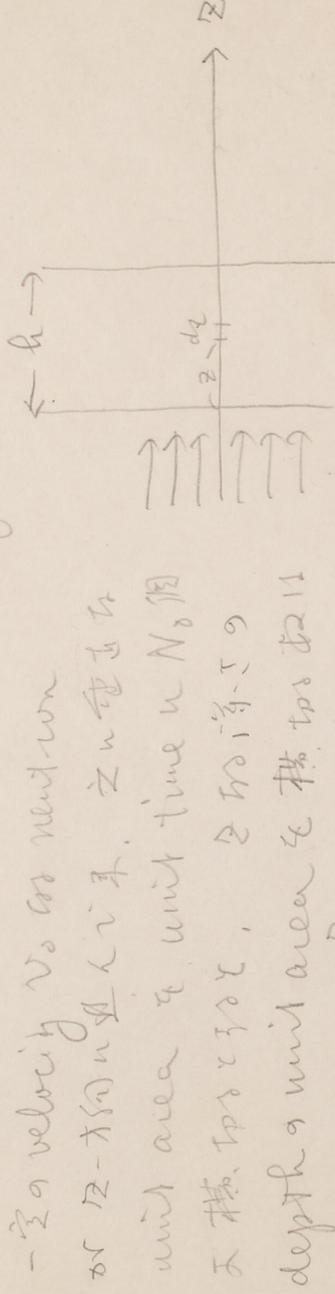


(b) Hydrogen 12.87 の atom 13.17 416 の場合

(1) 一團の速度 v_0 の neutron velocity distribution の分布



一定の velocity v_0 の neutron
 の分布 $n(z)$ である。之を N_0 の
 unit area 毎 unit time n N_0 個
 の neutron が z へ、 z の厚さ dz の
 depth の unit area 毎 $N_0 n dz$ 個は

$$\frac{1}{\lambda_0} = n \sigma_0 \quad (*)$$

これは n 個 unit volume 毎 scattering される (atom 13.17 416 の場合)
 λ_0 は v_0 の velocity の neutron の mean
 free path (atomic scattering の cross section σ_0 と n の積)

これは n 個 unit volume 毎 scattering される (atom 13.17 416 の場合)
 λ_0 は v_0 の velocity の neutron の mean
 free path (atomic scattering の cross section σ_0 と n の積)
 (in n 12.87 slowing down 9.716 hydrogen atom 13.17
 の場合 λ_0 は v_0 の velocity の neutron の mean
 free path (atomic scattering の cross section σ_0 と n の積)
 heavy nucleus 13.17 scattering 13.17 v_0 neutron 13.17
 spherically symmetric 13.17 scattering 13.17 v_0 neutron 13.17
 13.17 scatter back 13.17, 13.17 v_0 neutron 13.17 13.17
 13.17 v_0 neutron 13.17 v_0 neutron 13.17 13.17

$$N(z+dz) - N(z) = -N n \sigma_0 dz - N$$

これは $N(z+dz) - N(z) = -N n \sigma_0 dz - N$
 $\lambda_0 = n \sigma_0 + n' \sigma_0'$
 v_0 13.17 13.17 13.17 13.17 13.17 13.17 13.17 13.17 13.17 13.17
 $N_0 e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_0}} n' \sigma_0' dz$

この中核部分に接する。(λ₀ ≫ h)

$$N_0 e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_0}} \lambda_0 n_0' \frac{1}{2} (1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} N_0 \lambda_0 h n_0'$$

個の neutron の線は z まで射す。
 断面を z とする。

$$N dz \left(\frac{h}{\lambda_0} + \frac{1}{2} h n_0' \right)$$

$$= N_0 \lambda_0 n_0' \left(1 - h n_0' - \frac{1}{2} h n_0' \right)$$

これは少く (scattered neutron は z まで射す) 横断面積 (scattering cross section) の影響を受ける。

z, neutron の scattering 長 λ₀ < z なら z まで射す。 (z, z+dz) の間に (0, 0+dφ) (φ, φ+dφ) の方向に scatter する unit time 単位時間 z まで射す。

$$N_0 e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_0}} \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta d\phi}{\pi} n_0' dz$$

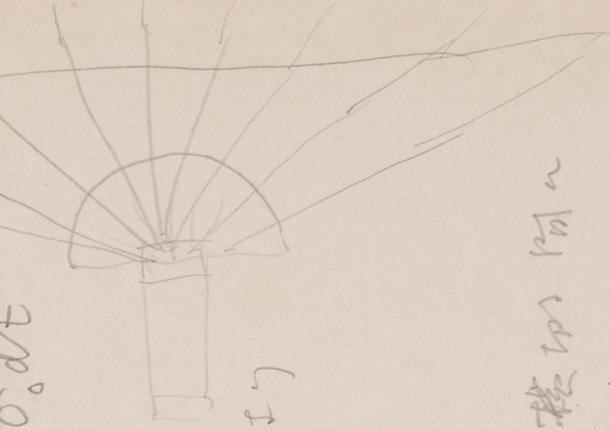
$$= N_0 e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_0}} \frac{\cos \theta}{\pi} n_0' dz$$

φ に関する積分は、z = 0 の断面に射す。
 0 から π まで積分する。

$$N_0 e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_0}} \frac{2v dv}{v_0} n_0' dz$$

scattered neutron は z まで射す。 z まで射す。 z まで射す。 z まで射す。

$$N_0 e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_0}} \frac{2v dv}{v_0} n_0' dz \cdot e^{-\frac{(h-z)}{\lambda_0}}$$



7th. Let λ is the velocity of neutron and mean free path
 for absorption is σ unit area & $\lambda \sigma$ is the mean free
 path.

$$N_1(h, v) dv = N_0 \frac{2v dv}{v_0^2} n \sigma_0 \int_0^h e^{-\frac{x}{\lambda_0} - \frac{h-x}{\lambda \sigma_0}} dx$$

$$= N_0 \frac{2v dv}{v_0^2} n \sigma_0 \cdot e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\lambda_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda \sigma_0}}$$

$h \ll \lambda_0, h \ll \frac{\lambda v}{v_0}$ then $n \sigma_0$

$$N_1(h, v) dv = \frac{N_0 2v dv}{v_0^2} h n \sigma_0$$

then, slow down rate total number N

$$h \ll \lambda_0, \frac{\lambda v}{v_0} \ll \lambda_0 \int_0^{v_0} N_1(h, v) dv = N_0 h n \sigma_0$$

then, - 2nd order

$$\frac{2 N_0 n \sigma_0}{v_0^2} \int_0^{v_0} (h v_0^2) \cdot \int_0^{\infty} h (e^{-\frac{x}{\lambda_0}} - e^{-x}) \cdot \frac{1}{x - \frac{h}{\lambda_0}} dx$$

λ is the mean free path $\lambda \sigma_0$

(17)

(with time n ~~is~~) to λ scattering n ~~is~~ n .

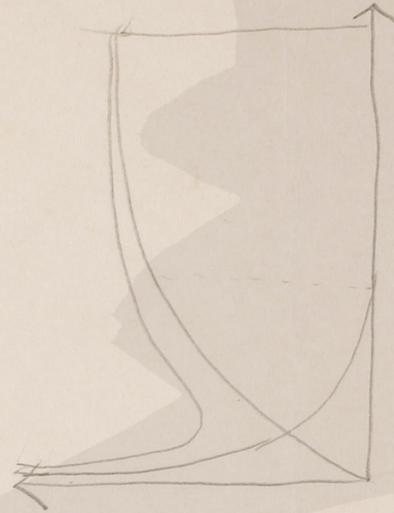
之 γ 等 n ~~is~~ n .

$$2N_0 h(n\sigma_0) \frac{v dv}{v_0^2} \lambda_0(n\sigma_0) \int \log \frac{v'c}{v} \gamma$$

的 γ ~~is~~ n γ γ .

$$2N_0 (n\sigma_0) \frac{v dv}{v_0^2} \frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} - \frac{h\nu_0}{\lambda\nu}}}{\frac{v_0}{\lambda\nu} - \frac{\lambda_0}{\lambda}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{n'\sigma'}{n_0+n'\sigma'} \right)$$

or γ γ γ γ γ .

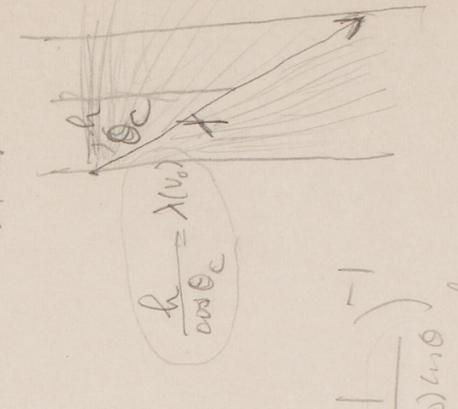


一 重核核子の散乱 $\theta < \pi/2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_0^{\pi/2} e^{-\frac{2\pi z}{\lambda(v_0)}} dz \frac{\sin \theta}{2\lambda_1(v_0)} e^{-\frac{h(z-z')}{\lambda(v_0)\cos\theta}} \\
 & = \int_0^{\pi/2} e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)\cos\theta} \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)\cos\theta} - \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)}} - 1 \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} \\
 & = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{e^{-x} - e^{-x_0}}{x - x_0} \frac{h x_0}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} \frac{dx}{x^2} \\
 & = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1 - e^{-x}}{x} e^{-x_0} \frac{h x_0}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} \frac{dx}{(x+x_0)^2} \approx \frac{h}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} (1 - \dots)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)\cos\theta} = x$
 $\frac{h \sin \theta d\theta}{\lambda(v_0)\cos^2\theta} = dx$
 $\sin \theta d\theta = \frac{\lambda(v_0)}{h} \cdot \left(\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)x}\right)^2 dx$
 $= \frac{dx}{x^2}$

二 重核核子の散乱 $\theta > \pi/2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} e^{-\frac{2\pi z}{\lambda(v_0)}} e^{-\frac{2\pi z'}{\lambda(v_0)}} e^{-\frac{h(z-z')}{\lambda(v_0)\cos\theta}} \\
 & \times \frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta d\phi}{2\pi} e^{-\frac{h(z-z')}{\lambda(v_0)\cos\theta}} \\
 & \cos \theta' = \cos \theta \cos \phi + \sin \theta \sin \phi \cos \gamma \\
 & \cos \phi > \cos \theta \cot \gamma
 \end{aligned}$$


$$\int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2\lambda_1(v_0)} \frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta d\phi}{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)\cos\theta'} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v_0)\cos\theta} \right) \times \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)}}}{\lambda(v)\cos\theta'} - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)}} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v_0)} \right]$$

$$+ \int_{\frac{\pi}{2} + \gamma}^{\pi} \dots \int_0^{\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} dz - \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \left(e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} - 1 \right)$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} dz \cdot e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} \left\{ e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} - \frac{z}{\lambda(v_0)} + e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} + \frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} - 1 \right\}$$

$$+ \int_0^{\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} \left[-e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v_0)} + \frac{1}{\lambda(v_0)} \right] dz$$

$$\left[-e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} - \frac{z}{\lambda(v_0)} + e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} - \frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \right]_0^{\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}}$$

$\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta \ll \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}$

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\theta_c} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2 \lambda_+(v_0)} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta}{\lambda_+(v_0) \cos \theta} \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \left[\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} - \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \right]$$

$$+ \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\theta_c} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2 \lambda_-(v_0)} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta}{\lambda_-(v_0) \cos \theta} \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \left[\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} - \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \right]$$

$$\cos \theta_c = \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)}$$

$$+ \int_0^{\theta_c} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2 \lambda_+(v_0)} \cdot \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta}{\lambda_+(v_0) \cos \theta} \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \left[\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} - \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \right]$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{\lambda(v_0) h}{2 \lambda_+(v_0) \lambda(v_0)} \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\theta_c} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{\lambda_+(v_0) \cos \theta} + \frac{h}{4 \lambda_+(v_0) \lambda(v_0)} \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\theta_c} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{\lambda_+(v_0) \cos \theta} \right\} \left(\log \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} - \log \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \right)$$

$$= \sin \gamma \cos \delta \frac{h^2}{\lambda_1(v_0) \lambda_2(v_0)} \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{\lambda(v_0)}{2h} \right) \left(\sin 2\gamma \right)^2 \right\}$$

for $\gamma > \frac{\pi}{2} - \theta_c = \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)}$

$$= \sin \gamma \cos \gamma \frac{h^2}{\lambda_1(v_0) \lambda_2(v_0)} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\lambda(v_0)}{2h} + \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{\lambda(v_0)}{h} \right\}$$

for $\gamma < \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)}$

$$= \frac{v dv}{v_0} \frac{h^2}{\lambda_1(v_0) \lambda_2(v_0)} \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{\lambda(v_0)}{h} \right) \left(\frac{1 - (v/v_0)^2}{2} \right) \right\}$$

for $\sqrt{1 - (v/v_0)^2} \Rightarrow \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)}$
 $\frac{v}{v_0} < \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)} \right)^2}$

$$= \frac{v dv}{v_0} \frac{h^2}{2 \lambda_1(v_0) \lambda_2(v_0)} \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{\lambda(v_0)}{h} \right) \right\}$$

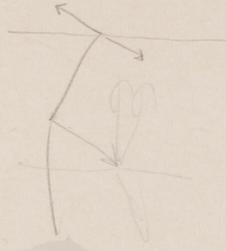
$$\gamma \approx \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\cos \theta' = \sin \theta \cos \phi$$

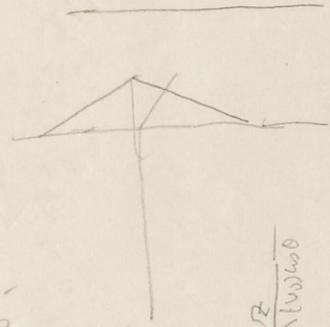
$\cos \phi > 0$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \phi \leq \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin \theta$$



Reflection of electrons
 with velocity v
 reflect back to v



$$\int_0^{\pi} e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v)} dz} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} e^{+\frac{z}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}}$$

$$z = h \cdot z' \quad \theta = \pi - \theta'$$

$$dz = -dz' \quad d\theta = -d\theta'$$

$$\sin \theta = \sin \theta'$$

$$\cos \theta = -\cos \theta'$$

$$-\frac{(h-z)}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v)} dz} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} e^{-\frac{(h-z)}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}}$$

$$\frac{h}{\lambda_0} \left(\frac{1}{\cos \theta} - 1 \right) = x$$

$$\frac{h}{\lambda_0} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = dx$$

transmittance T and R

~~transmittance~~

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} \frac{e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v)} dz} e^{-\frac{(h-z)}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}}}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta - \lambda(v_0)}$$

$\frac{h}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta} \approx \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)}$
 $\cos \theta \approx \frac{h}{\lambda(v_0)}$

$$= \int_0^{\theta_c} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} \approx \frac{h}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} \cos \theta'$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v)} dz} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} e^{-\frac{(h-z)}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} \frac{dz'}{\lambda_2(v_0) \cos \theta} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta d\phi}{4\pi} e^{+\frac{z'}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}}$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda(v)} dz} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{2\lambda_2(v_0)} e^{-\frac{(h-z)}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}} \frac{\sin \theta d\theta d\phi}{4\pi} e^{+\frac{z'}{\lambda(v_0) \cos \theta}}$$

$$\theta = \pi - \theta'$$

$$d\theta = -d\theta'$$

$$\cos \theta = -\cos \theta'$$

$$\int_0^h e^{\left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)}\right)z} dz \int_0^z e^{\left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0}\right)z'} dz'$$

$$= \int_0^h e^{\left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)}\right)z} dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0 - \lambda(v)} \left\{ e^{\left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)}\right)h} - 1 \right\} \frac{e^{\left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)}\right)h}}{\lambda(v)c_0 - \lambda(v)}$$

for $c_0 < 0$ $\pi \geq \theta \geq \frac{\pi}{2}$
 for $c_0 > 0$

$$\pi > \theta \geq 0; \int_0^{\pi} \sin \theta d\theta = \left[-\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} + \left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0}\right) \right]$$

$$= h + \frac{h^2}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)} \right) + h^2 \left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} \right)$$

$$= h - h^2 \left(\frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{h^2}{2}$$

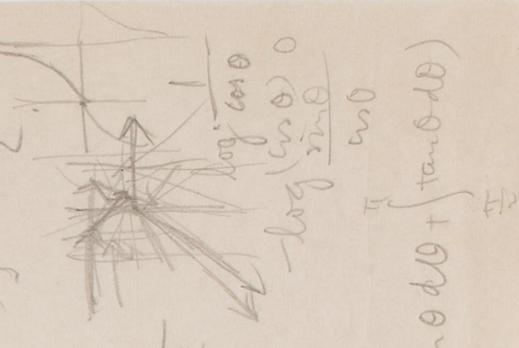
$$\frac{\pi}{2} \geq \theta \geq \frac{\pi}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{\lambda(v)c_0} - \frac{1}{\lambda(v)} \right\} = \frac{h^2}{2}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{h^2 \sin \theta d\theta}{2\lambda(v)c_0} = \frac{h^2}{2\lambda(v)c_0} \int_0^{\pi} \sin \theta d\theta$$

$\theta = 0$ $\theta = \pi$

→ transmission loss for a 4 AU transmission loss

$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{h^2}{2} \sin \theta d\theta = \frac{h^2}{2} \int_0^{\pi} \sin \theta d\theta = \frac{h^2}{2} \left[-\cos \theta \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{h^2}{2} (1 + 1) = h^2$$



→ q^2 diverge \rightarrow $z \rightarrow 1$ \rightarrow ∞ \rightarrow ∞ damping \rightarrow
 neglect $1 - S^2$ \rightarrow $z \rightarrow$ estimate $1 - z$
 $\frac{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta_c}{\lambda_1(v_0)} \approx 1$ $\cos \theta_c = \frac{h}{\lambda_1(v_0)}$

\rightarrow $S + \nu_s(\theta_c)$ \rightarrow π \rightarrow $z \rightarrow 1$ \rightarrow ∞

$$\frac{h^2}{2} \frac{1}{2(\lambda_1(v_0))^2} \cdot 2 \cdot \log \frac{\lambda_1(v_0)}{h}$$

then reflect \rightarrow $z \rightarrow 1$ \rightarrow ∞ \rightarrow ∞

$$\frac{h^2}{4(\lambda_1(v_0))^2} \log \frac{\lambda_1(v_0)}{h}$$

in ν_s .

1. ν_s is proton \rightarrow $z \rightarrow 1$ \rightarrow heavier nucleus \rightarrow scatter \rightarrow $z \rightarrow 1$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^{\pi} e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_1(v_0)} dz} \frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta}{\lambda_1(v_0)} \cdot e^{-\frac{z-z'}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} dz'} \frac{dz'}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta}$$

$z=0 \rightarrow z=1$

$$\times \frac{\int \sin \gamma d\sigma d\phi}{4\pi} e + \frac{z' dz'}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta'}$$

$$= \frac{2 \int \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta \int \sin \gamma d\sigma d\phi}{\lambda_1(v_0)} \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} \cdot 4\pi \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta}$$

$$\int_0^1 e^{\frac{z}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} dz} \left(e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} dz} + \frac{1}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} \right) dz = e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} dz}$$

$$\frac{1 - e^{-\frac{z}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} dz}}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\lambda_1(v_0) \cos \theta} - \frac{1}{\lambda_1(v_0)}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{h}{\lambda(v)c\theta} = \frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta}}}{\lambda(v)c\theta} \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta}}}{\lambda(v)c\theta} - \frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta}}}{\lambda(v)c\theta} \right]$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta}}}{\lambda(v)c\theta} = \frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta}}}{\lambda(v)c\theta} \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta}}}{\lambda(v)c\theta} - \frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta}}}{\lambda(v)c\theta} \right]$$

$$\frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta}}}{\lambda(v)c\theta} - \frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta}}}{\lambda(v)c\theta}$$

$0 < \theta < \theta_c$ $\theta_c < \theta < \pi - \theta_c$
 $\pi - \theta_c < \theta < \pi$ の範囲に於て、
 右辺の各項の範囲に於ては

$$\int \approx \frac{h^2}{2}$$

と θ_c 以下の transmission と $\theta < \pi - \theta_c$

$$p'(v)dv = \frac{v dv}{v_0^2} \frac{h^2}{\lambda(v)\theta c\theta} \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{\lambda(v)}{h} \left(1 - \left(\frac{v}{v_0} \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} \right\}$$

$$\text{for } \frac{v}{v_0} < \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{h}{\lambda(v)\theta} \right)^2}$$



1) $\frac{1}{2}$ scatter in the neutron \rightarrow VZP scatter \rightarrow 40
 neutron \rightarrow 13 \rightarrow 22

$$\int_0^{\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} (1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x}) \frac{dx}{\lambda_0} 2 \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$= \frac{2 \sin \theta d\theta}{\lambda_0} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} - \frac{h}{\lambda_0} x e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} + \frac{h^2}{2 \lambda_0^2} x^2 e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} - \dots \right)$$

$$\approx \int_0^1 2 \sin \theta d\theta \left(1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} - \frac{h}{\lambda_0} x e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} \right)$$

$$= \int_0^1 2 x dx \left(1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} - \frac{h}{\lambda_0} x e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} \right)$$

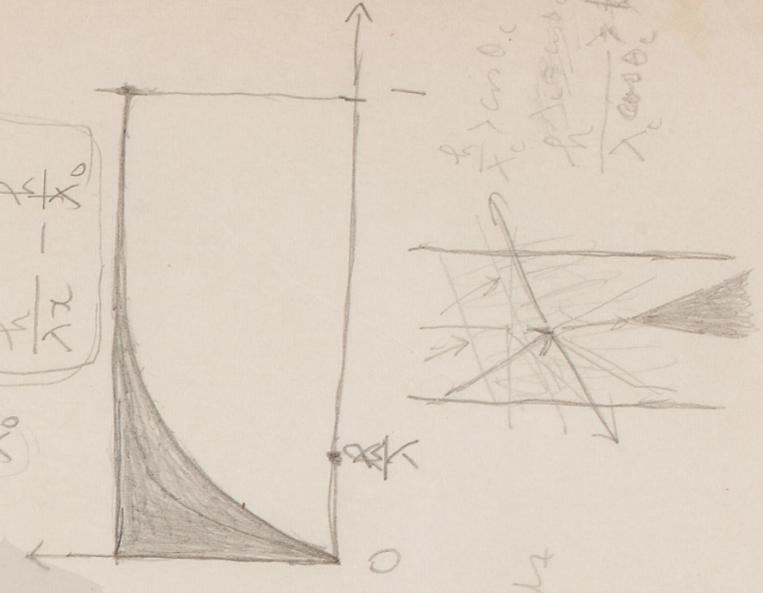
$$= 1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} - \frac{h}{\lambda_0} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}} \right)$$

$$\left\langle \frac{h}{\lambda_0} \right\rangle$$

2) $\frac{1}{2}$ VZP scatter \rightarrow 40 \rightarrow 22

$$\frac{2 \sin \theta d\theta}{\lambda_0} \frac{2 \sin \theta d\theta}{2\pi \lambda} e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} dx$$

$$\times e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x} dx \times e(1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0} x})$$



$$-\frac{1}{2} \cos \theta_c \ll \frac{h}{\lambda_c}$$

$$\approx \frac{\pi - \theta_c}{2} < \frac{h}{\lambda_c}$$

no scattering & es prob. 10.

$$\int_{\frac{\pi-\theta_c}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{-\frac{x}{\lambda_0}} \frac{dx}{\lambda_0} 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta$$

$$= (1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}}) \int_0^{\frac{h}{\lambda_c}} 2x dx = (1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}}) \cdot \left(\frac{h}{\lambda_c}\right)^2$$

$$(1 - e^{-\frac{h}{\lambda_0}}) \left(\frac{h}{\lambda_c}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{h}{\lambda_c}\right) \times$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{h}{\lambda_c}} \frac{2v'dv'}{v_0^2} \frac{h}{\lambda_0} \log\left(\frac{v_0}{v'}\right) = \frac{h}{\lambda_c} = \frac{v_c}{v_0}$$

$$\int v'dv' \log\left(\frac{v_0}{v'}\right) = \frac{v_1^2}{2} \log\left(\frac{v_0}{v_1}\right) + \int \frac{v_1^2}{2} \cdot \frac{dv_1}{v_1}$$

$$= \frac{v_1^2}{2} \log\left(\frac{v_0}{v_1}\right) + \frac{v_1^2}{4} \left(\frac{h}{\lambda_c}\right)^2 \times$$

$$\frac{1}{v_0^2} \frac{v_c^2}{2} =$$

① $(\frac{h}{\lambda_0}) \cdot (\frac{h}{\lambda_0})^2 \sim \frac{v_c}{v_0}$

② $\int_0^{v_c} \frac{2v' dv'}{v_0^2} \frac{h}{\lambda_0} \log(\frac{v_c}{v'}) = \frac{1}{2} (\frac{h}{\lambda_0})^2 \frac{h}{\lambda_0}$

③ $\frac{2v' dv'}{v_0^2} \int_0^{v_c} \frac{4v' dv'}{v_0^2 v_0^2} \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda_0} \log(\frac{v_c}{v'})$

$= \frac{2v' dv'}{v_0^2} \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda_0} \int_0^{v_c} \frac{v''(1+v'')}{v_0^2} \log(\frac{v_c}{v'})$

$= \frac{2v' dv'}{v_0^2} \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda_0} \int_0^{v_c} \frac{v''}{v_0^2} \log(\frac{v_c}{v'})$

④ $\frac{2v' dv'}{v_0^2} \cdot (\frac{h}{\lambda_0}) \cdot \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} (\log(\frac{v_c}{v_0}))^3$

⑤ $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2^{n-1} v' dv'}{v_0^2} (\frac{h}{\lambda_0}) \frac{(\log(\frac{v_c}{v_0}))^{n-1}}{(n-1)!}$

$\int_0^{v_c} \frac{2v' dv'}{v_0^2} \cdot (\frac{h}{\lambda_0})^2 (1 - 1) = \frac{1}{2} (\frac{h}{\lambda_0})^2 \frac{dE}{E_0} (\frac{E_c}{E} - 1)$

$\int_0^{v_c} \frac{dE}{E_0} (\frac{E_c}{E} - 1) = \frac{E_c}{E_0} \log \dots$