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Note Book

研究豫定備忘録

1937

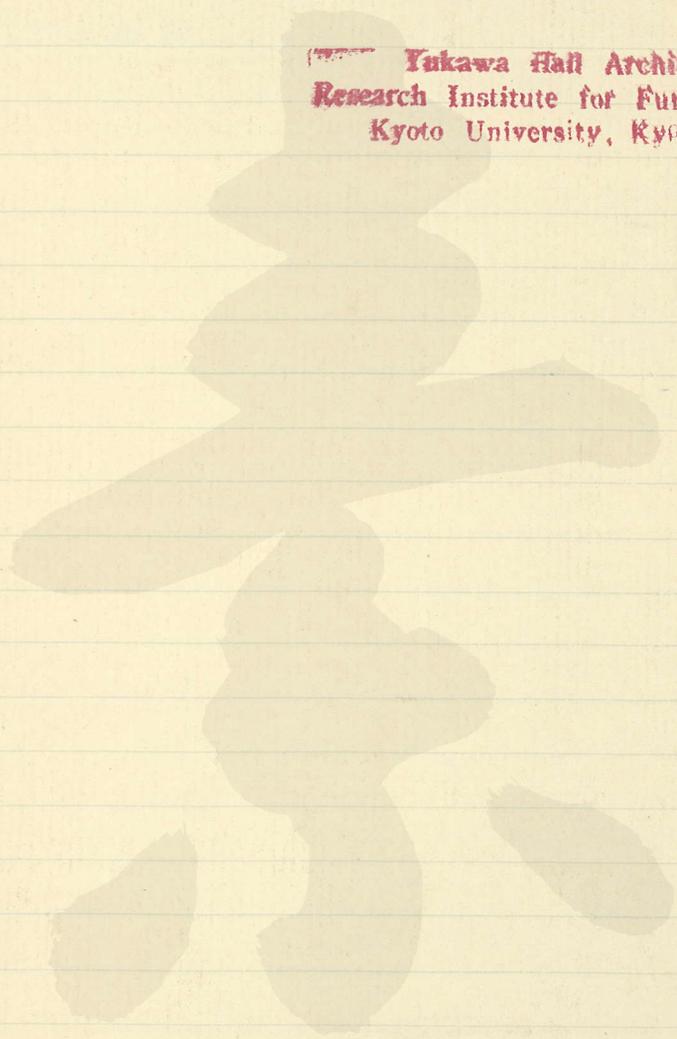
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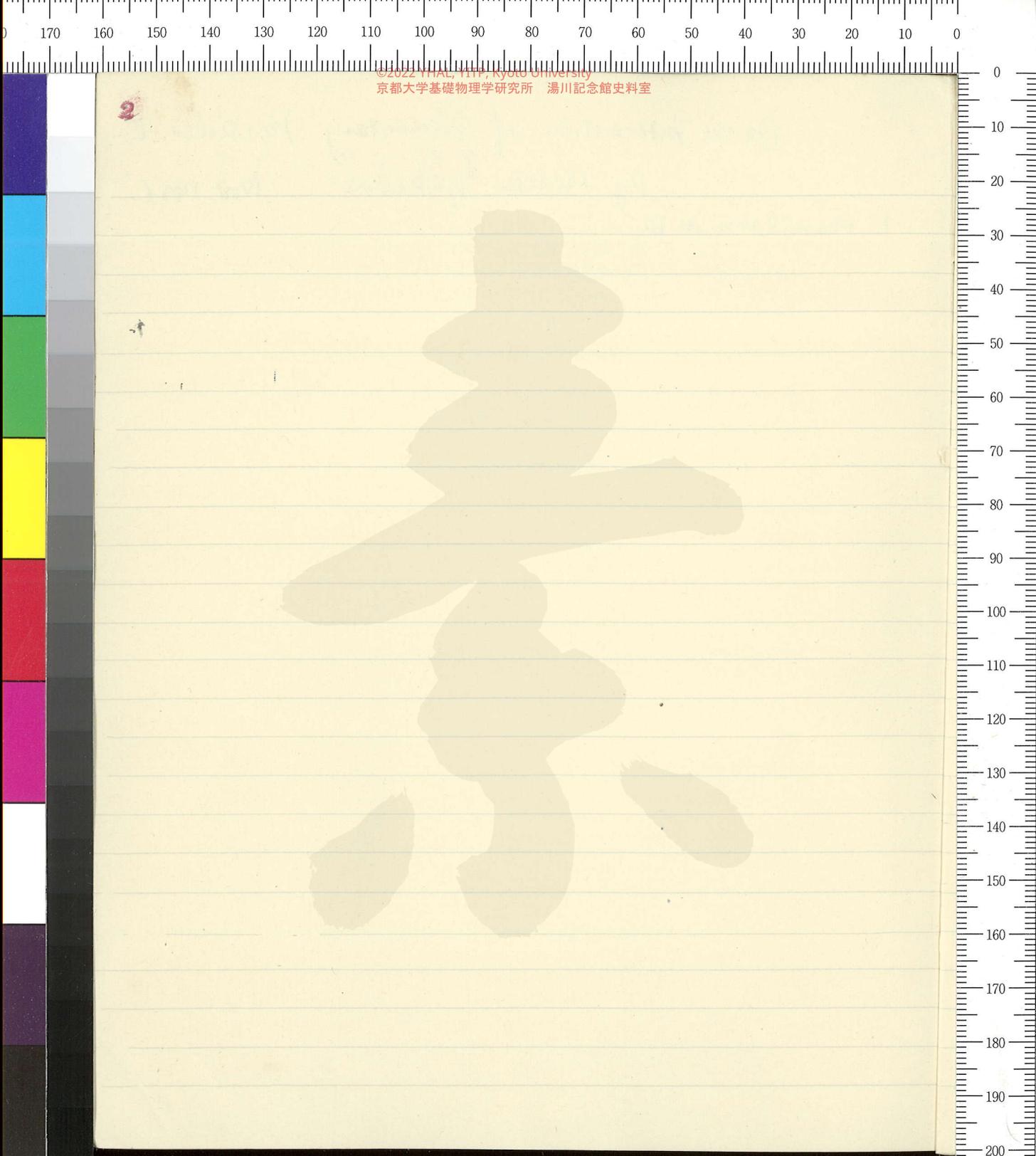


On the Interaction of Elementary Particles. II. 1

By Hideki Yukawa

Nov, 1956.

1. Hamilton H_B .



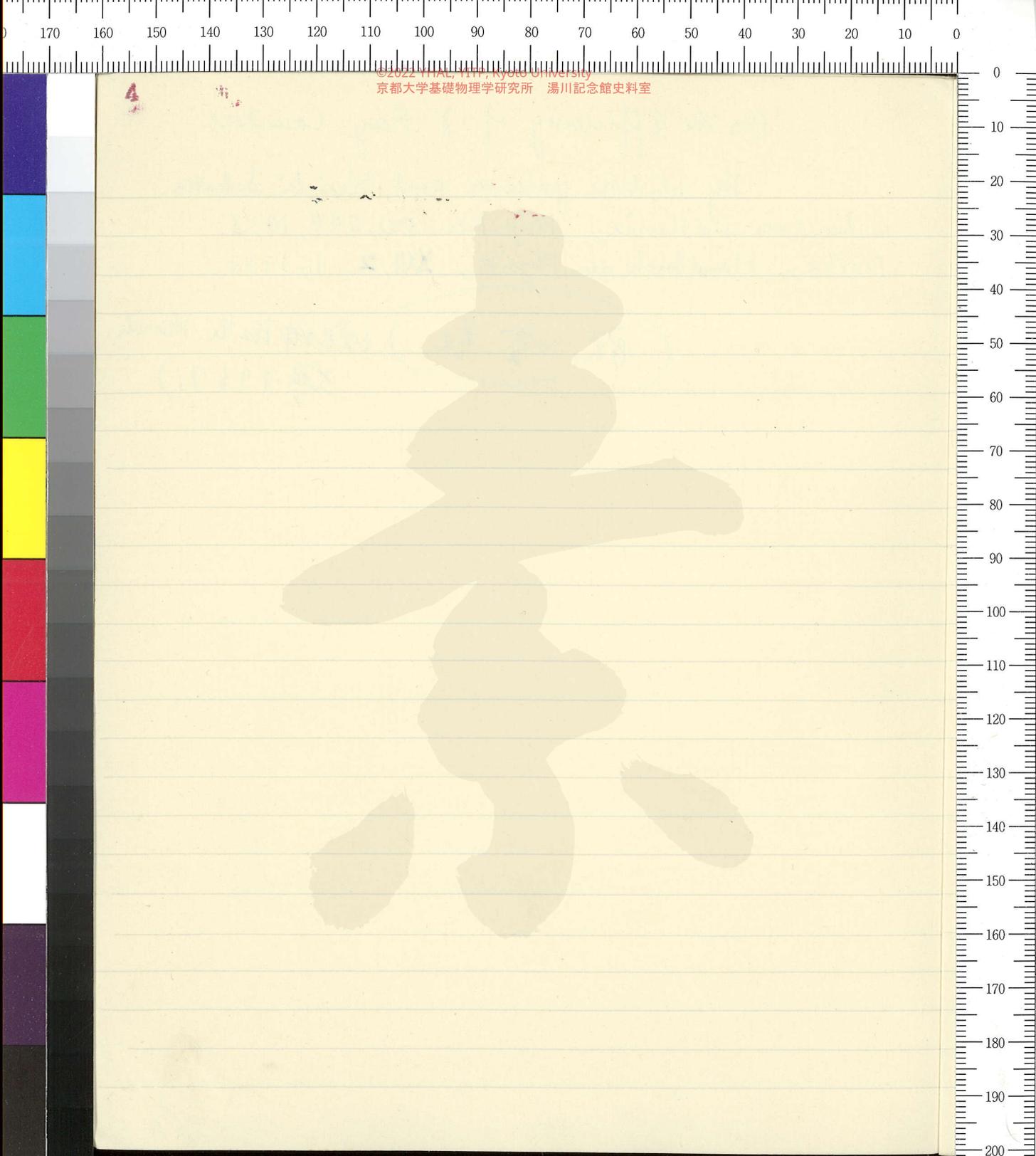
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On the Efficiency of γ -Ray Counters

3

By Hideki Yukawa and Shiroichi Sakata
Richardson and Kurie, Phys. Rev. 50, 999, 1936.
Bothe, Handbuch der Physik, **XII**, 2, 1, 1933.

坂田 秀一 (Received March 30, 1937.)



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第

On The Effect of Chemical Binding
of on the Nuclear Scattering of Neutron
Slow Neutrons by Nuclei

5

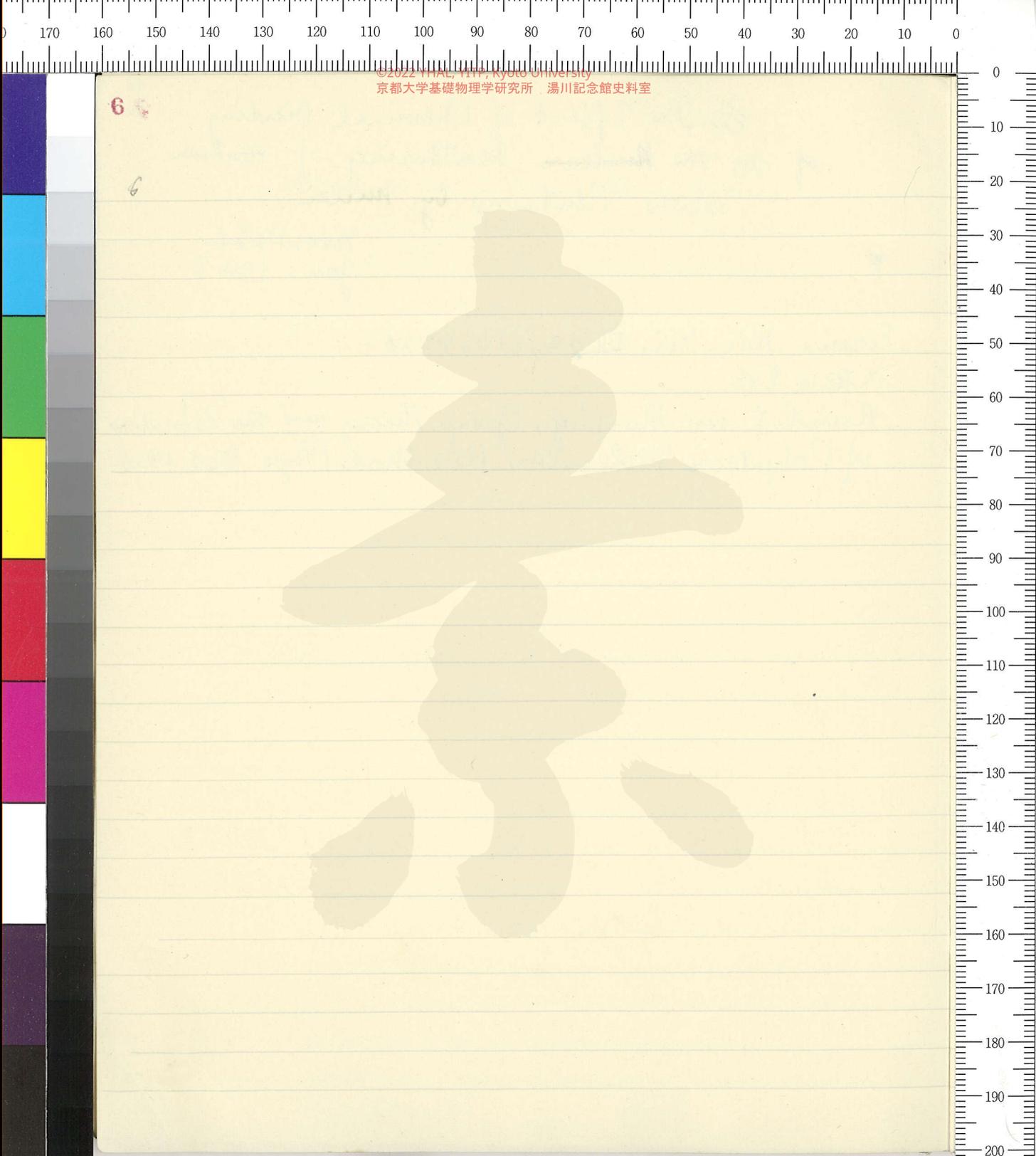
✱

Nov. 1936
Jan. 1937.

Fermi, Ric. Sci. VII 22, 13, 1936

訳載あり。

Rosenthal and Murphay, Group Theory and the Vibrations
of Polyatomic Molecules, Rev. Mod. Phys. Oct. 1936.



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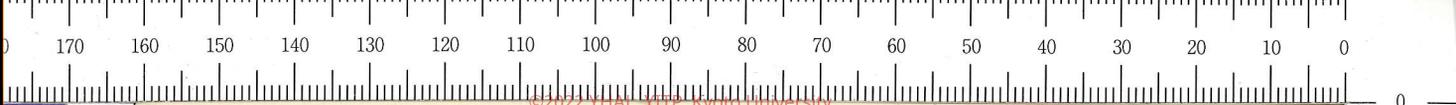


Elementary Calculations on the
Slowing Down of Neutrons by a
Substance - Containing Deuterium. ~~The~~

By Hideki Yukawa

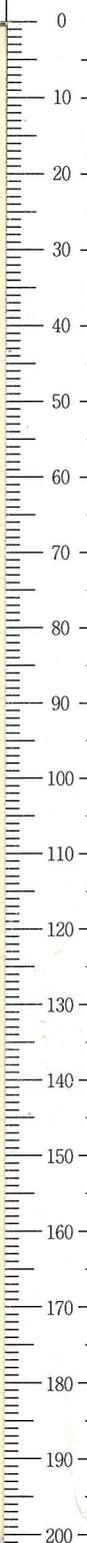
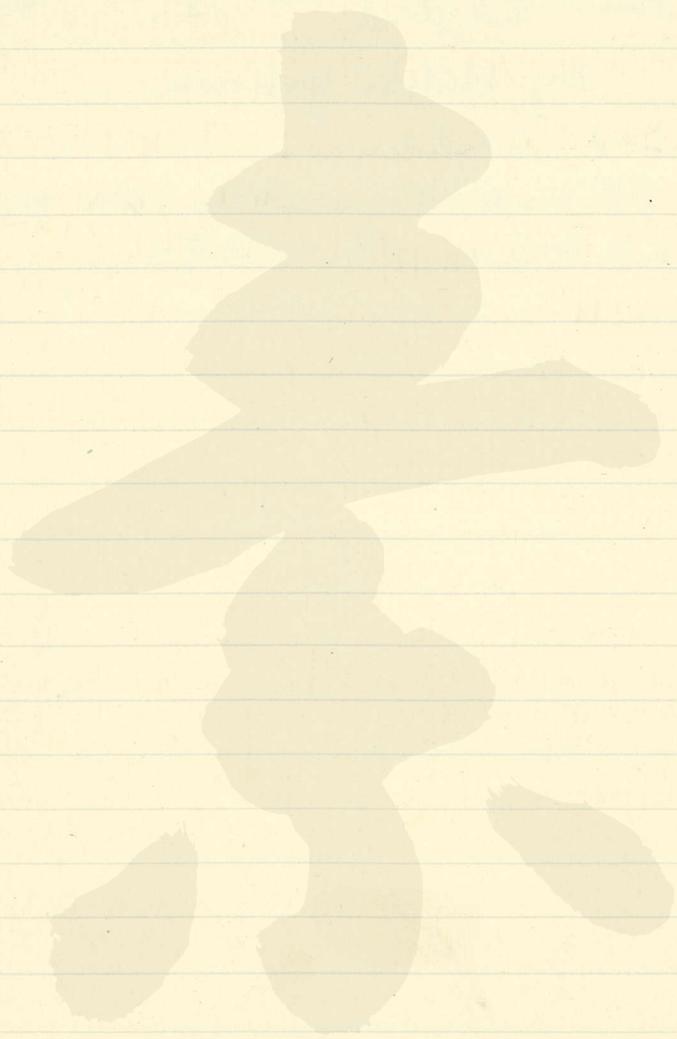
Breit and Condon,

1934 2冊(173頁)以上 scatter 等の prob. 17 2冊
大正14年11月発行、1冊あり。



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遅い中性子理論
(数物会と孫会報告)

場分布: $d\left(\frac{E_n}{E_0}\right) = -e^{-u} du$
 $(1-\alpha x) = e^{-u}$

slowing down by deuterons: $\frac{E_n}{E_0} = (1-\alpha x)^n$

$$f_n(u) du = \frac{1}{a^n (n-1)!} \left\{ u^{n-1} - \binom{n}{1} (u-a)^{n-1} + \binom{n}{2} (u-2a)^{n-1} - \dots + (-1)^{n-1} \binom{n}{n-1} (u-(n-1)a)^{n-1} \right\}$$

$$a = \log(1-\alpha)^{-1} \quad \alpha = \frac{4MM'}{(M+M')^2} = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$a = \log 9 =$$

$$f_1(u) du = \frac{1}{a} \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } 0 < u < a \\ 0 & \text{for } u > a \end{cases} \quad u = \log \frac{E_0}{E_1} \rightarrow \frac{dE_1}{E_1}$$

$$f_2(u) du = \frac{1}{a^2} \begin{cases} u & \text{for } 0 < u < a \\ 2a-u & \text{for } a < u < 2a \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a^2} \begin{cases} u & \text{for } 0 < u < a \\ 2a-u & \text{for } a < u < 2a \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{2a-u}{a^2} \quad \text{for } a < u < 2a$$

$$f_3(u) du = \frac{1}{a^3} \begin{cases} u^2 & \text{for } 0 < u < a \\ 3(u-a)^2 & \text{for } a < u < 2a \\ 3(u-2a)^2 & \text{for } 2a < u < 3a \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a^3} \left\{ u^2 - 3(u-a)^2 \right\} \quad \text{for } a < u < 2a$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a^3} \left\{ u^2 - 3(u-a)^2 + 3(u-2a)^2 \right\} \quad \text{for } 2a < u < 3a$$

1.0

$$f(u) \cdot du =$$

第一編. 明治十一年十二月號.

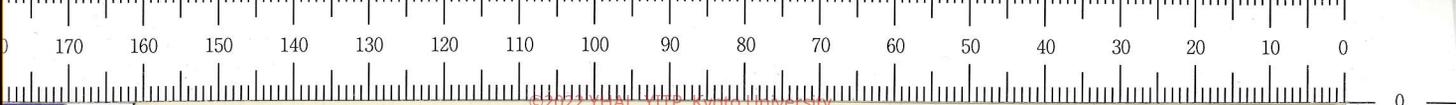
第二編. 明治十二年 八月號

On ~~a~~ Electronic States in
Alkali Halide Crystals

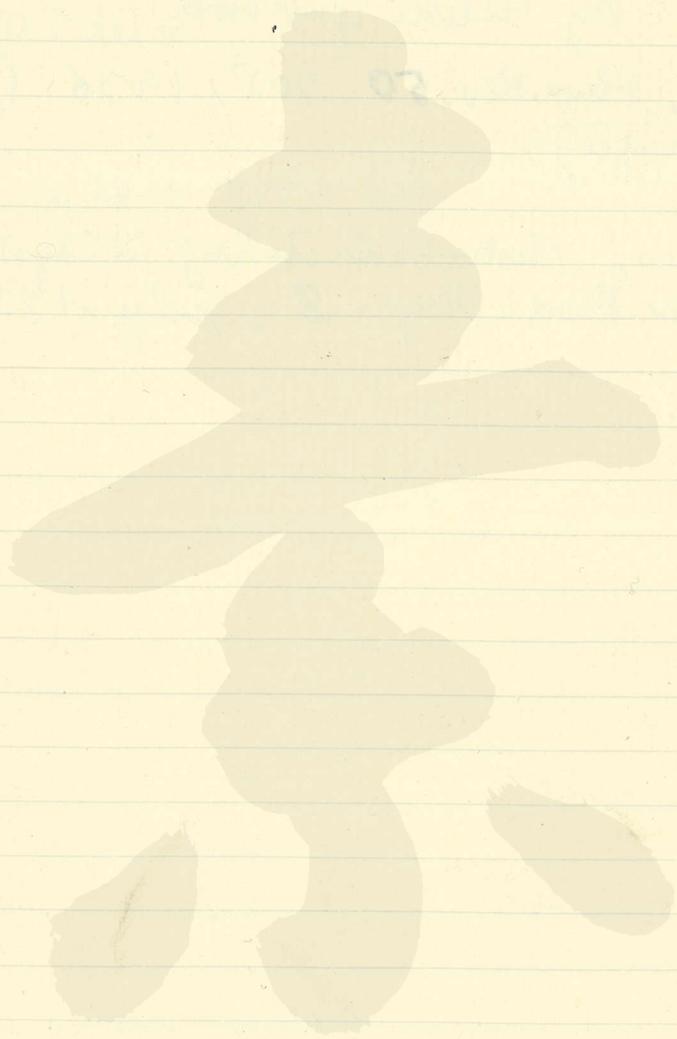
By Hideki Yukawa

Slater, Phys. Rev. **50**, 705, 1936. (Oct. 15.)
and Shugartley,
ck

Hughes, Photoconductivity in Crystal
(Rev. Mod. Phys. **8**, July, 1936, 294)



12

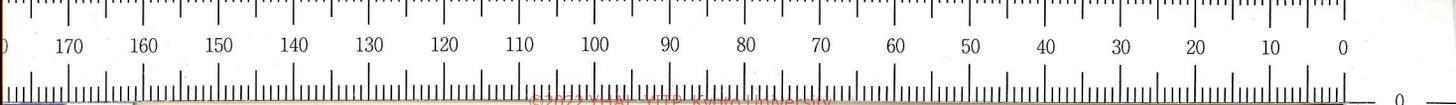


Electronic structure
and molecular
of liquid state

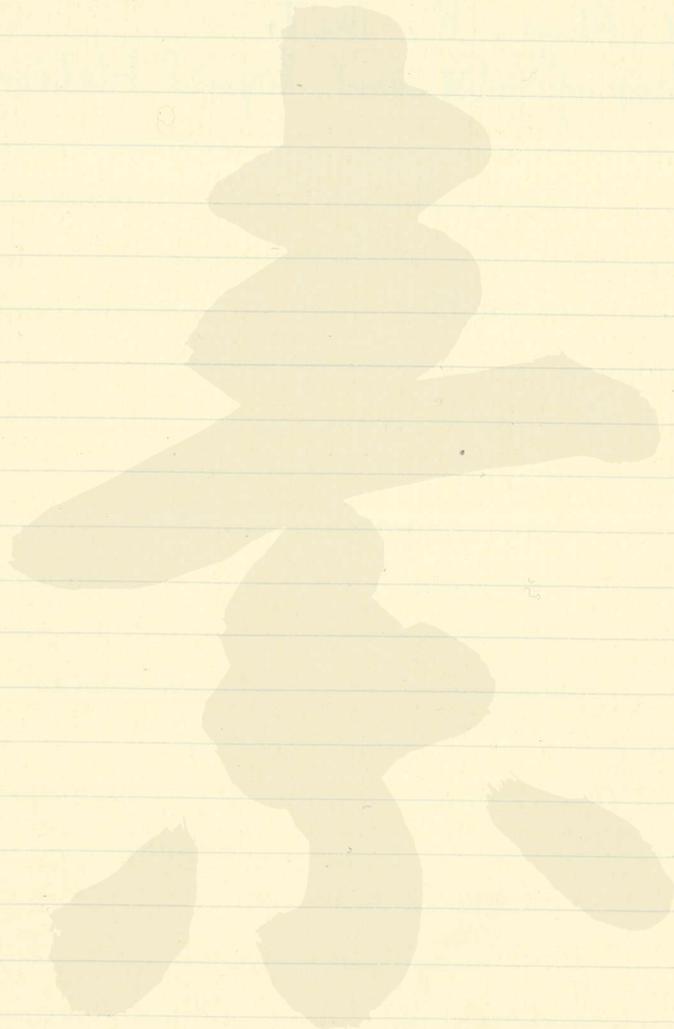
181

Rev. Mod. Phys. 8, Oct.

phys. Prop. of solid and liquid Helium, Saturday,
347.



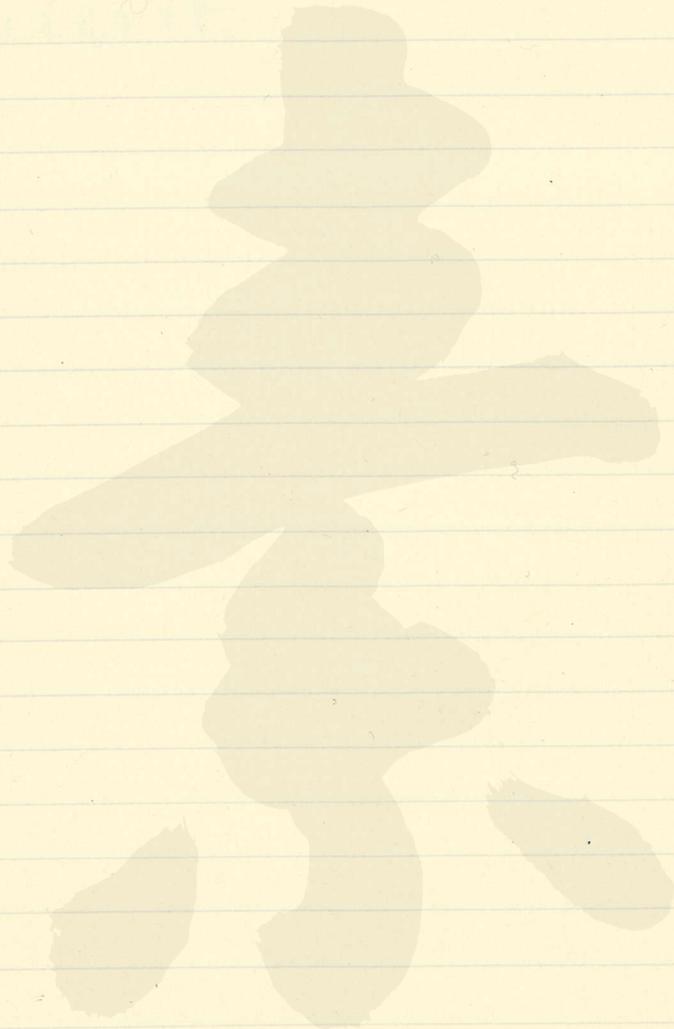
14

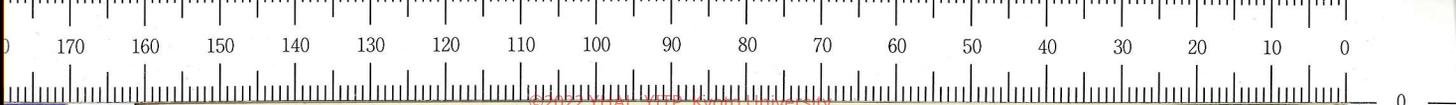


宇宙探査の物理的論,

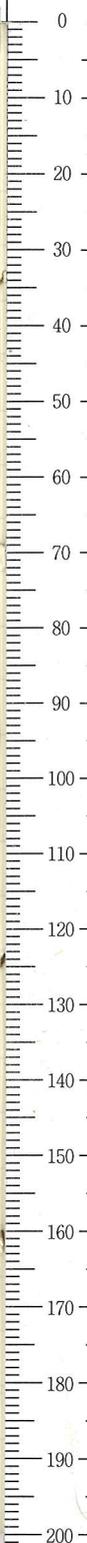
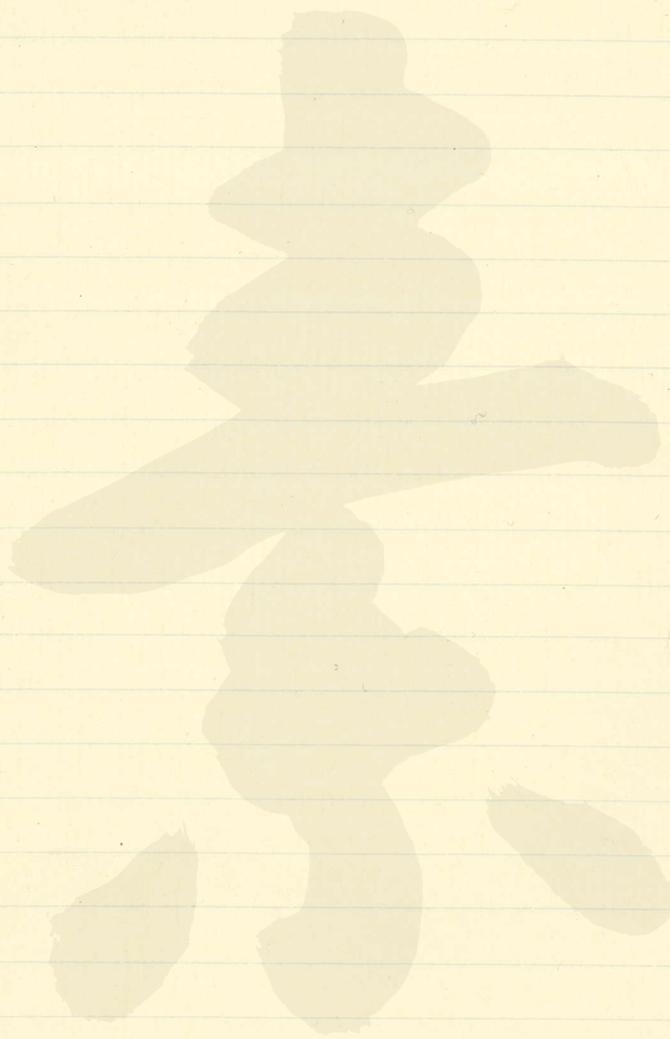
15

~~報告書~~ 文芸'抄? 94? ?





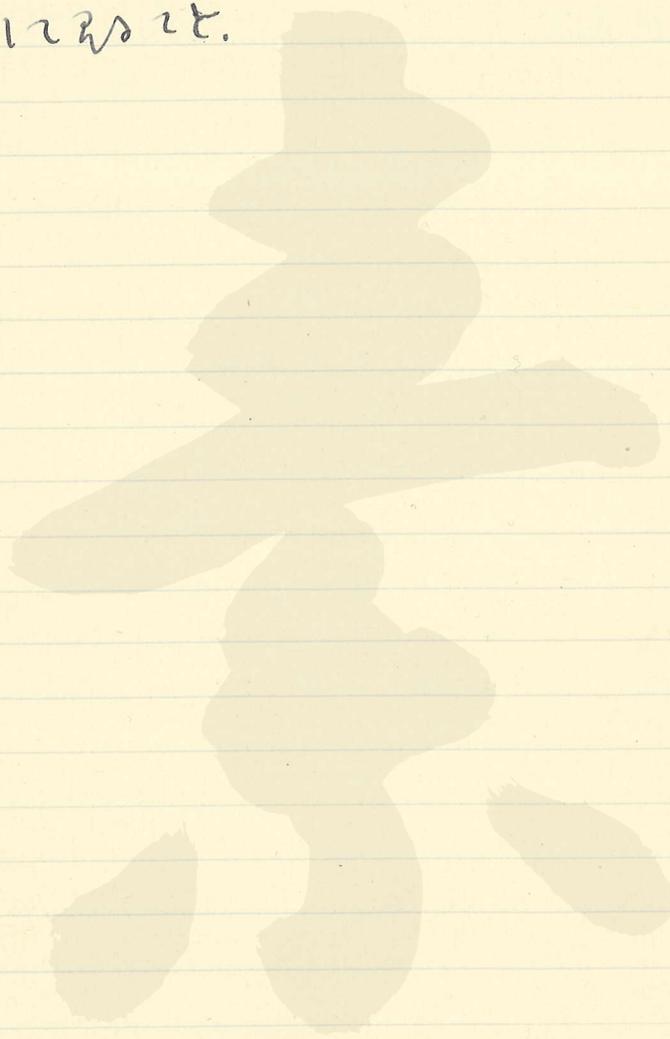
116

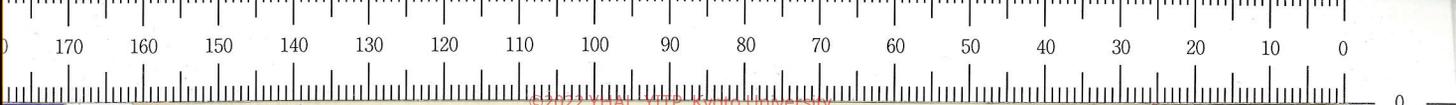


Note on the Exact Method in the Atomic
Quantum Collision Theory of Collision

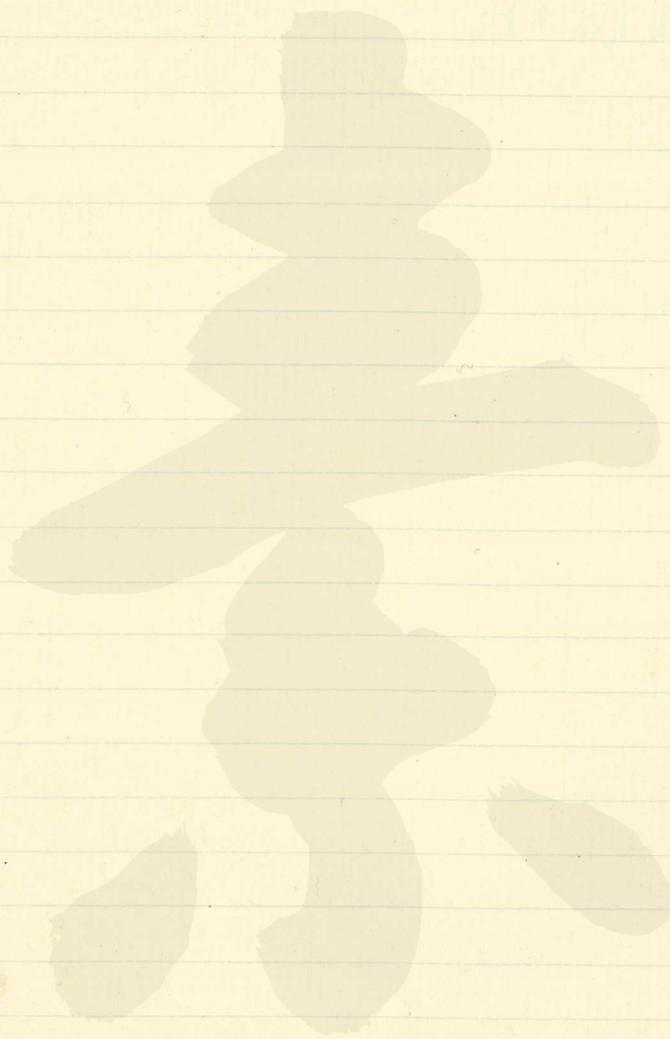
Feb. 6, 1957

手稿 512 号 2 号





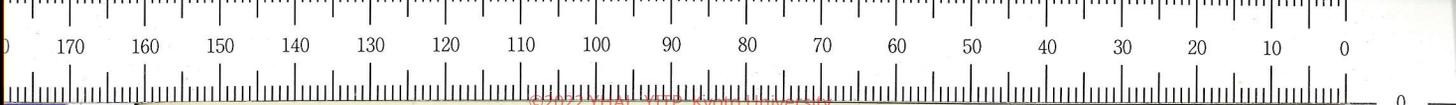
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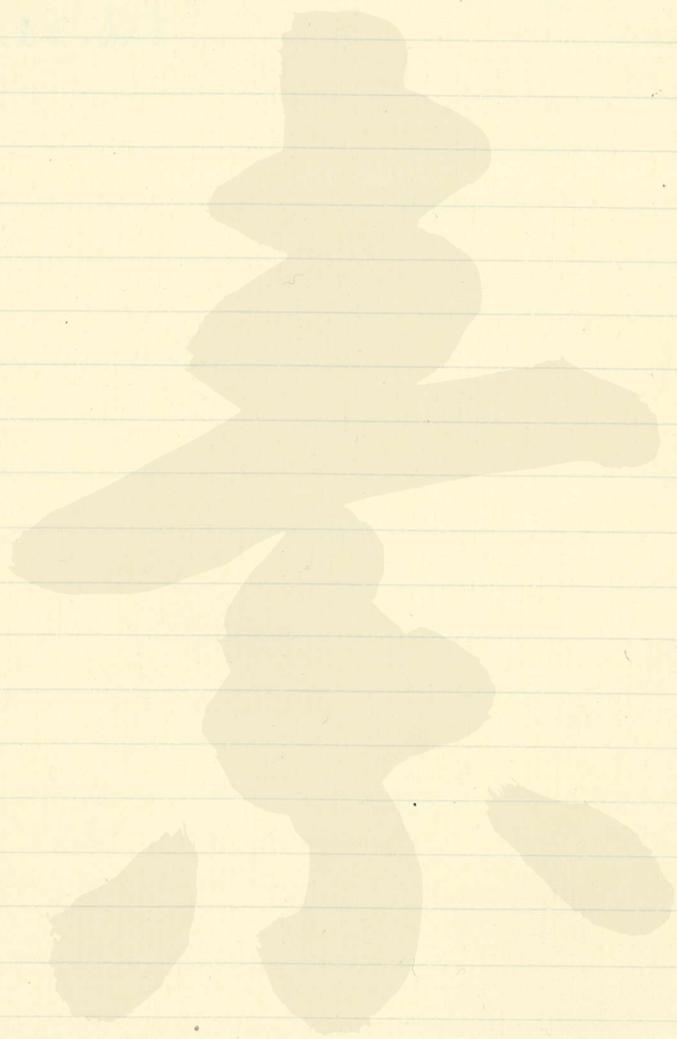
On the Conservation of the Total
Angular Momentum in the Process of
 β -Disintegration

19

Feb. 20, 1937.



20



On the Structure of Energy Levels of the Atomic Nucleus

March 30

E. Wigner, Phys. Rev. 51, 106, 1937
 (E. Wigner and E. Feenberg, ibid. 95, 1937
 M. E. Rose and H. A. Bethe, ibid. 205, 1937)

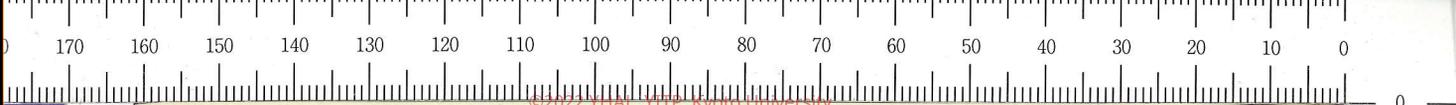
Wigner of $\eta = 1, 2, 3, 4$ two four fold
 spin \dots to be 2×2 or 3×3 ? (\because spin
 or isotopic spin u is operator is 2×2
 $(1, 2)$ $(3, 4)$ or $(1, 3)$ $(2, 4)$ is 3×3 operator
 \rightarrow is Dirac's spin matrix α or β
 T_3 is $\frac{1}{2} \sigma_3$ or $\frac{1}{2} \tau_3$

$$\Psi(\vec{r}_i, \vec{\sigma}_i, \tau_i, \dots)$$

$$S = \sum_i \sigma_3^{(i)} \quad Y = \sum_i \tau_3^{(i)} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

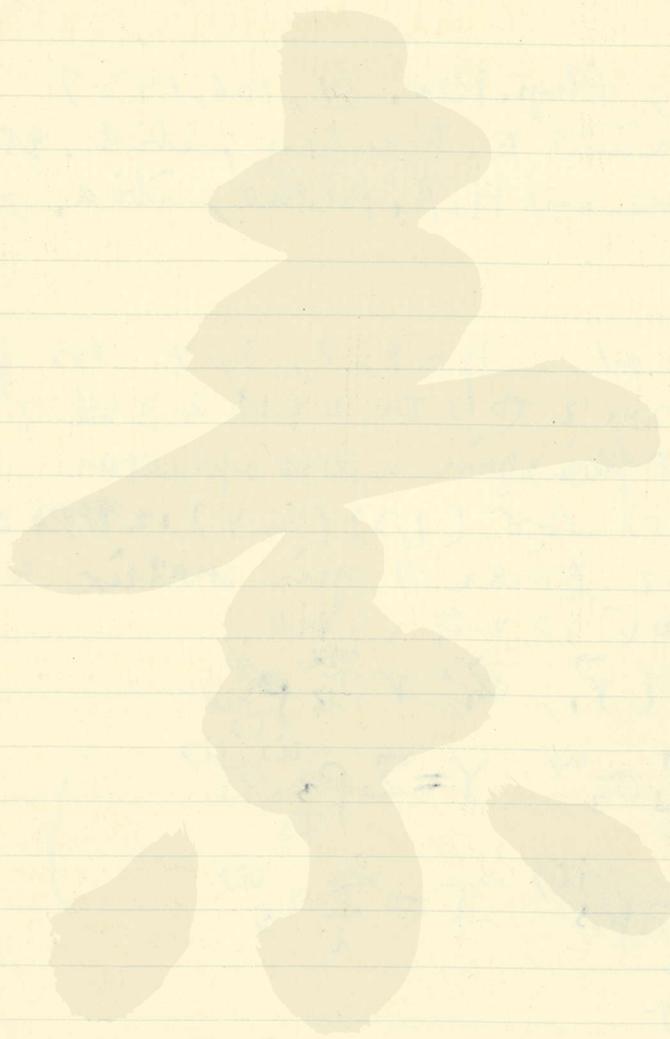
$$R = \sum_i \rho_3^{(i)} \quad T = \sum_i \tau_3^{(i)}$$

σ



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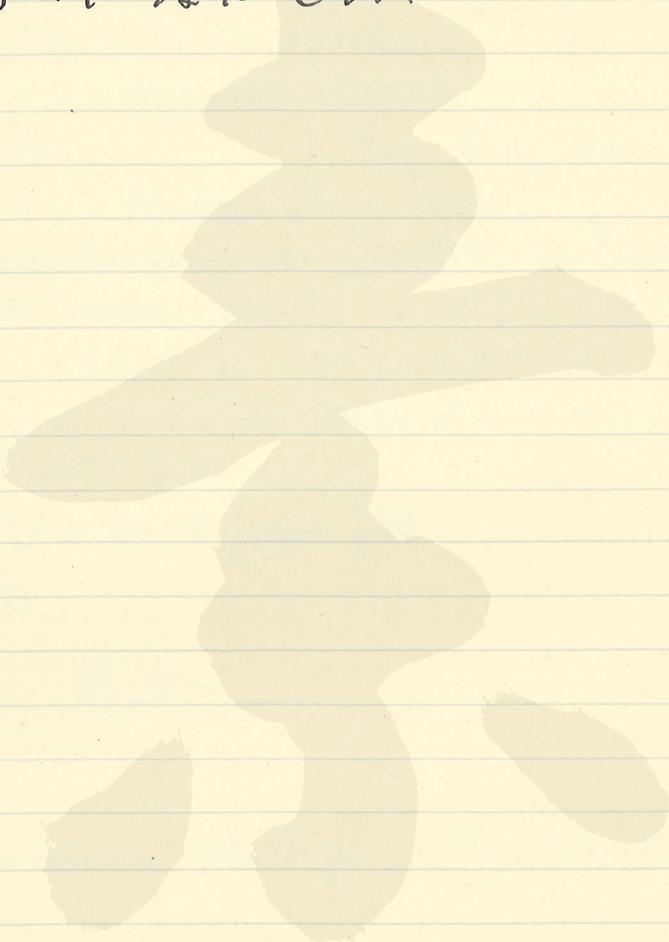
22-69



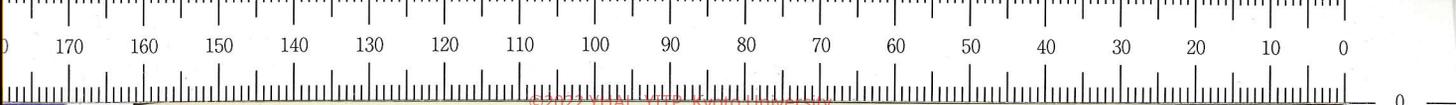
On the Theory of Collision
of Neutrons with Deuterons
H. Yukawa and Seiichi Sakata
(Read March 15, 1957)

23

3月29日 原稿 送付.

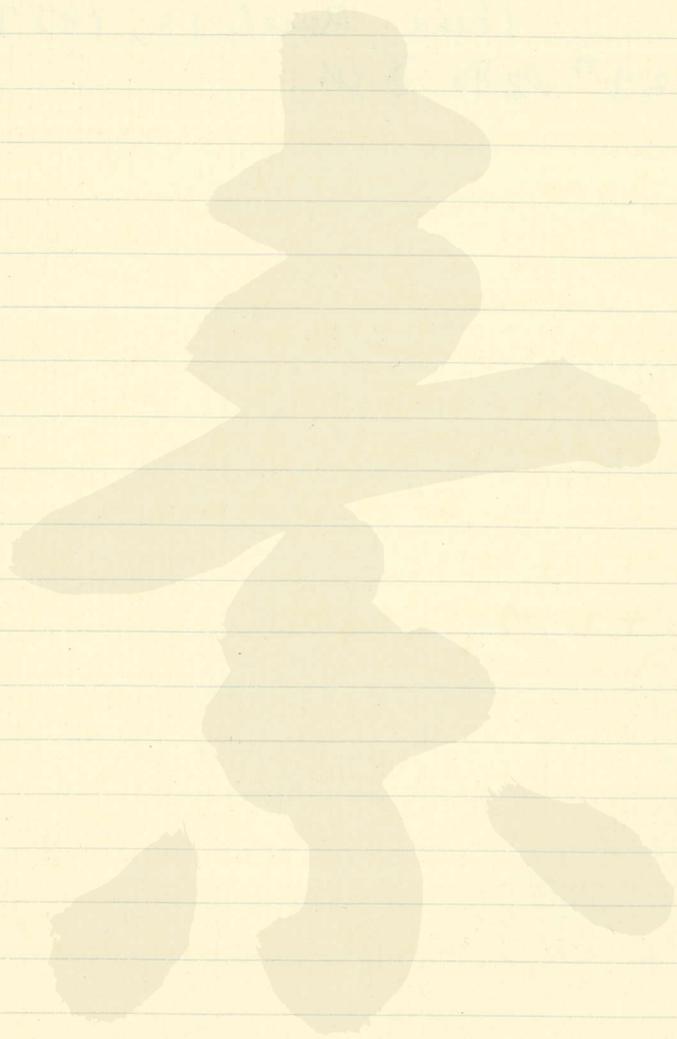


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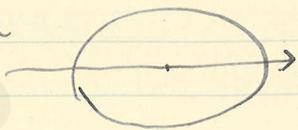
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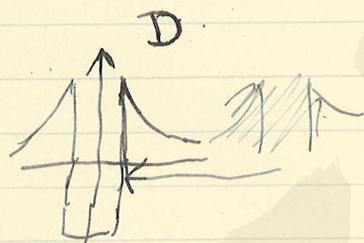
Angular Distribution of ~~Neut~~ Particles emitted by Nuclear Disintegration

Small Energy of Proton, Deuteron
→ s-s disint. → spherical
symmetry → deviation from 2π.

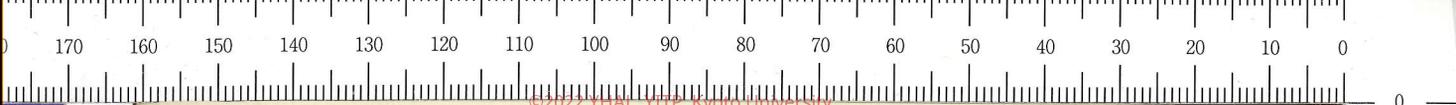


(Kempston, ... Proc. Roy. Soc. 1936
Neuert, Natur Phys. Zeits. 1937)

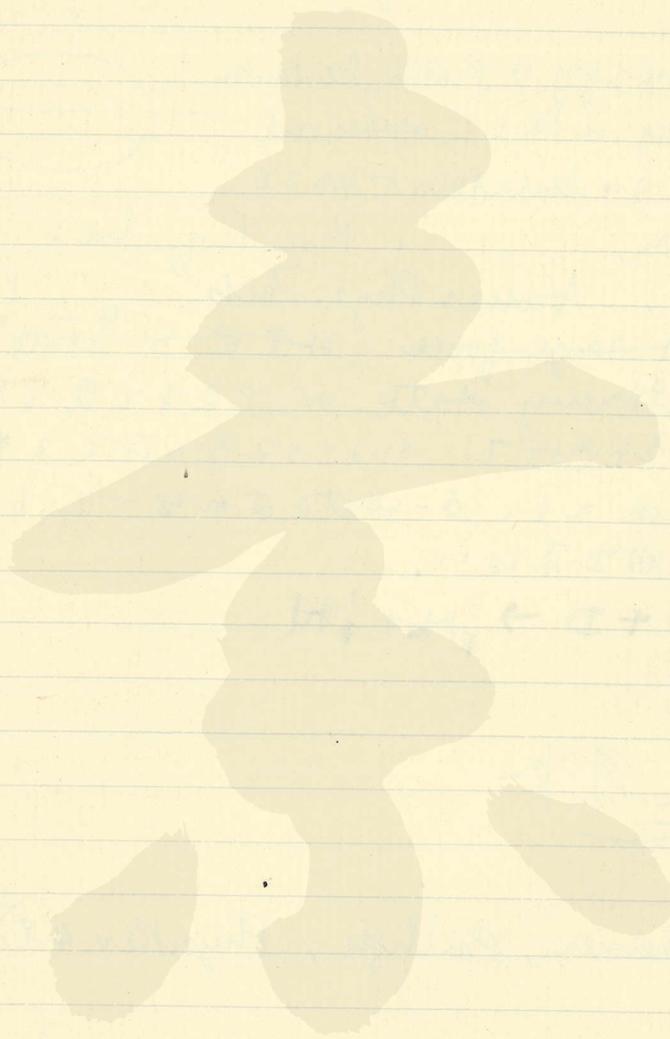
→ short range force → S-state → quasi-stationary state
→ deviation from 2π → short range force → S-state → deviation from 2π



Oppenheimer, Phillips, Phys. Rev. 48, ⁵⁰⁰ Sept. 15, 1935



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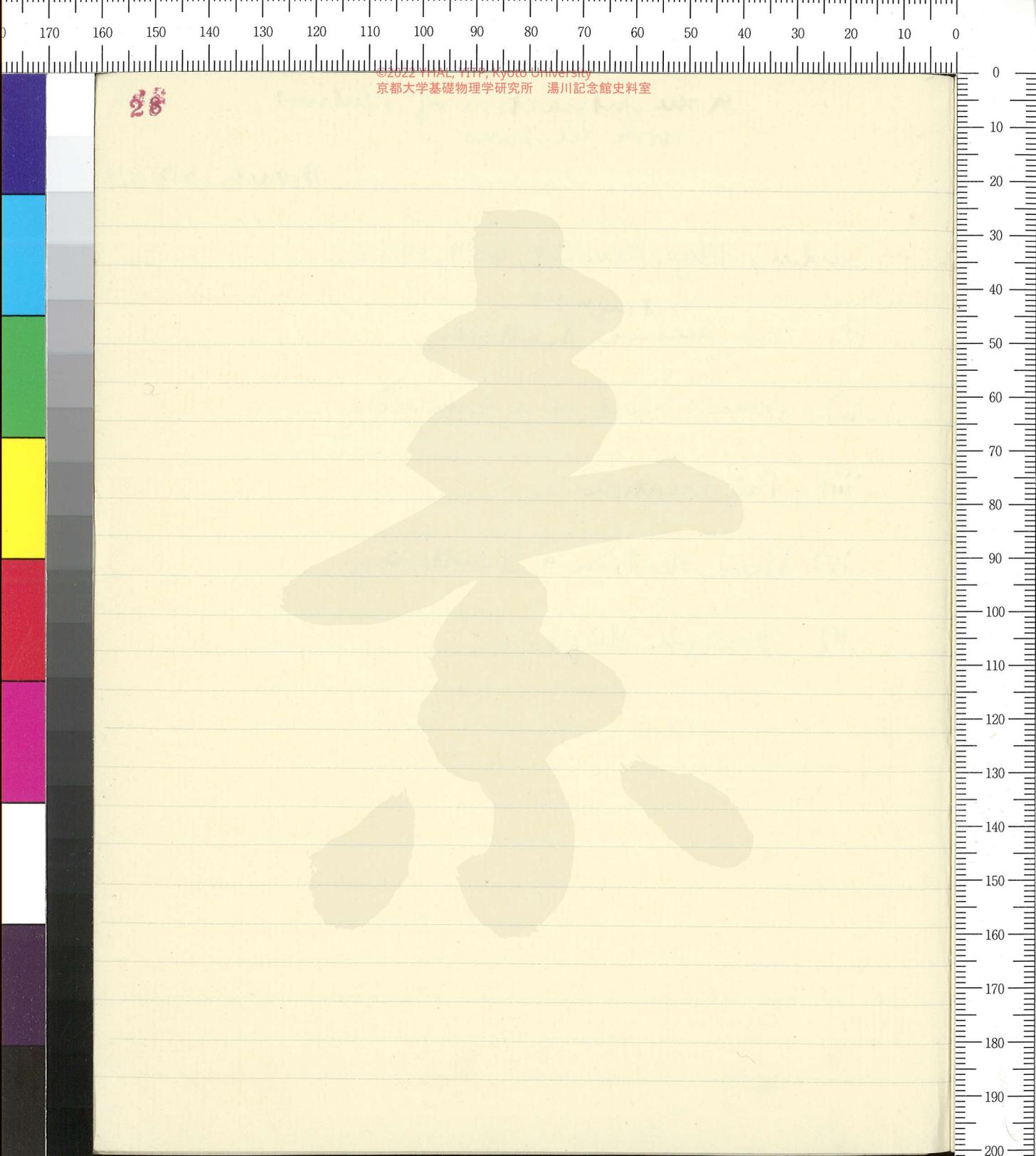
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In the Interaction of Neutrons
with Electrons

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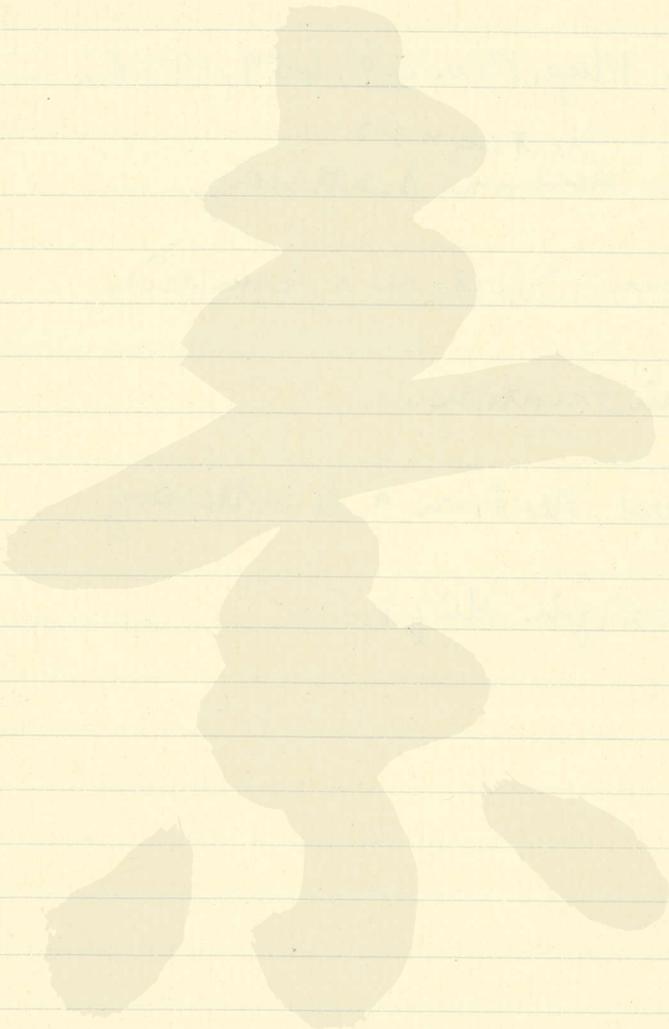
March 30, 1959

Condon, Phys. Rev. 49, 459, 1936.

- i) Free Neutron ^{electron used} scattering
- ii) Bound Electron α Emission
- iii) Pair Creation
- iv) Slow Neutron α scattering
- v) Isotopic Shift.



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Problem of Light Particles in the Nucleus.

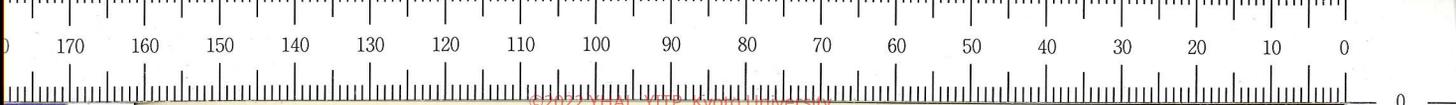
May 21, 1937.

Nucleus of a Electron, Positron β or β^+ β^- β^+
放射線, 電子.

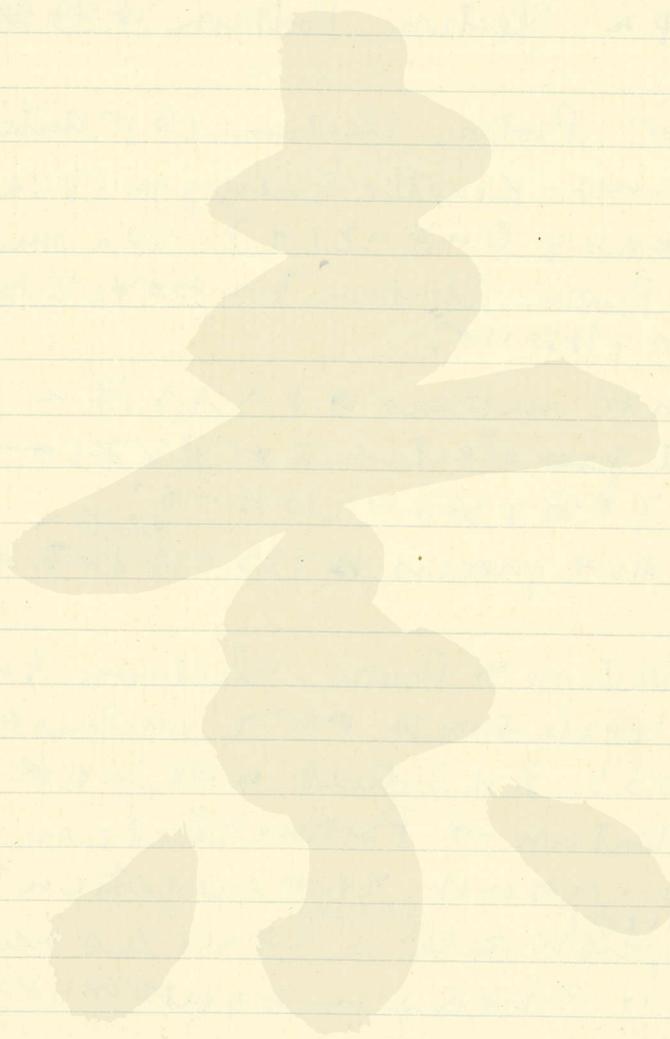
① Neutron or Proton, Electron (or antineutrino)
の運動エネルギー Kinetic Energy の存在. (1/2
neutrino mass ≈ 0 である) とは nucleus 中の
Neutron or Proton - Electron の結合エネルギー
の存在の理由である.

② Neutron of nucleus β β^- 放射線 Proton, Electron
の放射 β^- electron 放射線 β^- 放射線 β^- 放射線
の存在の理由である. (1/2 放射線の存在の理由である)
(1/2 放射線の存在の理由である β^- 放射線の存在の理由である)

③ Neutron or Proton - Electron の結合エネルギー
の存在. β^- electron の存在 nucleus 中の β^- 放射線
の存在の理由である. β^- 放射線 β^- 放射線 β^- 放射線
の存在の理由である. Neutron \rightarrow Proton + Electron +
放射線 β^- 放射線. Neutron の存在の理由である. Neutron の存在の理由である
2. β^- proton state β^- 放射線 β^- 放射線 β^- 放射線
の存在の理由である. Neutron の存在の理由である.

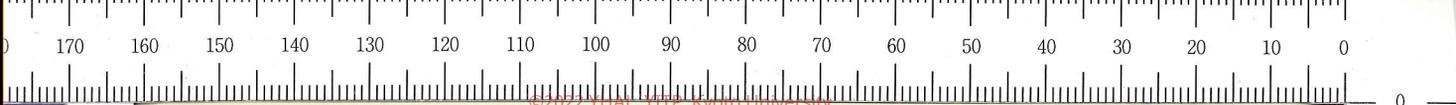


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On the Conception of Lattice Space
and its Application to Q.M.,
May, 1957.

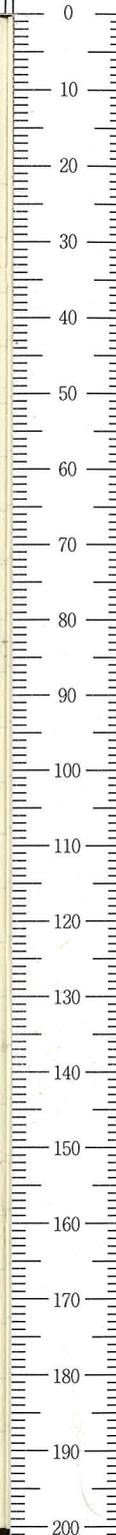
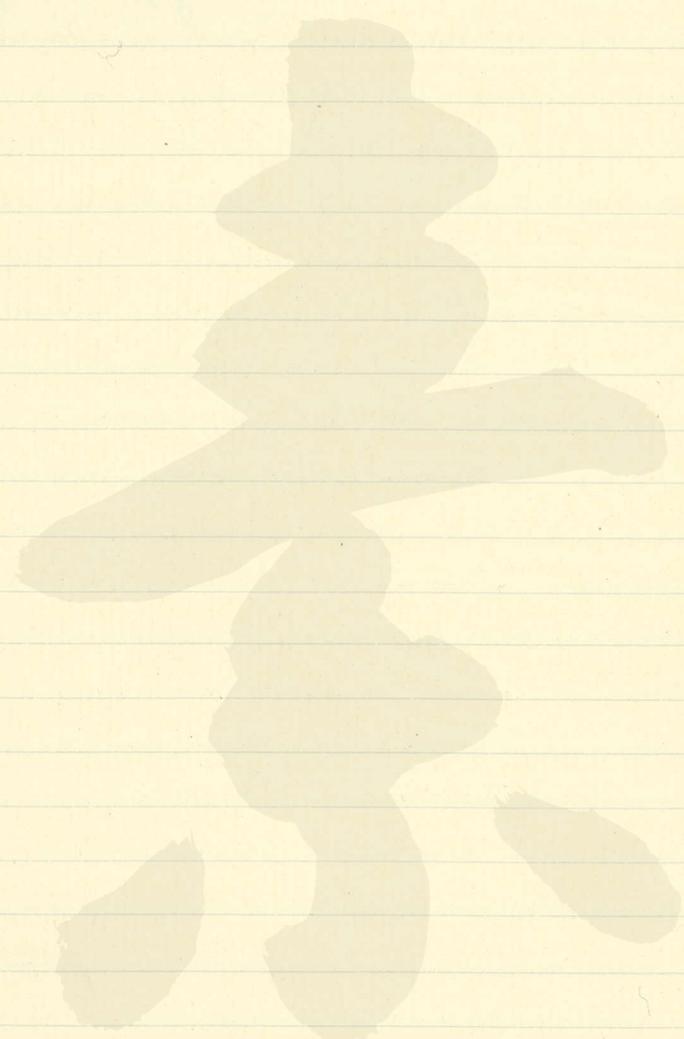
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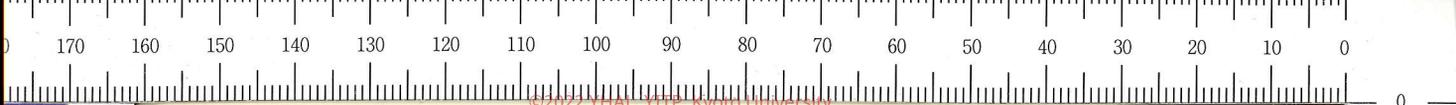


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33.
Note on the Theory of Multiplative
showers

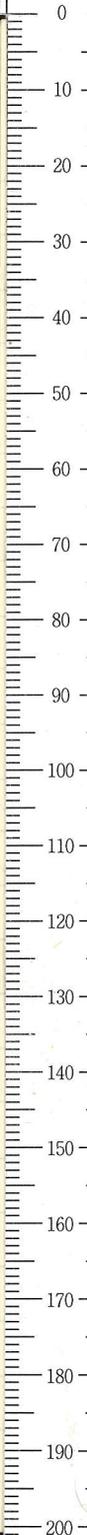
By Hidetaki Yukawa and Daisuke Okayama
(of May 28, 1937)

Shabha and Heitler, Proc. Roy. Soc. (A)
159, 432, 1937

Oppenheimer, Phys. Rev. 51, , 1937,



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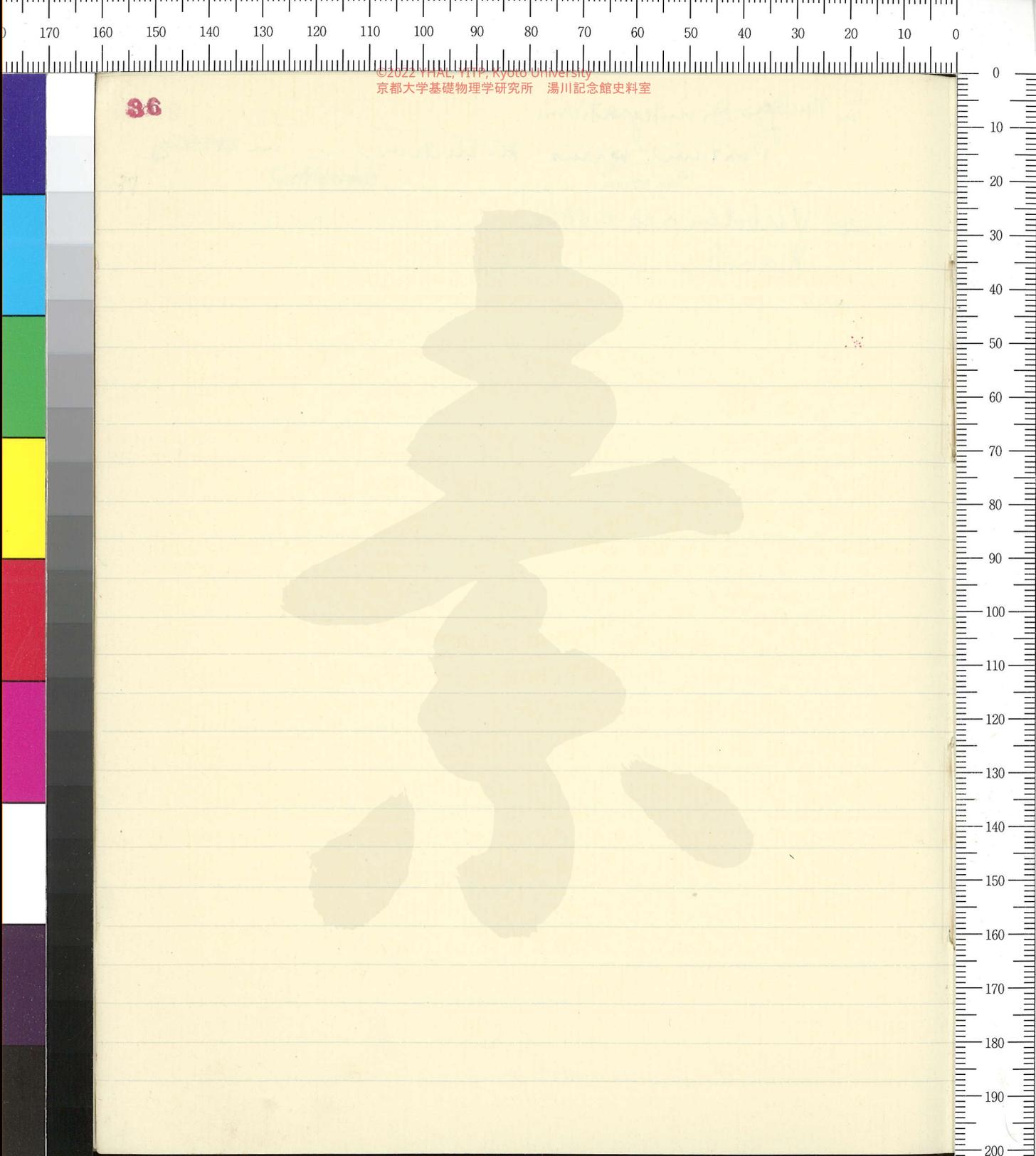


in Nuclear Disintegration

35

Positron versus β -Electron
Emission Absorption in the Theory

~~the~~ Verboten α and β transitions
Lamb,

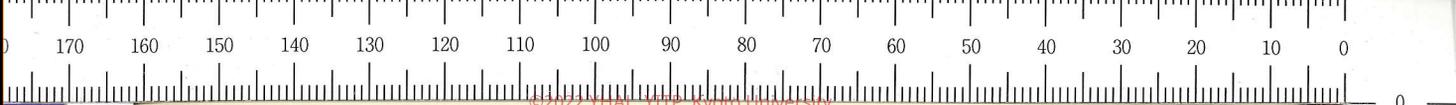


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Angular Distribution of Scattered Neutrons 37
Scattered by Protons

Collision of α -Particles with
Proton, Deuteron and α -Particle
June 29, 1957.



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