

$$\left\{ (p_0 + \frac{e}{c} A_0) + \gamma_1 (\alpha p) + \gamma_3 m c \right\} \psi = 0 \quad (10')$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ μ の 1st order perturbation theory (10) 及び Störung として
 Störung, ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ wave eq.

$$\begin{cases} (p_0 + \frac{e}{c} A_0) \psi_A + p_1 (\alpha p) \psi_B + p_3 m c \psi_A = 0 \\ (p_0 + \frac{e}{c} A_0) \psi_B + p_1 (\alpha p) \psi_A + p_3 m c \psi_B = 0 \end{cases} \quad (11)$$

↑ ↑ ↑

A₀ は γ₁, γ₃ の 1st order perturbation theory として p₀ は energy として

$$p_0 = \frac{W}{c} \Rightarrow W \text{ が energy として } p_3 \text{ は } 2 + 1 \text{ 次元}$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (11) の 1st order perturbation theory

$$\psi_A = \psi_B$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 両式を比較

$$(p_0 + \frac{e}{c} A_0) \psi_A + p_1 (\alpha p) \psi_A + p_3 m c \psi_A = 0$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ Dirac equation (11) の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ψ (ψ_A, ψ_B) は Dirac equation の solution として p₀ は energy として (11) の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ψ_I (ψ₀, ψ₀) は 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ψ (10') の 1st order perturbation theory (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

$$p_0 + \frac{e}{c} A_0 + \gamma_1 (\alpha p) + \gamma_3 m c$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 可換性 + 交換性 ψ = 乗法元 / 元 として solution として

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ p₀ は β's の 1st order perturbation theory

$$\beta_1 \psi_I, \beta_2 \psi_I, \beta_3 \psi_I$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

$$(\psi_0, \psi_0) \quad (i\psi_0, -i\psi_0) \quad (p_3\psi_0, -p_3\psi_0)$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

$$\psi_I(\psi_0, \psi_0) \quad \beta e^{\alpha} \psi_{II}(p_3\psi_0, -p_3\psi_0) \text{ linearly indep.}$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ p₀

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ system は doubly degenerated として p₀

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ψ_I + ψ_{II} は orthogonal として

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ β's の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

$$204 \quad \int \psi_0 \beta \psi_0 d\omega - \int \psi_0 \beta \psi_0 = 0$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ normalise + 1st order perturbation theory

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \psi_{\pm} (\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \psi_0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \psi_0) \quad \text{直交} \psi_{\pm} (\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \psi_0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \psi_0)$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ orthogonal + normalise + 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ nuclear spin として Störung が加わると、2つの degenerate eigenwert p₀ は split up + 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ energy として 2つの degenerate eigenwert p₀ は split up + 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ linearly indep + solution として p₀ の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

$$\beta_1^{(1)} \psi_I \quad \beta_2^{(1)} \psi_I \quad \beta_3^{(1)} \psi_I$$

$$\beta_1^{(2)} \psi_I$$

$$\beta_1^{(3)} \psi_I \quad \beta_2^{(3)} \psi_I \quad \beta_3^{(3)} \psi_I$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 式 (10') の 1st order perturbation theory

トキヲトルト、先 $\Psi^{(k)}$ ト $\Psi^{(k-1)}$ ト ヲ トル

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \Psi_I^{(k)} H_I \Psi_I^{(k-1)} \\ \Psi_{II}^{(k)} H_{II} \Psi_{II}^{(k-1)} \end{array} \right) =$$

$$B_1 = \frac{e\mu}{c r^3} (p \cdot \sigma_x - p \cdot \sigma_y)$$

$$= \frac{1}{r} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} -i \\ i \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -i \\ i \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -i \\ i \end{array} \right\} x - \left(\begin{array}{c} -i \\ i \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -i \\ i \end{array} \right) y$$

$$= \frac{e\mu}{c r^3} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} -ix-y \\ ix-y \end{array} \right\} = \frac{e\mu}{c r^3} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} -ie^{i\varphi} \\ ie^{i\varphi} \end{array} \right\} \left. \begin{array}{c} e^{-i\varphi} \\ e^{-i\varphi} \end{array} \right\} \sin\theta$$