Evading the model sign problem in the PNJL model with repulsive vector-type interaction via path optimization

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The 37th Int. Symp. on Lattice Field Theory (Lattice 2019), June 16-22, 2019, Wuhan, China



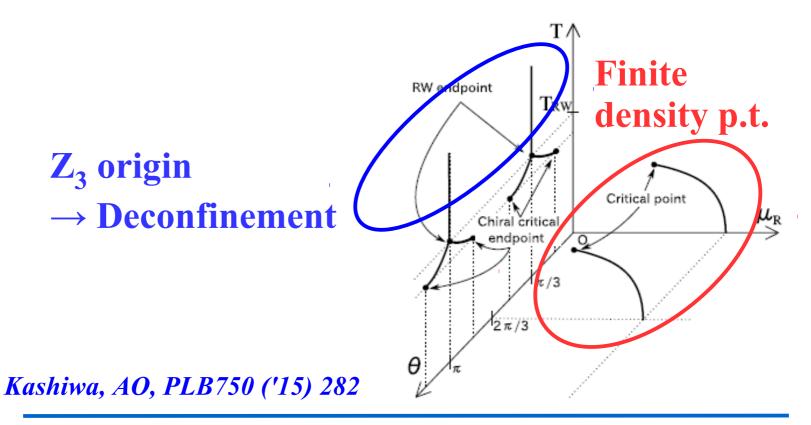




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What is the nature of finite density QCD phase transition ?

- **a** First order phase transition boundary may exist at finite Re μ_B
- **First order p.t. boundaries EXIST at \theta=Im \mu_q/T=\pi/3, \pi, 5\pi/3, ...**
 - → Roberge-Weiss (RW) phase transition [c.f. Philipsen (Tue, plenary)]

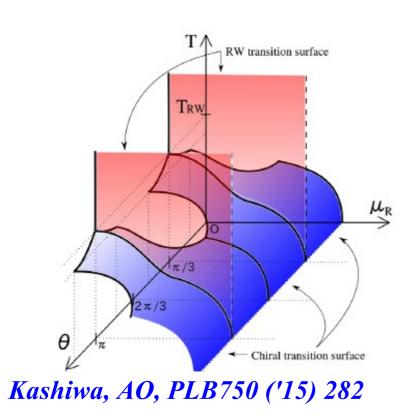


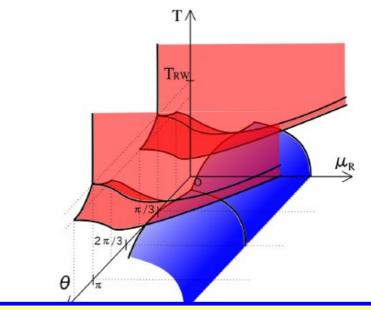


Conjectured 3D phase diagram in (T, Re μ_B , θ) space

- RW & finite density transition are CONNECTED
 - → Deconfinement assisted chiral phase transition

- or These two are DISCONNECTED
 - → Independent of RW (deconf.) transition





Which is true ? PNJL (Polyakov loop extended NJL) model should give answer, but has the sign problem at complex μ_B !



Outline

Introduction

Nature of finite density phase transition and the phase diagram in (T, Re μ_B , θ) space

- Path Optimization Method
- Variational method & Euler-Lagrange equation for the path
- Example of repulsive vector-type interaction: One-site Hubbard model
- Application to Polyakov loop extended NJL (PNJL) model with repulsive vector-type interaction at real μ
- Average phase factor and Observables
- Configurations on Optimized Path
- Summary and Outlook



Path Optimization Method



Complexified variable methods for the sign problem

Lefchetz thimble method

Witten ('10), Cristoforetti et al. (Aurora)('12), Fujii et al. ('13), Alexandru et al. ('16)

Complex Langevin method Parisi ('83) Klauder ('83) Aarts et al. ('11)

Parisi ('83), Klauder ('83), Aarts et al. ('11), Nagata et al. ('16).

Path Optimization method

Mori+('17,'18,'19), Kashiwa+('19,'19), AO+('17,'18), Alexandru+('17, '18, '18), Bursa, Kroyter ('18)

Integration path is variationally optimized to enhance the average phase factor.

$$\begin{split} \mathrm{APF} &= \langle e^{i\theta} \rangle_{\mathrm{pq}} = \int_{\mathcal{C}} dx J e^{-S} / \int_{\mathcal{C}} dx |J e^{-S}| = \mathcal{Z} / \mathcal{Z}_{\mathrm{pq}} \\ \mathrm{Jacobian} \ \det(\partial z_i / \partial x_j) \quad & \text{path } z = x + iy(x) \end{split}$$



Euler-Lagrange equation for the integral path

Maximizing APF = Minimizing phase quenched partition fn.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{Z}_{pq} &= \int d^N \varphi_R \left| \det \left(\delta_{ij} + i \frac{\partial \varphi_{j,I}}{\partial \varphi_{i,R}} \right) \exp[-S(\varphi_R + i\varphi_I)] \right. \\ &= \int d^N x \left| W(x_i + iy_i, \partial_i y_j) \right| \ (\varphi = x + iy(x)) \end{aligned}$$

Stationary condition of Z_{pq} w.r.t. y(x) \rightarrow Euler-Lagrange eq.

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta y_j} \mathcal{Z}_{pq} = 0 \to \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial}{\partial (\partial_i y_j)} - \frac{\partial}{\partial y_j} \right] |W(x + iy, \partial y)| = 0$$

One variable Euler-Lagrange equation

$$\ddot{y} = (1 + \dot{y}^2)^2 \left[\frac{\partial (\mathrm{Im}S)}{\partial x} + \frac{\dot{y}}{1 + \dot{y}^2} \frac{\partial (\mathrm{Re}S)}{\partial x} \right] \quad (\dot{y} = dy/dx, \\ \ddot{y} = d^2y/dx^2)$$



Example of repulsive vector-type interaction

■ One-Site Hubbard model (strong coupling limit → Hopping term=0)

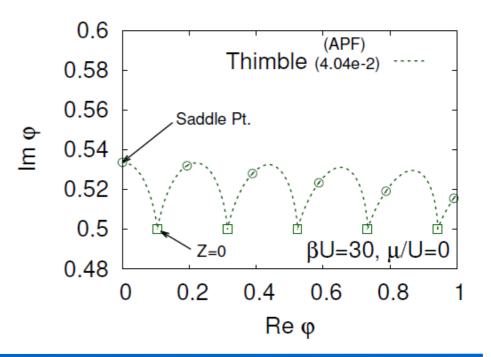
$$S = U n_{\uparrow} n_{\downarrow} - \mu (n_{\uparrow} + n_{\downarrow}) \quad (n_i = \psi_i^{\dagger} \psi_i)$$

Path integral representation *Tanizaki, Hidaka, Hayata ('16)*

$$\mathcal{Z} = \sqrt{\frac{\beta U}{2\pi}} \int d\varphi \left[1 + \exp(\beta U(i\varphi + \mu/U + 1/2))\right]^2 \exp[-\beta U\varphi^2/2]$$

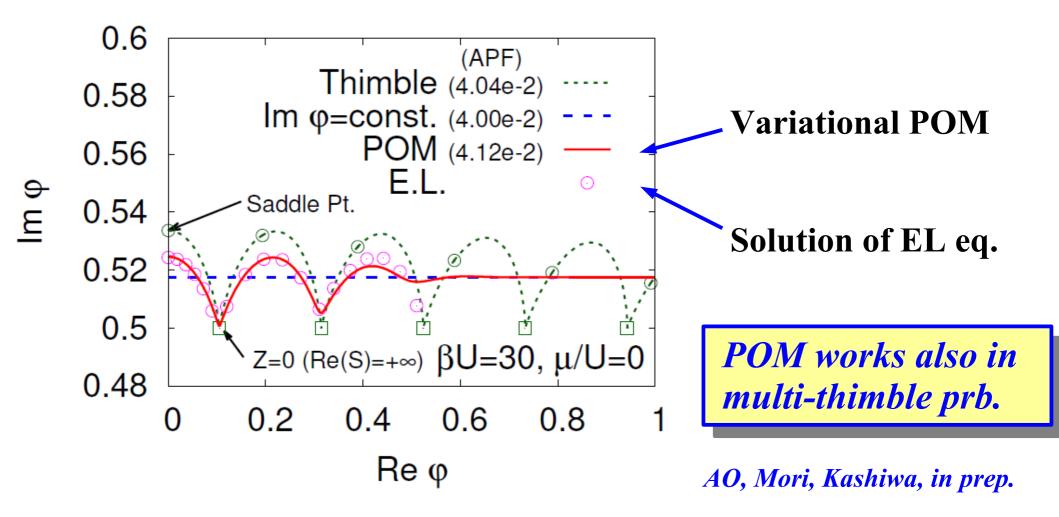
Complex !

Cancellation among multi-thimbles, and # of thimbles increases with β = 1/T





Example of repulsive vector-type interaction





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PNJL model

Polyakov-loop extended Nambu–Jona-Lasinio model

$$\mathcal{L}_E = \bar{q} \left(\mathcal{D}(\Phi, \bar{\Phi}) + m_0 \right) q - G \left[(\bar{q}q)^2 + (\bar{q}i\gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\tau}q)^2 \right] + G_v (\bar{q}\gamma_\mu q)^2 + \mathcal{V}_g(\Phi, \bar{\Phi})$$

Hubbard-Stratonovich transformation

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \bar{q} (\not\!\!D + m_0) q - 2G \left[\bar{q} \sigma q + \bar{q} i \gamma_5 \pi \cdot \boldsymbol{\tau} q \right] + \mathcal{V}_g(\Phi, \bar{\Phi}) + G(\sigma^2 + \pi^2) + 2iG_v \omega_4 \bar{q} \gamma_4 q + G_v \omega_4^2$$

- Model sign problem arises from Polyakov loop & Vector field → Ansatz !
- CK symmetry ansatz Nishimura,Ogilvie,Pangeni('14,'15)
 ImA³₄ = 0, ReA⁸₄ = 0
 Vector field (MF)
 ω₄ = -iρ_q

Are these ansatz justified ?



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Path Optimization in PNJL

Truncation of aux. field only with k=0 (Homogeneous field ansatz)

$$\mathcal{Z} = \int \prod_{\boldsymbol{k}} dz_{\boldsymbol{k}} e^{-\Gamma(z)} \simeq \int dz_{\boldsymbol{0}} e^{-\Gamma(z_{\boldsymbol{0}})}, \quad \Gamma = \beta V \mathcal{V}_{\text{eff}} = \frac{k}{T^4} \mathcal{V}_{\text{eff}}$$

z=auxiliary fields & gauge field *Cristoforetti, Hell, Klein, Weise ('10)*

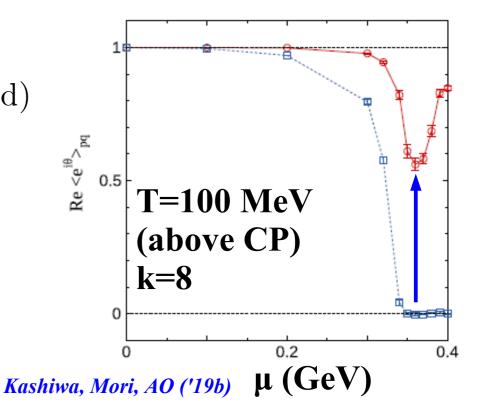
Variables (7 dyn. + 3 dep.)

 $x = (\sigma, \pi^{0, +, -}, \operatorname{Re}A_3, \operatorname{Re}A_8, \operatorname{Re}\omega_4)$ $y = (\operatorname{Im}A_3, \operatorname{Im}A_8, \operatorname{Im}\omega_4) \text{ (Complexified)}$

Path Optimization

- HMC for x (H=Re S) \rightarrow 80k configs.
- Mono hidden layer neural network

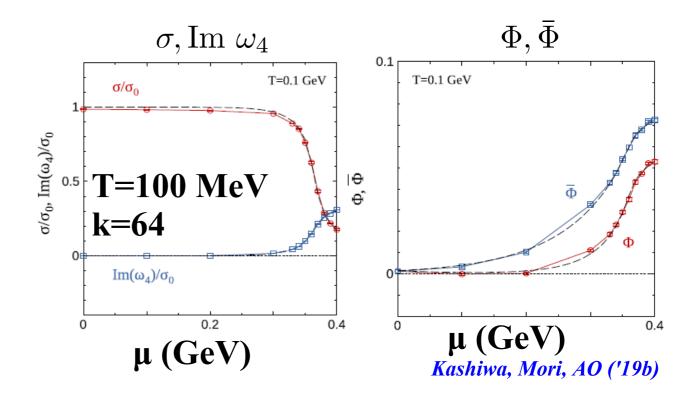
APF





Observables

- μ dependence of order parameters
 - **a** Rapid change around $\mu = 370$ MeV (transition region)
 - Results agree with MF results under ansatz in the large space-time volume region
 - \rightarrow Supports these ansatz

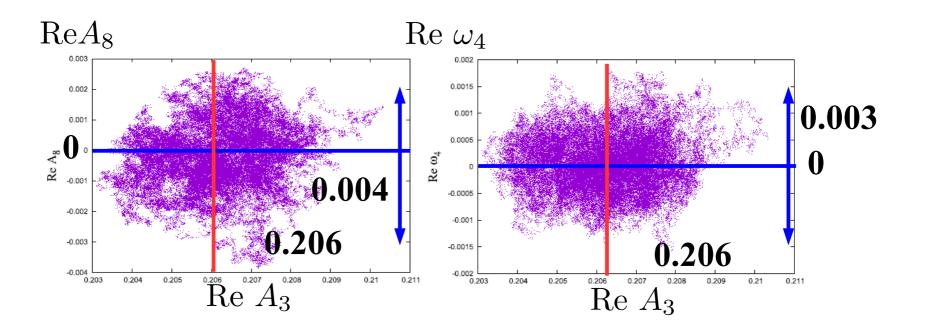




Configurations

- Obtained configurations after training the neural network
- Configs. are well localized at around Re A₈ = 0, Re ω₄ = 0, Re A₃ ≠ 0 → Confirms CK symmetry and standard MF ansatz

 \mathcal{CK} symmetry ansatz: $(\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3) = (\theta - i\psi, -\theta - i\psi, 2i\psi)$ MF ansatz: $\omega_4 = i\rho_q$, Re $\omega_4 = 0$



Kashiwa, Mori, AO ('19b)



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Summary

- QCD phase diagram at complex μ should be useful to understand the nature of QCD phase transition. Partition fn. is an holomorphic fn. of μ with some cuts, with cuts being the 1st order p.t. boundary.
- Path optimization method is a kind of Jacobian-phase improved Lefshetz thimble method, and is flexible enough to cover the multi-thimble manifold.
- Do not care too much about # of thimbles. Care more about integrating wide enough range in the complexified field variables.
- Euler-Lagrange eq. for the path is derived, and the variational path is confirmed to agree with the solution of EL equation in the one-site Hubbard model.
- Polyakov-loop extended Nambu-Jona-Lasino model with repulsive vector-type interaction is studied in the path optimization method.
- CK sym. ansats (gluons) and mean field (vector field) ansatzs' have been confirmed in the path integral formulation. The latter is done for the first time.
- **Ξ** Ready to study QCD phase diagram in PNJL at complex μ.



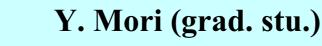
Thank you for your attention !

Collaborators: Akira Ohnishi¹, Yuto Mori², Kouji Kashiwa³ 1. Yukawa Inst. for Theoretical Physics, Kyoto U., 2. Kyoto U., 3. Fukuoka Inst. Tech.



AO (11 yrs ago)





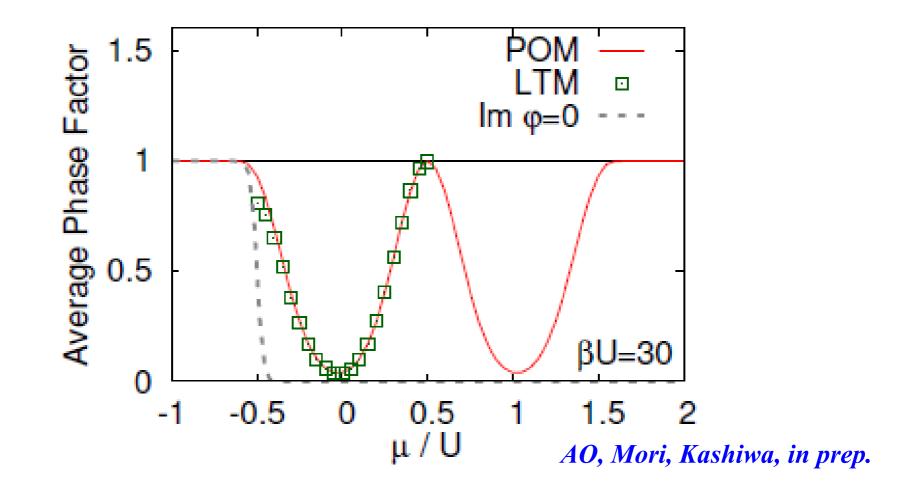


K. Kashiwa (main contributor in PNJL)

1D integral: Y. Mori, K. Kashiwa, AO, PRD 96 ('17), 111501(R) [arXiv:1705.05605] \$\overline{0}4 \verline{w}\nn: Y. Mori, K. Kashiwa, AO, PTEP 2018 ('18), 023B04 [arXiv:1709.03208] Lat 2017: AO, Y. Mori, K. Kashiwa, EPJ Web Conf. 175 ('18), 07043 [arXiv:1712.01088] NJL thimble: Y. Mori, K. Kashiwa, AO, PLB 781('18),698 [arXiv:1705.03646] PNJL \verline{w}\nn: K. Kashiwa, Y. Mori, AO, PRD 99 ('19), 014033 [arXiv:1805.08940] PNJL \verline{w}\verline{vector} + nn: K. Kashiwa, Y. Mori, AO, PRD 99 ('19) 114005 [arXiv:1903.03679] 0+1D QCD: Y. Mori, K. Kashiwa, AO, in prep., 0+1D Hubbard: AO, Mori, Kashiwa, in prep.

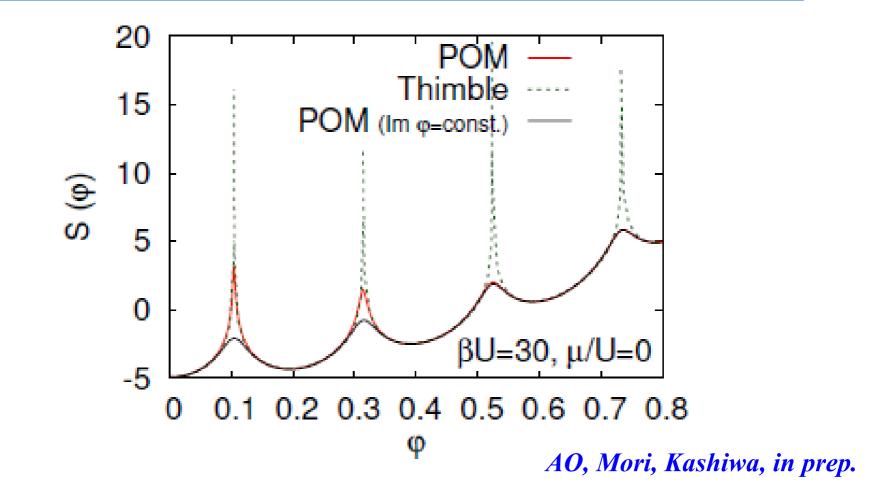


One-site Hubbard model



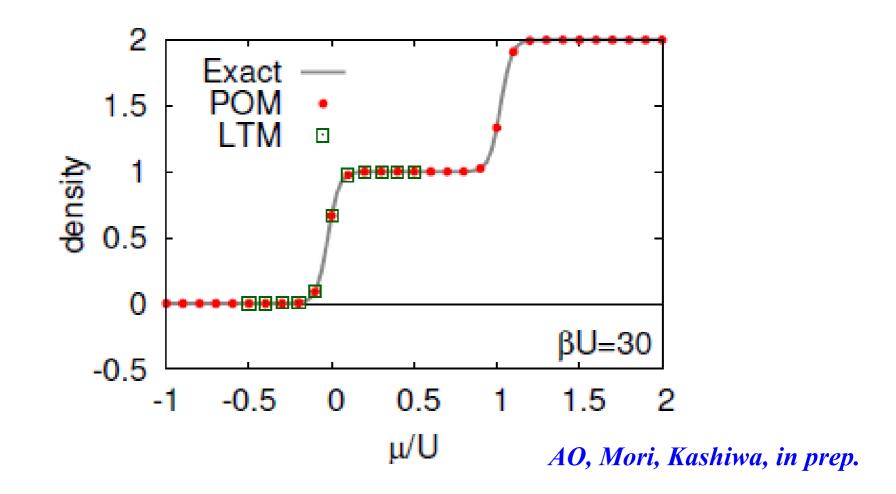


One-site Hubbard model





One-site Hubbard model





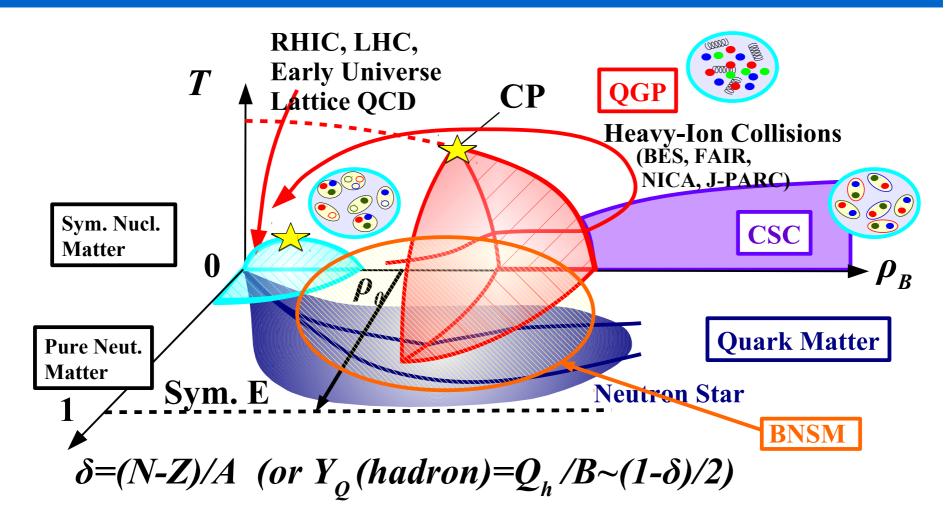
Extended Hubbard-Stratonovich Transformation

$$e^{\alpha AB} = \int d\varphi \, d\phi \, e^{-\alpha \left\{ (\varphi - (A+B)/2)^2 + (\phi - i(A-B)/2)^2 \right\} + \alpha AB}$$
$$= \int d\varphi \, d\phi \, e^{-\alpha \left\{ \varphi^2 - (A+B)\varphi + \phi^2 - i(A-B)\phi \right\}} \,. \tag{44}$$

Miura, Nakano, AO, Kawamoto, PRD80 (2009) 074034



QCD phase diagram



AO, JPS Conf. Proc. 20 (2018), 011035



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