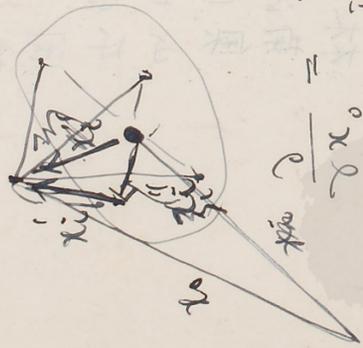


On the Reduction of Nuclear Collision Problem

(relative to nuclear center) and internal coordinate

i) Separation of coordinates of centre of mass, Relative Elimination of centre of mass, $\Psi(p_0, p_1, \dots, p_N)$

$$\frac{1}{2} (p_0^2 + p_1^2 + \dots + p_N^2)$$



$$x_i = x_0 - x_i$$

$$X = \frac{1}{N+1} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_0} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} + \frac{1}{N+1} \frac{\partial}{\partial X}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} + \frac{1}{N+1} \frac{\partial}{\partial X}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_0^2} = \sum_{i,j} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + \left(\frac{1}{N+1}\right)^2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial X^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{N+1} \sum_i \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial X}$$

$$= \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i^2} + \left(\frac{1}{N+1}\right)^2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial X^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{N+1} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial X}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_0^2} + \sum_i \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i^2} = \frac{1}{N+1} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial X^2} + 2 \left[\sum_{i,j} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} \right]$$

$$\sum_i x_i = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i x_i$$

N. ~~$x_i = x_i$~~

$$x_i = \sum_j x_j - x_i = x_i - x_i$$

($\sum_j x_j, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{N-1}$)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_N} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_3} + \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_3}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} + \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} + \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_N} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} + \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} + \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i^2} &= \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{1}{N} \sum_j \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_j^2} + \sum_i \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i^2} \\
 &+ \frac{2}{N} \sum_j \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z \partial x_j} - \frac{2}{N} \sum_i \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z \partial x_i} - \frac{2}{N} \sum_{ij} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} \\
 \text{i*) } \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} &= \frac{1}{N^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{k,l} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_k \partial x_l} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} \\
 &+ \frac{2}{N^2} \sum_k \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z \partial x_k} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_j} - \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z \partial x_i} - \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z \partial x_j} \\
 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} &= \frac{1}{N^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{k,l} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_k \partial x_l} - \frac{2}{N} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z \partial x_k} \\
 \sum_{i < j} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} &= \frac{N-1}{2N^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{N-1}{2N} \sum_{k,l} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_k \partial x_l} - \sum_{i < j} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &1 - \frac{1}{N} \\
 &2 - \frac{N-1}{N}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{i} \neq j & \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} = \frac{1}{N^2} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{1}{N} \sum_k \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_k \partial x_l} + \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + \frac{2}{N} \sum_k \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z \partial x_k} \\
 & + \frac{1}{N} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z \partial x_i} + \frac{1}{N} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z \partial x_j} - \sum_k \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_k} - \sum_k \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_j \partial x_k} \\
 & \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} = \frac{1}{N^2} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{1}{N} \sum_k \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_k \partial x_l} + \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + \frac{2}{N} \sum_k \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z \partial x_k} \\
 & + \frac{1}{N} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z \partial x_i} - \sum_k \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_k}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} &= \frac{N-1}{2N} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{N-1}{2N} \sum_{k,l} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_k \partial x_l} + \sum_{i,j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} \\
 & + \frac{N-1}{N} \sum_k \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z \partial x_k} - \frac{N-1}{N} \sum_{k,l} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_k \partial x_l} - \frac{N-1}{N} \sum_{k,l} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_k \partial x_l} \\
 & = \frac{N-1}{2N} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{N-1}{N} \sum_{i,j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + \frac{N-1}{N} \sum_{i,j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + \frac{N-1}{N} \sum_{i,j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} \\
 & \sum_i \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i^2} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{2}{N} \sum_{i,j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + \frac{N-1}{N} \sum_{i,j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2 \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} + 2 \sum_{i,j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i^2} &= \frac{N+1}{N} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{2}{N} \sum_{i,j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} \\
 & + \frac{N-1}{N} \sum_i \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_0^2} + \sum_i \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i^2} = \frac{1}{N+1} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{N+1}{N} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial z^2} + \frac{N-1}{N} \sum_i \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i^2} - \frac{2}{N} \sum_{i,j} \frac{\delta^2}{\partial x_i \partial x_j}$$

ii) Relative Orientation of the nucleus and with respect to the external particle.

Let's coord a origin of the nucleus (x_i, y_i, z_i)
 a comp R.N. is a linear transformation to the (x, y, z)
 coord. axis of the nucleus. collision is (x, y, z) coord.
 nucleus angular momentum is (L_x, L_y, L_z) in the
 coord. axis of the nucleus. (L_x, L_y, L_z) in the nucleus
~~the origin of the nucleus is (x_i, y_i, z_i)~~
 centre of mass is origin of the nucleus (x, y, z)

iii) kinetic energy operator H

$$H = \frac{1}{2m(N+1)} \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) + \frac{N+1}{2mN} \Delta + V(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i^2}, \dots)$$

is (x, y, z) coord. P.P.S. $m(N+1)$ is mass of the nucleus of the external
 energy $\frac{mN}{N+1}$ is reduced mass of the nucleus of the external
 particle relative motion of the nucleus V is $3(N-1)$ degree of freedom
 a internal motion kinetic energy $N(N+1)$ is
 in a potential energy of relative coord. $x_i = x_0 - x_i$
 is (x, y, z) coord. $\sum_{i=1}^N x_i = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i = x_0 - x_i$ $i=1, \dots, N-1$

$$x_j - x_i = x_j'' - x_i''$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N x_i = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} x_i + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=N}^N x_i''$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} x_i'' + \frac{1}{N} (3 - x_N'')$$

$$V(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_j - x_i, \dots)$$

$$= V(\sum_{i=1}^N x_i'', \dots, x_j'' - x_i'', \dots)$$

$$u(3) \chi(x_i)$$

$$u(3) \chi(x_i)$$

2 of part (1), nucleus & external particle system's
 Hamiltonian is $H = \frac{\vec{P}^2}{2m(N+1)} + \frac{N+1}{2mN} \vec{P}^2 + \sum V(\vec{z} - \vec{x}_i'') + H'(\vec{x}_i'', \vec{p}_i'')$

part (2) is, let H' is nucleus $\&$ internal motion Hamiltonian, i.e.
 $\vec{P} = \vec{P}_H + \vec{P}_V$ canonical conjugate

external particle & nucleus interaction
 $\sum V(\vec{z} - \vec{x}_i'')$

& neglect \vec{P}_V . Solution is $W(\vec{z}) \chi(\vec{x}_i'')$ molecule's wave

part (3) is, \vec{P}_V is \vec{P}_H & \vec{P}_V molecule's wave
 (1) \vec{P}_H is \vec{P}_H & \vec{P}_V molecule's wave
 (2) \vec{P}_H is \vec{P}_H & \vec{P}_V molecule's wave
 (3) \vec{P}_H is \vec{P}_H & \vec{P}_V molecule's wave
 (4) \vec{P}_H is \vec{P}_H & \vec{P}_V molecule's wave

part (4) is, let H' is nucleus $\&$ internal motion Hamiltonian, i.e.
 $\sum V(\vec{z} - \vec{x}_i'') + H'(\vec{x}_i'', \vec{p}_i'')$

part (5) is, let H' is nucleus $\&$ internal motion Hamiltonian, i.e.
 $\sum V(\vec{z} - \vec{x}_i'') + H'(\vec{x}_i'', \vec{p}_i'')$

part (6) is, let H' is nucleus $\&$ internal motion Hamiltonian, i.e.
 $\sum V(\vec{z} - \vec{x}_i'') + H'(\vec{x}_i'', \vec{p}_i'')$

part (7) is, let H' is nucleus $\&$ internal motion Hamiltonian, i.e.
 $\sum V(\vec{z} - \vec{x}_i'') + H'(\vec{x}_i'', \vec{p}_i'')$

$$\frac{1}{n+1} \sum_{i=0}^n x_i = \frac{1}{n+1} (x_0 + x_1 + \dots + x_n)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n+1} (x_0 + x_1 + \dots + x_{n-1} + x_n)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n+1} (x_0 + x_1 + \dots + x_{n-1} + x_n)$$

基だ御迷惑下ら、本年度も大体前年度の通り、下記
 の順序で御講演を承願ひ致し(まうから、豫め承取願置
 下さ...)

岡谷様
 渡瀬様
 岡部様
 青木様
 伏見様
 坂田様
 浅田様
 大澤様
 若八様
 石黒様
 湯川様
 林様
 菊池様
 奥田様
 山口様
 本出様
 岡田様
 橋元様

$$1.0 \times 10^{22}$$

$$0.2 \times 10^{20} \times 5 \times 10^3 =$$

山口
 湯川
 幹事
 1028

$$\Psi = \left(\sum_n \int u_n(q_0) \right) \Psi_n(q_1 \dots q_N)$$

$$= \left(\sum_n + \int \right) u_n(q_0) \Psi_n(q_0 \dots q_N)$$

$$H^* \Psi = E \Psi$$

$$H \approx H_0 + H'_0 + V$$

$$H_0 u_n(q_0) + W_n^* u_n(q_0) + \int \Psi_n^* V \Psi dq_1 \dots dq_N$$

$$= E u_n(q_0)$$

$$V = \sum_{i=1}^N \delta(x_0, x_i) \circ$$

$$\int \int \dots \int u_n^*(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N) \dots \delta(x_0, x_i) \left(\sum_n + \int \right) u_n(q_0) \Psi_n(q_0, \dots, q_N)$$

$$= \int \int \dots \int u_n^*(x_0, x_2, \dots, x_N) \dots \left(\sum_n + \int \right) \Psi_n(u_n(x_0) \Psi_n(x_0, \dots))$$

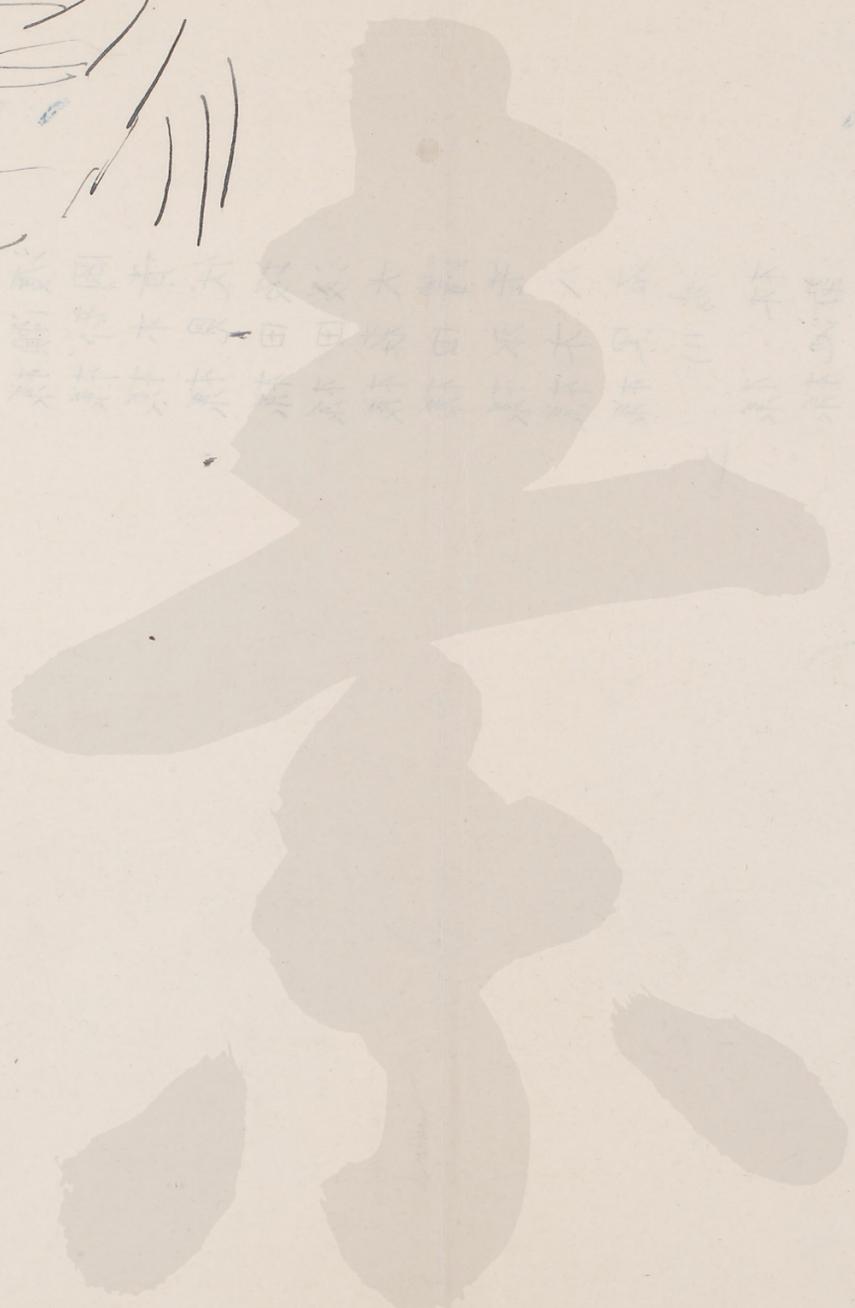
Continuous for Ψ_n $\Psi_n(x_1, \dots)$ no delta x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N
 $\Psi(x_1, \dots, x_N) \rightarrow \Psi(x_1, \dots, x_N)$ is the wave function in the x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N space.
 x_2, \dots, x_N are continuous. $\Psi(x_1, \dots, x_N)$ is the wave function in the x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N space.
 The wave function $\Psi(x_1, \dots, x_N)$ is the wave function in the x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N space.
 The wave function $\Psi(x_1, \dots, x_N)$ is the wave function in the x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N space.

It is a expansion with Ψ_n in the x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N space.
 The wave function $\Psi(x_1, \dots, x_N)$ is the wave function in the x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N space.

Letter to the Editor

Reduction of Nuclear Collision Problem

Among various processes caused by the collision
of the heavy particle with the nucleus



甚だ御迷惑乍ら、本年度も大体前年度の通り、下記
の順序で御講演を承願ひ致し下さり、豫め御承知を
下さる。

岡谷様 瀬部様 青木様 伏見様 坂田様 浅田様 大澤様 若木様 八木様 石川様 湯林様 菊池様 奥山様 本園様 元橋様

幹事 山口、湯川、