

Overview of Fluctuating hydrodynamics

Keiji Saito

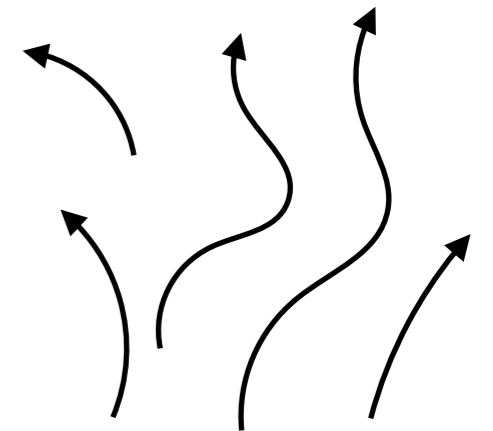
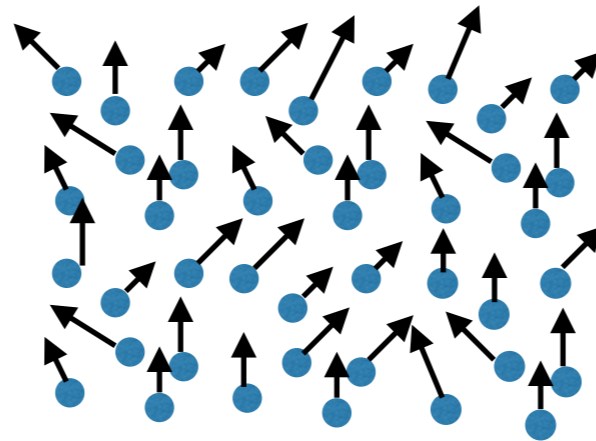
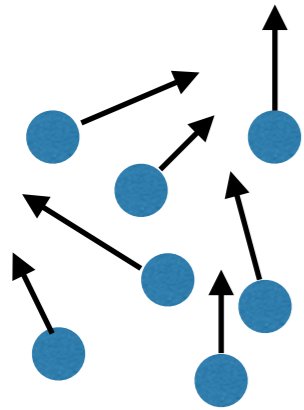
(Kyoto Univ.)

Content

1. Survey of hydrodynamics
2. Historical events and recent topics
3. Bare transport coefficient in heat conducting case
4. Several issues to be solved
5. Summary

1. Survey of fluctuating hydrodynamics

- Hierarchy on scales: Micro. \rightleftharpoons Meso. \rightleftharpoons Macro



Deterministic
Newton equation

$$m_i \ddot{\mathbf{x}}_i = \mathbf{F}_i$$

Fluctuating
hydrodynamics

$$\underbrace{\partial_t \mathbf{v} + (\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{v}}_{\text{Euler term}} + \nabla P = \underbrace{\nu_0 \nabla^2 \mathbf{v}}_{\text{Bare transport coefficient}} + \underbrace{\boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{r}, t)}_{\text{Noise}}$$

Euler term

Bare transport
coefficient

Noise

Hydrodynamics
Navier-stokes eq.

$$\partial_t \mathbf{v} + (\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{v}$$

$$= -\nabla P + \nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{v}$$

2. Historical and recent events

- Fluctuation in fluids Bogoliubov (1946,1962)
- Fluctuating hydrodynamics (FHD) Landau and Lifshitz (1958,1959)
- Projection method for FHD Zwanzig (1961)
- Theory of diverging viscosity in low-dimensional fluids
Numerics: Alder, Wainright (1970) FHD theory:Forster, Nelson, Stephene (1977)
- Long-range correlation in nonequilibrium steady states
FHD theory: Ronis, Procaccia (1982)
Experiment: Law, Gammon, Sengers (1988)
- Diverging heat conductivity in low-dimensions
Numerics: Lepri, Livi, Politi (1999) FHD theory: Spohn (2014)
Experiment: Chang et al. (2008)
- Phase transitions in active matters
FHD theory: Tonner and Tu (1998)
- Applying to the QCD physics
QCD phase boundaries, dynamics
FHD theory: Hirano, Huovinen, Murase, Nara (2013)
Akamatsu, Mazeliauskas, Taney (2017)

Diverging viscosity in 2D fluid

- Dynamical renormalization of macroscopic diffusion in fluids

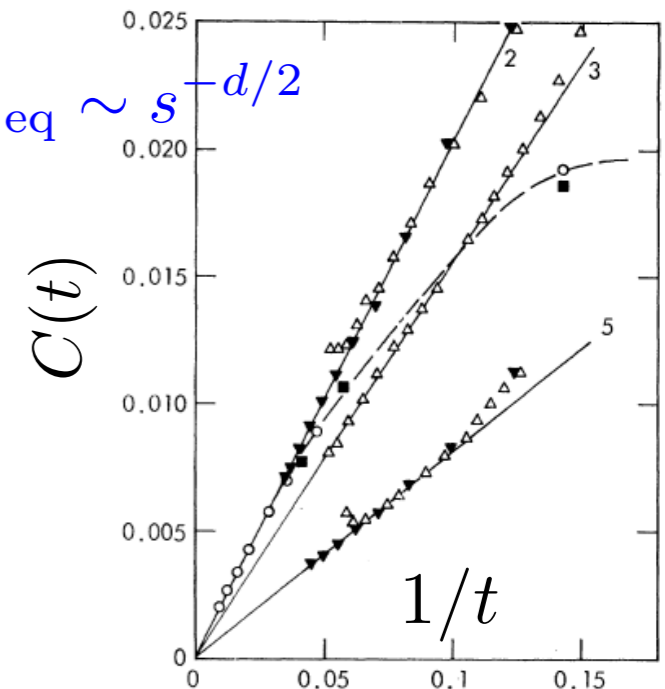
$$\partial_t \mathbf{v} + (\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{v} + \nabla P = \nu_0 \nabla^2 \mathbf{v} + \boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

Numerics: Alder-Wainright (1970)

One loop renormalization
Forster, Nelson, Stephen PR (1977)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{2D: } C(\mathbf{x}, t) &:= \langle \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x}, t) \cdot \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{0}, 0) \rangle \\ C(k, t) &\sim \begin{cases} \ln(1/k) & (\omega \rightarrow 0) \\ \ln(1/\omega) & (k \rightarrow 0) \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle \mathbf{v}(s) \cdot \mathbf{v}(0) \rangle_{\text{eq}} \sim s^{-d/2}$$



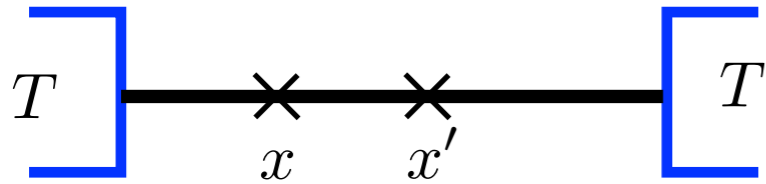
- No experiment

Long-range correlation

- Insulator case:

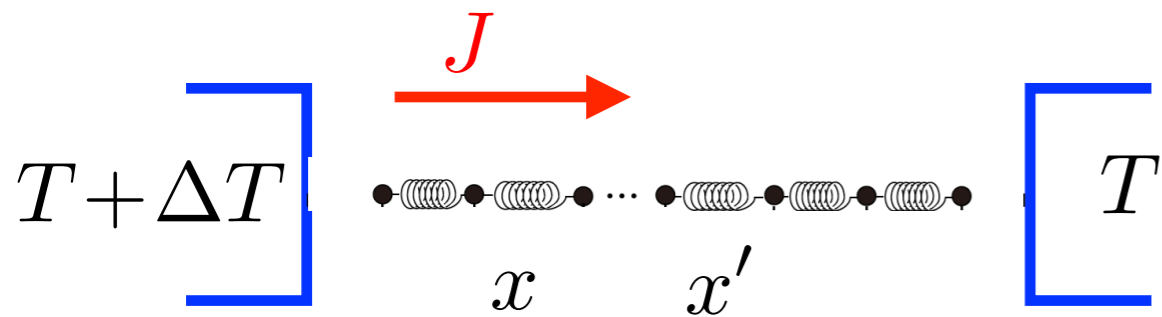
Equilibrium

$$C(x, x') = \langle \delta\epsilon(x) \delta\epsilon(x') \rangle_{\text{eq}} \sim 0 \quad (x \neq x')$$



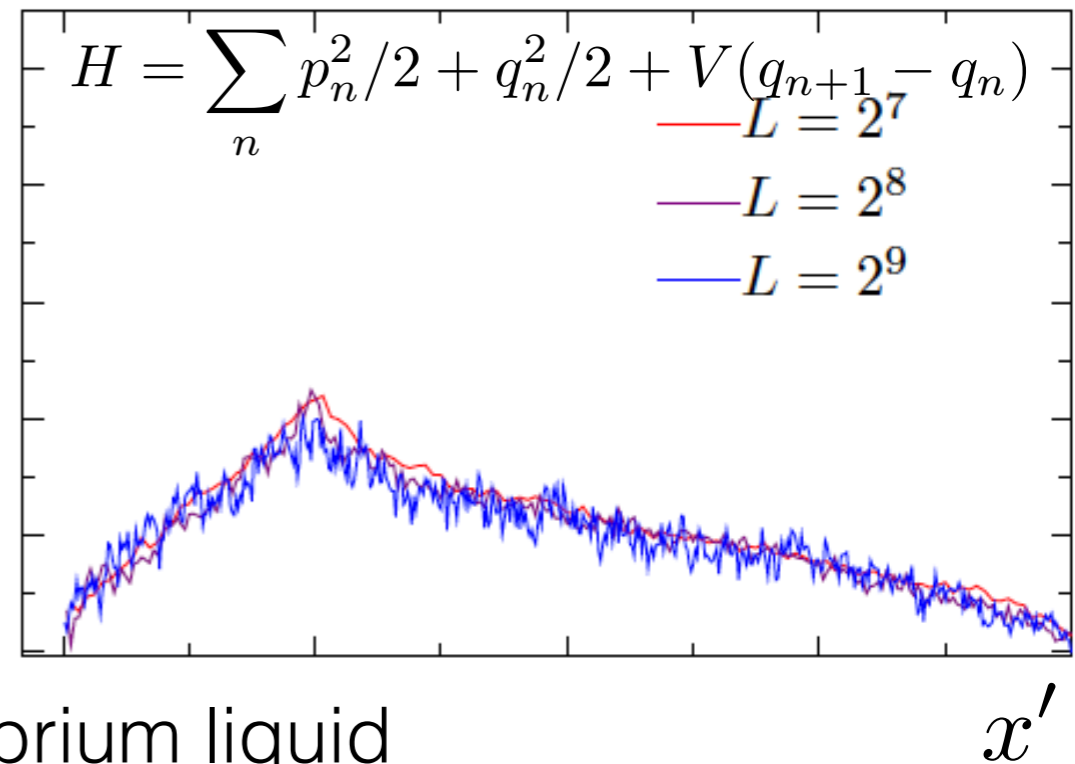
Nonequilibrium

$$C(x, x') = \langle \delta\epsilon(x) \delta\epsilon(x') \rangle_{\text{ss}} \propto (\Delta T)^2 [\Delta^{-1}]_{x, x'}$$



$$\partial_t \epsilon(x, t) = -\partial_x [-(\kappa/c) \partial_x \epsilon(x, t) + \xi(x, t)]$$

$C(x, x')$



- Fluid case: Light scattering for nonequilibrium liquid

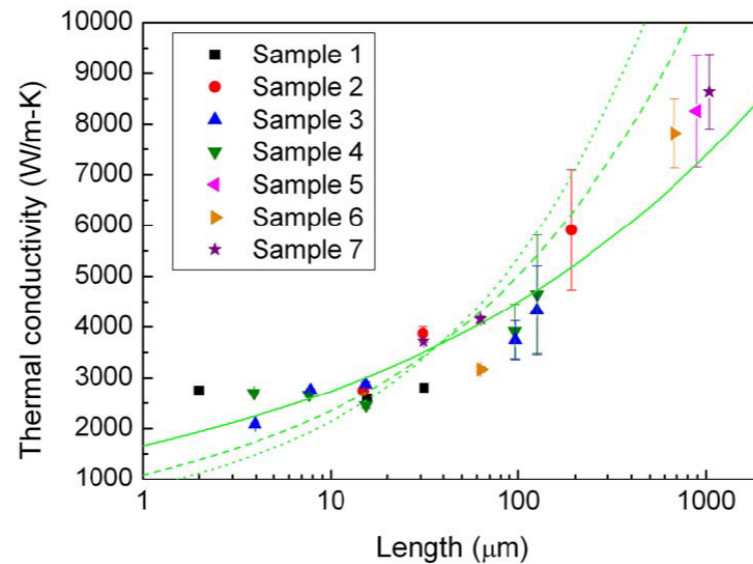
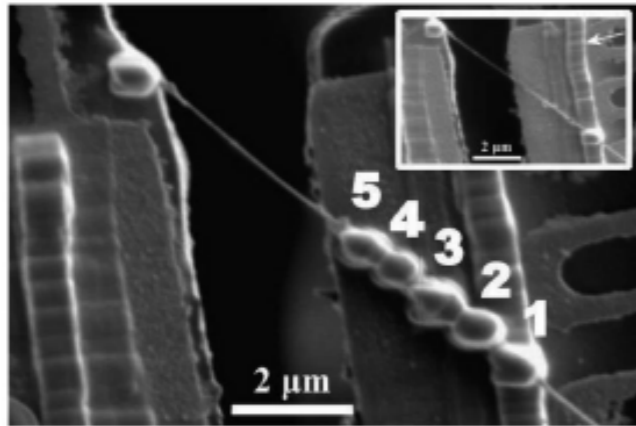
$$S_{\vec{k}, \omega} \propto \frac{2\chi\gamma_T^2 \bar{T}^2 k^2}{C_p(\omega^2 + \chi^2 k^4)} \left(1 + \frac{\bar{T}}{\bar{T}^2} \frac{C_p}{\rho_0} \frac{\nu_l}{\chi} \frac{|\vec{\nabla} T|^2}{(\omega^2 + \nu_l^2 k^4)} \right)$$

FHD theory: Ronis, Procaccia (1982)

Experiment: Law, Gammon, Sengers (1988)

3. Diverging heat conduction

- Experiment: Carbon nanotube



N^α

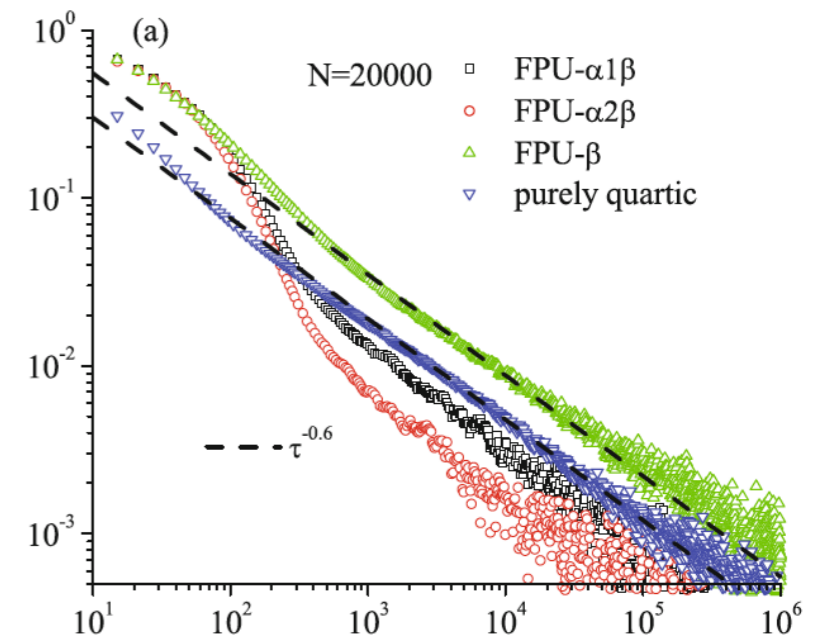
C. Chang et al., PRL (2008)
V. Lee et al., PRL (2017)

- Macroscopic transport coefficient (heat conductivity)

$$H = \sum_n p_n^2 / 2 + V(q_{n+1} - q_n)$$

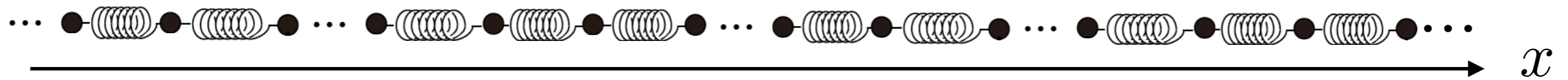
$$\kappa = \beta^2 \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^t ds \langle J(s) J(0) \rangle_{\text{eq}} / N$$

$$\langle J(s) J(0) \rangle_{\text{eq}} \sim s^{-a} \quad (0 < a < 1)$$



- Phenomenological FHD Spohn (2014)

Macroscopic divergence is explained by the FHD



- Phenomenological FHD H. Spohn, JSP (2014)

Three conserved quantities: Total length, Momentum, Energy

Length

$$(\partial/\partial t)r(x, t) = -(\partial/\partial x)p(x, t)$$

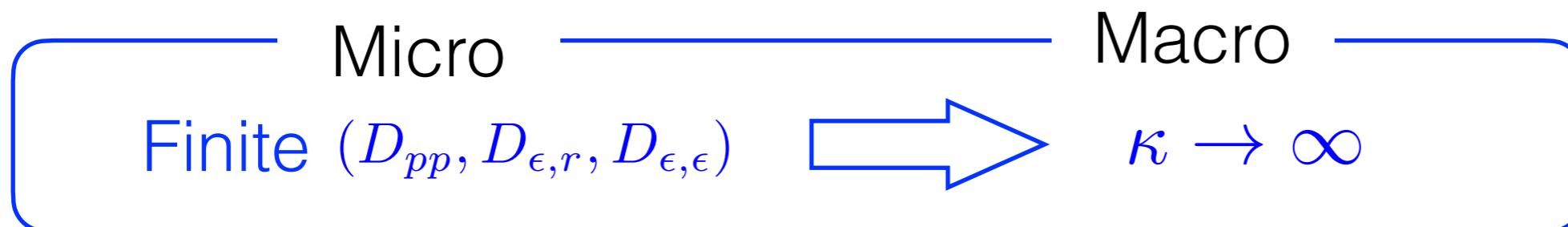
Momentum

$$(\partial/\partial t)p(x, t) = -(\partial/\partial x)[\mathcal{J}_p(x, t) - \underline{D_{pp}}(\partial/\partial x)p(x, t) + \xi_p(x, t)]$$

Energy

$$(\partial/\partial t)\varepsilon(x, t) = -(\partial/\partial x)[\mathcal{J}_\varepsilon(x, t) - \underline{D_{\varepsilon,r}}(\partial/\partial x)r(x, t) - \underline{D_{\varepsilon,\varepsilon}}(\partial/\partial x)\varepsilon(x, t) + \xi_\varepsilon(x, t)]$$

- Bare transport coefficient?



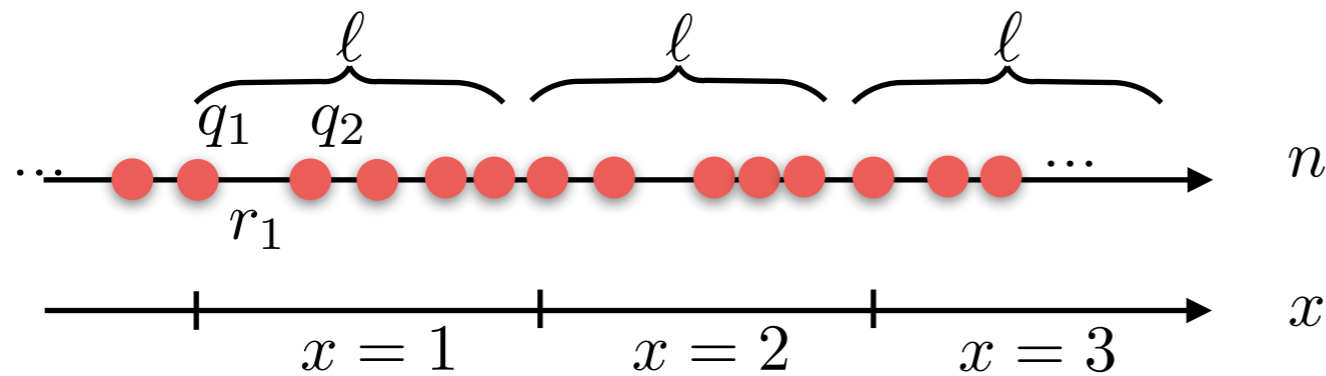
Fundamentals: What is the value of bare transport coefficient?

- Keywords to derive “hydrodynamics”

“Coarse graining” “Projection”

“Large deviation” (or Ensemble equivalence or GGE)

- “Coarse graining”

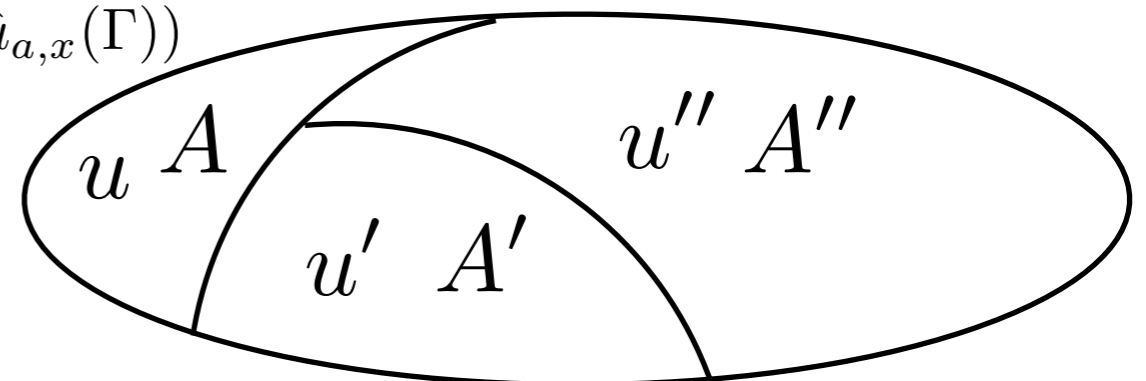


$$H = \sum_n p_n^2/2 + V(q_{n+1} - q_n)$$

- Projection: $2N \rightarrow 3$ (conserved quantities) Zwanzig Phys. Rev. (1961)

$$\mathcal{P}A(\Gamma) = \frac{1}{\Omega(\Gamma)} \int d\Gamma' A(\Gamma') \prod_{x=1}^{N/\ell} \prod_{a=r,p,\epsilon} \delta(\hat{u}_{a,x}(\Gamma') - \hat{u}_{a,x}(\Gamma))$$

$$\Gamma = (q_1, p_1, \dots, q_N, p_N)$$



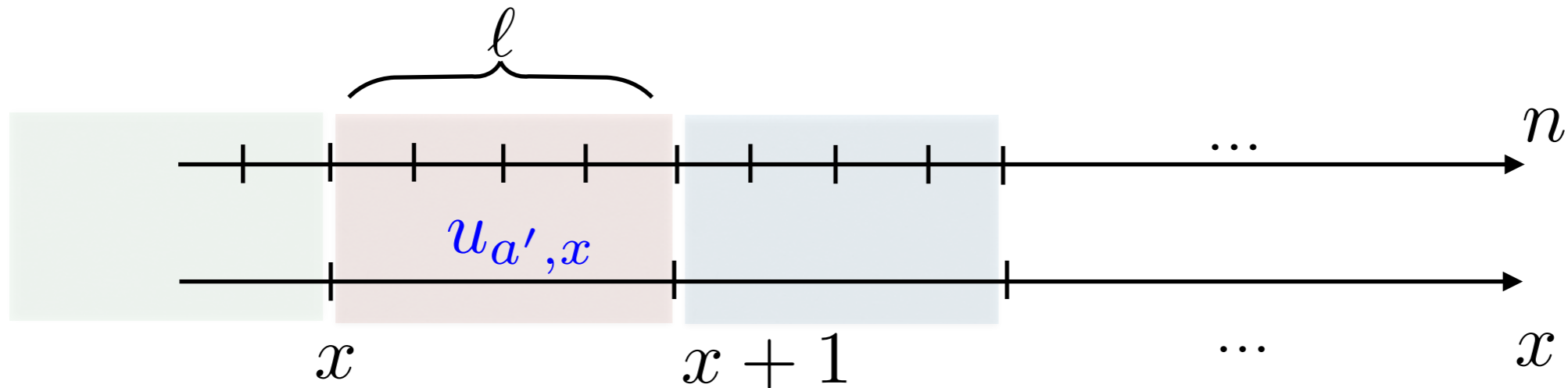
Fundamentals: What is the value of bare transport coefficient?

KS, Hongo, Dhar, Sasa, PRL (2021)

- Fokker-Planck equation

$$\partial_t f_t(\{u\}) = \frac{\delta}{\delta u_{a,x}} \left[\partial_x \langle \hat{J}_{a,x} \rangle_{\text{LM}}^u f_t(\{u\}) \right] + \frac{\delta}{\delta u_{a,x}} \Omega(u) (\partial_{x'} \partial_x K_{ax,a'x'}) \frac{\delta}{\delta u_{a',x'}} \left(\frac{f_t(\{u\})}{\Omega(u)} \right)$$

Local microcanonical ensemble $\hat{\rho}_{\text{LM}} = \prod_x \prod_{a'=r,p,\epsilon} \delta(\hat{u}_{a',x}(\Gamma) - u_{a',x}) / \Omega(u)$



- Corresponding Langevin equation

$$\partial_t u_{a,x} = -\partial_x \left[\langle \hat{J}_{a,x} \rangle_{\text{LM};u} - K_{a,a} \partial_x \lambda_{a,x} + \xi_a \right]$$


$$K_{a,a'} = \ell \int_0^\infty ds C_{a,a'}(s) \quad C_{a,a'}(s) = (\ell/N) \langle \left(\sum_x \mathcal{Q} \hat{J}_{a,x} \right) (e^{s\mathbb{L}} \sum_{x'} \mathcal{Q} \hat{J}_{a',x'}) \rangle_{\text{eq}}$$

Fundamentals: What is the value of bare transport coefficient?

KS, Hongo, Dhar, Sasa, PRL (2021)

- Ensemble-equivalence (GGE) Microcanonical = Gibbs

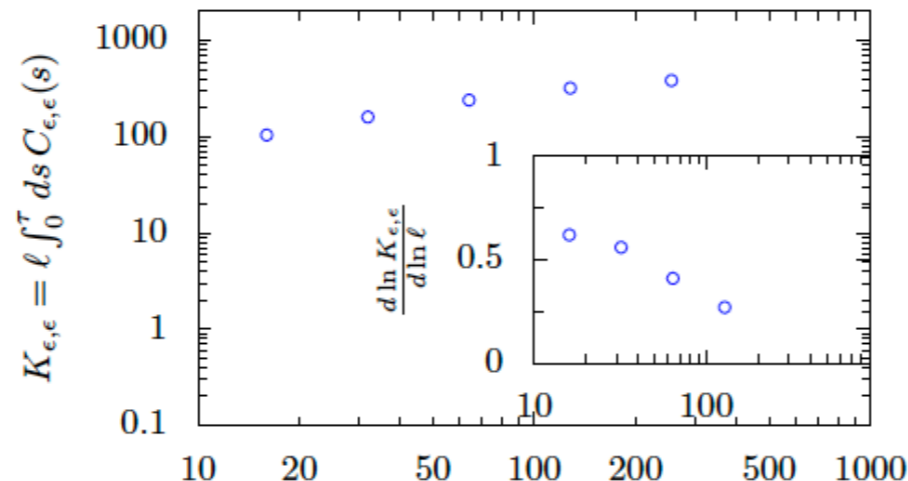
$$\hat{\rho}_{\text{LM}} \simeq \hat{\rho}_{\text{LG}} \quad \hat{\rho}_{\text{LG}} = \prod_x \hat{\rho}_{\text{LG}}^{(x)}, \quad \hat{\rho}_{\text{LG}}^{(x)} = e^{-\sum_{a=r,p,\epsilon} \lambda_{a,x}(t) \hat{u}_{a,x}} / Z_x$$

...

...

$$\rightarrow \langle \hat{J}_{a,x} \rangle_{\text{LM}}^u \sim A_{a,a'} \delta u_{a',x} + (1/2) H_{a',a''}^a \delta u_{a',x} \delta u_{a'',x} + \dots$$

- Fermi-Pasta-Ulam-Tsingou model

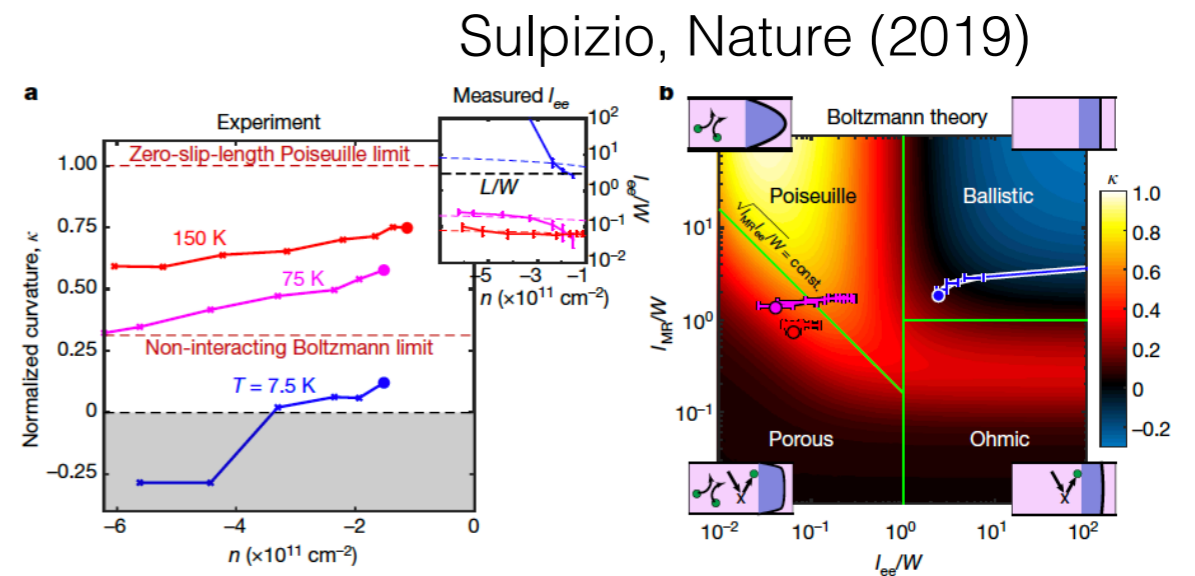
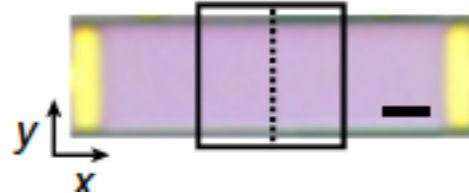
$$H = \sum_{n=1}^N p_n^2/2 + (1/2) r_n^2 + (k_3/3) r_n^3 + (k_4/4) r_n^4 \quad (r_n = q_{n+1} - q_n)$$



4. List of several open issues: missing parts

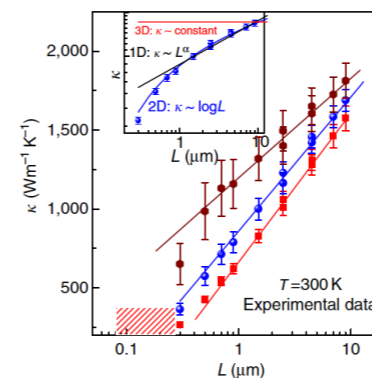
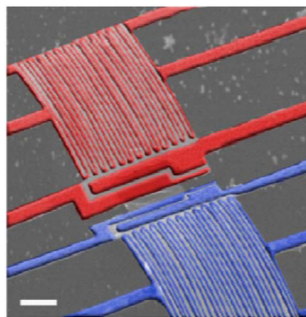
- Experiments on diverging viscosity in 2D fluids
- Looking at the bare viscosity in 2D fluids

Graphene: 2D material ?



- Fluctuating hydro. in 2D and 3D neat conduction

Graphene:



Xu et al., Nature com. (2014)

- Fluctuating hydro. for long-range interacting systems
Ion trapped systems, Rydberg atoms
- Fluctuating hydro. in quantum systems: Keldysh is enough?

5. Summary

- Overviewed history and recent events on the fluctuating hydro.

- List to be clarified

Experiments on diverging viscosity in 2D fluids

Finding the value of the bare viscosity in 2D fluids

Fluctuating hydro. in higher dimensions, long-range interactions

Fluctuating hydro. in quantum regime

- Let's discuss the FHD in the workshop!

Historical and recent events

- Turbulence (Forster et al. (1977); DeDominicis & Martin
- (1979); Fournier & Frisch (1983); Yakhot & Orszag (1986)).