

$$L = \frac{mc^2}{2} (\vec{F}^2 - \vec{G}^2 - K^2 - \vec{U}^2 + U_4^2)$$

$$\kappa = \frac{mc}{\hbar}$$

$$-\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{F}}{\partial t} + \text{curl } \vec{G} + \text{grad } K = +\kappa \vec{U}$$

$$+\text{div } \vec{F} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial K}{\partial t} = +\kappa U_4$$

$$\text{grad } U_4 + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{U}}{\partial t} = \kappa \vec{F}$$

$$-\text{curl } \vec{U} = \kappa \vec{G}$$

$$\text{div } \vec{U} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial U_4}{\partial t} = -\kappa K$$

$$L = \frac{mc^2}{2\kappa} \left\{ \left( \text{grad } U_4 + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{U}}{\partial t} \right) \cdot \vec{F} + \text{curl } \vec{U} \cdot \vec{G} + \left( \text{div } \vec{U} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial U_4}{\partial t} \right) K - \kappa \vec{U} \cdot \vec{U} + \kappa U_4 U_4 \right\}$$

$$\delta L \sim \frac{mc^2}{\kappa} \left\{ \delta U_4 \left( \text{div } \vec{F} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial K}{\partial t} + \kappa U_4 \right) + \delta U \left( -\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{F}}{\partial t} + \text{curl } \vec{G} - \text{grad } K - \kappa \vec{U} \right) \right\}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \frac{\partial U_x}{\partial t}} = mc^2 \cdot F_x \cdot \frac{1}{\kappa c} = \hbar F_x$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \frac{\partial U_4}{\partial t}} = mc^2 \cdot K \cdot \frac{1}{\kappa c} = \hbar K$$

$$U_x F_x' - F_x' U_x = i \delta(\vec{r}, \vec{r}')$$

$$U_4 K - K U_4 = i \delta(\vec{r}, \vec{r}')$$

$$H = \hbar \vec{F} \frac{\partial \vec{U}}{\partial t} + \hbar K \frac{\partial U_4}{\partial t} - L$$

$$= \vec{F} \left( mc^2 (\vec{F}^2 - \frac{1}{\kappa} \text{grad } U_4) \right) + K mc^2 \left( -K - \frac{1}{\kappa} \text{div } \vec{U} \right) - L$$

$$= \frac{mc^2}{2} \left\{ \vec{F}^2 - K^2 - \frac{2}{\kappa} \vec{F} \cdot \text{grad } U_4 - \frac{2}{\kappa} K \text{div } \vec{U} + \frac{1}{\kappa} (\text{curl } \vec{U})^2 + \vec{U}^2 - U_4^2 \right\}$$

$$\vec{U} = \sum (u_1 \vec{e}_1 + u_2 \vec{e}_2 + u_3 \vec{e}_3) e^{i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)}$$

$$U_4 = \sum u_4 e^{i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)}$$

$$\vec{F} = \sum (f_1 \vec{e}_1 + f_2 \vec{e}_2 + f_3 \vec{e}_3) e^{i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)}$$

$$K = \sum f_4 e^{i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)}$$

$$\vec{G} = \sum (g_1 \vec{e}_1 + g_2 \vec{e}_2 + g_3 \vec{e}_3) e^{i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)}$$

$$\vec{K} = \hbar \vec{e}_3$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} [\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2] &= \vec{e}_3 \\ [\vec{e}_2, \vec{e}_3] &= \vec{e}_1 \\ [\vec{e}_3, \vec{e}_1] &= \vec{e}_2 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \kappa \tilde{u}_3 &= -ik_4 f_3 + ik_3 f_4 \\ \kappa \tilde{u}_4 &= -ik_3 f_3 + ik_4 f_4 \end{aligned}$$
$$u_3 f_3 - f_3 u_3 = \frac{i}{2} \rightarrow u_3 \tilde{u}_3 - \tilde{u}_3 u_3 = -i \frac{k_4}{\kappa} \left(\frac{i}{2}\right) = \frac{k_4}{2\kappa}$$
$$u_4 f_4 - f_4 u_4 = \frac{i}{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + U \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\right) \psi + \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + U \frac{\partial}{\partial t}\right) \psi = 0$$
$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + U \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\right) \psi = -\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + U \frac{\partial}{\partial t}\right) \psi$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = -\frac{1}{\kappa} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x}$$
$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{\kappa} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t}$$

$$U_2 F_1 - U_1 F_2 = i \rho (U_2 \psi_1 - U_1 \psi_2)$$
$$U_1 K - U_2 K = i \rho (U_1 \psi_2 - U_2 \psi_1)$$
$$H = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \right) + K \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} - U$$

$$U = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \right) + K \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} - U$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} = \frac{2}{K} \left( U - K \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{u} &= \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \\ u_4 \end{pmatrix} \\ \vec{f} &= \begin{pmatrix} f_1 \\ f_2 \\ f_3 \\ f_4 \end{pmatrix} \\ \vec{K} &= \begin{pmatrix} K_1 \\ K_2 \\ K_3 \\ K_4 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

(2)  $i(\vec{k}\vec{r} - ct)$

$$(\text{curl } \vec{V})_x = \sum_{\vec{k}, k_4} \{ u_1 e^{i(k_1 x - k_4 t)} - e^{i(k_1 x - k_4 t)} \} e^{i(k_1 x - k_4 t)}$$

$$\text{curl } \vec{V} = \sum i k (u_1 \vec{e}_1 - u_2 \vec{e}_2) e^{i(k_1 x - k_4 t)}$$

$$\sum i k_4 (f_1 \vec{e}_1 + f_2 \vec{e}_2 + f_3 \vec{e}_3) e^{i(k_1 x - k_4 t)} + \sum i k (g_1 \vec{e}_1 - g_2 \vec{e}_2) e^{i(k_1 x - k_4 t)} - \sum i k_4 f_4 e^{i(k_1 x - k_4 t)} = \sum \kappa (u_1 \vec{e}_1 + u_2 \vec{e}_2 + u_3 \vec{e}_3)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} i k_4 f_1 - i k g_2 &= \kappa u_1 \\ i k_4 f_2 + i k g_1 &= \kappa u_2 \\ i k_4 f_3 - i k f_4 &= \kappa u_3 \\ i k f_3 - i k_4 f_4 &= \kappa u_4 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} \sum i k f_3 - \sum i k_4 f_4 &= \sum \kappa u_4 \\ i k_4 f_1 &= \kappa (1 + \frac{k^2}{k_4^2}) u_1 = \frac{k_4^2}{\kappa} u_1 \\ i \kappa f_1 &= k_4 u_1 \\ i \kappa f_2 &= k_4 u_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} i k u_4 - i k_4 u_3 &= \kappa f_3 \\ -i k_4 u_4 &= \kappa f_1 \\ -i k_4 u_2 &= \kappa f_2 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} i k_4 f_3 - i k f_4 &= \kappa u_3 \\ i k f_3 - i k_4 f_4 &= \kappa u_4 \\ + i k u_2 &= \kappa g_1 \\ - i k u_1 &= \kappa g_2 \\ i k u_3 - i k_4 u_4 &= -\kappa f_4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{V} = \sum_{\vec{k}, k_4} (u_1 \vec{e}_1 + u_2 \vec{e}_2 + u_3 \vec{e}_3) e^{i(k_1 x - k_4 t)} + (\tilde{u}_1 \vec{e}_1 + \tilde{u}_2 \vec{e}_2 + \tilde{u}_3 \vec{e}_3) e^{-i(k_1 x - k_4 t)}$$

$$\vec{V} \cdot \vec{V}' - \vec{V}' \cdot \vec{V} = \sum_{\vec{k}, k_4} (u_1 \tilde{f}_1 + u_2 \tilde{f}_2 + u_3 \tilde{f}_3 - \tilde{f}_1 u_1 - \tilde{f}_2 u_2 - \tilde{f}_3 u_3) e^{i(k_1 x - k_4 t)} + \sum (\tilde{u}_1 \tilde{f}_1 + \dots) e^{-i(k_1 x - k_4 t)}$$

$$u_1 \tilde{f}_1 + u_2 \tilde{f}_2 + u_3 \tilde{f}_3 - (\tilde{f}_1 u_1 + \tilde{f}_2 u_2 + \tilde{f}_3 u_3) = \frac{i}{2}$$

$$u_1 \tilde{f}_1 - \tilde{f}_1 u_1 = \frac{i}{2} \text{ etc.} \quad i k_4 (u_1 \tilde{u}_1 - \tilde{u}_1 u_1) = \frac{\kappa}{2}$$

$$u_4 \tilde{f}_4 - \tilde{f}_4 u_4 = \frac{i}{2} \text{ etc.} \quad k_4 (u_1 \tilde{u}_1 - \tilde{u}_1 u_1) = -\frac{\kappa}{2}$$

$$H = \frac{mc^2}{2} \sum_{\vec{k}, k_4} (f_1 f_1 + f_2 f_2 + f_3 f_3 - f_4 f_4) - \sum \frac{2i k_4}{\kappa} (f_3 u_4 - f_4 u_3) - \frac{2i k_4}{\kappa} (f_4 u_3 - f_3 u_4)$$

$$+ \sum (f_1 \tilde{f}_1 + f_2 \tilde{f}_2 + f_3 \tilde{f}_3 - f_4 \tilde{f}_4)$$

$$+ \sum \frac{k^2}{\kappa^2} (\tilde{u}_1 u_1 + \tilde{u}_2 u_2) + \frac{k^2}{\kappa} \sum (u_1 \tilde{u}_1 + u_2 \tilde{u}_2) + \sum (\tilde{u}_1 u_1 + \tilde{u}_2 u_2 + \tilde{u}_3 u_3 - \tilde{u}_4 u_4)$$

$$+ \sum (\tilde{u}_1 \tilde{u}_1 + \dots)$$

$$= \frac{mc^2}{2} \sum (\frac{k_4^2}{\kappa^2} + \frac{k^2}{\kappa^2} + 1) (\tilde{u}_1 u_1 + \tilde{u}_2 u_2 + u_1 \tilde{u}_1 + u_2 \tilde{u}_2) + \dots$$

$$+ \frac{mc^2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{\vec{k}} \{ f_3 f_3 - f_4 f_4 + f_3 f_3 - f_4 f_4 - \frac{2ik}{\kappa} (f_3 u_4 - f_4 u_3 + f_4 u_3 - f_3 u_4) \right.$$

$$\left. + \tilde{u}_3 u_3 - \tilde{u}_4 u_4 + u_3 \tilde{u}_3 - u_4 \tilde{u}_4 \right\}$$

$$= mc^2 \sum_{\vec{k}} \frac{k_4^2}{\kappa^2} (\tilde{u}_1 u_1 + \tilde{u}_2 u_2 + u_1 \tilde{u}_1 + u_2 \tilde{u}_2) + \bar{H}'$$

$$k(u_1 \tilde{u}_1 - \tilde{u}_2 u_2) = \frac{\kappa}{2k_4}$$

$$(q_1 + iq_2) \tilde{u}_1 = \frac{1}{2\kappa} (p_1 + iq_1) \rightarrow (p_1 - iq_1)(p_1 + iq_1) - (p_1 + iq_1)(p_1 - iq_1) = ?$$

$$\tilde{u}_1 = \frac{1}{2} (p_1 - iq_1)$$

$$i(p_1 q_1 - q_1 p_1) = \frac{\kappa}{2k_4}$$

$$u_1 = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\kappa}{k_4}} (p_1 + iq_1)$$

$$\tilde{u}_1 = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\kappa}{k_4}} (p_1 - iq_1)$$

$$\rightarrow i(p_1 q_1 - q_1 p_1) = -i$$

$$\frac{k_4^2}{\kappa} (\tilde{u}_1 u_1 + u_1 \tilde{u}_1) = \frac{k_4}{2\kappa} (p_1^2 - q_1^2)$$

$$= \frac{k_4}{2\kappa} (n_1 + \frac{1}{2})$$

$$= \sum_{\vec{k}, k_4 > 0} k_4 c (n_1 + \frac{1}{2}) + \bar{H}'$$

$$\bar{H}' = \frac{mc^2}{2} \sum_{\vec{k}, k_4 > 0} \left\{ \tilde{f}_3 f_3 + \tilde{f}_4 f_4 + \tilde{f}_3 f_3 - f_4 f_4 - \frac{2ik}{\kappa} (\tilde{f}_3 u_4 - f_3 \tilde{u}_4 + f_4 u_3 - f_4 \tilde{u}_3) \right.$$

$$\left. + \tilde{u}_3 u_3 - \tilde{u}_4 u_4 + u_3 \tilde{u}_3 - u_4 \tilde{u}_4 \right\}$$

$$-ik_4 \tilde{f}_3 - ik_4 f_3 - ik_4 f_4 = \kappa u_3$$

$$ik_4 \tilde{f}_4 + ik_4 f_3 - ik_4 f_4 = \kappa u_4$$

$$-ik_4 u_3 + ik_4 u_4 = \kappa f_3$$

$$-ik_4 u_3 + ik_4 u_4 = \kappa f_4$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 + \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4 = \beta_3$$

$$+ \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4 = \beta_4$$

$$-ik_4 \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4 \right) + ik_4 \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 + \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4 \right)$$

$$= \kappa (-i \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 + i \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4)$$

$$-i \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} (k_4 - \kappa)$$

$$= \kappa \beta_3 = \kappa \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_4 \right)$$

$$-i \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} (k_4 + \kappa)$$

$$-ik_4 \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4 \right)$$

$$+ ik_4 \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 + \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4 \right) = \kappa (-i \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 - i \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4)$$

$$-i \alpha_3 = \beta_3$$

$$i \alpha_4 = \beta_4$$

$$= \kappa (\alpha_3 \sqrt{\dots} - \alpha_4 \sqrt{\dots})$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \alpha_3 &= \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} u_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} u_4 \\ \alpha_4 &= +\sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} u_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} u_4 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\alpha_3 \tilde{\beta}_3 - \tilde{\beta}_3 \alpha_3 = \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} u_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} u_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{f}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{f}_4 \right) - ( \quad ) ( \quad )$$

$$i \alpha_3 \tilde{\beta}_3 - \tilde{\beta}_3 \alpha_3 = \frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa} \frac{i}{2} + \frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa} \frac{i}{2} = \frac{k_4 i}{2\kappa}$$

$$i \alpha_3 \tilde{\beta}_3 - \tilde{\beta}_3 \alpha_3 = + \frac{k_4}{2\kappa}$$

$$\alpha_3 \tilde{\beta}_4 - \tilde{\beta}_4 \alpha_3 = \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} u_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} u_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{f}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{f}_4 \right) - ( \quad ) ( \quad )$$

$$= \frac{k}{2} \frac{i}{2} + \frac{k}{2} \frac{i}{2} = \frac{k i}{2}$$

$$\alpha_3 \tilde{\beta}_3 - \tilde{\beta}_3 \alpha_4 = \frac{k i}{2\kappa}$$

$$\alpha_4 \tilde{\beta}_4 - \tilde{\beta}_4 \alpha_4 = \frac{k i}{2\kappa}$$

$$\tilde{\beta}_4 = i \tilde{\alpha}_4$$

$$\alpha_3 \tilde{\beta}_4 - \tilde{\beta}_4 \alpha_3 = -\frac{k}{2\kappa}$$

$$\alpha_4 \tilde{\beta}_3 - \tilde{\beta}_3 \alpha_4 = +\frac{k}{2\kappa}$$

$$\alpha_4 \tilde{\beta}_4 - \tilde{\beta}_4 \alpha_4 = -\frac{k_4}{2\kappa}$$

$$H' = \frac{\kappa c^2}{2} \sum_{k, k_4 > 0} \left\{ \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\beta}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\beta}_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_4 \right) + ( \quad ) ( \quad ) \right.$$

$$+ \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\beta}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\beta}_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_4 \right) + ( \quad ) ( \quad )$$

$$- \frac{2ik}{\kappa} \left\{ \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\beta}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\beta}_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4 \right) \right.$$

$$- \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\alpha}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\alpha}_4 \right)$$

$$+ \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\beta}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\beta}_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \alpha_4 \right)$$

$$- \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \beta_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4 + \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\alpha}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4 - \kappa}{2\kappa}} \tilde{\alpha}_4 \right) \left. \right\}$$

+

$$\bar{H}' = \frac{\mu c^2}{2} \sum_{\vec{k}, k_4 > 0}$$

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$$+ \tilde{\alpha}_3 p_3 + p_3 \tilde{\alpha}_3 - \tilde{\alpha}_4 p_4 - p_4 \tilde{\alpha}_4$$

$$- i \tilde{\alpha}_3 \frac{2ik^2}{\kappa^2} (\tilde{p}_3 \alpha_3 - p_3 \tilde{\alpha}_3 + \tilde{p}_4 \alpha_4 - p_4 \tilde{\alpha}_4)$$

$$+ \frac{2ik}{\kappa} \cdot \frac{k_4}{\kappa} (\tilde{p}_3 \alpha_4 - p_3 \tilde{\alpha}_4 - \tilde{p}_4 \alpha_3 + p_4 \tilde{\alpha}_3)$$

$$\beta_3 = i \alpha_3$$

$$\tilde{\beta}_3 = +i \tilde{\alpha}_3$$

$$\beta_4 = i \alpha_4$$

$$\tilde{\beta}_4 = -i \tilde{\alpha}_4$$

$$\frac{k}{\kappa} \tilde{p}_3 \alpha_3 + p_3 \tilde{\alpha}_3$$

$$- p_3 \tilde{\alpha}_3 - \tilde{p}_4 \alpha_4 - i$$

$$\bar{H}' = \sum_{\vec{k}, k_4 > 0} \left\{ \tilde{\alpha}_3 \alpha_3 + \alpha_3 \tilde{\alpha}_3 - \tilde{\alpha}_4 \alpha_4 - \alpha_4 \tilde{\alpha}_4 \right.$$

$$+ \frac{k^2}{\kappa^2} (\tilde{\alpha}_3 \alpha_3 + \alpha_3 \tilde{\alpha}_3 - \tilde{\alpha}_4 \alpha_4 - \alpha_4 \tilde{\alpha}_4)$$

$$\left. + \frac{k k_4}{\kappa^2} (\tilde{\alpha}_3 \alpha_4 + \alpha_3 \tilde{\alpha}_4 + \tilde{\alpha}_4 \alpha_3 + \alpha_4 \tilde{\alpha}_3) \right\}$$

$$= \mu c^2 \frac{k_4}{\kappa} \sum \left\{ \frac{k^2}{\kappa^2} (\tilde{\alpha}_3 \alpha_3 + \alpha_3 \tilde{\alpha}_3 - \tilde{\alpha}_4 \alpha_4 - \alpha_4 \tilde{\alpha}_4) \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{k}{\kappa} (\tilde{\alpha}_3 \alpha_4 + \alpha_3 \tilde{\alpha}_4 + \tilde{\alpha}_4 \alpha_3 + \alpha_4 \tilde{\alpha}_3) \right\}$$

$$\alpha_3 \tilde{\alpha}_3 - \tilde{\alpha}_3 \alpha_3 = \frac{k_4}{2\kappa}$$

$$\alpha_3 \tilde{\alpha}_4 - \tilde{\alpha}_4 \alpha_3 = -\frac{k}{2\kappa}$$

$$\alpha_4 \tilde{\alpha}_3 - \tilde{\alpha}_3 \alpha_4 = \frac{k}{2\kappa}$$

$$\alpha_4 \tilde{\alpha}_4 - \tilde{\alpha}_4 \alpha_4 = -\frac{k_4}{2\kappa}$$

$$\alpha_3 = \frac{1}{2} (p_3 + i q_3)$$

$$\alpha_4 = \frac{1}{2} (p_4 + i q_4)$$

$$\alpha_3 = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{k_4}{\kappa}} (p_3 + i q_3) \rightarrow p_3 q_3 - q_3 p_3 = -i$$

$$\alpha_4 = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{k_4}{\kappa}} (p_4 + i q_4) \rightarrow p_4 q_4 - q_4 p_4 = -i$$

$$(p_4 + i q_4)(p_3 + i q_3) - (p_3 + i q_3)(p_4 + i q_4) = \frac{2k}{k_4}$$

$$(p_4 p_3 - p_3 p_4) + (q_3 q_4 - q_4 q_3) = \frac{2k}{k_4}$$

$$+ i(p_4 q_3 - q_3 p_4) + i(p_3 q_4 - q_4 p_3)$$

$$(p_3 q_3 - q_3 p_4) - (p_3 q_4 - q_4 p_3) = 0$$

$$(p_4 p_3 - p_3 p_4) + (q_3 q_4 - q_4 q_3) = \frac{2k}{k_4}$$

$\frac{k_4}{x} \tilde{a}_3 a_3 = \frac{k}{x} \tilde{a}_3 a_3 - \frac{k}{x} \tilde{a}_4 a_4 = \frac{k}{x} \tilde{a}_3 a_3 - \frac{k}{x} \tilde{a}_4 a_4$

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$$= \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4+x}{2x}} \tilde{a}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4-x}{2x}} \tilde{a}_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4+x}{2x}} a_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4-x}{2x}} a_4 \right) \\ + \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4-x}{2x}} \tilde{a}_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4+x}{2x}} \tilde{a}_4 \right) \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4-x}{2x}} a_3 - \sqrt{\frac{k_4+x}{2x}} a_4 \right)$$

$$k \left( \sqrt{\frac{k_4+x}{2x}} - \sqrt{\frac{k_4-x}{2x}} \right) \\ \sqrt{\frac{k_4-x}{2x}}$$

1. Lagrangian.

$$L = \left( \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{V}^*}{\partial t} + \text{grad} U^* \right) \left( \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} + \text{grad} U \right) - \text{curl} \vec{V}^* \text{curl} \vec{V} \\ - \left( \text{div} \vec{V}^* + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial U^*}{\partial t} \right) \left( \text{div} \vec{V} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} \right) - \kappa^2 (\vec{V}^* \vec{V} + U^* U)$$

$$\delta L \sim \delta \vec{V}^* \left( -\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} - \frac{1}{c} \text{grad} \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} - \text{curl} \text{curl} \vec{V} + \text{grad} \text{div} \vec{V} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{c} \text{grad} \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} - \kappa^2 \vec{V} \right) \\ + \delta U^* \left( -\frac{1}{c} \text{div} \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} - \text{div} \text{grad} U + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial t^2} + \frac{1}{c} \text{div} \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} \right. \\ \left. + \kappa^2 U \right) + \dots$$

2. Canonical Variables

$$V_x^\dagger = \frac{\delta L}{\delta \dot{V}_x} = \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial V_x^*}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{c} \text{grad} U^* \quad \text{etc.}$$

$$U^\dagger = \frac{\delta L}{\delta \dot{U}} = -\frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial U^*}{\partial t} - \frac{1}{c} \text{div} \vec{V}^*$$

3. Hamiltonian

$$H = \left( \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{V}^*}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{c} \text{grad} U^* \right) \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} - \left( \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial U^*}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{c} \text{div} \vec{V}^* \right) \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} \\ + \frac{\partial \vec{V}^*}{\partial t} \left( \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{c} \text{grad} U \right) - \frac{\partial U^*}{\partial t} \left( \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{c} \text{div} \vec{V} \right) \\ - L \\ = c^2 \vec{V}^\dagger \left( \vec{V}^{\dagger*} - \frac{1}{c} \text{grad} U^* \right) - c^2 U^\dagger \left( U^{\dagger*} - \frac{1}{c} \text{div} \vec{V}^* \right) \\ + c \left( \vec{V}^\dagger - \frac{1}{c} \text{grad} U^* \right) \vec{V}^{\dagger*} - c \left( \vec{V}^\dagger - \frac{1}{c} \text{grad} U \right) U^{\dagger*} \\ - c^2 \left( U^\dagger - \frac{1}{c} \text{div} \vec{V}^* \right) U^{\dagger*} \\ - c^2 \vec{V}^\dagger \vec{V}^{\dagger*} + \text{curl} \vec{V}^* \text{curl} \vec{V} + c^2 U^\dagger U^{\dagger*} \\ + \kappa^2 (\vec{V}^* \vec{V} - U^* U), \\ = c^2 (\vec{V}^\dagger \vec{V}^{\dagger*} - U^\dagger U^{\dagger*}) - c (\vec{V}^\dagger \text{grad} U + \text{grad} U^* \cdot \vec{V}^{\dagger*}) \\ + c (U^\dagger \text{div} \vec{V} + \text{div} \vec{V}^* \cdot U^{\dagger*}) + \text{curl} \vec{V}^* \text{curl} \vec{V} \\ + \kappa^2 (\vec{V}^* \vec{V} - U^* U).$$

4. Gauge Invariance.

$$U \rightarrow U + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial t}$$

$$\vec{V} \rightarrow \vec{V} + \text{grad } \chi$$

non-invariant

$$\text{div } \vec{V} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} \rightarrow \text{div } \vec{V} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} - \kappa^2 \chi$$

$$\kappa \vec{F} = \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} + \text{grad } U \quad \text{invariant}$$

$$\kappa \vec{G} = \text{curl } \vec{V}$$

$$\text{div } \vec{V} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial U}{\partial t} = \kappa M$$

$\square$  : invariant,

$$L = \left( \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{V}^*}{\partial t} + \text{grad } U^* \right) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} + \text{grad } U \right) - \text{curl } \vec{V}^* \cdot \text{curl } \vec{V} - \kappa^2 M^* M - \kappa^2 (U^* U - U U^*)$$

$$\delta L = \kappa \delta \vec{V}^* \cdot \frac{1}{c} \left( \frac{\partial \vec{F}}{\partial t} - \text{curl } \vec{G} \right) - \kappa^2 \delta M^* \cdot M$$

$$+ \kappa \delta U^* \left( -\text{div } \vec{F} + \kappa U \right) + \dots$$