

「世界法」実現めざす

世界連邦大会
東京宣言採択し閉幕

【本紙記者東京二十七日電】世界連邦大会は二十七日午後四時、憲法で戦争を放棄した日本で開かれたこの意義をうけ、各国政府が世界連邦を推進するよう訴えた「東京宣言」を採択して四日間の幕を閉じた。

開会式で西村一大会事務局長は、世界連邦の推進は、人類の自由と平和の達成のためである。平和とは道義の原則に基づいた法の結果として得られるものである。世界の諸国は、これまでも、われわれは諸国民の道義の力を喚起したい。

歴史のきびしい教訓の教えるところは、約束や条約では平和は達成されないことである。法および法の執行が平和達成には不可欠の条件である。強権力を持った世界法、世界憲法、世界法廷なくしては、世界も生き残ることはできない。核時代では世界法こそ現実的なものである。

国際連合はすべての国を成員とし、その諸権能を持つ世界連邦に発展されるべきである。

「日本での運動の基礎をついた尾崎行雄、賀川豊彦、下中弥太郎三氏の名を忘れぬよう」との発言があり、拍手のうちに大会は終わった。

二十九、三十日は会場を京都に移して世界連邦世界協会総会を開き、コペンハーゲン提案を検討、核停条約調印などから生じた新しい国際情勢に適合する具体的な国連憲章改正案を出す。

東京宣言

一、いかなる国も他国に対して軍隊を使用できないこと、核兵器並びに他のすべての国防兵器、軍隊の廃止を定めた世界法。ただし国内治安に必要な小兵力のみは保持できるものとする。

二、軍備に対する世界法を徹底させるための世界警察および世界軍の創設。

三、世界法違反者を裁き、諸国間の紛争を解決するための世界法廷。

四、世界連邦のための法を定め、ただし、しかし適性な財源をまかなう新しい方法。

五、個人の諸権利に抵触することを防ぎ、各国が独自の政治、経済、世界制度を採用する自由を守り、世界連邦の権能を否定し、厳密に制限するための保障措置。

六、行動いまだ必要なのは行動である。かつて世界を何度も戦争に陥れた過去の平和プランの持つ致命的な欠陥を、われわれはいやというほど知っている。今世界の人民は、諸国民の政府に、国際連合に、時間切れにならないうちに行動に移れと叫びかける。

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Attlee Appeals for Peace Through World Federalism

Lord Attlee, former British Prime Minister, told the World Association of World Federalists meeting at Hibiya Public Hall Monday that freedom from starvation "no mere dream."

This will become a reality, according to Attlee, only if and when all the countries in the world divert their exorbitant military expenditures for the sake of peace and welfare of mankind.

The audience, mainly composed of young men and women as well as foreigners, heard the aged British statesman appeal for world peace through the Federalist movement for half an hour.

After having experienced two world wars in the recent past, Attlee said, the world is still exposed to the imminent danger of global annihilation.

In view of the failure of the League of Nations as the peace preserving organ and of the still weak United Nations, Attlee said, it is absolutely necessary for every country to disarm itself and hand over part of its freedom as a nation to a world body.

He then called for the reform of the present world body as a sole arbitrator of all international disputes including the creation of a powerful international police force and an authoritative international court of justice.

Attlee's address was preceded by an address by Dr. Hideki Yukawa, Nobel Prize-winning physicist, titled "One World Without War."

Following the addresses, participants in the congress marched from Hibiya Park to Shimbashi Station.

At one sectional meeting concerning the world's economic problems, hopes were expressed for "a new order" to be created through rapprochement between the capitalist and the socialist systems.

The meeting took the stand that the World Federalists should strive to create a new global economic order by promoting such ideological rapprochement instead of trying to choose between the two conflicting sets of economic principles.

The meeting also agreed that a proposed world federal government should impose no restrictions regarding economic principles upon any nations seeking membership.

They decided, however, that all participants should be prepared to plan their national economic activities in such a manner as to facilitate a switch from the current "military economy" to the new "peace economy."

The meeting also voted that in order to facilitate such a switch on a global scale a research body should be set up to work out a "three-to-five year working plan."

In another sectional meeting, the Ceylonese delegation brought up the issue of the South Vietnam Government's persecution of the Buddhist population.

The World Federalists ruled, however, that no formal solution should be adopted with reference to any specific countries.

The need for inviting Communist Chinese representation at future World Federalist conventions was also stressed. Red China's entry into the United Nations was also called for.

The meeting proposed at the same time that the International Court of Justice should be empowered to mete out disciplinary actions against "offenses against peace" be they committed individually or by nations.

On the final day of the Tokyo convention today, the World Federalists were scheduled to meet in plenum to hear reports submitted by the sectional meetings. A "WAWF Tokyo Declaration" was expected to be issued before the convention ends at 4:30 p.m.

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