

Index Theorems on Torsional Geometries

— 高次元時空の超弦理論から現実的な統一理論へ —

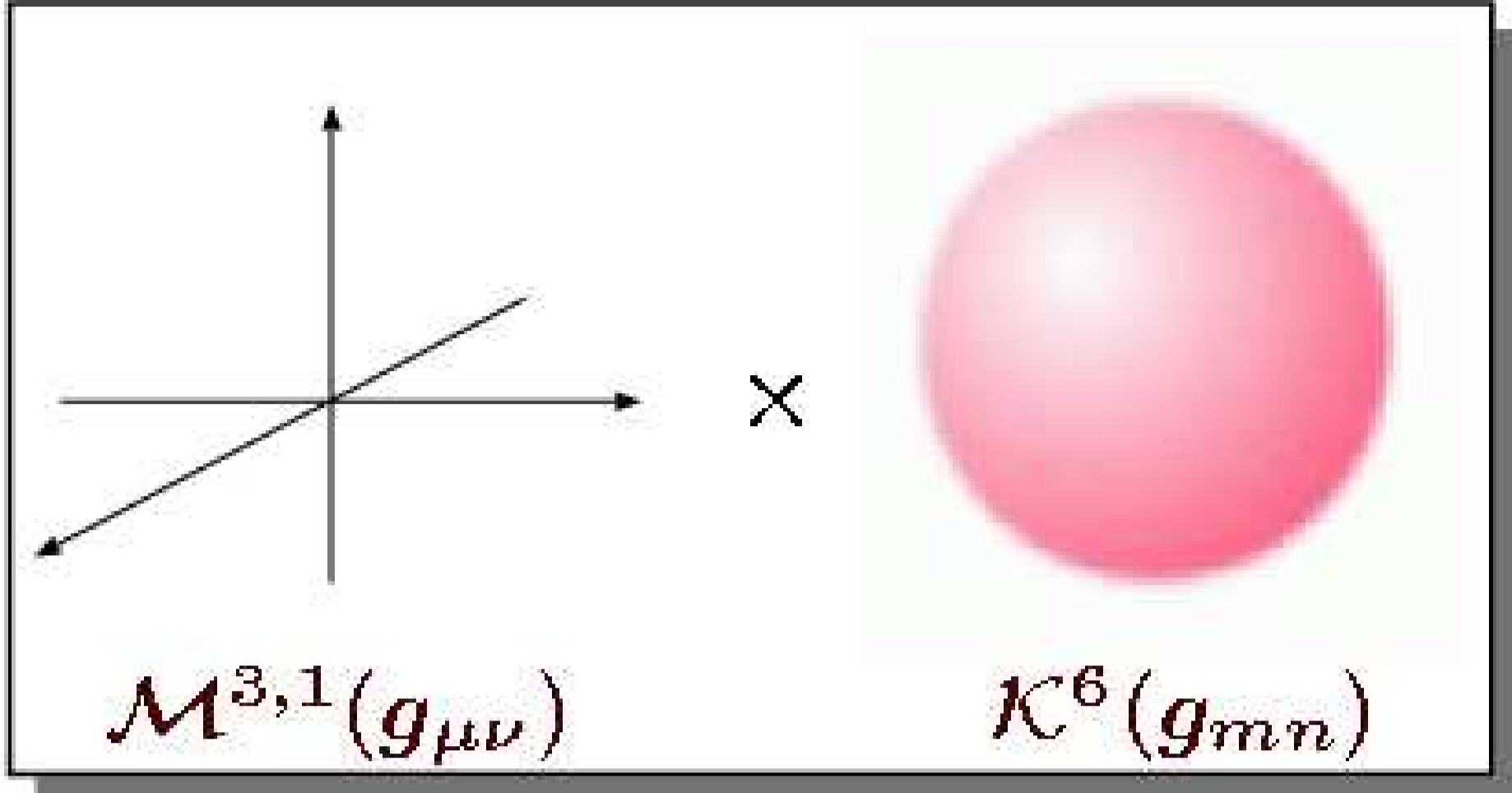
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京大COEシンポジウム 2007年10月1日

based on the work T. Kimura, "Index Theorems on Torsional Geometries," JHEP08(2007)048

Towards **Realistic** Physical Model from SUPERGRAVITY as effective theory of STRINGS

- Matters and their interactions
- Unified symmetry and its breaking
- Gravity, cosmological constants
- etc.

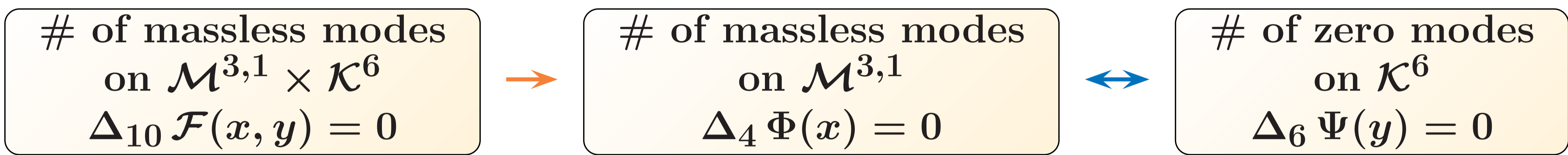


$$g_{MN}^E dx^M dx^N = e^{-\Phi(y)/2} (g_{\mu\nu} dx^\mu dx^\nu + g_{mn} dy^m dy^n)$$

$$0 = R(g_{\mu\nu}) \quad : \quad \mathcal{M}^{3,1} \rightsquigarrow \text{Minkowski}$$

$$0 = d(e^{-2\Phi} J \wedge J) \quad : \quad \mathcal{K}^6 \rightsquigarrow \text{conformally balanced with } H = T^{(B)}$$

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| if $d\Phi = 0$ | : | if $J \lrcorner dJ = 0$ | balanced manifold |
| if $H^0 = 0, d\Phi \neq 0$ | : | if $d(e^{-\Phi} J) = 0$ | conformally Kähler manifold |
| if $dH = 0$ | : | | strong Kähler with torsion |
| if $H = d\Phi = 0$ | : | | Calabi-Yau manifold |



運動方程式 :

$$\begin{cases} \text{dilatino} & 0 = \not{D}(\omega)\lambda - \frac{1}{12} H_{MNP} \Gamma^{MNP} \lambda \\ \text{gaugino} & 0 = \not{D}(\omega, A)\chi - \frac{1}{12} H_{MNP} \Gamma^{MNP} \chi \end{cases}$$

[ゼロモードの数?
4次元有効理論に登場する世代数及びゲージ対称性?]

SUGRA vs SUSY QM

様々な指数定理 (参照: Green-Schwarz-Witten 14章)

- **Dirac index** by $\not{D}(\omega) : C^\infty(S_+) \rightarrow C^\infty(S_-)$

index $\not{D}(\omega) \equiv (\# \text{ of left chiral}) - (\# \text{ of right chiral})$

$$\rightarrow \mathcal{N} = 1 \text{ QM} : \not{D}(\omega) \sim Q^1$$

- **Euler characteristic** by $d + d^\dagger : C^\infty(\Lambda^{\text{even}}) \rightarrow C^\infty(\Lambda^{\text{odd}})$

$\chi(\mathcal{M}) \equiv (\# \text{ of harm. even-forms}) - (\# \text{ of harm. odd-forms})$

$$\rightarrow \mathcal{N} = 2 \text{ QM} : d \sim Q, d^\dagger \sim \bar{Q}$$

- **Hirzebruch signature** by $d + d^\dagger : C^\infty(\Lambda^{\text{SD}}) \rightarrow C^\infty(\Lambda^{\text{ASD}})$

$\sigma(\mathcal{M}) \equiv (\# \text{ of self-dual forms}) - (\# \text{ of anti-self dual forms})$

$$\rightarrow \mathcal{N} = 2 \text{ QM} : d \sim Q, d^\dagger \sim \bar{Q}$$

$$\text{index } \not{D}(\omega) = \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 0} \text{Tr} \{ \Gamma_{(5)} e^{-\beta \not{D}} \} = \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-i)^{D/2}}{2^{D/2}} \text{Tr} \prod_{A=1}^D (\varphi^A + \bar{\varphi}^A) \exp\left(-\frac{\beta}{\hbar} \mathcal{H}^1\right)$$

$$\chi(\mathcal{M}) = \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 0} \text{Tr} \{ \Gamma_{(5)} \tilde{\Gamma}_{(5)} e^{-\beta \not{D}} \} = \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 0} \text{Tr} \prod_{A=1}^D (\varphi^A + \bar{\varphi}^A) \prod_{B=1}^D (\varphi^B - \bar{\varphi}^B) \exp\left(-\frac{\beta}{\hbar} \mathcal{H}\right)$$

$$\sigma(\mathcal{M}) = \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 0} \text{Tr} \{ \Gamma_{(5)} e^{-\beta \not{D}} \} = \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 0} (-i)^{D/2} \text{Tr} \prod_{A=1}^D (\varphi^A + \bar{\varphi}^A) \exp\left(-\frac{\beta}{\hbar} \mathcal{H}\right)$$

— $\mathcal{N} = 1$ SUSY Quantum Mechanics —

$$\{\psi^A, \psi^B\} = \hbar \delta^{AB}$$

$$Q^1 = \psi^M g^{\frac{1}{4}} \pi_M g^{-\frac{1}{4}} = \psi^M g^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(p_M - \frac{i}{2} \omega_{MAB} \psi^{AB} \right) g^{-\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\{Q^1, Q^1\} = 2\hbar \mathcal{H}^1, \quad \mathcal{H}^1 = \frac{1}{2} g^{-\frac{1}{4}} \pi_M g^{MN} \sqrt{g} \pi_N g^{-\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{\hbar^2}{8} R(\omega)$$

— $\mathcal{N} = 2$ SUSY Quantum Mechanics —

$$\{\varphi^A, \bar{\varphi}^B\} = \hbar \delta^{AB}, \quad \{\varphi^A, \varphi^B\} = 0$$

$$Q = \varphi^M g^{\frac{1}{4}} \pi_M g^{-\frac{1}{4}} = \varphi^M g^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(p_M - i \omega_{MAB} \varphi^A \bar{\varphi}^B \right) g^{-\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\{Q, Q\} = 0, \quad \{Q, \bar{Q}\} = 2\hbar \mathcal{H}$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \frac{1}{2} g^{-\frac{1}{4}} \pi_M g^{MN} \sqrt{g} \pi_N g^{-\frac{1}{4}} - \frac{1}{2} R_{ABMN}(\omega) \varphi^M \bar{\varphi}^N \varphi^A \bar{\varphi}^B$$

Dirac index

$$\text{index } \not{D}(\hat{\omega}, A) = \int_{\mathcal{M}} \exp \left[\frac{1}{2} \text{tr} \log \left(\frac{iR(\omega_+)/4\pi}{\sinh(iR(\omega_+)/4\pi)} \right) \right] \text{Tr}_R \exp \left(\frac{i}{2\pi} F \right)$$

Euler characteristic

$$\chi(\mathcal{M}) = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^n n!} \mathcal{E}_{A_1 \dots A_{2n}} \int_{\mathcal{M}} R^{A_1 A_2}(\omega) \wedge \dots \wedge R^{A_{2n-1} A_{2n}}(\omega)$$

Hirzebruch signature

$$\sigma(\mathcal{M}) = \int_{\mathcal{M}} \exp \left[\frac{1}{2} \text{tr} \log \left(\frac{iR(\omega_+)/2\pi}{\tanh(iR(\omega_+)/2\pi)} \right) \right]$$