

Can migration and disorder rescue metacommunities from extinctions?

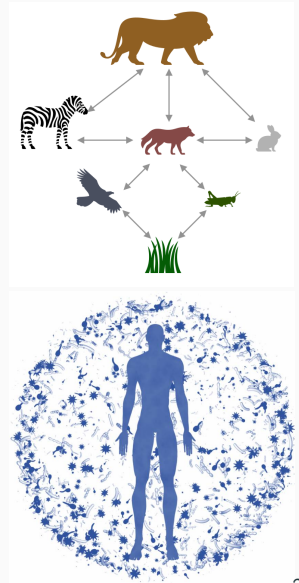
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Giulio Biroli, Ada Altieri

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giulia.garcialorenzana@phys.ens.fr



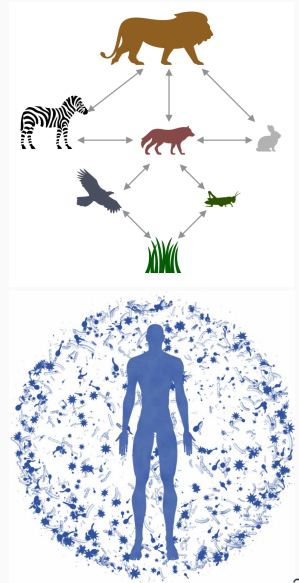
Theoretical Community Ecology

- Ecosystems of many species
→ Statistical physics
- Collective properties shared by different ecosystems
→ **Universality**
- Heterogeneous interactions
→ sample **randomly**



Theoretical Community Ecology

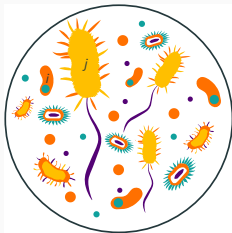
- Ecosystems of many species
→ Statistical physics
- Collective properties shared by different ecosystems
→ **Universality**
- Heterogeneous interactions
→ sample **randomly**
- Diversity? Stability? Chaotic dynamics?



Lotka-Volterra (meta)community

$$\dot{N}_i = N_i (k - N_i - \sum_j \alpha_{ij} N_j)$$

$S \rightarrow \infty$ species

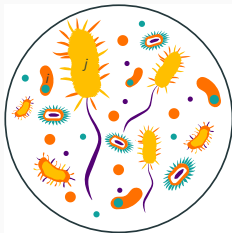


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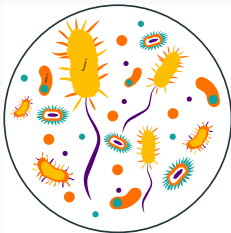
- Self-regulation



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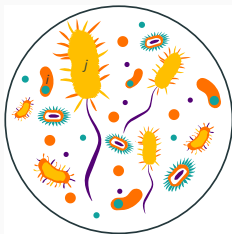
- Self-regulation
- **Random** inter-species interactions

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \alpha_{ij} \rangle &= \mu / S \\ \langle \alpha_{ij}^2 \rangle_c &= \sigma^2 / S \\ \langle \alpha_{ij} \alpha_{ji} \rangle_c &= \gamma \sigma^2 / S \end{aligned}$$

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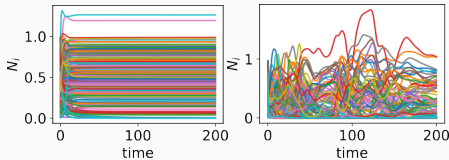


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→ Different phases:

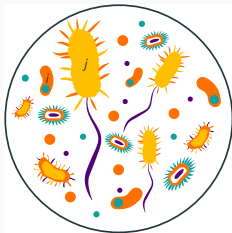
Stability, multistability, chaos



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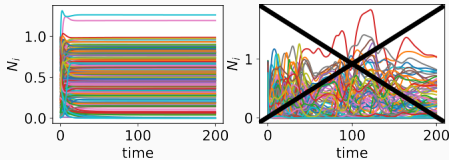


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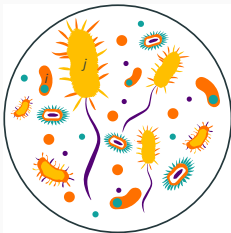


Bunin (2017), Biroli et al. (2018), Altieri et al. (2021).

Lotka-Volterra (meta)community

$$\dot{N}_i = N_i (k - N_i - \sum_j \alpha_{ij} N_j) + \eta_i \sqrt{N_i}$$

$S \rightarrow \infty$ species



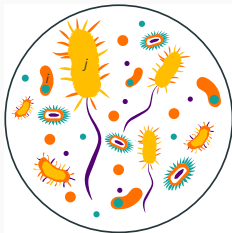
- Self-regulation
- **Random** inter-species interactions
- Demographic fluctuations

$$\langle \eta_i(t) \eta_j(t') \rangle = 2T \delta_{ij} \delta(t - t')$$

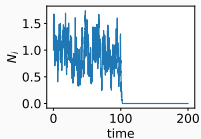
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- Self-regulation
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- Demographic fluctuations
→ extinctions



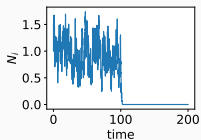
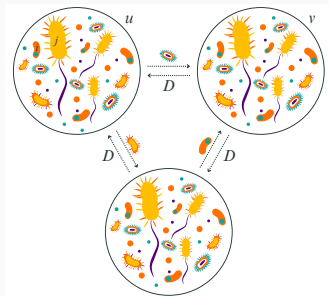
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Lotka-Volterra (meta)community

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$S \rightarrow \infty$ species

- Self-regulation
- **Random** inter-species interactions
- Demographic fluctuations
→ extinctions
- Diffusion between communities



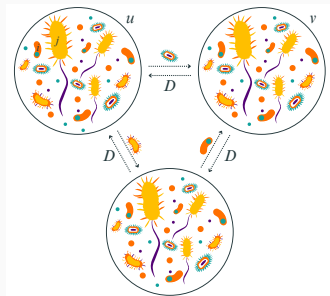
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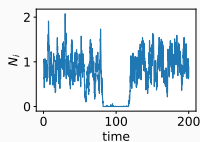
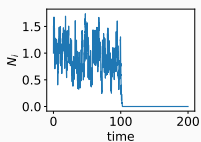
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$S \rightarrow \infty$ species

$L \rightarrow \infty$ sites



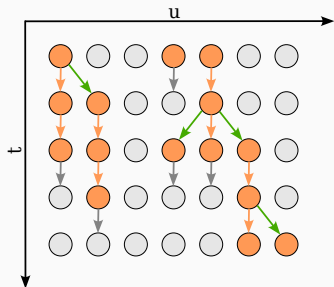
- Self-regulation
- **Random** inter-species interactions
- Demographic fluctuations
→ extinctions
- Diffusion between communities
→ insurance effect



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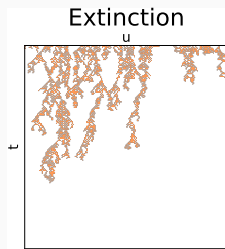
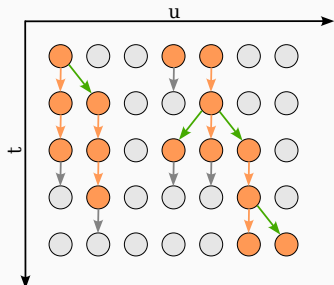
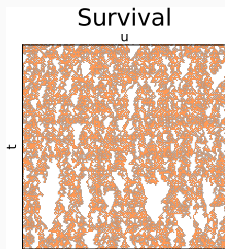
Coupled Directed Percolation processes

$$\dot{N}_i^u = N_i^u(k - N_i^u - \sum_j \alpha_{ij} N_j^u) + \eta_i^u(t) \sqrt{N_i^u} + \frac{D}{L} \sum_v (N_i^v - N_i^u)$$



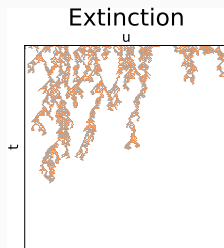
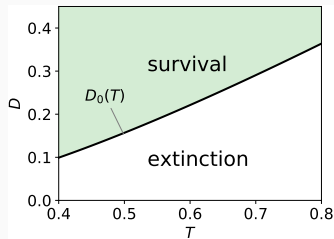
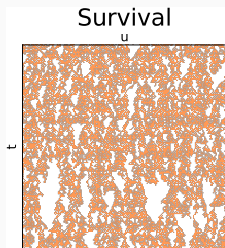
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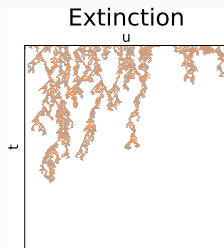
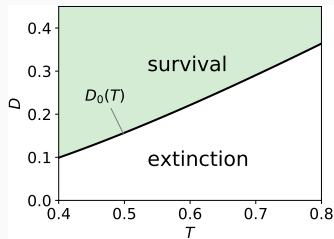
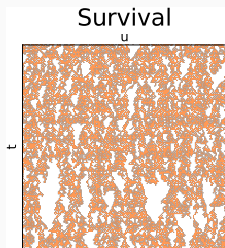
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Continuous phase transition

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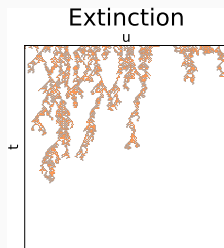
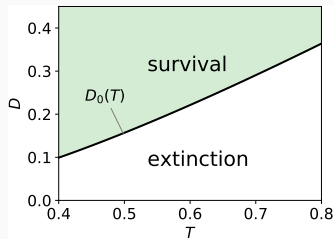
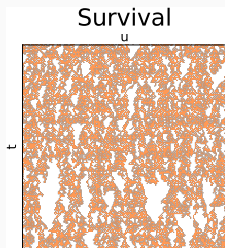


Continuous phase transition

Many coupled DP processes:

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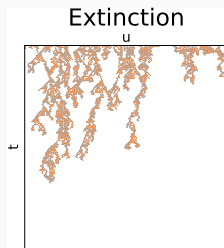
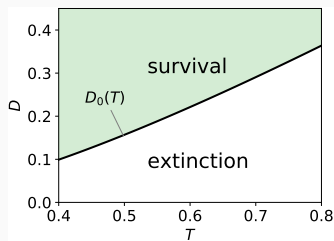
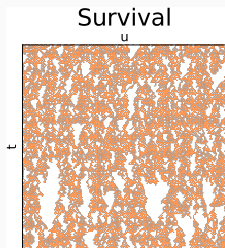
Many coupled DP processes:

- $\alpha_{ij} = c > 0 \rightarrow$ same behaviour

Denk, Hallatschek (2022)

Coupled Directed Percolation processes

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- **Random** α_{ij} ?

Double Dynamical Mean Field Theory

$$S \rightarrow \infty$$

$$\sum_j \alpha_{ij} N_{j,u} \longrightarrow \mu h_u + \sigma \xi_u(t) - \sigma^2 \gamma \int_0^t \sum_v R_{uv}(t, t') N_v(t') dt'$$

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$$\frac{D}{L} \sum_v (N_v - N_u) \longrightarrow D(N^* - N^u),$$
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Effective dynamics for single species in single site + self-consistency

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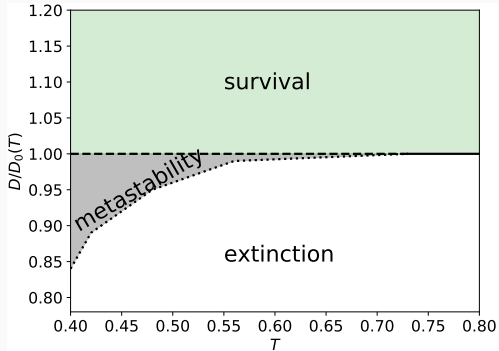
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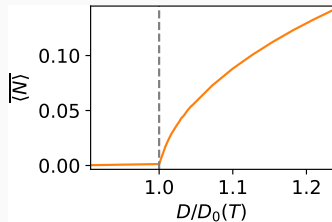
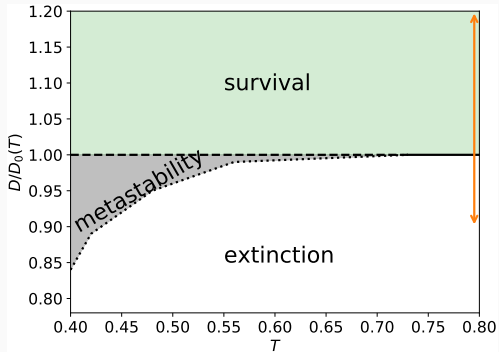
Effective dynamics for single species in single site + self-consistency

Symmetric interactions \longrightarrow FDT $\longrightarrow P_{eq} \propto e^{-\beta H_{eff}}$

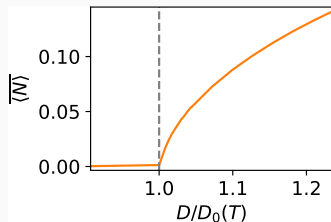
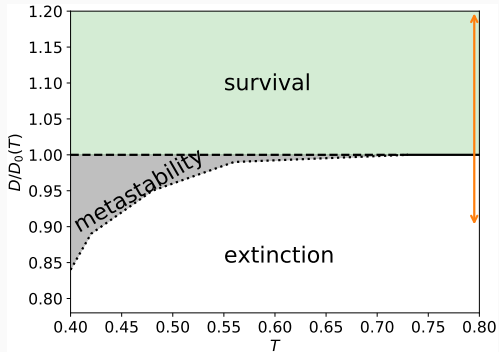
Phase diagram



Phase diagram

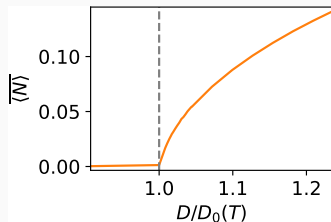
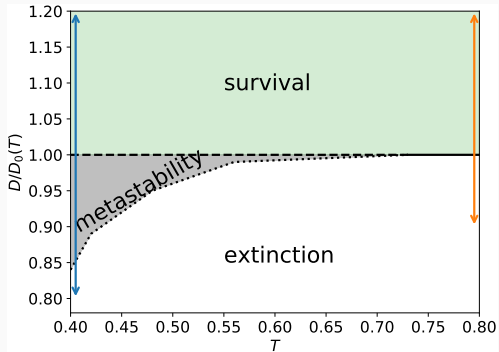


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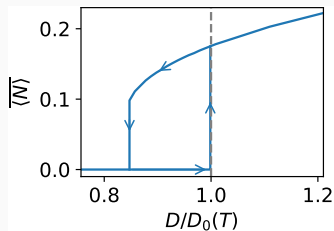


DP universality class

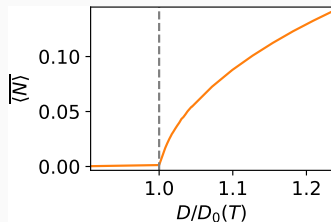
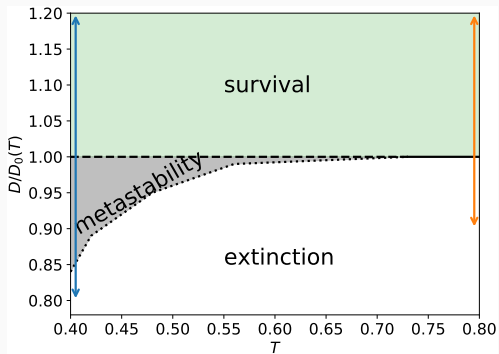
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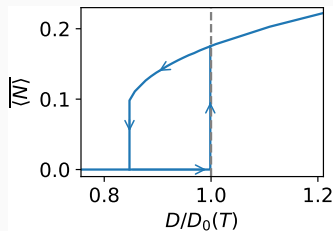
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Phase diagram

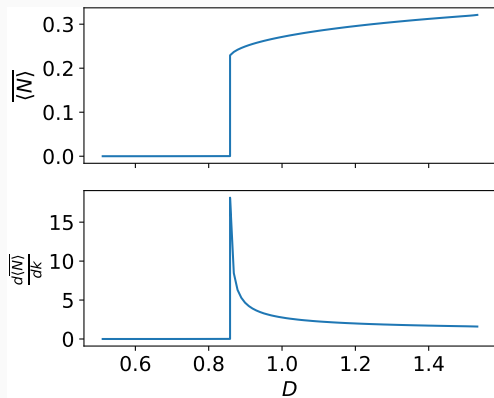


DP universality class



New universality class_{6/10}

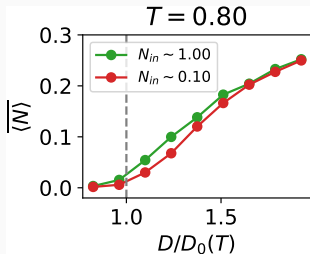
Fragility of the metastable state



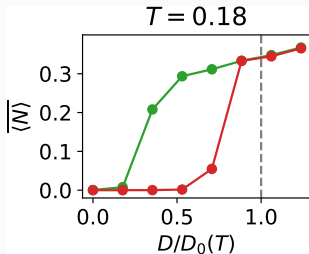
Approaching the tipping point (*spinodal*) the response of the abundance to perturbations diverges

Numerical simulations

Continuous transition



Discontinuous transition



Mutualism



- Similar discontinuous transition with **mutualistic** interactions: collaboration → survival in harsh conditions → collapse

Mutualism



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- In our case mutualism naturally **emerging** in the surviving community close to extinction

Mutualism



- Similar discontinuous transition with **mutualistic** interactions: collaboration → survival in harsh conditions → collapse
- In our case mutualism naturally **emerging** in the surviving community close to extinction
- Enables survival, but leads to **fragility**

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 - When fluctuations dominate: continuous transition (DP)
 - When heterogeneity dominates: discontinuous transition, hysteresis → **New universality class**

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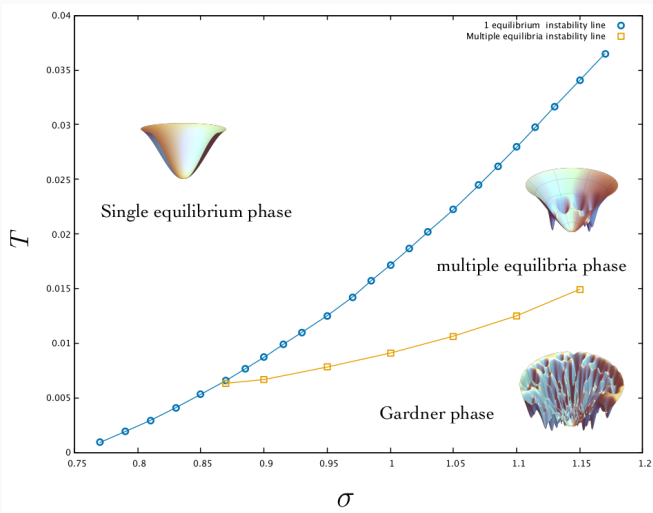
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Perspectives:

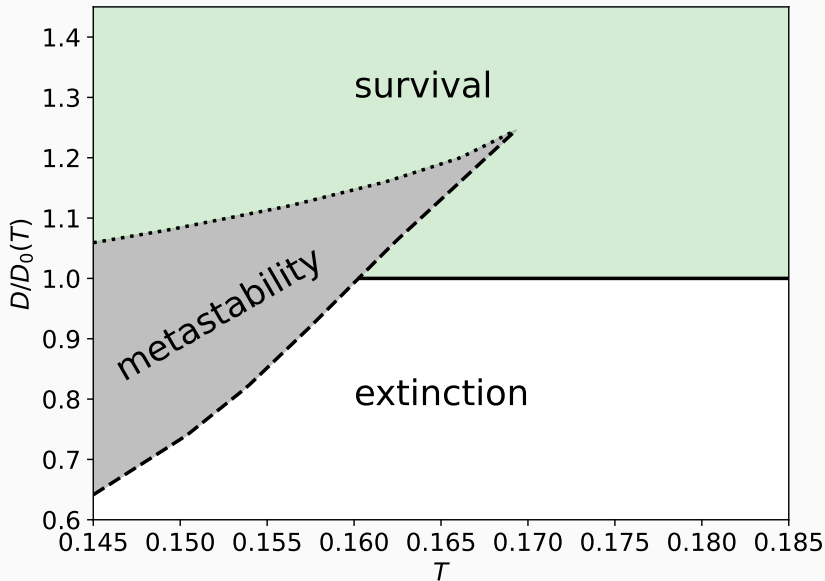
- Finite dimensional spatial networks
- Strong asymmetry in the interactions
- Strong heterogeneity: multiple equilibria, chaotic dynamics

**Thank you
for your attention!**

Phase diagram



Phase diagram $\rho = 0$



Self-consistent conditions

$$N^*(z) = \langle N \rangle = \frac{\int_0^\infty dN N e^{-\beta H_{\text{eff}}}}{\int_0^\infty dN e^{-\beta H_{\text{eff}}}}$$

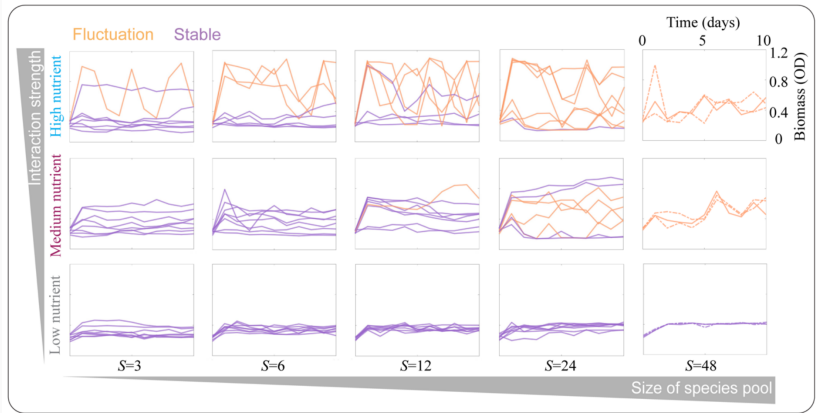
$$h = \overline{\langle N \rangle} = \int \mathcal{D}z \frac{\int_0^\infty dN N e^{-\beta H_{\text{eff}}}}{\int_0^\infty dN e^{-\beta H_{\text{eff}}}}$$

$$C_d^0 = \overline{\langle N^2 \rangle} = \int \mathcal{D}z \frac{\int_0^\infty dN N^2 e^{-\beta H_{\text{eff}}}}{\int_0^\infty dN e^{-\beta H_{\text{eff}}}}$$

$$C_d^\infty = \overline{\langle N \rangle^2} = \int \mathcal{D}z \left(\frac{\int_0^\infty dN N e^{-\beta H_{\text{eff}}}}{\int_0^\infty dN e^{-\beta H_{\text{eff}}}} \right)^2$$

$$H_{\text{eff}} = \left(1 - \frac{\sigma^2}{T} (C_d^0 - C_d^\infty) \right) \frac{N^2}{2} - \left(k - \mu h - D + \right. \\ \left. + D\sigma^2 N^* R_0^{\text{int}} + z \sqrt{C_d^\infty} \sigma \right) N + (T - DN^*) \ln N$$

Experimental validation



Hu et al., Science (2022).

Extensions

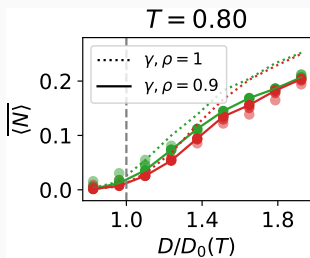
- Spatial variation of the interactions $\langle \alpha_{ij}^u \alpha_{ij}^v \rangle_c = \rho \sigma^2 / S$
- (Small) asymmetry in the interactions $\langle \alpha_{ij}^u \alpha_{ji}^u \rangle_c = \gamma \sigma^2 / S$

Extensions

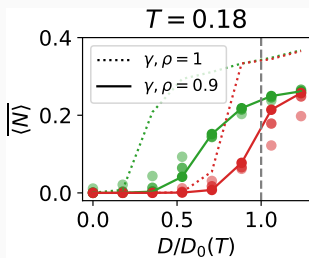
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→ Same qualitative behavior

Continuous transition



Discontinuous transition



Numerical dynamics

