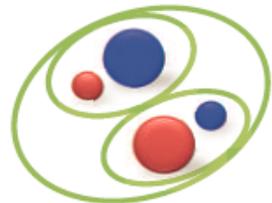
## Tetraquark

→ Compact object formed from  $(Qq)$  and  $(\bar{Q}\bar{q})$



## Hadro-Quarkonium

→ Compact  $(\bar{Q}Q)$  surrounded by light quarks



## Hadronic-Molecule

→ **Extended** object made of  $(\bar{Q}q)$  and  $(Q\bar{q})$

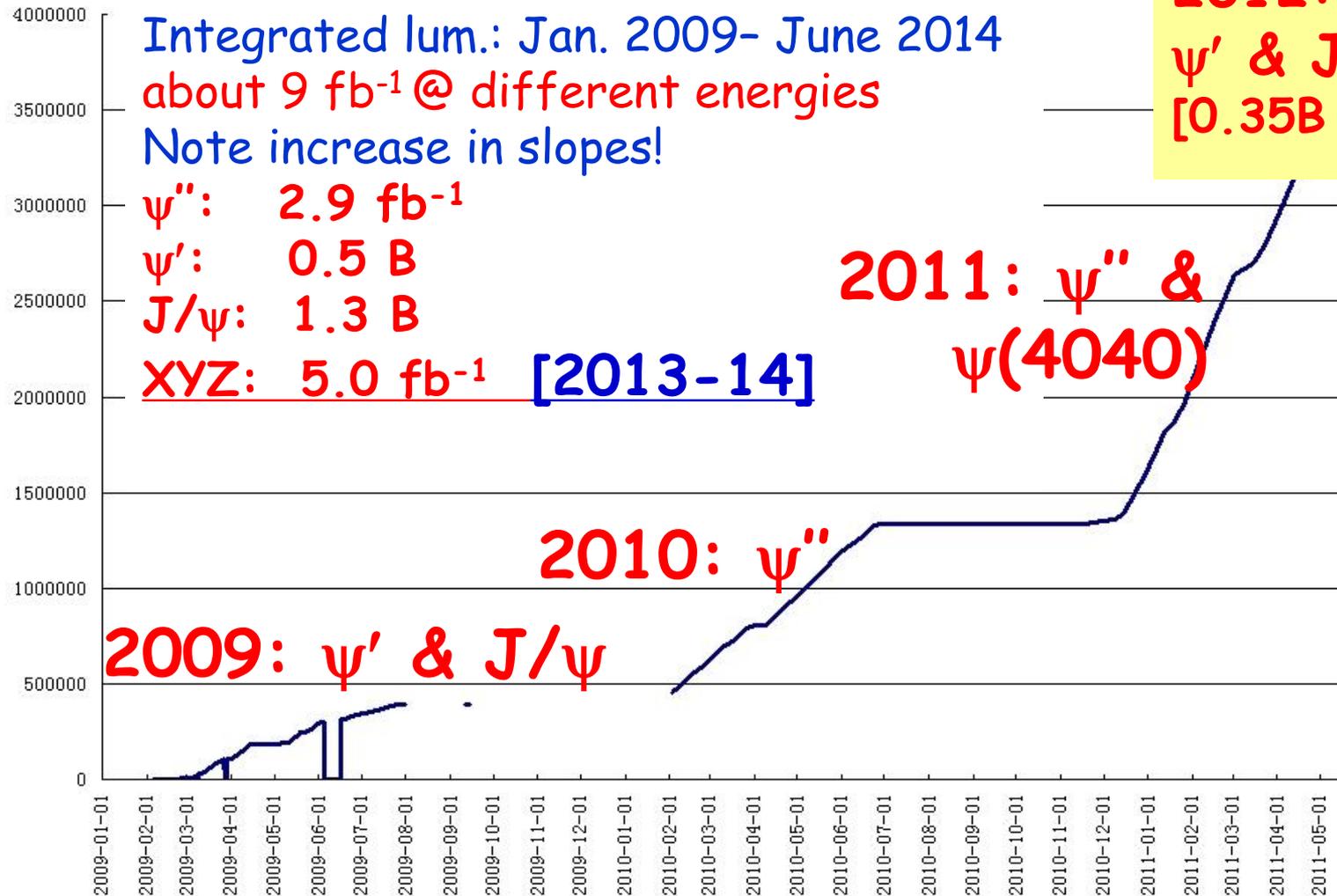
Certainly not simply a **perturbative threshold effect**

Guo et al., PRD91(2015)051504

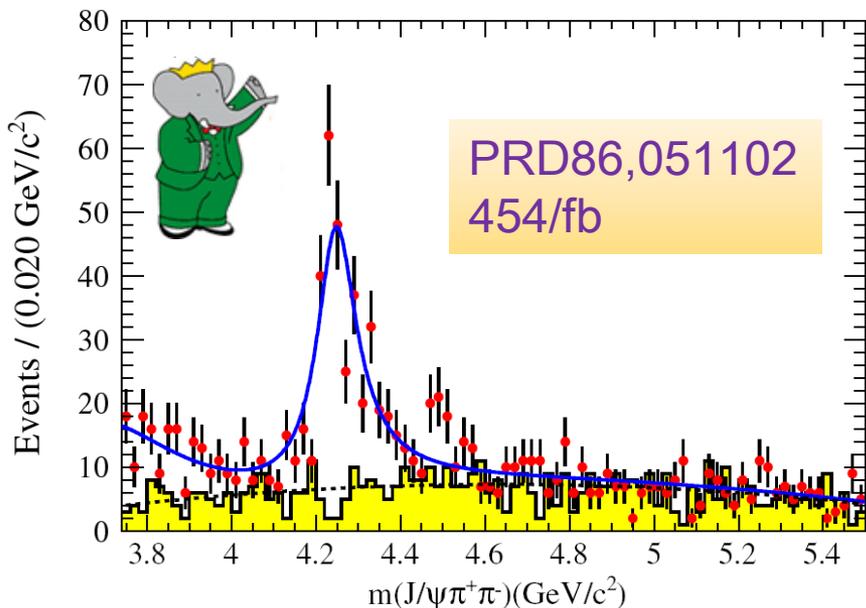
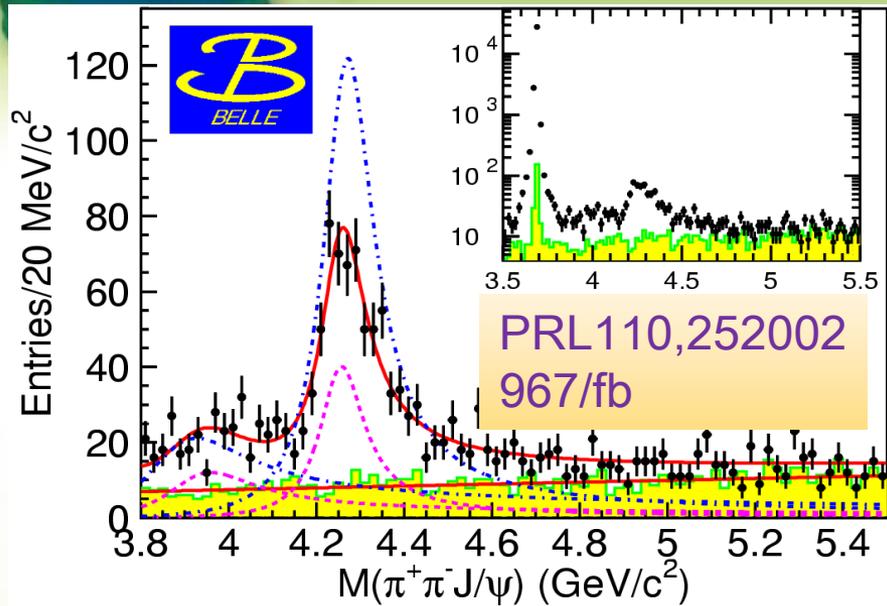
Lattice studies mostly exploratory - but progress expected soon

# BESIII data samples

Note that luminosity is lower at  $J/\psi$ ,  
and machine is optimal near  $\psi''$  peak



# The Y states



$e^+e^-$  collisions near  $Y(4S)$

in ISR production

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{ISR}} J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\Rightarrow J^{PC} = 1^{--}$$

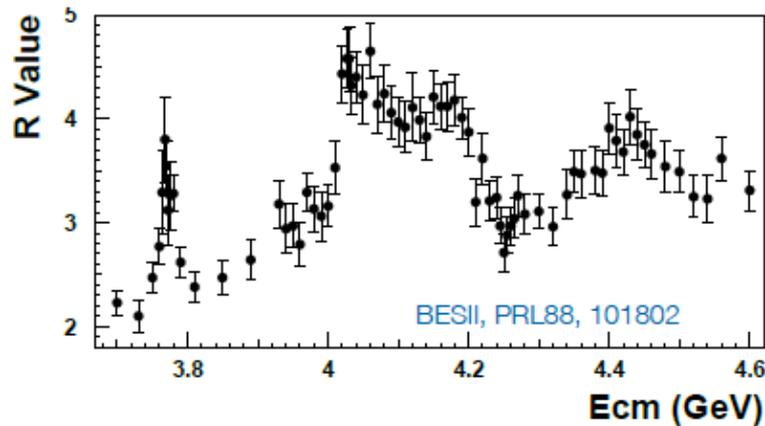
...  $Y(4008) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-?$

...  $Y(4260) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$

...  $Y(4360) \rightarrow \psi(2S) \pi^+ \pi^-$

...  $Y(4630) \rightarrow \psi(2S) \pi^+ \pi^-$

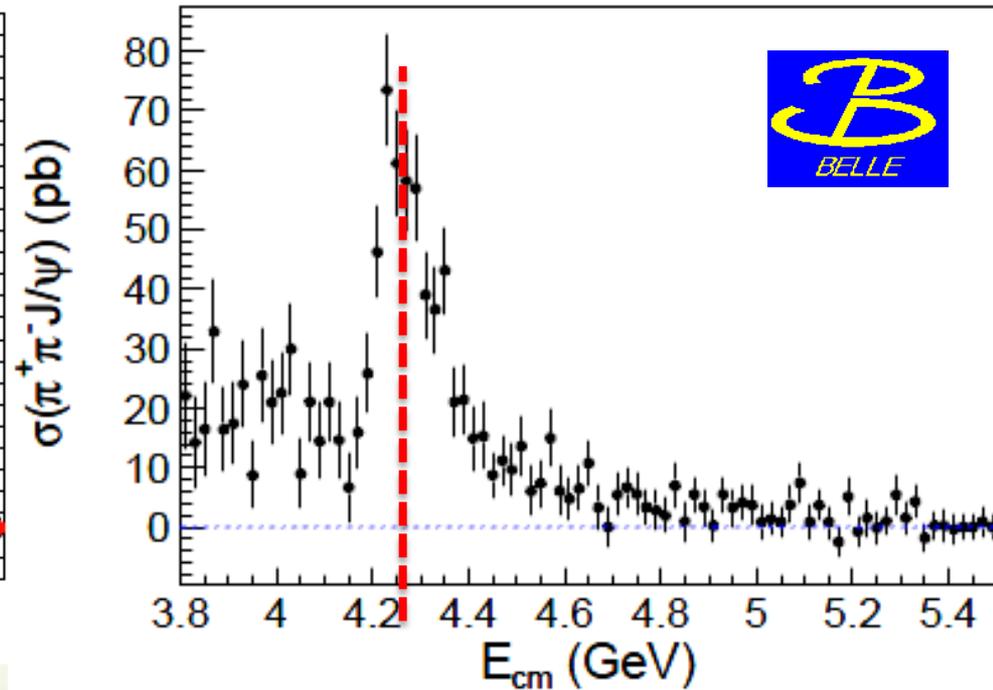
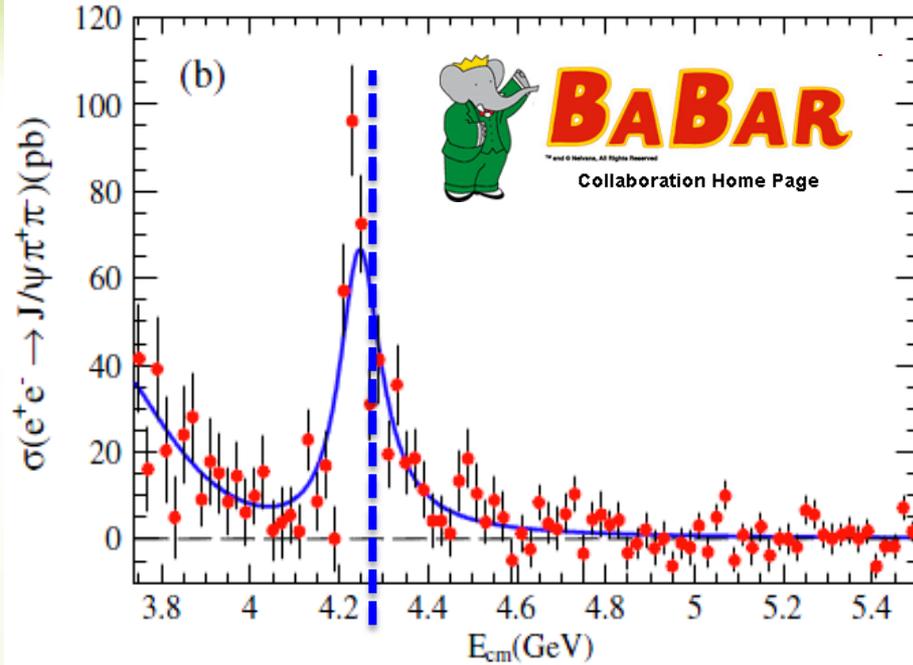
...  $Y(4660) \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \bar{\Lambda}_c^-$



# $\Upsilon(4260)$ point at BESIII

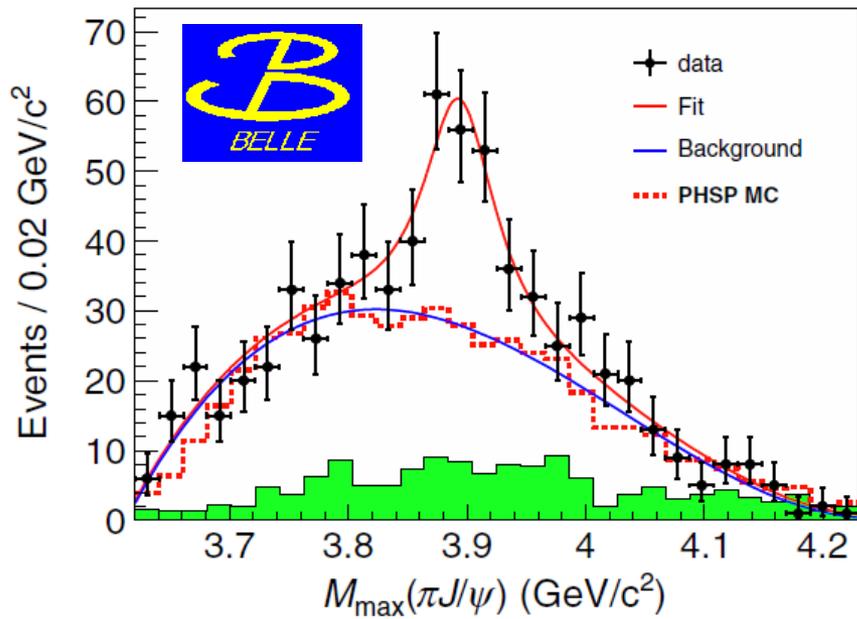
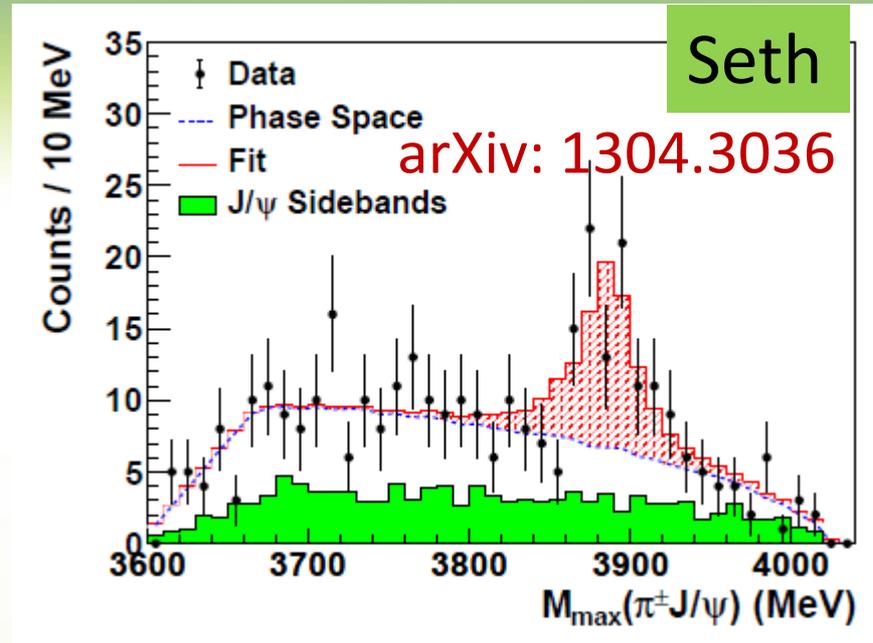
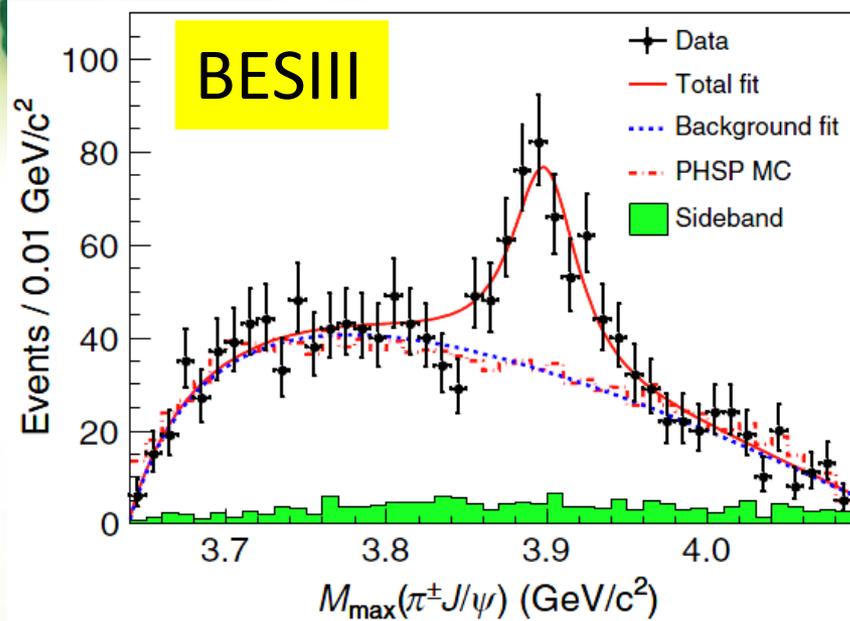
PRD **86**,051102(R) (2012).

PRL **110**,252002 (2013).



1. Dec, 2012 to Jan, 2013, BESIII accumulate  $525 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  data @ 4.26 GeV.
2. Peak position of  $\Upsilon(4260) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$  cross section.
3.  $N(\mu^+\mu^-) = 882 \pm 33$ ;  $N(e^+e^-) = 595 \pm 28$ ; purity  $\sim 90\%$ .
4. Born cross section:  $\sigma^B = (62.9 \pm 1.9 \pm 3.7) \text{ pb}$  at BESIII. PRL **110**, 251002
5. Good agreement with Belle and BaBar.

# BESIII + Belle + CLEO's data



**HEP**

找到 1 笔记录

## 1. Observation of a Charged Charmoniumlike Structure

BESIII Collaboration (M. Ablikim (Beijing, Inst. High Energy Phys.) *et al.*).

Published in *Phys.Rev.Lett.* **110** (2013) 252001

DOI: [10.1103/PhysRevLett.110.252001](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.110.252001)

e-Print: [arXiv:1303.5949](https://arxiv.org/abs/1303.5949) [hep-ex] | [PDF](#)

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[ADS Abstract Service](#); [Interactions.org article](#); [Link to WIRED](#); [phys](#)

详细记录 - [Cited by 421 records](#) 250+



# The nature of $Z_c(3900)$ ?

## 1. Tetraquarks

- arXiv:1110.1333, 1303.6857
- arXiv:1304.0345, 1304.1301...

## 2. Hadronic molecules

- arXiv:1303.6608, 1304.2882, 1304.1850...

## 3. Four quark state (1 or 2)

- arXiv:1304.0380...

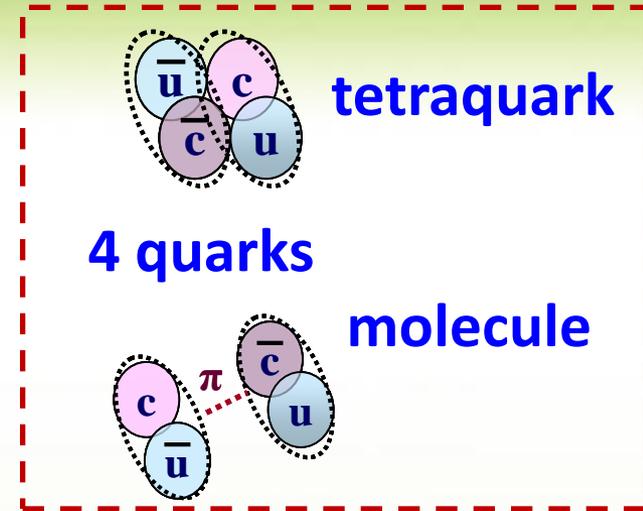
## 4. Meson loop

- arXiv:1303.6355
- arXiv:1304.4458...

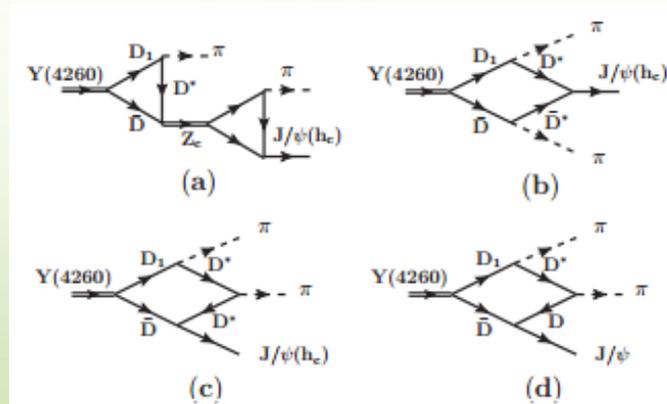
## 5. ISPE model

- arXiv:1303.6842...

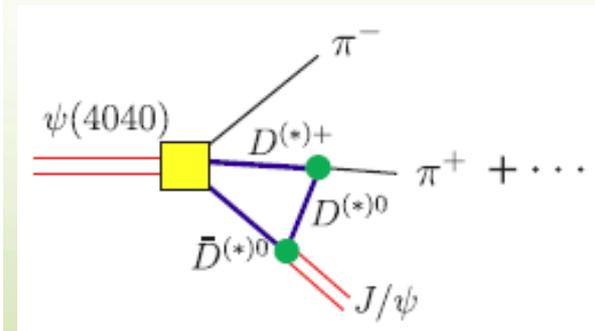
## 6. ...



**Exotic!**



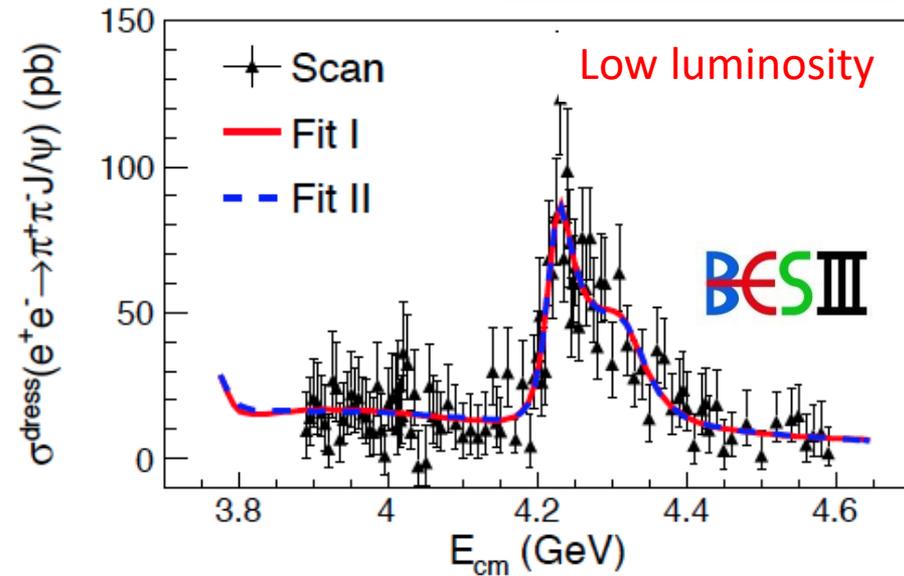
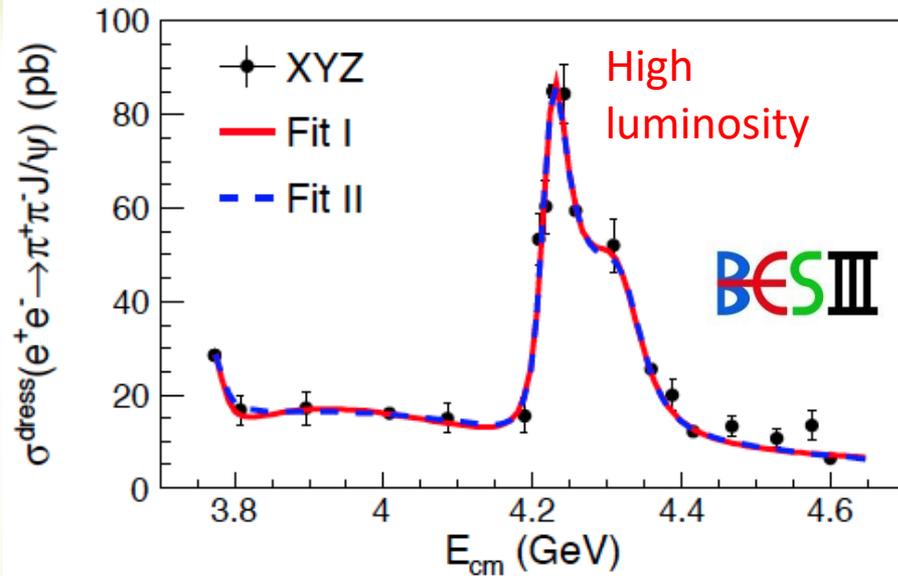
**Meson loop**



**ISPE model**

# Precise cross section measurement of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$ at BESIII

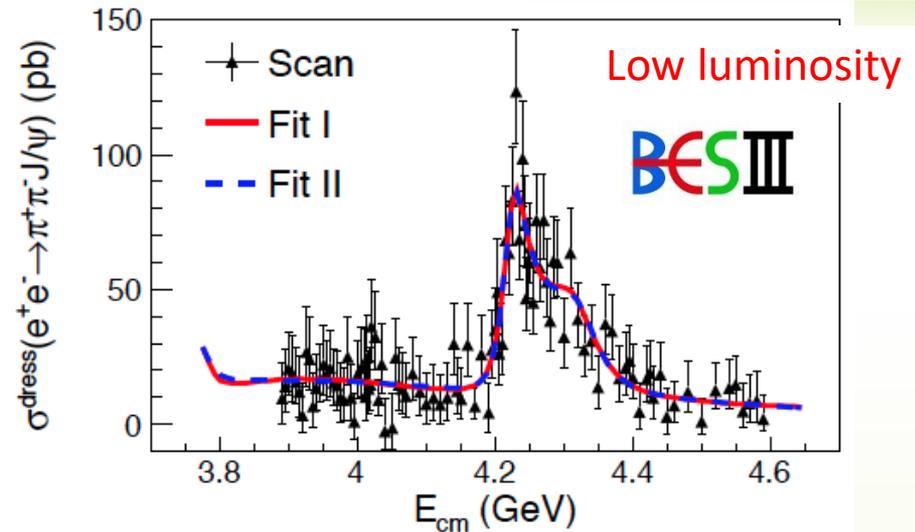
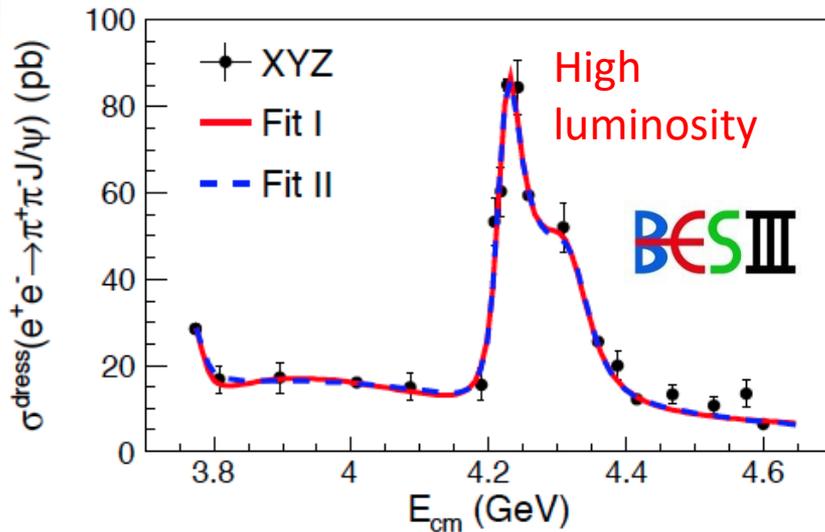
arXiv:1611.01317



- The  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$  was measured with improved precision with BESIII data.
- Fit with three coherent BW resonances (Fit I); or coherent sum of an exponential and two BW resonances (Fit II).
- The 1<sup>st</sup> resonance R1 is similar to  $Y(4008)$  by Belle, however can not be confirmed.
- The 2<sup>nd</sup> resonance R2 is similar to  $Y(4260)$ , but with lower mass & width.
- The 3<sup>rd</sup> resonance R3 have a significance  $> 7.7\sigma$ , nature unclear.

# Precise cross section measurement of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- J/\psi$ at BESIII

arXiv:1611.01317



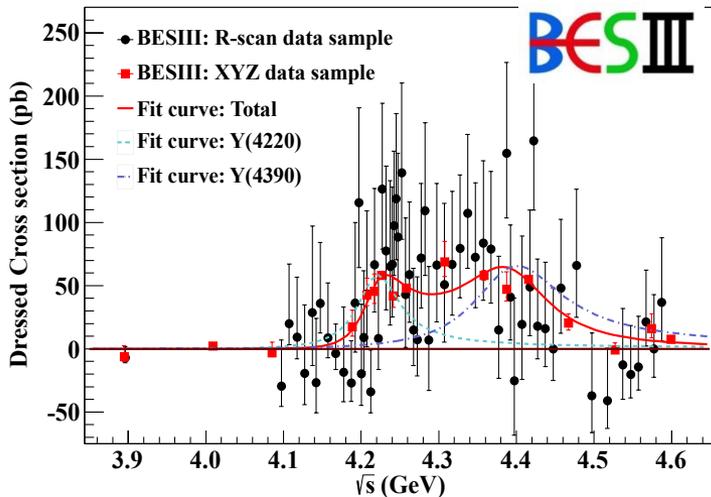
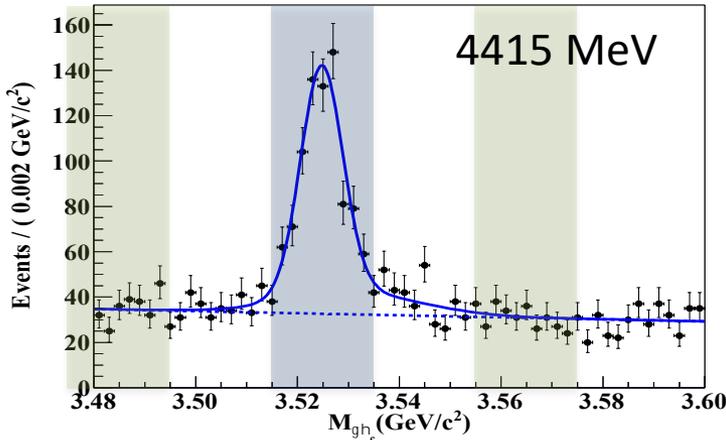
Parameter	Fit 1 / MeV	Fit 2 / MeV
$M(R_1)$	$3812.6^{+61.9}_{-96.6}$	...
$\Gamma_{\text{tot}}(R_1)$	$476.9^{+78.4}_{-64.8}$	...
$M(R_2)$	$4222.0 \pm 3.1$	$4220.9 \pm 2.9$
$\Gamma_{\text{tot}}(R_2)$	$44.1 \pm 4.3$	$44.1 \pm 3.8$
$M(R_3)$	$4320.0 \pm 10.4$	$4326.8 \pm 10.0$
$\Gamma_{\text{tot}}(R_3)$	$101.4^{+25.3}_{-19.7}$	$98.2^{+25.4}_{-19.6}$

stat. errors only

- Lineshape more complicated than just a single resonance / structure
- $Y(4008)$  not needed to describe data
- Significances for  $R_2$  and  $R_3 > 7\sigma$
- $Y(4360) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$  seen?

# Cross section measurement of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c$

arXiv:1610.07044



17 energy points from 3896 MeV to 4600 MeV, total luminosity  $5.26 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  and 62 energy points from 4097 MeV to 4587 MeV, total luminosity:  $0.51 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

- Decay channel:  $\eta_c \rightarrow X_i$

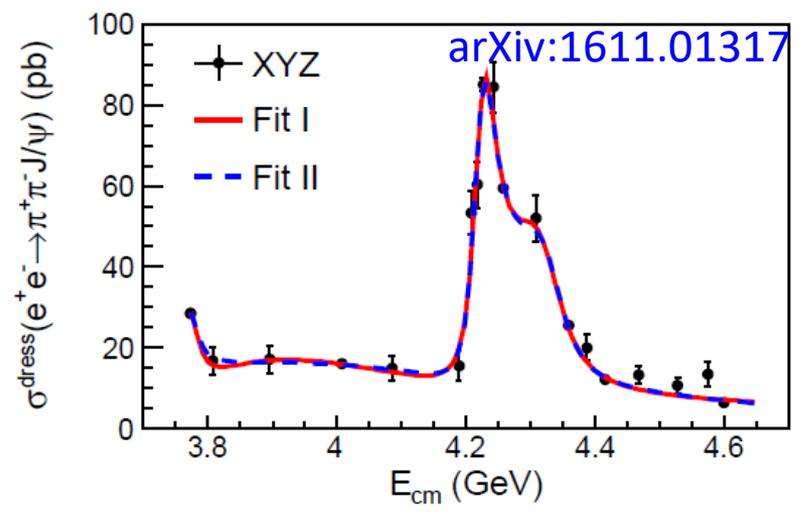
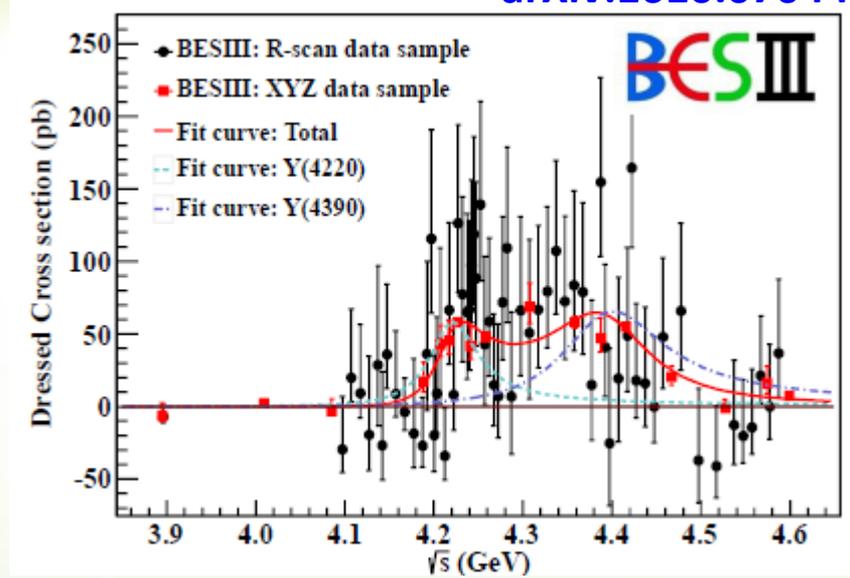
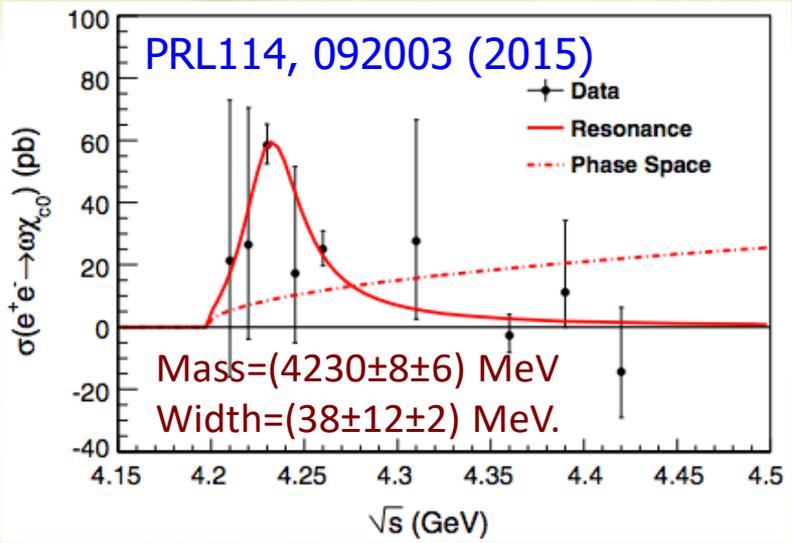
$X_i = \{pp\text{-bar}, \pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-, \pi^+\pi^-pp\text{-bar}, 2(K^+K^-), 2(\pi^+\pi^-), 3(\pi^+\pi^-), 2(\pi^+\pi^-)K^+K^-, K_S^0K^+\pi^- + \text{c.c.}, K_S^0K^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^- + \text{c.c.}, K^+K^-\pi^0, pp\text{-bar}\pi^0, K^+K^-\eta, \pi^+\pi^-\eta, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0, 2(\pi^+\pi^-)\eta, 2(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)\}$

	M (MeV)	$\Gamma_{\text{tot}}$ (MeV)	$\Gamma_{ee} \cdot \text{Br}$ (eV)	$\phi$ (rad)
Y(4220)	$4218.4 \pm 4.0 \pm 0.9$	$66.0 \pm 9.0 \pm 0.4$	$4.6 \pm 4.1 \pm 0.8$	--
Y(4390)	$4391.6 \pm 6.3 \pm 1.0$	$139.5 \pm 16.1 \pm 0.6$	$11.8 \pm 9.7 \pm 1.9$	$3.1 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.2$



# “Y(4260)” in different channels?

arXiv:1610.07044



- In  $\pi\pi J/\psi$ , cross section peaks at lower than 4.26 GeV
- Possibly a narrow structure in  $\omega\chi_{c0}$ 
  - simultaneous fit to all the modes?
  - Better model to parametrize the line shapes?



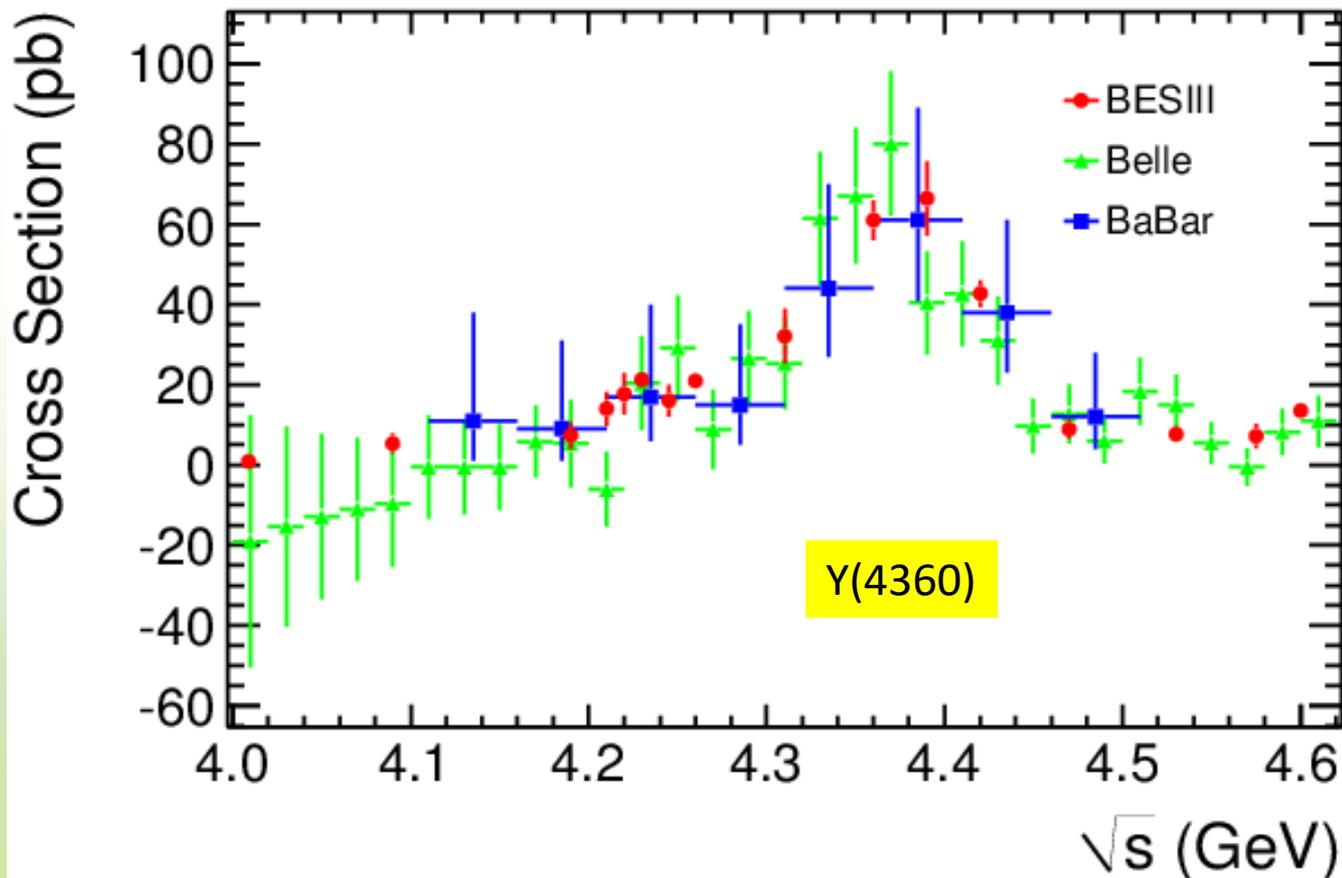
# Comparison of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$ cross section

**BESIII (16 energy points;  $L_{\text{tot}}=5.1\text{fb}^{-1}$ )**

**$\psi(2S)$  Reconstructed modes:**

**Mode I:**  $\Psi(3686) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$ ,  $J/\psi \rightarrow l^+l^-$  ( $l=e/\mu$ )

**Mode II:**  $\Psi(3686) \rightarrow \text{neutrals}+J/\psi$ ,  $\text{neutrals}=(\pi^0\pi^0, \pi^0, \eta \text{ and } \gamma\gamma)$   $J/\psi \rightarrow l^+l^-$  ( $l=e/\mu$ )





# Summary

- BESIII recently updated  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$  cross sections. The peaking position of  $Y(4260)$  shifts to lower mass obviously. More complicated structures are observed.
- BESIII recently updated  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-hc$  cross sections. Two structures,  $Y(4220)$  and  $Y(4390)$ , were observed.
- BESIII recently updated  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$  cross sections which are consistent with Belle results with improved precision.