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OSAKA IMPERIAL UNIVERSITY.

DATE.....  
NO.....  
Kernumwelt

Kopie: Über die Kernumwelt des Xenons  
(Naturw. 21, (29. Sept.) 104)

X 129  $\frac{1}{2}$   
X 131  $\frac{3}{2}$  (wahrscheinlich)  
124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136 spalten nicht  
messbar auf.

$\frac{M_{129}}{M_{131}} = 1,1$  ist  $\frac{3}{2}$  ist  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 $I_{129} < 0, I_{131} > 0.$   
129: umgekehrt  
131: normal

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Proton

DATE.....

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Isternmann, Frisch u. Stern: Magnetic moment of the  
Proton. (Nature 132, 169, (July 29), 1933)

<sup>Hydrogen</sup> molecule's magnetic moment is molecule's  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$  or  
rotation  $\mu_B$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  $\Rightarrow$  proton's mag. moment is  $\frac{1}{2}$   
res. (electron's <sup>mag.</sup> moment is anti-parallel to cell's)  
Para-hydrogen is  $\Rightarrow$  proton's spin is anti-parallel.  
ortho's rotational moment is  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$ . room temperature  
is higher rotational state so definite  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$ .  
deflection experiment is unit quantum  $\mu_B \approx \frac{1}{2} \frac{h}{2\pi m_e c}$   
0.8 - 0.9 nuclear magnetic moment ( $2 \cdot \frac{e}{m_p c} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{h}{2\pi}$ )  
ortho.

ortho-hydrogen is lowest rotational  $J=1$  state  
ortho's  $\mu_B$  is  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$  rotational moment or  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$  spin  
proton's  $\mu_B$  moment is superpose  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$ .  
ortho's rotational moment is para's  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$   $\Rightarrow$   $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$   
ortho's  $\mu_B$  with 75% para's  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$   $\Rightarrow$   $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$   
 $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$  of  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$ 's deflection experiment is  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$   
proton's mag. moment is  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$  is  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$  nuclear  
moment  $\frac{1}{2} \mu_B$ .



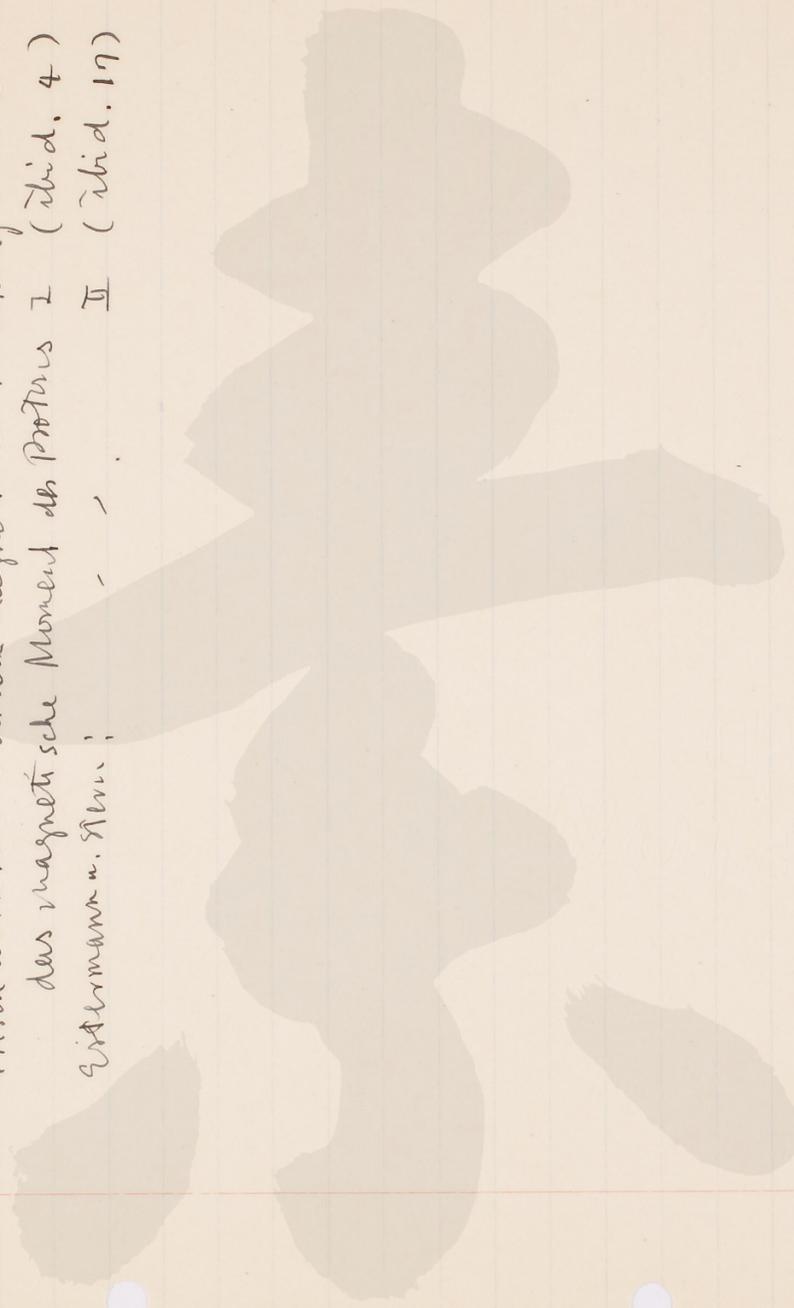
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DATE.....

NO.....

Wick: Über das magnetische Moment eines rotierenden  
Wasserstoffmoleküls (ZS. 85, (1-2), 25, 1933)

Frisch u. Stern: Über die magnetische Ablenkung von  $H_2$  und  
das magnetische Moment des Protons I (ibid. 4)  
Estermann u. Stern: - - - II (ibid. 17)





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Kernwert

Siedl: Über eine einfache Methode zur Bestimmung  
 von Spin- und Statistik der Deutrons. (Naturw. 22, 205,  
 1934)

$$1 \pm \frac{2}{2I+1} \frac{tg \frac{\delta}{2}}{1 + tg \frac{\delta}{2}} \cos(\kappa \text{cut} \delta)$$

(28.80, 690 (1933))

Notiz: Proc. 726, 259 (1930)

$$\kappa = \frac{8\pi e^2}{h\nu}$$

$$\delta = 45^\circ : 1 \pm \frac{1}{2I+1}$$

Lewis & Rutherford (Phys. Rev. 43, 837, 1933) 11<sup>2</sup>  
 Spin 1/2. ∴ 45° ist Rutherford's Formel  $a \frac{4}{3} \pi$   
 f. d. s. z.  
 Note Kernwert & Atanzahl  $i \rightarrow 0$ .

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Kalchauer and Jeller: Ratio of the Mg. Moment of Proton and Diploin (Naturl 134, 180, 1934)

Farkas, Sachsse ( ) 4  
 orth H<sub>2</sub> → para H<sub>2</sub> Transf. ~~is~~ paramg. gas (O<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>)  
 used as catalyse that 22% to 74% in. 24% inborn.  
 mag. field in proton magnetic moment & spin  
 diplogenesis... 2 & 1087.985  
 H<sup>2</sup> is orth to H<sup>2</sup> of mg. moment & 0 v to ...  
 reaction velocity needs Farkas, Harteck  
 (Proc. Roy. Soc. 144, 481, 1934) 4  
 Wigner and P (2. Phys. Chem., B, 23, 28, 1938)  
 us). mag. moment due to S. 15 orth & M.  
 29 if in H. 24 in mech. moment & transition  
 prob. in orth is 2/3 neglect (ortho) 24 A for x  
 orth → para :  $(\frac{S+1}{2S+1}) (\frac{2S+1}{S})^2$   
 para → orth :  $(\frac{S+1}{2S+1}) (\frac{2S+1}{S})^2$   
 orth. H<sup>2</sup>: S = 1/2 H<sup>2</sup>: S = 1 orth  
 orth 4 orth

Wigner's orth to para in orth is 1/2 & 2/3 in orth

$$\left[ \frac{2\mu_D S_P (2S_D + 1)}{\mu_P S_D (2S_P + 1)} \right]^2 \approx 2 \frac{K_D^{T/2}}{K_P^T}$$

orth. 12 (μ: mg. moment S: spin  
 K<sup>T</sup>: reaction velocity at T also.

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DATE.....  
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F.W. Aston? The isotopic Constitution and Atomic Weights  
 of the Rare Earth Elements (Proc. Roy. Soc. 146, 46, -)

Symbol	Mass Number	Percentage Abundance	Symbol	Mass Number	Percentage Abundance
La	139	5	Tb	159	5
	{ 140	88		Dy	161
Ce	{ 142	11	{ 162		25
	Pr	141	5		{ 163
Nd		142	36		{ 164
	{ 143	11	Ho	165	5
	{ 144	30		Er	166
	{ 145	18	{ 167		24
	{ 146	3	{ 168		30
	Sm	144	17	{ 170	10
{ 147		14	Tm	169	5
{ 148		15		Yt	171
{ 149		5	{ 172		24
{ 150		26	{ 173		17
{ 152	20	{ 174	38		
Eu	151	50.6	{ 176	12	
	{ 153	49.4	Lu	175	5
Gd	{ 155	21		Atomic Weights	Mass-spectrum values
	{ 156	23	138.91 ± 0.05		
	{ 157	17		57	La
{ 158	16	58	Ce		
59	Pr			60	Nd
		61	Pm		

Integral values  
 57 La 138.92  
 58 Ce  
 59 Pr  
 60 Nd  
 61 Pm  
 62 Sm  
 63 Eu  
 64 Gd  
 65 Tb  
 66 Dy  
 67 Ho  
 68 Er  
 69 Tm  
 70 Yb  
 71 Lu