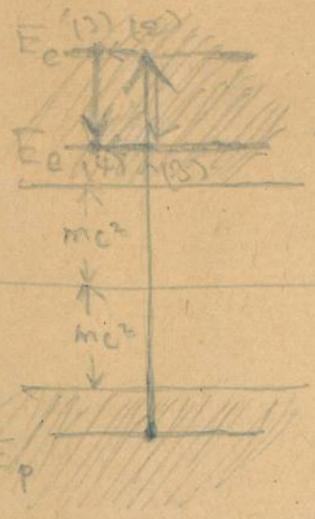


Materialization

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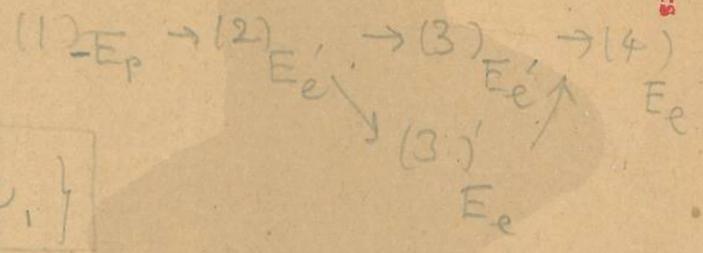
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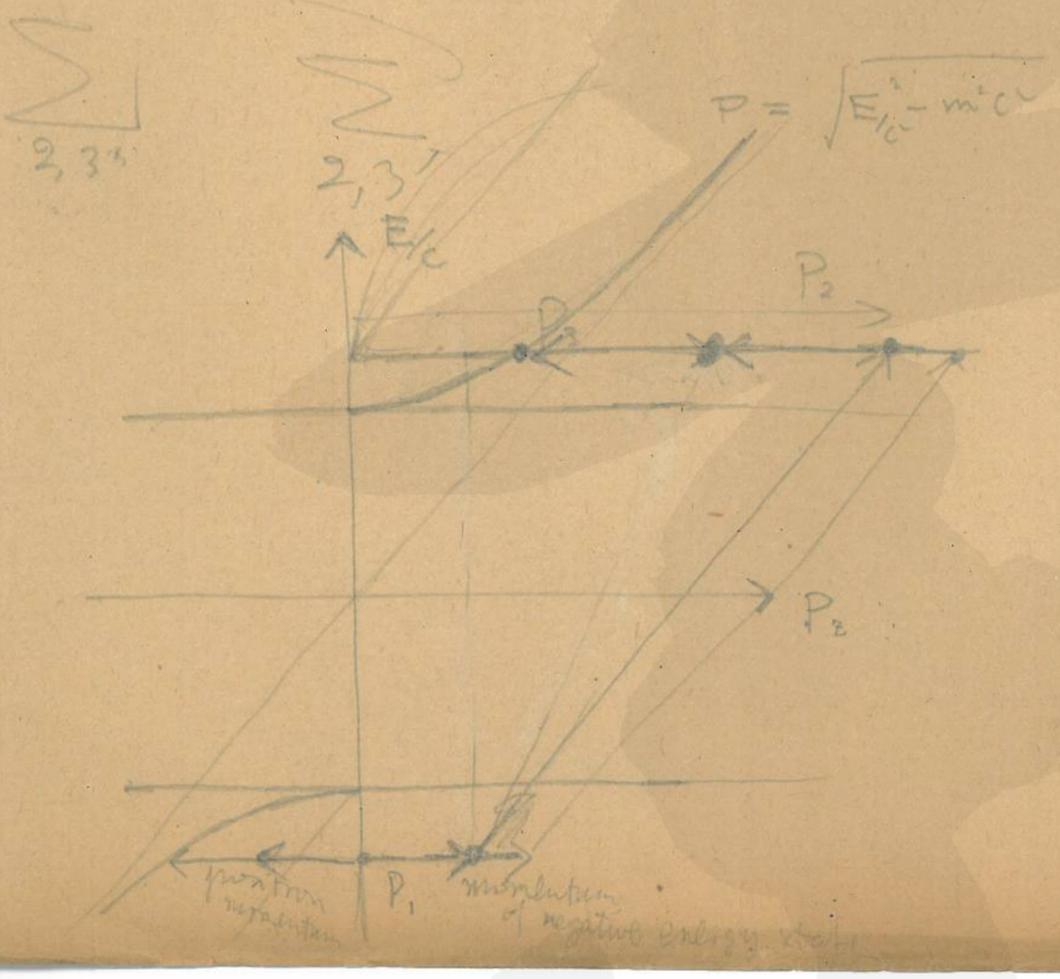
γ -ray
 $h\nu = E_p + E_e$

triple transition

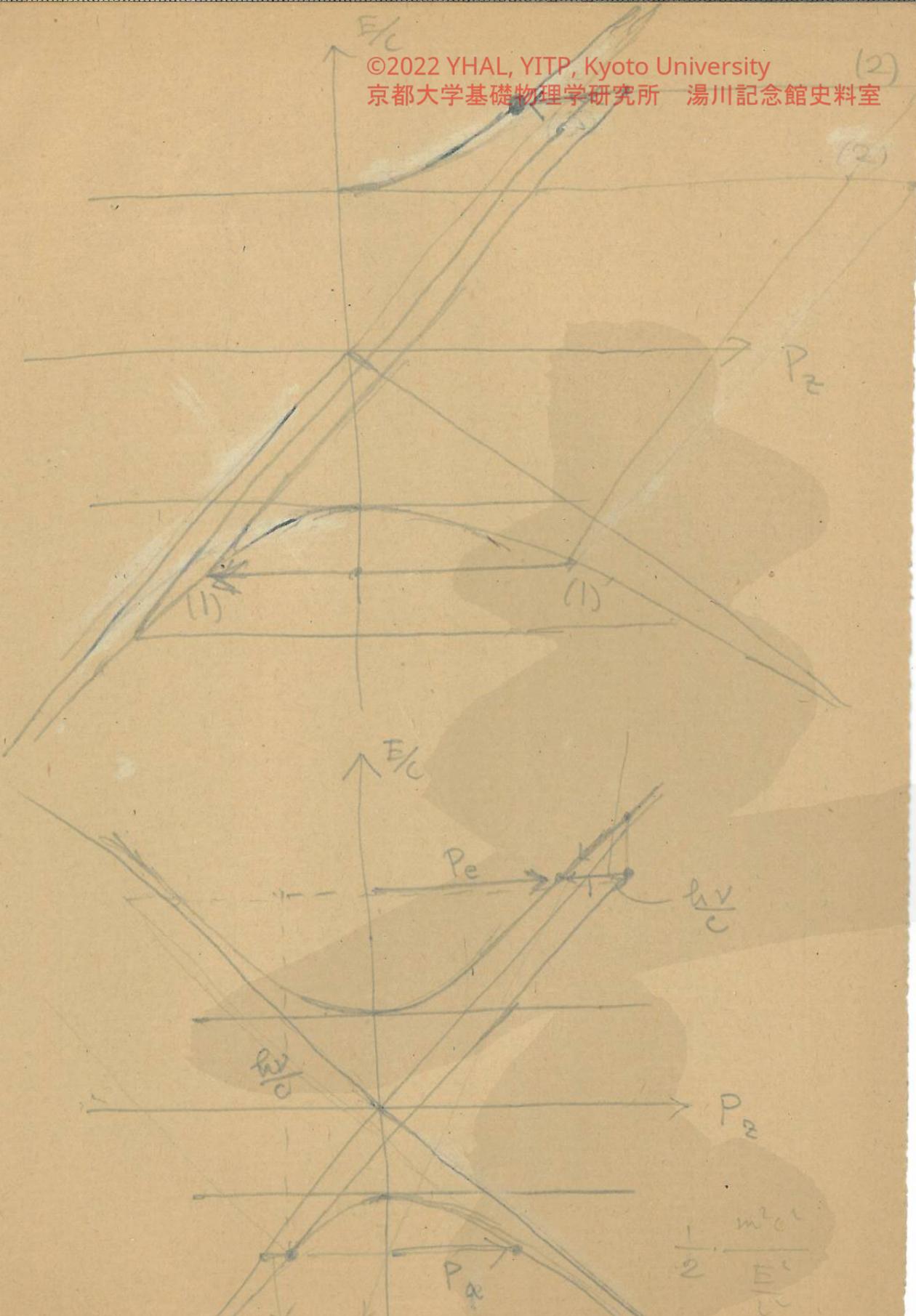


$$\left\{ \tilde{\psi}_3 \frac{ze^2}{r} \psi_2 \right\} \left\{ \tilde{\psi}_2 \frac{e}{c} A_2 \psi_1 \right\}$$

$$+ \left\{ \tilde{\psi}_2 \frac{e}{c} A_2 \psi_1 \right\} \left\{ \tilde{\psi}_3 \frac{ze^2}{r} \psi_2 \right\} \left\{ \tilde{\psi}_2 \frac{e}{c} A_2 \psi_1 \right\}$$



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$$\frac{1}{r} = \iiint_C e^{ikr} dk_x dk_y dk_z$$

$$C_0 = \iiint e^{ikr} dx dy dz$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^\infty e^{ikr} r^2 dr$$

$$= 4\pi \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{ikr} - e^{-ikr}}{2i k r} r^2 dr$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{ik_x x} dx = \frac{e^{ik_x x} - e^{-ik_x x}}{ik_x} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{2 \sin k_x x}{k_x} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{2 \sin k_x x}{k_x} dk_x = 2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin y}{y} dy$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk_x \cos k_x x = \frac{2\pi}{x} \sin k_x x$$

$$C_R = \left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \iiint \frac{1}{r} e^{-ikr} dk_x dk_y dk_z$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} 2\pi \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{+ikr} - e^{-ikr}}{k i} dr$$

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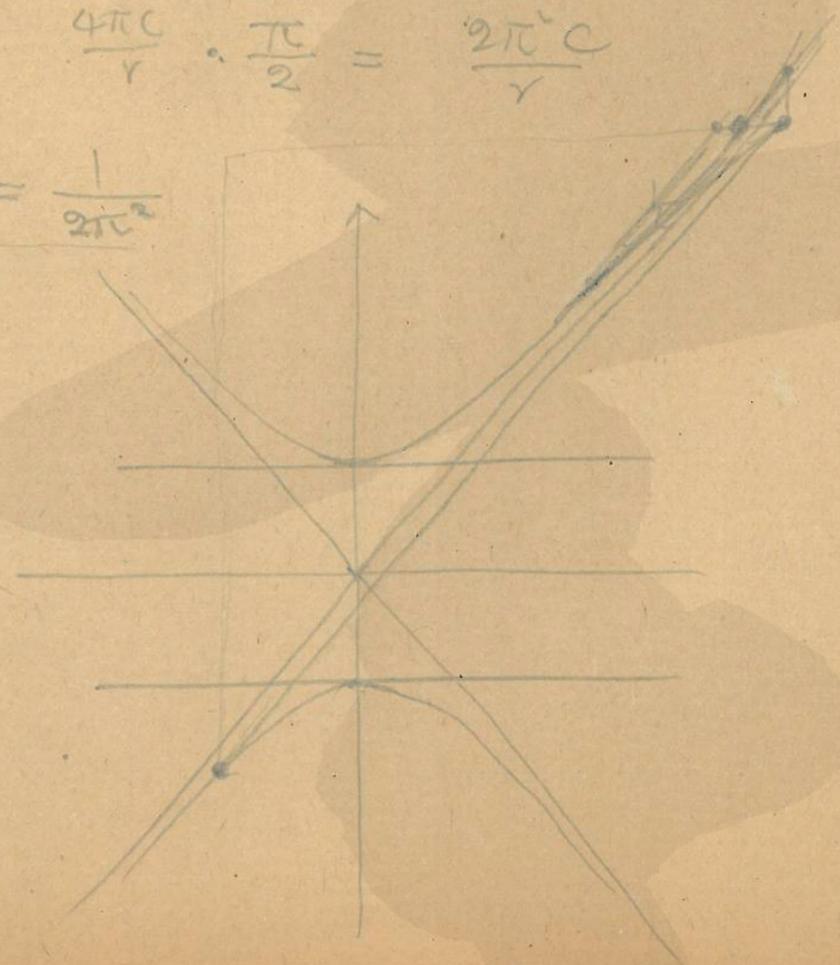
$$\frac{1}{r} = c \iiint \frac{e^{ikr}}{k^2} dk_x dk_y dk_z$$

$$= c 2\pi \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{ikr} - e^{-ikr}}{k r i} dk$$

$$= \frac{4\pi c}{r} \int_0^\infty \frac{\sin y}{y} dy$$

$$= \frac{4\pi c}{r} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{2\pi^2 c}{r}$$

$$c = \frac{1}{2\pi^2}$$



$$H = H^{(0)} + H^{(1)}$$

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$$S = S^{(0)} + S^{(1)} + S^{(2)} + \dots$$

$$W S^{(0)} = H^{(0)} S^{(0)}$$

$$W S^{(1)} = H^{(0)} S^{(1)} + H^{(1)} S^{(0)}$$

$$H_{nm} = H_n^{(0)} \delta_{nm} + H_{nm}^{(1)}$$

$$S = S^{(0)} + S^{(1)} + S^{(2)} + \dots$$

$$H S^{(0)} + S^{(1)}$$

$$(H^{(0)} + H^{(1)}) (S^{(0)} + S^{(1)} + S^{(2)} + \dots)$$

$$= (W + W^{(1)} + \dots) (S^{(0)} + S^{(1)} + S^{(2)} + \dots)$$

$$H^{(0)} S^{(0)} = W^{(0)} S^{(0)}$$

$$H^{(0)} S^{(1)} + H^{(1)} S^{(0)} = W^{(0)} S^{(1)} + W^{(1)} S^{(0)}$$

$$H^{(0)} S^{(2)} + H^{(1)} S^{(1)} = W^{(0)} S^{(2)} + W^{(1)} S^{(1)} + W^{(2)} S^{(0)}$$

$$\{H^{(0)} - W^{(0)}\} S^{(1)} + \{H^{(1)} - W^{(1)}\} S^{(0)} = 0$$

$$\{H^{(0)} - W^{(0)}\}^2 S^{(2)}$$

$$H = H_0 + V$$

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$$i\hbar \frac{\partial c_m}{\partial t} = V_{m0} c_0 \cdot e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(W_0 - W_m)t}$$

$$c_m = V_{m0} \frac{e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(W_0 - W_m)t} - 1}{W_0 - W_m} + c_{m0}$$

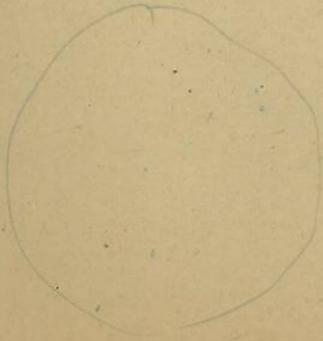
$$|c_m|^2 = |V_{m0}|^2 \frac{4 \sin^2 \frac{i}{2\hbar}(W_0 - W_m)t}{(W_0 - W_m)^2}$$

$$2 - 2 \cos \frac{i}{\hbar}(W_0 - W_m)t$$

$$\int |c_m|^2 g(W) dW$$

$$= |V_{m0}|^2 \int \frac{4 \sin^2 \frac{i}{2\hbar}(W_0 - W)t}{(W_0 - W)^2} g(W) dW$$

$$= |V_{m0}|^2 g(W_m) \frac{2it}{\hbar} \int \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} dx$$



$i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = (H + V) \Psi$ ©2022 YHAL, YITP, Kyoto University
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$$\Psi = \sum_{w,k} c(w,k,t) \psi(w,k) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} w t}$$

$$i\hbar \dot{c}(w,k,t) \psi(w,k) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} w t} = V \Psi$$

$$V \psi(w,k) = (w',k' | V | w,k) \psi(w',k')$$

$$= \sum_{w,k} c(w,k,t) \sum_{w',k'} (w',k' | V | w,k) \psi(w',k') e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} w t}$$

$$i\hbar \dot{c}(w,k,t) = \sum_{w',k'} c(w',k',t) (w,k | V | w',k')$$

$$c_i(w,k,t) = \sum_{w',k'} (w,k | V | w_0, k_0) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} (w-w_0)t} \frac{e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} (w_0-w_0)t} - 1}{w_0 - w_i}$$

$$+ \cancel{c(w,k,0)} \quad k = k_0$$

$$+ \cancel{(w,k | w',k')} c(w',k,0)$$

$$c(w,k,t) = \cancel{c(w,k,0)} + c'(w,k,0) t + c''(w,k,0) \frac{t^2}{2!} + c'''(w,k,0) \frac{t^3}{3!} + \dots$$

$$i\hbar c'(w,k,0) = \sum$$



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$$i\hbar \dot{c}_1(w, k, t) = \sum_{w', k'} (w', k' | V | w_0, k_0) \frac{e^{-i(w' - w)t} - 1}{w_0 - w}$$

$$(w, k | V | w', k') e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(w' - w)t}$$

$$= \sum_{w', k'} \frac{(w, k | V | w', k') (w', k' | V | w_0, k_0)}{w_0 - w}$$

$$(e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(w_0 - w)t} - e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(w' - w)t})$$

$$c_2(w, k, t) = \sum_{w', k'} \frac{(w, k | V | w', k') (w', k' | V | w_0, k_0)}{w_0 - w}$$

$$\times \left\{ \frac{e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(w_0 - w)t} - 1}{w_0 - w} - \frac{e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(w' - w)t} - 1}{w' - w} \right\}$$

$$c_3(w, k, t)$$

$$c(w, k, t) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} w t} = \sum_{w''} (w'' - w) c_{w''}(w, k, t) e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} w'' t}$$

$$= \sum_{\substack{w', k' \\ w''}} c_{w''}(w', k') (w, k | V | w', k') e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} w'' t}$$

$$c_{w''}(w, k) = \sum_{w', k'} \frac{(w, k | V | w', k')}{w'' - w} c_{w''}(w', k')$$

$$\sum_{w', k'} (w, k | V | w', k') c_w(w', k') = 0$$

$$\frac{c_w(w, k)}{c(k)} = \frac{(k | V | k_0)}{(k | V | k)} c(k_0)$$

$$c''(k) = \frac{(k | V | k_0)}{\sum (k | V | k)}$$