Testing Gravity: Connecting Theoretical developments to forthcoming Observations

[Testing Gravity:Th×Obs]

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Our review paper is now accessible!

PTEP

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Cosmological gravity probes: Connecting recent theoretical developments to forthcoming observations

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A collective dictionary of gravity theory

.2.1 Summary of the status and schedule of ongoing and future CMB Introduction Theories of gravity xperiments 3.2.2 CMB Polyspectra and Inflation Scalar-tensor theories 8 CMB Lensing 2.1.1 Horndeski theory 3.2.3 Large-S 2.1.2 Degenerate higher-order scalar-tensor theories 3.3 2.1.3 f(R) gravity 11 3.3.1 Massive gravity and bigravity spectro 12 2.2.1 dRGT massive gravity 3.3.2 12 Extensions of dRGT massive gravity 3.3.3 14 Translation breaking theories 3.3.4 15 3.3.5 2.2.4 Lorentz-violating massive gravity 16 3.3.6 2.2.5 Massive bigravity theory 16 2.3 Vector-tensor theories 16 Linear perturbations in modified gravity Metric-affine gravity 2.4 Cuscuton and minimally modified gravity Perturbations in scalar-tensor theories 2.5 22 Perturbations in massive gravity theories 2.6 Evading solar-system tests 24 Perturbations in vector-tensor theories 4.3 2.6.1 Vainshtein screening 24 Perturbations in metric-affine gravity 2.6.2 Chameleon and symmetron 27 2.7 Positivity bound 29 Numerical tools for theoretical predictions 2.7.1 Non-gravitational positivity bound 2.7.2 Gravitational positivity bound 31 Boltzmann code 5.1.1 Overview 2.7.3 Implications of gravitational positivity bound 32 5.1.2 Formalism Observables for testing gravity 33 5.1.3 Demonstrations Basic equations for testing modified gravity against ACDM model 34 Predicting non-linear str Cosmic Microwave Background 38 3.2 5.2.1Overview Emulation

How the effect of gravity are captured in **observations**

Concrete **predictions** from theories by analytic computations Perturbations in cuscuton and minimally modified gravity **Numerical** tools DarkEmulator: halo model meets emulation

Our **high-priority**

subjects

5.2.4 Exten

Outlook

Summary

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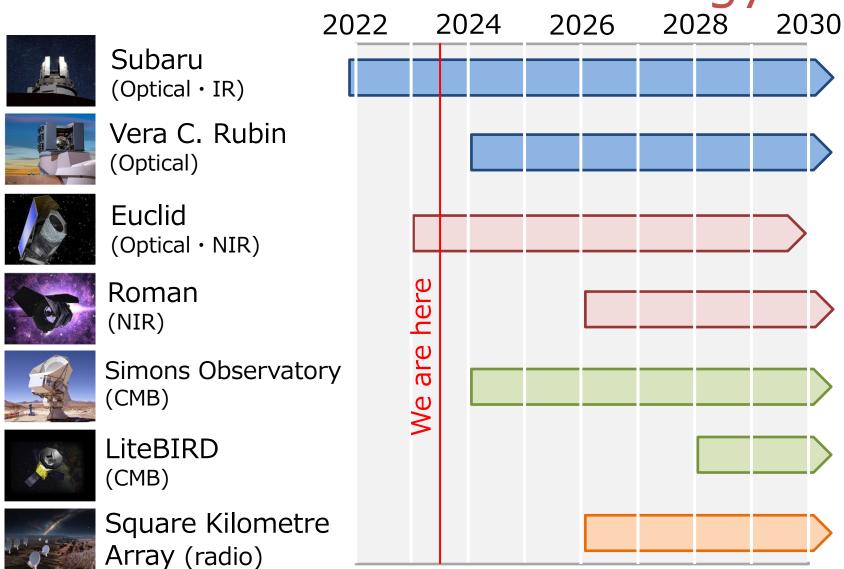
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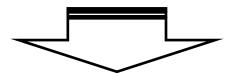
1. Current status

Golden Age of Observational Cosmology



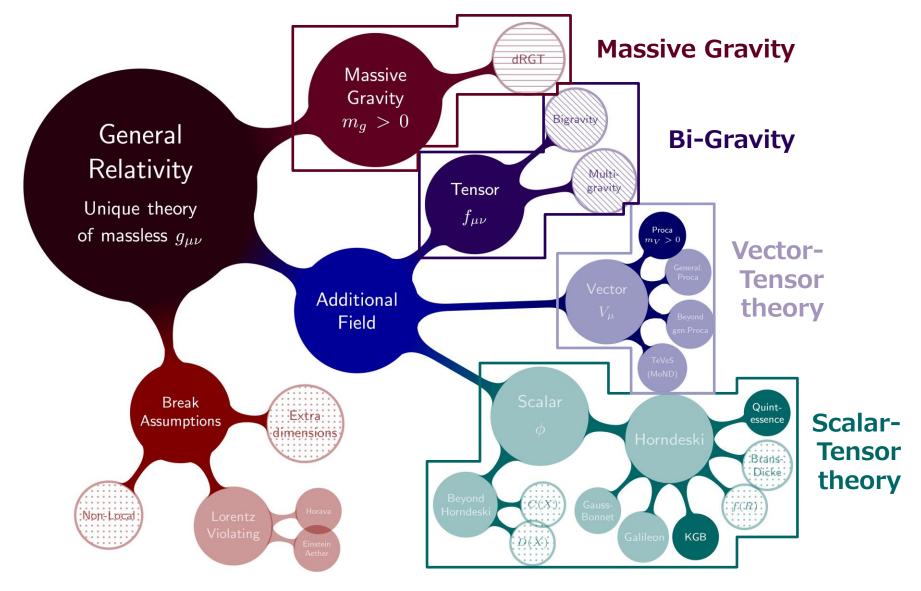
Golden Age of Observational Cosmology

Near-future observations will provide vast high-quality data suitable for proving gravity theory on large scales.

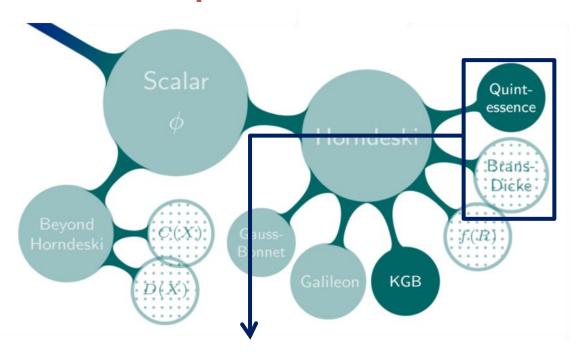


We now need to prepare <u>well-motivated</u> theory and <u>appropriate observables</u> that can indicate any signs beyond GR!

Landscape of Gravity Theory



Example: Scalar-Tensor Theories



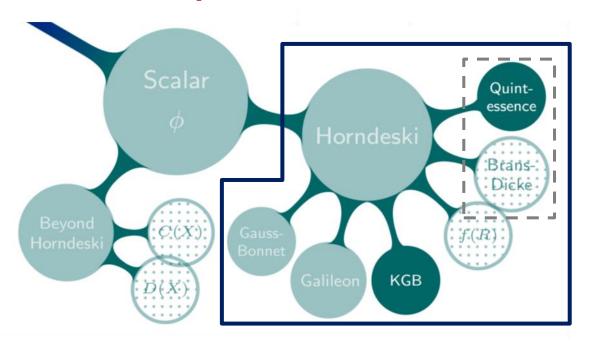
(Old) well-known theories: Only one parameter

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\phi R - \frac{\omega}{\phi} (\partial \phi)^2 \right]$$

[Brans+Dicke,Phys.Rev.124,925(1961),···]

The feasibility can be discussed on a **model-by-model** basis.

Example: Scalar-Tensor Theories



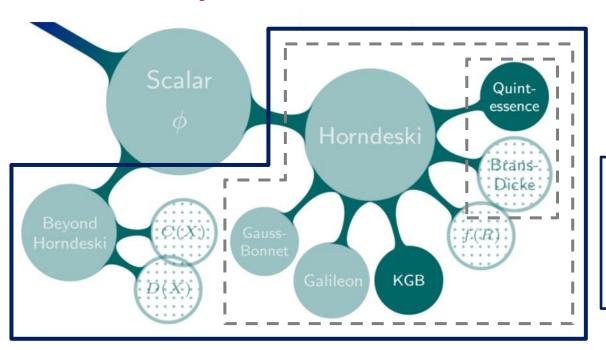
This provides a bird's eye view understanding.

Horndeski theory: 4 arbitrary functional DoF

$$\mathcal{L} = P(\phi, X) - Q(\phi, X) \Box \phi + G_4(\phi, X) R - \frac{\partial G_4}{\partial X} (\nabla_{\mu} \nabla_{\nu} \phi)^2 + \cdots$$

[Horndeski,Int.J.Theor.Phys.10,363(1974), Deffayet+,PRD84,063039(2011), Kobayashi+Yamaguchi+Yokoyama,PTP126,511(2011)]

Example: Scalar-Tensor Theories

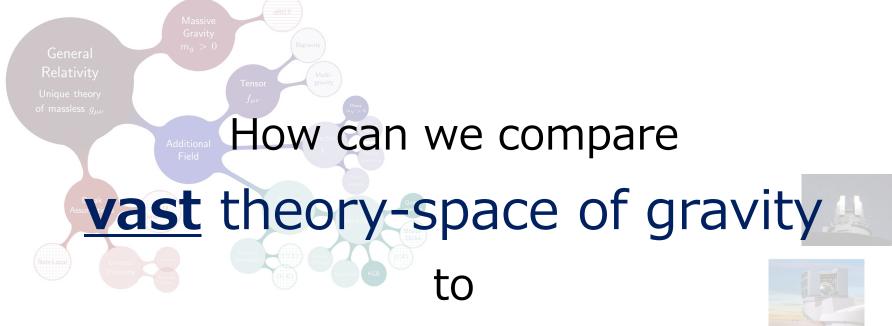


This gives a deeper understanding of its **stability**.

◆ DHOST(Degenerate Higher-Order Scalar-Tensor theory): 15 DoF!

$$\mathcal{L} = \cdots + f(\phi, X)R + A_1(\phi, X) (\nabla_{\mu} \nabla_{\nu} \phi)^2 + \cdots$$

[Langlois+Noui,JCAP02,034(2015), Crisostomi+,JCAP04,044(2016), Ben Achour+,PRD93,124005(2016)] Today's topic



forthcoming cosmological observations?









Take-Home Message

Theoretical

Theory (Th1) **Effective** Theory Pheno. (Obs3) model Pheno. (Obs2) parameter (Obs1) Observable

Main message: A <u>hierarchical structure</u> exists in the cosmological test of gravity.



It is essential to link each hierarchy appropriately:

The key is <u>to connect</u>

Theoretical studies with

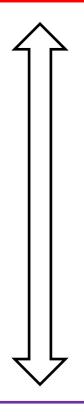
Observational ones!

Observational

2. Hierarchical structure from theory to observation (or vise versa)

(Th1) **Theory**

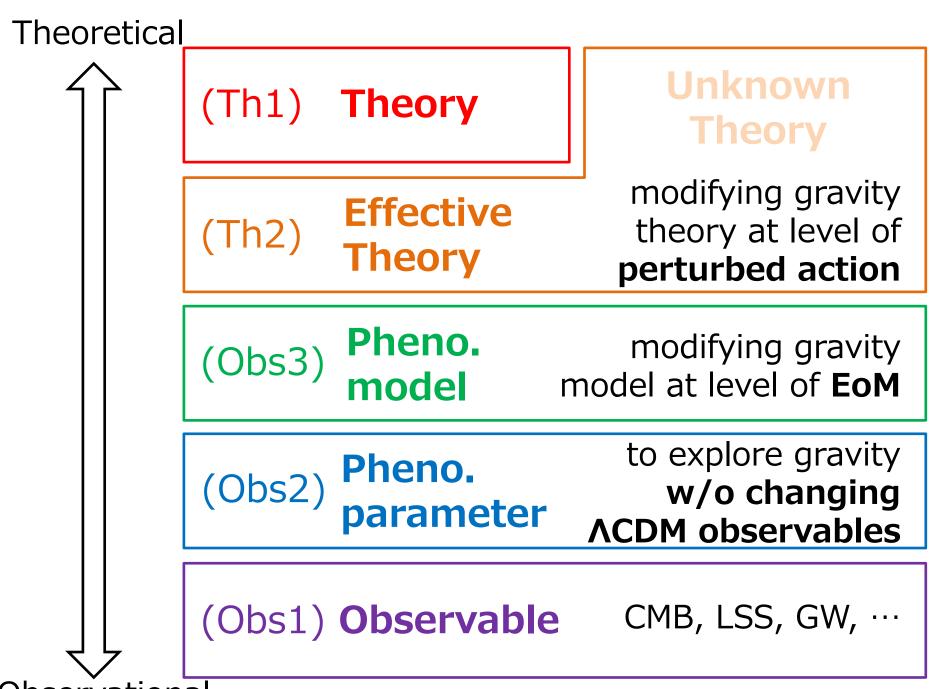
F(R), Horndeski, ...



Can we compare (full-)theory of gravity to observational data directly?

(Obs1) **Observable** CI

CMB, LSS, GW, ···



Observational

(Obs2) Pheno. parameter

: w/o changing \(\Lambda\)CDM observables



$$H^{2}(a) = H_{0}^{2} \left[\frac{\Omega_{\text{m},0}}{a^{3}} + \Omega_{\text{DE},0} \exp\left(-3 \int_{1}^{a} \left[1 + w_{\text{DE}}(a')\right] d \ln a'\right) \right]$$

Dark Energy Equation-of-State

Perturbed level: Growth rate of density fluct.

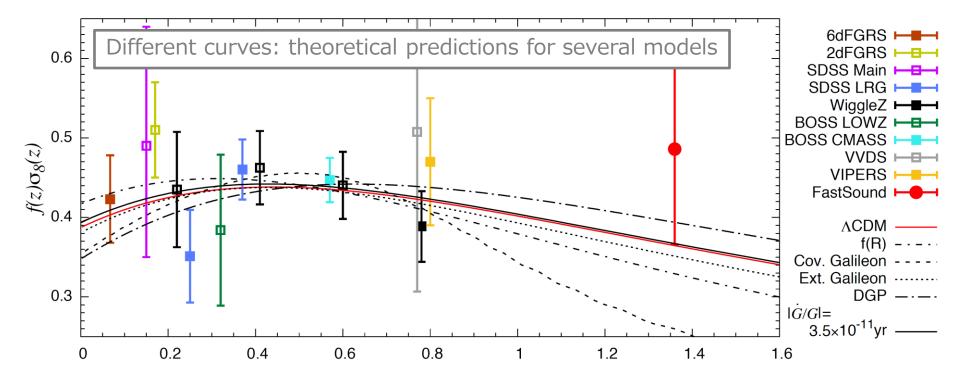
$$\delta(a, \mathbf{k}) = \exp\left(\int_0^a \boxed{f(a')} \mathrm{d} \ln a'\right) \delta_*(\mathbf{k})$$
 Linear growth rate

(Obs2) Pheno. parameter

: w/o changing \(\Lambda\)CDM observables

 Measuring f from RSD is frequently used for test of gravity responsible for current acceleration.

FastSound [Okumura+] PASJ68,3,38(2016)



Q. Are w_{DE} & f enough to test gravity?

A. **NOT** enough. Even if w_{DE} =-1, f= f_{GR} , it is **NOT** necessary that our Universe is described by Λ CDM with GR.



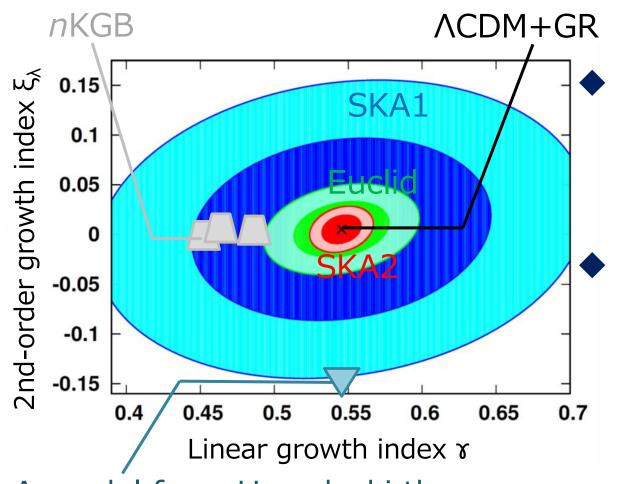
Nonlinear growth can carry new information that is not included in linear-order.

$$\delta(a, \mathbf{k}) = \delta_1(a, \mathbf{k}) + \int \frac{\mathrm{d}^3 \mathbf{p}}{(2\pi)^3} F_2(a, \mathbf{p}, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{p}) \delta_1(a, \mathbf{p}) \delta_1(a, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{p}) + \cdots$$
(quasi-)nonlinear growth

[Takushima+(2014,2015),**DY**+(2017),Namikawa+(2018), Hirano+(2018),Hirano+**DY**+(2020),**DY**+Sugiyama(2022), **DY**+(2023),Sugiyama+**DY**+(2023a,b),Yamashita+**DY**+(in prep.)]

(Obs2) Nonlinear growth

: to extract higher-order contributions



Nonlinear growth index (ξ_{λ}) can be used to distinguish various models!

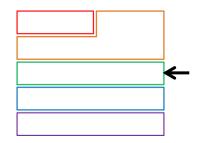
Note: Mapping of these parameters to specific theories is **not** fully understood.

A model from Horndeski theory (specific model with w_{DE} =-1, f= f_{GR})

DY+,PRD96,123516(2017) Namikawa+,PRD98,043530(2018)

(Obs3) Pheno. model

: modifying gravity at level of EoM



Non-relativistic matter feels

$$\ddot{\delta} + 2H\dot{\delta} + \boxed{\frac{1}{a^2}\nabla^2\Phi} = 0$$
Gravitational potential (δg_{00})

This term depends **Poisson equation:**

on gravity model via
$$\nabla^2\Phi=4\pi Ga^2\rho\delta$$

We add phenomenological functional DoF

 $\mu(a,k)$

(Obs3) Pheno. model

: modifying gravity at level of EoM

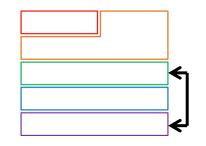
Relativistic matter feels:

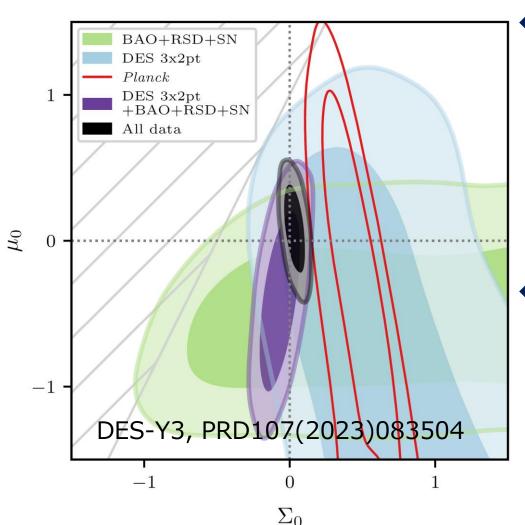
$$\nabla^2(\Phi + \Psi) = 8\pi G a^2 \rho \delta$$
 Gravitational potential (δg_{ij}) Phenomenological functional DoF $\Sigma(a,k)$

 \checkmark Note: To practically obtain the constraints, a functional form of μ & Σ should be specified.

(Obs3) Pheno. model

: modifying gravity at level of EoM





A specific choice of functional forms:

$$\mu(a) = 1 + \mu_0 \frac{\Omega_{\rm DE}(a)}{\Omega_{\rm DE,0}}$$
$$\Sigma(a) = 1 + \Sigma_0 \frac{\Omega_{\rm DE}(a)}{\Omega_{\rm DE,0}}$$

Pheno. model is useful to investigate how signals deviate from standard ones, although the mapping is not fully understood.

(Th2) Effective Theory

: modifying at level of perturbed action

• We consider the perturbed action so that the physical meaning of pert. is obvious:

[Example] Effective 2nd-order Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{16\pi G} \left[(1+\alpha_{\mathrm{T}})^{(3)}R + \delta K^{i}{}_{j}\delta K^{j}{}_{i} - \delta K^{2} + \cdots \right]$$
 Independently of the details of original theory, this term always represents

sound speed of GWs!

(Th2) Effective Theory

: modifying at level of perturbed action

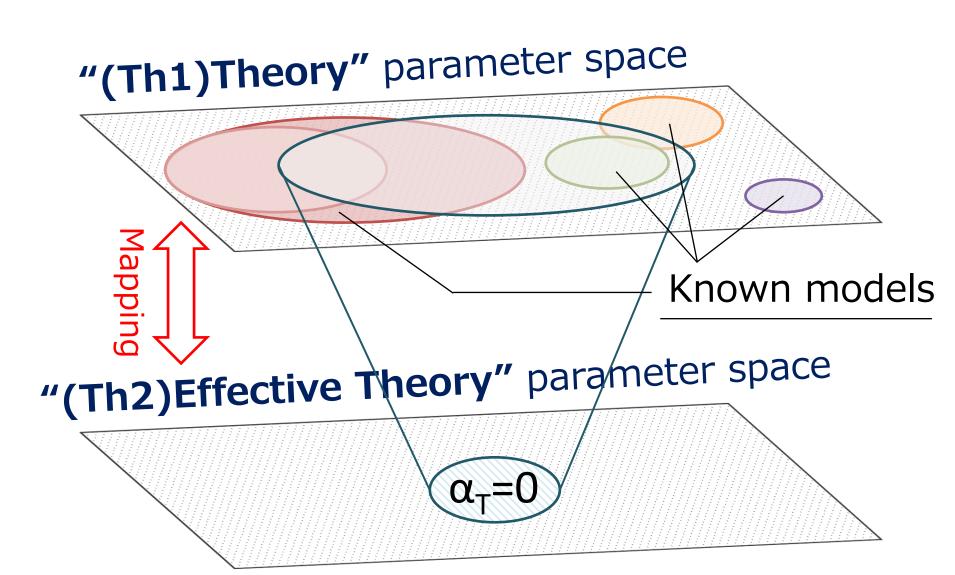
Even complex full theories can be described by linear theories with a few EFT parameters:

 $\alpha_{K}(t) \text{ Kineticity (kinetic term of additional field)}$ $\alpha_{M}(t) \text{ Planck-Mass run rate}$ $\alpha_{T}(t) \text{ Tensor speed excess}$ $\alpha_{B}(t) \text{ Braiding (Mixing between field and metric pert.)}$ $\alpha_{H}(t) \text{ beyond-Horndeski}$ $\beta_{1}(t) \text{ beyond-GLPV (higher-order derivatives)}$

Scalar-Tensor Theories: Bellini+,JCAP07,050(2014), Langlois+,JCAP05,033(2017),... Vector-Tensor Theories: Aoki+,JCAP01,056(2022), Fluid: Aoki+,JCAP08,072(2022)

(Th2) Effective Theory

: modifying at level of perturbed action



3. Connecting Theoretical studies with Observations (Th×Obs)



Many challenges lie between Theory & Observation…

We need a **highway**!

(Obs3) Pheno. model

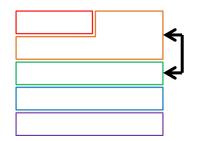
(Obs2)

Pheno. parameter

(Th2)
Effective Theory

Forthcoming cosmological observations (Obs1)

(Th2) Effective Theory→ (Obs3) Pheno. model



We have already created a **dictionary** to connect (Th2) and (Obs3) in <u>specific</u> gravity theories.

■ Ex) Interaction between metric and scalar-field pert.

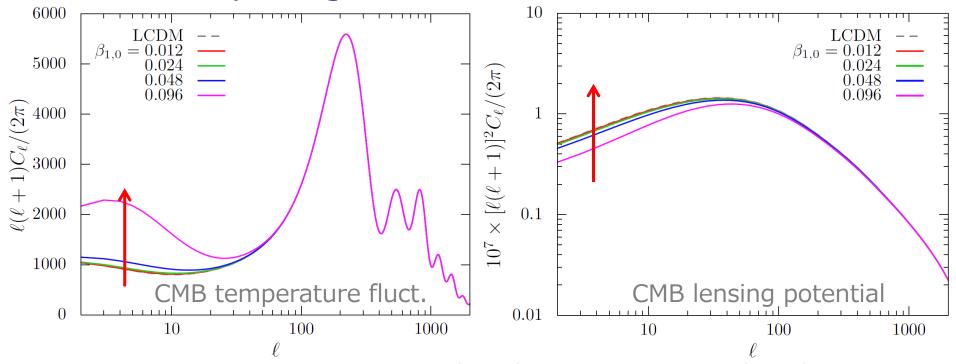
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = -2M_{\text{Pl}}^2 a H \alpha_{\text{B}} \Phi \nabla^2 \varphi$$

$$\mu = \Sigma = 1 - \frac{\alpha_{\text{B}}^2}{\frac{\dot{H}}{H^2} + \frac{3}{2}\Omega_{\text{m}} + \alpha_{\text{B}}(1 + \alpha_{\text{B}}) + \frac{(H\alpha_{\text{B}})^{\cdot}}{H^2}}$$

Horndeski theory: Pogosian+,PRD94,104014(2016),Gleyzes+,JCAP02,056(2016) DHOST theory: Hirano+**DY**+,PRD99,104051(2019)/PRD102,103505(2020) Vector-Tensor theory: Aoki+,JCAP01,056(2022),···

(Th2) Eff. Theo./(Th1) Theory \rightarrow (Obs1) Observation[CMB]

◆ T. Hiramatsu (Rikyo U) developed the novel Boltzmann code "CMB2nd" that is utilized for computing CMB in the context of DHOST.



Hiramatsu+**DY**,PRD102,083525(2020), Hiramatsu, JCAP10(2022)035 Hiramatsu+Kobayashi, JCAP07, 040 (2022),···

We have started new Japanese Working Group:

"Testing Gravity: ThxObs"

□ Start : Aug. 2020

□Aim: Several multi-wavelength wide-field cosmological surveys have been conducted and planned, hence immediate validation system of gravity model needs to be established. For this reason, the aim of this working group is to strongly connect theoretical and observational studies in Japan.

□ Chairs: Miyatake, Yokoyama, Arai(Nagoya), DY(OUS)

■Members: >50

Our review paper is now accessible!

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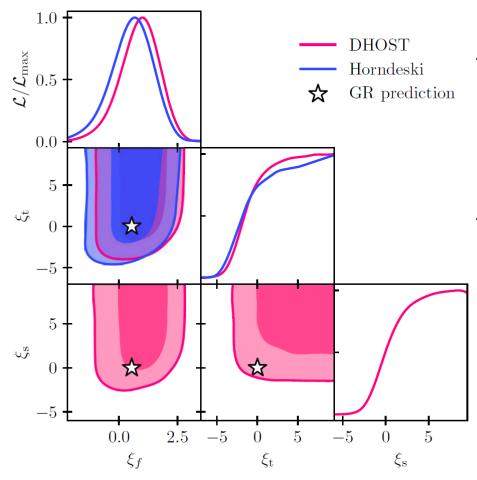
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New Th×Obs project has started



Sugiyama+**DY**+, MNRAS523, 2, 3133 Sugiyama+**DY**+, MNRAS524, 2, 1651

- ◆Requests from **Obs** side:
 Novel technique
 "anisotropic galaxy 3PCF"
- Requests from Theo side : Theoretical prediction of nonlinear growth



New Th×Obs project "Test of gravity from anisotropic galaxy 3PCF"

[Analysis based on **DY**+Sugiyama,PRD105,063515(2022)]

What we have to do are…

- Coupling between matter and gravity
 - ✓ Most calculations are based on minimal coupling.
 - ✓ **Nonminimal (e.g. disformal) coupling** may lead to strange phenomena in observables [Kimura+DY+Yamaguchi+(2018),Chibana+DY+Yamaguchi(2019)]

Nonlinearity

- ✓ **Screening mechanism** should be considered. Beyond-Horndeski class such as DHOST leads to partial breaking of screening mechanism [Kobayashi+DY+(2015),Langlois+DY+(2018)]
- ✓ Deeper understanding of **nonlinear growth** of structure is also needed.

Summary

Theoretical

Theory (Th1) Effective Theory Pheno. (Obs3) model Pheno. (Obs2) parameter (Obs1) Observable

Main message: A <u>hierarchical structure</u> exists in the cosmological test of gravity.

The key is to connect

Theoretical studies with

Observational ones!

- ◆Japanese working group "Testing Gravity: Th×Obs"
- ◆Our review paper is now accessible!

Observational