

World Federalists Open Kyoto Meeting

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Photo shows the opening of the two-day Kyoto meeting of the World Association of World Federalists in the Kyoto Kaikan Hall on Thursday.
Asahi Shimbun

The two-day Kyoto meeting of the 11th Congress of the World Association of World Federalists opened in the Kyoto Kaikan Hall on Thursday.

The meeting was opened with 300 people attending, including delegates from 20 countries and observers. The Tokyo meeting held from Aug. 24 to 28 had been attended by 2,000.

The opening ceremony began at 10 a.m. with addresses by Congress Chairman C. Maxwell

Stanley and Congress Secretary-General E. L. Mallalieu.

Congratulatory addresses were given by Kyoto Mayor Gizo Takayama, Osaka Mayor Kaoru Chuma, Kyoto University President Dr. Ko Hirasawa and former British Prime Minister Lord Attlee who attended as a guest.

Dr. Hirasawa said a world federation would be achieved if all men acted with brotherly love, patience and understanding.

The presence of so many people from so many countries at the meeting supported his belief, Dr. Hirasawa said.

Kyoto's ancient name, he recalled, was "Heiankyo," meaning "Metropolis of Peace." Dr. Hirasawa hoped the meaning of the name would be "revived" in Kyoto.

Lord Attlee said he had dreamed of one world in his youth and that the dream had come very close to coming true.

Following the opening ceremony, the meeting reelected Dr. Hideki Yukawa, Nobel Prize-winning Japanese physicist, to serve another two-year term as president of the association.

A plenary session held in the afternoon discussed the association's future policies and passed a resolution proposed by Mrs. Sumi Yukawa, wife of Dr. Yukawa.

Mrs. Yukawa's resolution called for a worldwide expansion of the Japan World Federalist Women's Council of which she is president. Japan is the only country with a council of World Federalist women.

The session then heard a report of the Tokyo meeting.

各国に婦人組織

平和への諸提案を討議

世界連邦京都
総会第1日

世界連邦世界協会の京都総会が一日の二十九日午後五時開始し、きつう二時から京都府会館で開会式が行われ、各国代表から出席した諸提案を討議し、世界の婦人が

が手をつなぎ、世界連邦運動を強力に展開しようという日本提案などを採択して午後四時半、第一日の日程を終えた。きつう三十日は、こんどの総会の焦点とみられる、国連を世界連邦に改組すること、ロンドン・ハグ提案を修正した「東京提案」を上げ、戦争のなごみの世界への理想目標への強い決意を表明する。このあと次期大会開催地などを定め、正午すぎ一日間の総会の幕を閉じる。

二十九日午後の会議はスタンレー理事長が議長となって議事をすすめる。世界連邦運動の大きなバックグラウンドになっている日本の連邦都市宣言運動を世界にひろめ、そのためのセンターを日本に置くという日本案をはじめ「世

界各国に平和に関する研究機関を設ける「フルウェー」(各国がその志願による国連警察軍の創設「フーリッシュ」(世界の婦人が手をつなぎ、平和への運動をすすめるために各国に婦人の組織をつくる「日本」などの諸提案を討議、それぞれ協会の運動方針として採択した。

また、午後三時から青年部会が同会場で開催され、ラム・シーン連邦青年協議会副会長ら外国代表十三人と、日本からの参加者三十余人が、総会代議員もまじえて、世界連邦実現への方法論について意見をかわした。

なお、外人代表者百五十余人は、会議が終わったあと、午後四時半すぎから観光バス五台に分乗、平

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