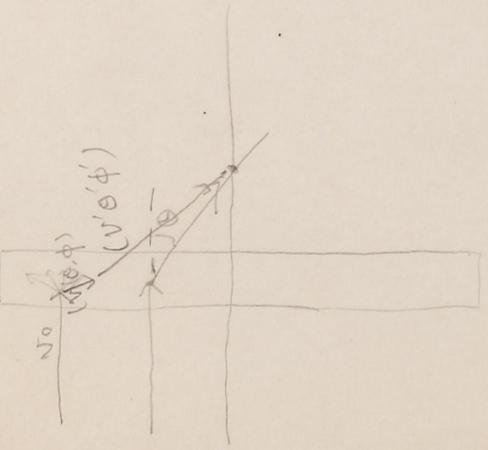


$$\frac{v'}{v_0} = \cos \delta \quad \phi: \text{arbitrary}$$



$$\frac{v'}{v} = \cos \delta = \cos \theta \cos \theta' + \sin \theta \sin \theta' \cos(\phi - \phi')$$

v, θ, ϕ or θ, ϕ arbitrary.

1) 用 $\theta, \phi, \theta', \phi'$ の $(\theta, \phi + d\theta)$ の

1) 用 θ scatter する prob. $V_0 \frac{dw = \sin \theta d\theta d\phi}{2\pi}$

$$\frac{d\phi}{2\pi} = \frac{\cos \theta \cdot dw}{\pi}$$

2) 用 θ scatter する prob $V_0 \frac{dw' = \sin \theta' d\theta' d\phi'}{2\pi}$

$$2 \sin \delta \cos \delta d\delta$$

$$\cos \delta \cdot \frac{dw'}{\pi} = \cos \delta \cdot \frac{\sin \theta' d\theta' d\phi'}{\pi}$$

trans. = 10% 散乱する (θ, ϕ) は 10% 散乱する prob. V_0

$$\int \frac{\cos \theta dw}{\pi} \cdot \frac{\cos \delta \cdot dw'}{\pi} = \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi/2} \int_{\phi=0}^{2\pi} \frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta d\phi \cos \delta}{\pi^2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta \cdot \cos \delta \cdot d\theta \cdot dw'$$

1) 用 θ 散乱する prob. velocity の reduce

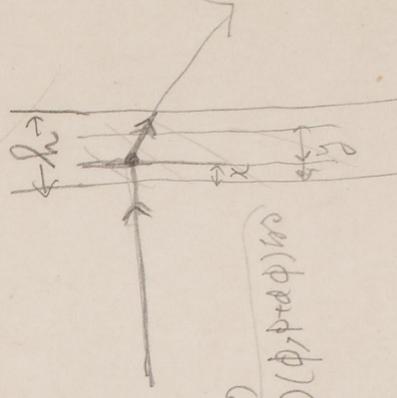
2) 用 θ 散乱する prob. θ の reduce

scatter する prob. θ の reduce $(\theta, \theta + d\theta)$ の

$$\frac{1}{\lambda_0} e^{-\frac{2\sigma}{\lambda_0} dy} \cdot \frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta \cdot \frac{d\phi}{2\pi}}{2\pi}$$

scatter する prob. θ の reduce $(\theta, \theta + d\theta)$ の $(V = V_0 \cos \theta)$

$$\frac{e^{-\frac{2\sigma}{\lambda_0} dy} \cdot \frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta \cdot \frac{d\phi}{2\pi}}{2\pi}}{\lambda(V) \cos \theta} \cdot \frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta \cdot \frac{d\phi}{2\pi}}{\pi}$$



$$\frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta d\phi \cdot m \delta \sin \theta' d\theta' d\phi'}{\pi^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_0 \lambda(v) \cos \theta} \int_0^h dx \int_0^{\frac{h-x}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta}} dy e^{-\frac{h-x}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta} - \frac{h-x-y}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta}}$$

$$\int_0^h e^{-\frac{x}{\lambda_0}} dx \int_0^{\frac{h-x}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta}} dy = \lambda(v) \cos \theta \left(1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} \right) - \frac{1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}}}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta} \cdot e^{-\frac{h-x}{\lambda_0}}$$

$$= \lambda(v) \cos \theta \lambda_0 \left\{ 1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} - \frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} - \frac{h}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta}}}{1 - \frac{\lambda_0}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta}} \right\}$$

$$\approx \lambda(v) \cos \theta \lambda_0 \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda_0}$$

$$\lambda(v) \cos \theta \gg h$$

$$\lambda_0 \gg \lambda(v) \cos \theta$$

$$h \gg \lambda_0$$

$$\lambda(v) \cos \theta \gg h$$

$$\lambda_0 \gg h$$

$$\lambda(v) \cos \theta \left\{ \frac{h}{\lambda_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda_0} \left[\frac{h}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{h^2}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{h^2}{\lambda_0^2} \right] \right\}$$

$$= \lambda(v) \cos \theta \lambda_0 \left\{ \frac{h}{2\lambda_0} + \frac{1}{\lambda(v) \cos \theta} \right\}$$

$\cos \theta \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2} - \delta$
 $\cos \theta \approx 1$ or $\theta \approx \frac{\pi}{2}$ or $v \approx 0$ or $v \approx 1$

$\lambda_0(v) \cos \theta \gg h$ or $\lambda_0(v) \approx h$ or $v \approx 0$ or $v \approx 1$.
 (θ, ϕ) or (θ', ϕ') are in the same region

$$\frac{\int \sin \theta \cos \theta \cdot d\theta d\phi \cos \theta \sin \theta' d\theta' d\phi'}{\pi^2} \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda_0}$$

$\cos \theta \approx 0$ or $\theta \approx \frac{\pi}{2}$ or $v \approx 0$ or $v \approx 1$

$\lambda_0(v) \cos \theta \approx h$, $\frac{\pi}{2} - \epsilon \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ or $\epsilon \cos \theta \geq 0$
 $v_0 \epsilon \geq v \geq 0$ or $\frac{\pi}{2} - \epsilon \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ or $\lambda_0(v) \cos \theta \leq \lambda_0(v) \epsilon < h$

$$\frac{\int \sin \theta \cos \theta \cdot d\theta d\phi \cos \theta \sin \theta' d\theta' d\phi'}{\pi^2} \cdot \frac{h^2}{2\lambda_0 \lambda_0(v) \cos \theta} + \frac{h^2}{2\lambda_0 \lambda_0(v) \cos \theta}$$

$$\approx \frac{\int \sin \theta \cos \theta \cdot d\theta d\phi \cos \theta \sin \theta' d\theta' d\phi'}{\pi^2} \cdot \frac{h^2}{2\lambda_0 \lambda_0(v) \cos \theta}$$

$\frac{\pi}{2} - \delta \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2} - \epsilon$ or $v \approx 1$

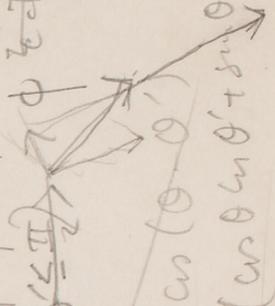
$$\frac{\int \sin \theta \cos \theta \cdot d\theta d\phi \cos \theta \sin \theta' d\theta' d\phi'}{\pi^2} \left\{ 1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ 1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} + \frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}}}{\lambda_0 \cos \theta} \right\}$$

$\frac{\pi}{2} - \delta \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2} - \epsilon$ or $v \approx 1$ or $\lambda_0(v) \cos \theta \approx h$

$v_0 \epsilon \geq v \geq 0$ or $\frac{\pi}{2} - \epsilon \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ or $\lambda_0(v) \cos \theta \leq \lambda_0(v) \epsilon < h$
 or $\frac{\pi}{2} - \delta \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2} - \epsilon$ or $v \approx 1$

$$\left\{ \cos \theta \cos \theta' + \cos \theta \sin \theta' \cos(\phi - \phi') \right\}^2 \leq (\cos \theta \cos \theta' + \sin \theta \sin \theta' \cos(\phi - \phi'))^2$$



- 100% $\theta \approx \pi$ の散乱は、 $v' = v_0 \cos \theta$ の散乱に等しい
 i.e. velocity of v' is $v_0 \cos \theta$ for $\theta \approx \pi$ scattering

there, $\frac{v'}{v_0} = \cos \theta$

or $\cos \theta = \cos \theta' + \sin \theta \sin \theta' \cos(\phi - \phi') = \frac{v'}{v_0}$

$\therefore |\phi - \phi'| \approx \frac{\pi}{2}$ for $v' \ll v_0$

and $\theta' \approx 0$ $\cos \theta \approx \frac{v'}{v_0 \sin \theta' \cos(\phi - \phi')}$

$-\sin \theta d\theta \approx \frac{dv'}{v_0 \sin \theta' \cos(\phi - \phi')}$

\therefore 100% 散乱は $(\theta', \phi' + d\phi')$ から $(v', v' + dv')$ へ

into prob. N

$\frac{dN}{d\phi d\theta} \cos \theta \sin \theta d\theta d\phi = \frac{dN'}{2\lambda_0 \lambda(v) \cos \theta} \frac{dv'}{v_0 \sin \theta' \cos(\phi - \phi')}$

$= \frac{dN'}{\pi^2} \frac{h^2}{2\lambda_0 \lambda(v)} \frac{\cos \theta d\phi}{\cos(\phi - \phi')} \frac{d\theta' dv'}{v_0}$

$|\phi - \phi'| \approx \frac{\pi}{2}$ and $\theta' \approx 0$ for $v' \ll v_0$

$\approx \frac{1}{\pi^2} \frac{h^2 \sin \theta'}{2\lambda_0 \lambda(v) v_0} d\theta' d\phi' dv' d\phi$

unit time t , v_0 の neutron の unit area へ $N_0 t \cos \theta$ neutron が入る。
 $(v', v' + dv')$ $(\theta', \theta' + d\theta')$ $(\phi', \phi' + d\phi')$ neutron の cross section N

$N_0 \frac{v' \cos \theta}{v_0} \frac{h^2 \sin \theta' \cos \theta'}{2\lambda_0 \lambda(v)} d\theta' d\phi' dv' d\phi \times N_0$

when $\cos(\phi - \phi') \approx \frac{v'}{v_0 \sin \theta' \cos \theta'}$, $\therefore |\phi - \phi'| \approx \frac{\pi}{2} - \arcsin \left(\frac{v'}{v_0 \sin \theta' \cos \theta'} \right)$

there, $\frac{v'}{v_0} \sin \theta' \cos \theta' \approx 1$, $v' \ll v_0$, $\sin \theta' \approx 1$, $\cos \theta' \approx 1$

$\chi^2 = v' \cos \phi' \varepsilon$ であるから $\chi^2 = \int_0^{\pi} \phi' \varepsilon \sin \theta d\theta$
 $\cos \theta = \delta + \frac{\delta^3}{3}$ $\sin \theta = 1 - \frac{\delta^2}{2} + \dots$

$\chi^2 = \int_0^{\pi} \left(\delta^2 - \frac{\delta^4}{3} \right) \cos \theta' + \left(\delta - \frac{\delta^3}{2} \right) \sin \theta' \cos(\phi - \phi') = \frac{v'}{V_0} = \varepsilon$

$\delta = \frac{\varepsilon + k\varepsilon^2}{\sin \theta \cos(\phi - \phi')} + k\varepsilon^2 + \dots$

$\frac{\varepsilon^2 \cos \theta'}{\sin \theta \cos(\phi - \phi')} + \frac{2k\varepsilon^3 \cos \theta'}{\sin \theta \cos(\phi - \phi')^2} + \dots$

$+ k\varepsilon^2 + \dots = 0$

$k = -\frac{\cos \theta'}{\sin \theta \cos(\phi - \phi')^2}$ $\delta = \frac{\varepsilon}{\sin \theta \cos(\phi - \phi')} - \frac{\cos \theta'}{\varepsilon} \varepsilon^3$

$\delta > 0$ であるから $\sin \theta' > 0$ である。 $\cos(\phi - \phi') > 0$

$\therefore |\phi - \phi'| < \frac{\pi}{2}$

したがって ϕ の範囲は $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$ である

$N_0 \frac{v'}{V_0^2} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{h^2 \sin \theta' d\theta'}{2\lambda_0 \lambda(v)} d\theta' d\phi' d\omega'$

したがって $\phi' \in (0, 2\pi)$ の範囲で積分する

$N_0 \frac{v' d\omega'}{V_0^2} = \frac{h^2}{\lambda_0 \lambda(v)} \sin \theta' \cos \theta' d\theta' \cdot \pi$

$\theta' \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$ の範囲で積分する $\frac{1}{4} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin 2\theta' d\theta' = \frac{1}{2}$

$N_0 \frac{v' d\omega'}{V_0^2} = \frac{h^2}{2\lambda_0 \lambda(v)}$

したがって $\frac{v'}{V_0} \ll 1$ の範囲で neutron の散乱 $(= 10^{-9} \text{ m}^2)$

slow neutron の number density (number) n
(0, v_1) の region における n .

$$\frac{N_0}{v_0^2} \cdot \frac{v_1^2}{4} \cdot \frac{h^2}{2\lambda_0 \lambda(v)}$$

slow neutron の number density (number) n (v_2, v_0) の region における n .

$$\approx \frac{N_0 h^2}{2\lambda_0}$$

