Replica Wormholes, Entanglement Wedges and the Black Hole Information Paradox

Geoff Penington, UC Berkeley



Entanglement Wedge Reconstruction and the Information Paradox. GP. *arXiv:1905.08255*.

Replica Wormholes and the Black Hole Interior. GP, S. Shenker, D. Stanford, Z. Yang. *arXiv:1911.11977*.

See also:

The Entropy of Bulk Quantum Fields and the Entanglement Wedge of an Evaporating Black Hole. A. Almheiri, N. Engelhardt, D. Marolf, H. Maxfield. *arXiv:1905.08762*.

The Page Curve of Hawking Radiation From Semiclassical Geometry. A. Almheiri, R. Mahajan, J. Maldacena, Y. Zhao. *arXiv:1908.10996.*

Replica wormholes and the entropy of hawking radiation. A. Almheiri, T. Hartman, J. Maldacena, E. Shaghoulian, A. Tajdini. *arXiv:1911.12333*.

Other important work by: Akers, Harlow, Bousso, Tomasevic, Chen, Fisher, Hernandez, Myers, Ruan, Rozali, Van Raamsdonk, Sully, Waddell, Wakeham

The claim:

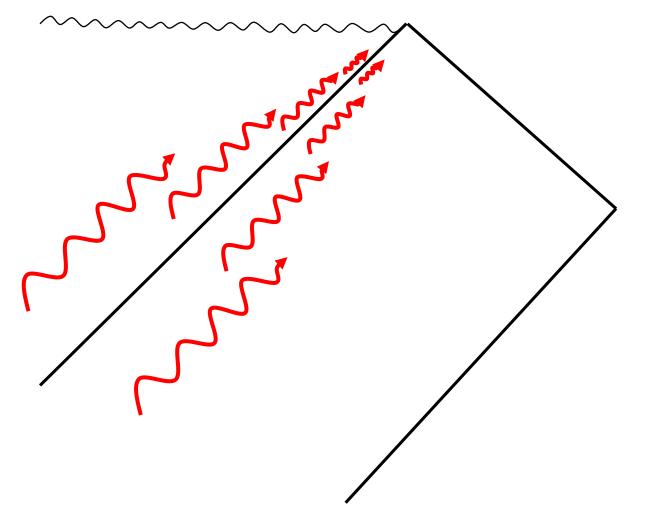
- In **1975**, Hawking famously argued that information that falls into a black hole is lost forever, in contradiction with the **unitarity** of quantum mechanics.
- Since then, many arguments that this must be wrong, but, until last year, no actual gravity calculation that showed the information escaping.
- We now know exactly the mistake Hawking made in his calculation. Using the tools of quantum information, we can see exactly how and when the information comes out. Agrees exactly with predictions from (non-gravitational) toy models.
- Original context: AdS/CFT. However, don't need a CFT, string theory, anti-de Sitter space, etc.
- Hawking simply missed the existence of certain saddle points in the gravitational path integral, which contain 'spacetime wormholes'. Including these saddles in calculations shows that information escapes.

The plan:

- **Part 0:** review the relevant features of the information paradox
- **Part I**: abstract everything away into a very simple but **unrealistic** toy model, where we can calculate everything completely **explicitly**.
- Part II: move to more realistic models, including evaporating fourdimensional black holes, at the cost of being somewhat less explicit.

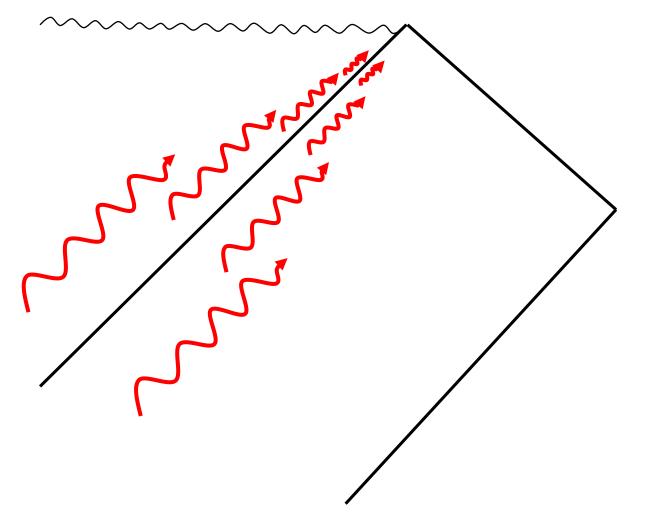
Part 0: The Information Paradox

Evaporating black holes



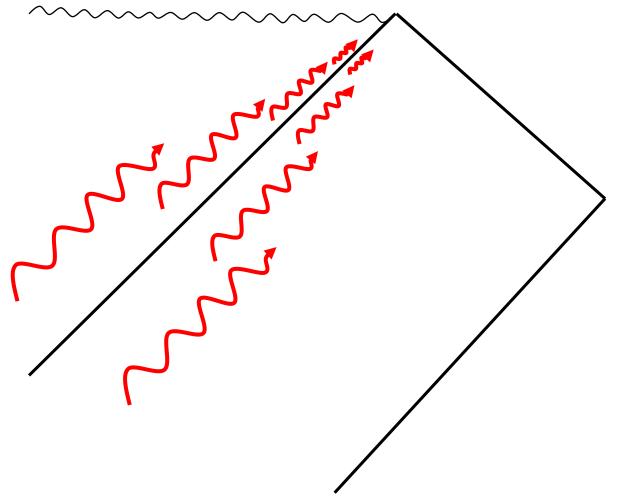
- Quantum field theory: short-range entanglement between outgoing modes slightly inside/outside the BH horizon
- BH dynamics redshifts these modes, creating Hawking radiation that is entangled with interior modes
- As the black holes evaporates, more and more modes escape. The entanglement (apparently) increases indefinitely

The Information Paradox



- Eventually the entanglement entropy becomes larger than the Bekenstein-Hawking entropy of the black hole (the Page time)
- If the BH entropy is truly the statistical entropy of black hole microstates (true in string theory, AdS/CFT), this is a paradox: not enough BH states to be able to purify the Hawking radiation
- Possible resolutions: a) information loss or b) entanglement entropy starts decreasing at/before Page time (Page curve)

The Information Paradox

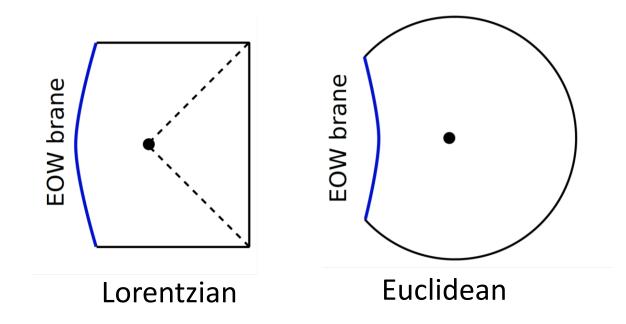


- If the evolution is unitary and the black hole is maximally entangled after the Page time, it cannot carry any information about stuff that had fallen in.
- Quantum information can't be erased. Hence the Hawking radiation must already carry some sort of information about the state.
- But, in the semiclassical description, there is **no interaction** between the infalling matter and the Hawking modes.

Part 1: A Very Simple Model

(**GP**, Shenker, Stanford, Yang *arXiv:1911.11977*)

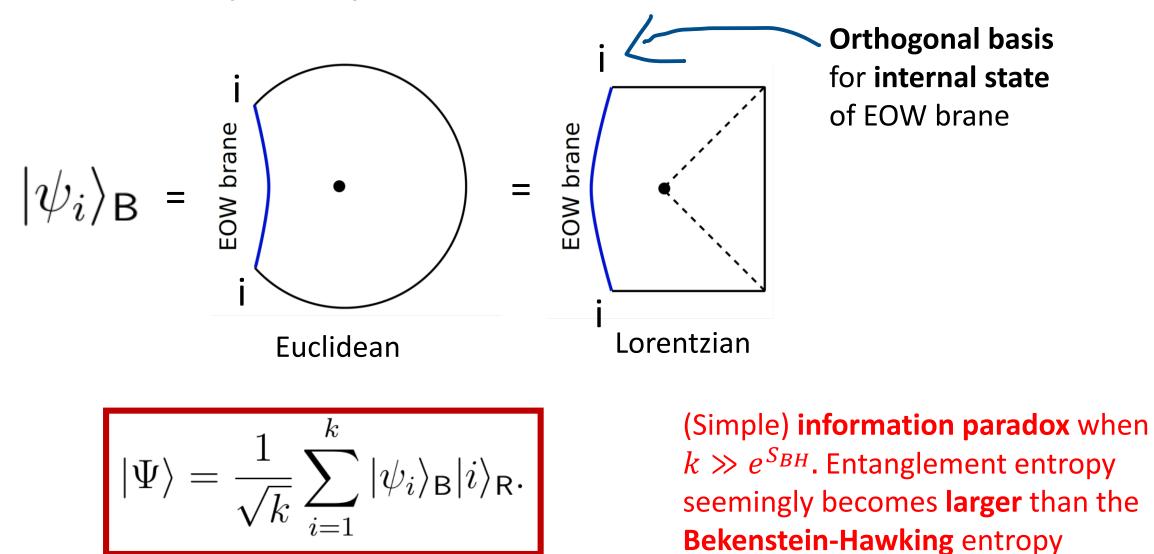
A Very Simple Model: Pure JT gravity plus EOW Branes



1+1-dimensional, one-sided eternal black hole, where the spacetime ends on an **'end-of-the-world' brane** in the BH interior

Analogue for Hawking radiation: add internal degrees of freedom to the EOW brane (interior modes) that are maximally entangled with a reference system

A Very Simple Information Paradox



The Replica Trick

- How do you calculate **von Neumann entropies** using a path integral?
- Answer: the integer n Renyi entropies

$$\frac{1}{1-n}\log {\rm Tr}\rho_R^n$$

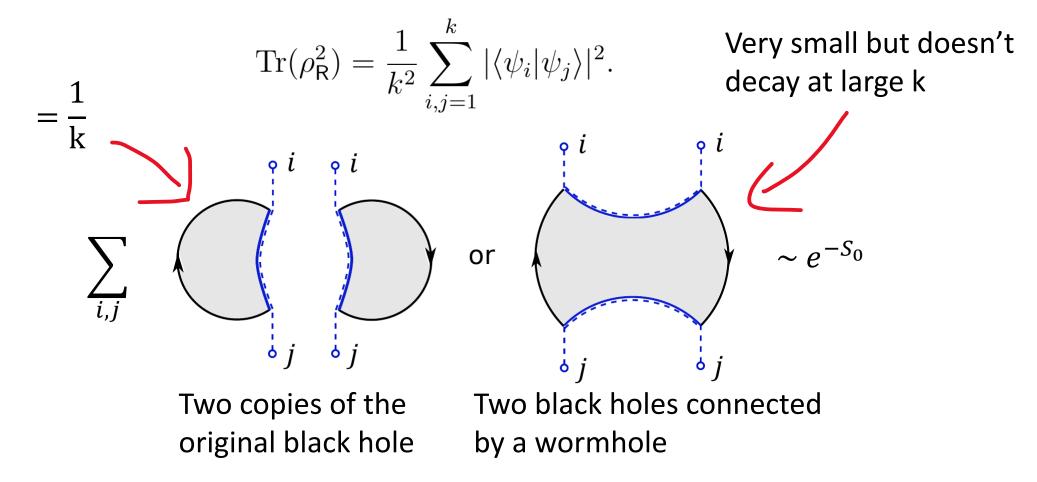
are proportional to the logarithm of an observable on **n copies of the system**.

- We can calculate the von Neumann entropy by analytically continuing the Renyi entropies to n=1.
- **The key idea**: the gravitational path integral includes topologies that connect the different replicas via **spacetime wormholes**.

Calculating the Purity

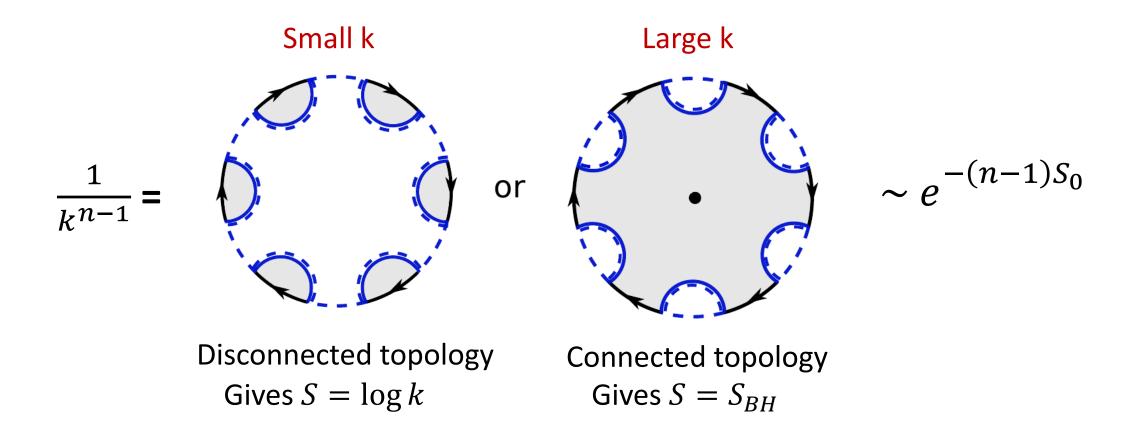
Einstein-Hilbert term ~ Euler characteristic

Calculate the purity $Tr(\rho_R^2)$ using a **Euclidean path integral**, where we sum over **all topologies** with the correct boundary conditions:

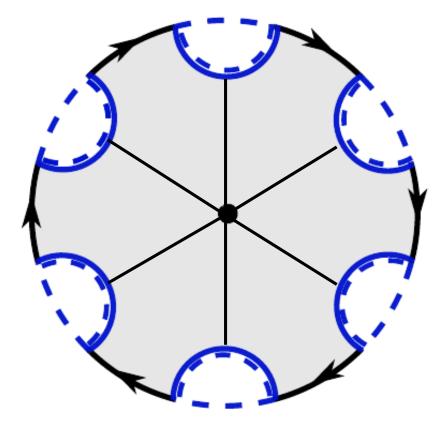


Calculating the von Neumann Entropy

In general, there are a lot of topologies that can contribute to $Tr(\rho_R^n)$. However, in the limit where k is **very large/small** one of **two families of topologies** dominates



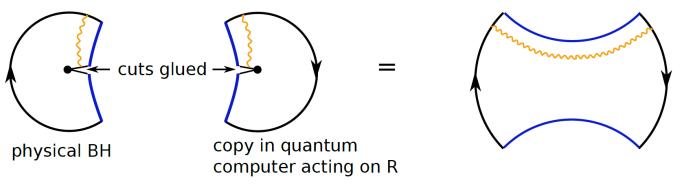
Calculating the von Neumann Entropy



- Connected topology has a Z_n replica symmetry.
- After quotienting by this symmetry, we get roughly the original black hole geometry, except that there is a conical singularity at the fixed point of the replica symmetry
- In the limit n → 1, the singularity vanishes (get original unbackreacted geometry)
- Von Neumann entropy given by the "area" of replica fixed point (in this case the bifurcation surface)

Extracting Information from the Interior

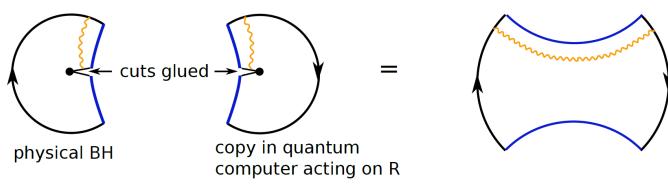
- Can extract information from the black hole interior using a general purpose QEC recovery map called the Petz map
- In order to do so, the quantum computer decoding the information effectively has to simulate the black hole evaporation process
- The information escapes because of **spacetime wormholes** connecting the real and simulated black holes
- After the Page time (and only after), the wormhole configuration dominates, and so information can be extracted



(Cotler, Hayden, **GP**, Salton, Swingle, Walter *arXiv:1704.05839*) (Chen, **GP**, Salton *arXiv:1902.02844*)

Extracting Information from the Interior

- Should note: last slide somewhat **oversimplified**
- Just like the von Neumann entropy, the Petz map calculation involves an analytic continuation where the number of 'simulated' black holes goes to zero
- Obviously you can't analytically continue a quantum circuit: this is just a mathematical trick for doing the calculation
- The actual way to implement the recovery is to do Grover search. This involves simulating the black hole exponentially many times.
- Hawking was **information-theoretically** wrong, but **computationally** right



Very, very hard

(Brown, Gharibyan, GP, Susskind arXiv:1912.00288)

Much more to say in this model!

- Simple enough that we can do the **full path integral**, rather than just looking at classical saddle points
- Can use tools from **free probability theory** to find the corrections to the von Neumann entropy, and even the **full entanglement spectrum**, near the Page transition, when the Renyi entropies are not dominated by a single topology.
- Transition is **complicated**, with **seven distinct phases**. However the main qualitative features agree with previous expectations.
- (In particular, there are $O(1/\sqrt{G_N})$ corrections near the transition from **energy fluctuations**.)

Part 2: Actual Evaporating Black Holes

(**GP** *arXiv:1905.08255*)

What about actual evaporating black holes?

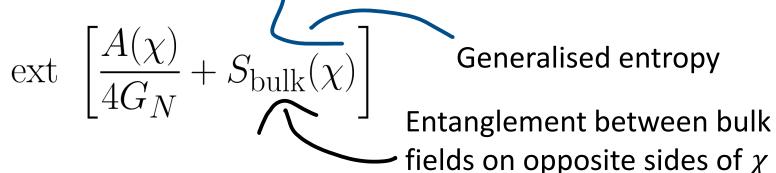
- **Bad news:** no one has found analytic solution for the **replica wormhole** geometry at integer $n \ge 2$ in more realistic models.
- Numerical results for the SYK model suggest that the physics is inherently messy, with complicated backreaction related to the fast scrambling behaviour.
- Good news: we saw in the simple model that the von Neumann entropy was controlled by the area of the replica fixed point in the original geometry.

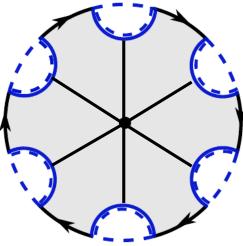
Generally true

(Also true of the Petz map calculations)

The Quantum Extremal Surface Prescription

1. In the limit $n \rightarrow 1$, the equations of motion imply that the replica fixed point needs to be a **quantum extremal surface**





2. **Von Neumann entropy** (from given family of saddles) is the generalised entropy of the corresponding QES.

3. The **dominant family of saddles** comes from the replica fixed point with **smallest generalised entropy** (the **minimal QES**)

(Quantum-corrected) **Ryu-Takayanagi** formula

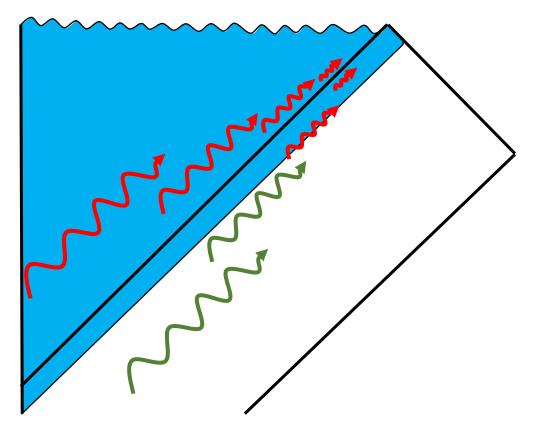
The Page Curve in Evaporating Black Holes

At **early times**, disconnected replica topologies dominate

No replica fixed point = **empty QES**

Generalised entropy = $A/4G_N$ = $A/4G_N + S_{bulk}$ = semiclassical entropy of the Hawking radiation

Area = 0



Entanglement between **blue region** and escaped **Hawking** radiation grows linearly with time

The Page Curve in Evaporating Black Holes

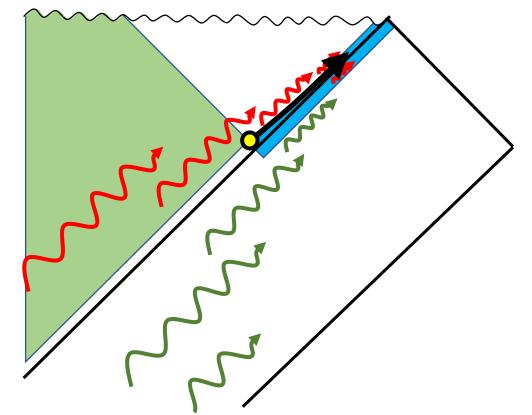
However, there also exists a **non-empty quantum extremal surface** that lies just inside the event horizon

Generalised entropy \approx BH entropy

After the Page time, this becomes the **minimal QES** (this corresponds to the transition to a **fully connected replica wormhole topology**)

As the black hole continues to evaporate, the RT surface **tracks along the horizon**, travelling on a spacelike trajectory (generalised entropy **decreases** with time)

$A \approx$ horizon area



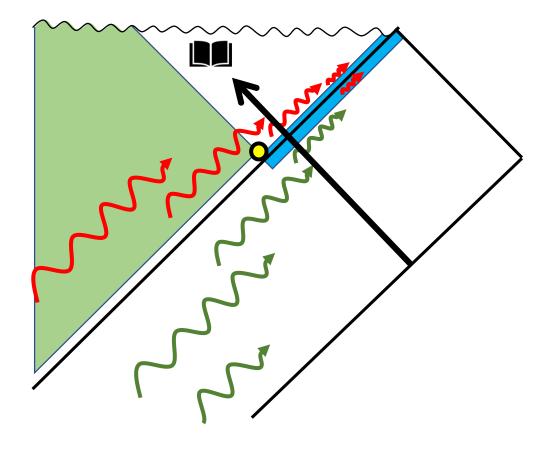
Entanglement between **blue region** and **green region + escaped Hawking radiation** is small (O(1))

Hayden-Preskill Decoding Criterion

Suppose we throw a **diary** into the black hole (after the Page time)

Initially, the worldline of the diary is in the **blue region**: this means that no information about the diary has escaped in the Hawking radiation

(**Petz map** won't learn anything, for example)



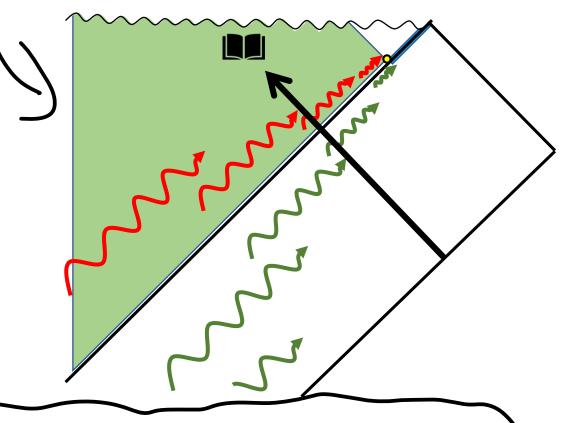
Hayden-Preskill Decoding Criterion

However as the black hole continues to evaporate, the RT surface continues to track along the horizon

After waiting for **more than the scrambling time**, the worldline of the diary will be in the **green region**

The information in the diary can now be **pulled out through a wormhole** by the Petz map: information has escaped!

(Entanglement wedge of the Hawking radiation)



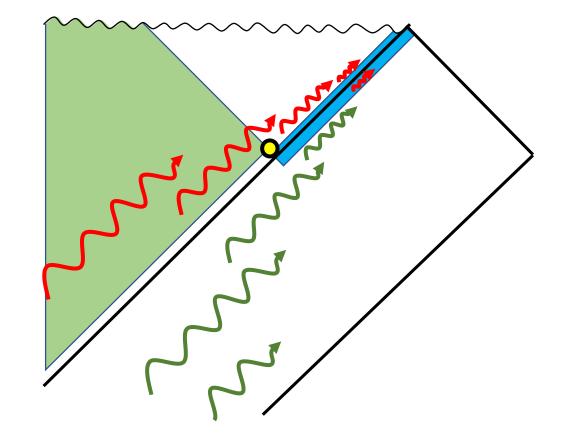
Famously predicted by Hayden and Preskill, based on simple toy models

The firewall paradox

AMPS Paradox: how can late time Hawking radiation be entangled with both interior partner and early radiation (given monogamy of entanglement)?

Answer: worldline of **interior partner** goes through **green region** so it is **encoded in** the early radiation (ER=EPR)

(Full story is more complicated with several important subtleties, but **quantum extremality** magically ensures that everything works out and you exactly avoid any firewall paradox.)

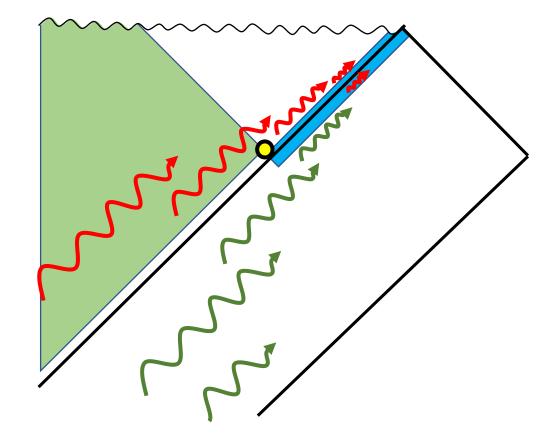


How does the information get out?

So far, I haven't described a **mechanism** by which the state of matter that **fell into** the black hole can influence the state of the **Hawking radiation**

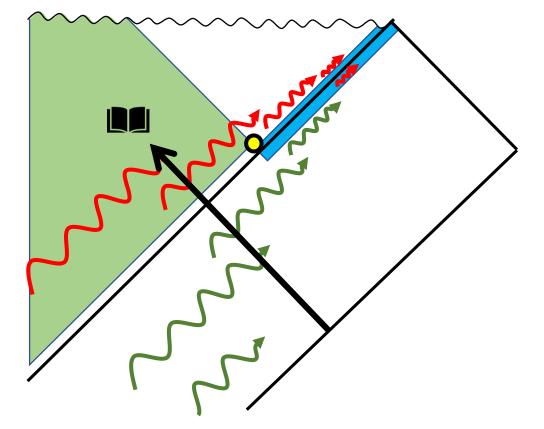
The state of any **Hawking mode** plus its interior partner is **fixed**, even if the interior partner is secretly encoded in the earlier radiation

Missing the last piece of the puzzle: **state dependence**



What information comes out when?

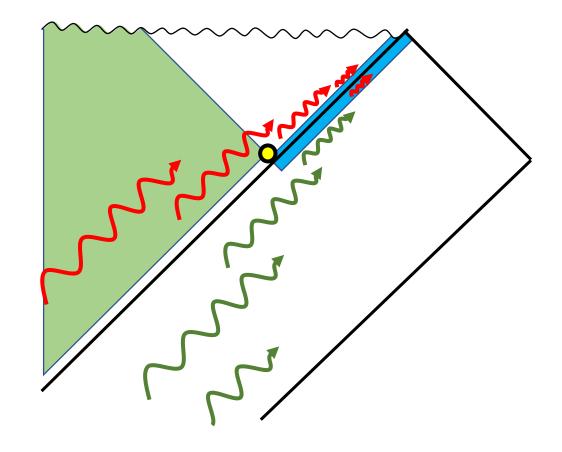
- Earlier claim: anything in the green region is encoded in the radiation after the Page time.
- Real claim: any small subsystem can be decoded provided the state of everything else is known.
- If you don't know that the state lies in a sufficiently small code subspace, you can't create a spacetime wormhole using a Petz map.
- The **encoding** of the interior in the Hawking radiation **depends on the state**
- As the black hole continues to evaporate, larger and larger subspaces can be decoded.
- Eventually, no prior knowledge of the state is required: all the information has escaped



(Hayden, **GP** *arXiv:1807.06041*)

How does this resolve the paradox?

- The late time Hawking mode is entangled with its interior partner, in a fixed state (as Hawking predicted).
- However, the encoding of the interior partner in the early Hawking radiation, depends on the state of stuff that fell into the black hole.
- Hence, the **combined state** of early and late radiation depends on the state of the matter that fell in.
- Information gets out!



Some final comments

- This whole story is only possible because the error correction is only approximate (approximate and exact QEC behave very differently when the Hilbert space dimension is large).
- Although the results I discussed are consistent with **both** a single unitary theory, and an average of an **ensemble** of unitary theories. In fact the **simple toy model** is calculating the average of an ensemble of unitary theories.
- We believe other more complicated theories of quantum gravity (N=4 SYM) are dual to a single unitary theory, but there are still questions about how this can be fully consistent with a fundamental theory containing spacetime wormholes.
- Lots of interesting questions left!

